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(Whittingham)  
Shakespeare





# Shakspeare,

IN

SEVEN VOLUMES.

WITH

Two Hundred and Thirty Embellishments;

A

LIFE OF THE POET;

THE

PREFACE BY DR. JOHNSON;

AND

A GLOSSARIAL INDEX.



VOL. VII.

PERICLES.

KING LEAR.

ROMEO AND JULIET.

HAMLET.

OTHELLO.



THE  
DRAMATIC WORKS  
OF  
**William Shakspeare.**

---

VOLUME THE SEVENTH.



Last scene of all,  
Is second childishness, and mere oblivion;  
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans every thing.

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**Whittingham's Edition.**

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**CHISWICK :**

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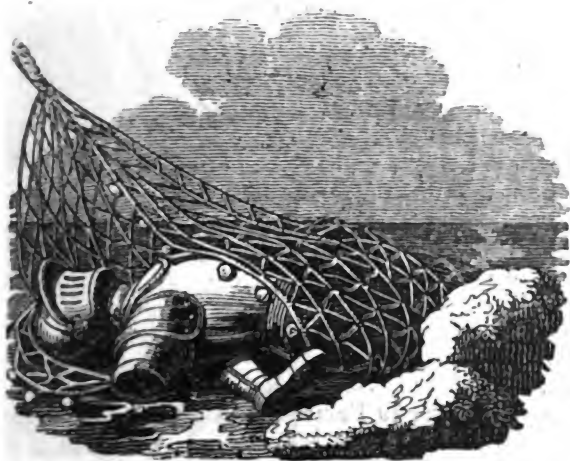
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**1814.**

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**PERICLES,  
PRINCE OF TYRE.**



**From the Chiswick Press.**

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**1813.**



## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Antiochus, *King of Antioch.*  
Pericles, *Prince of Tyre.*  
Helicanus, } *two Lords of Tyre.*  
Escanes, }  
Simonides, *King of Pentapolis.*  
Cleon, *Governor of Tharsus.*  
Lysimachus, *Governor of Mitylene.*  
Cerimon, *a Lord of Ephesus.*  
Thaliard, *a Lord of Antioch.*  
Philemon, *Servant to Cerimon.*  
Leonine, *Servant to Dionyza. Marshal.*  
*A Pundar and his Wife. Boulton, their Servant.*  
Gower, *as Chorus.*

*The Daughter of Antiochus.*  
Dionyza, *Wife to Cleon.*  
Thaisa, *Daughter to Simonides.*  
Marina, *Daughter to Pericles and Thaisa.*  
Lychorida, *Nurse to Marina.*  
Diana.

*Lords, Ladies, Knights, Gentlemen, Sailors, Pirates,  
Fishermen, and Messengers, &c.*

*SCENE, dispersedly in various Countries.*

## ACT I.



*Before the Palace of ANTIOCH.*

*Enter GOWER.*

**T**o sing a song of old was sung,  
 From ashes ancient Gower is come ;  
 Assuming man's infirmities,  
 To glad your ear, and please your eye.  
 It hath been sung at festivals,  
 On ember-eves, and holy ales ;  
 And lords and ladies of their lives  
 Have read it for restoratives ;  
 'Purpose to make men glorious ;  
*Et quo antiquius, eo melius.*  
 If you, born in these latter times,  
 When wit's more ripe, accept my rhymes,  
 And that to hear an old man sing,  
 May to your wishes pleasure bring,  
 I life would wish, and that I might  
 Waste it for you, like taper-light.—  
 This city then, Antioch the great  
 Built up for his chiefest seat ;

40X1213

The fairest in all Syria  
 (I tell you what mine authors say):  
 This king unto him took a pheere,  
 Who died and left a female heir,  
 So buxom, blithe, and full of face,  
 As heaven had lent her all his grace;  
 With whom the father liking took,  
 And her to incest did provoke:  
 Bad father! to entice his own  
 To evil, should be done by none.  
 By custom, what they did begin,  
 Was, with long use, account no sin.  
 The beauty of this sinful dame,  
 Made many princes thither frame,  
 To seek her as a bedfellow,  
 In marriage-pleasures playfellow:  
 Which to prevent, he made a law  
 (To keep her still, and men in awe),  
 That whoso ask'd her for his wife,  
 His riddle told not, lost his life:  
 So for her many a wight did die,  
 As yon grim looks do testify.

What now ensues, to the judgment of your eye  
 I give, my cause who best can justify. [Exit.

SCENE 1. ANTIOCH. *A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter ANTIOCHUS, PERICLES, and Attendants.*

*Ant.* Young prince of Tyre, you have at large receiv'd

The danger of the task you undertake.

*Per.* I have, Antiochus, and with a soul  
 Embolden'd with the glory of her praise,  
 Think death no hazard, in this enterprise. [Music.

*Ant.* Bring in our daughter, clothed like a bride,  
 For the embracements even of Jove himself;  
 At whose conception (till Lucina reign'd),  
 Nature this dowry gave, to glad her presence,  
 The senate-house of planets all did sit,  
 To knit in her their best perfections.

*Enter the Daughter of ANTIOCHUS.*

*Per.* See, where she comes, apparell'd like the spring,  
Graces her subjects, and her thoughts the king  
Of every virtue gives renown to men!  
Her face, the book of praises, where is read  
Nothing but curious pleasures, as from thence  
Sorrow were ever rais'd, and testy wrath  
Could never be her mild companion.  
Ye gods that made me man, and sway in love,  
That have inflam'd desire in my breast,  
To taste the fruit of yon celestial tree,  
Or die in the adventure, be my helps,  
As I am son and servant to your will,  
To compass such a boundless happiness!

*Ant.* Prince Pericles,—

*Per.* That would be son to great Antiochus.

[*Ex*

ice.

ts.

ge<sup>n</sup>

*Ant.* Before thee stands this fair Hesperides,  
With golden fruit, but dangerous to be touch'd;  
For death-like dragons here affright thee hard:  
Her face, like heaven, enticeth thee to view  
A countless glory, which desert must gain:  
And which, without desert, because thine eye  
Presumes to reach, all thy whole heap must die.  
Yon sometime famous princes, like thyself,  
Drawn by report, advent'rous by desire,  
Tell thee with speechless tongues, and semblance pale,  
That, without covering, save yon field of stars,  
They here stand martyrs, slain in Cupid's wars;  
And with dead cheeks advise thee to desist,  
For going on death's act, whom none resist.

Music

le.

*Per.* Antiochus, I thank thee, who hath taught  
My frail mortality to know itself,  
And by those fearful objects to prepare  
This body, like to them, to what I must:  
For death remember'd, should be like a mirror,  
Who tells us, life's but breath; to trust it, error.  
I'll make my will then; and as sick men do,  
Who know the world, see heaven, but feeling woe,  
Gripe not at earthly joys, as erst they did;  
So I bequeath a happy peace to you,  
And all good men, as every prince should do;

My riches to the earth, from whence they came ;  
But my unspotted fire of love to you.

[*To the Daughter of Antiochus.*]

Thus ready for the way of life or death,  
I wait the sharpest blow, Antiochus,  
Scorning advice.

*Ant.* Read the conclusion, then ;  
Which read and not expounded, 'tis decreed,  
As these before thee, thou thyself shalt bleed.

*Daugh.* In all, save that, may'st thou prove prosperous!  
In all, save that, I wish thee happiness !

*Per.* Like a bold champion, I assume the lists,  
Nor ask advice of any other thought  
But faithfulness, and courage.

[*He reads the Riddle.*]

*I am no viper, yet I feed  
On mother's flesh, which did me breed :  
I sought a husband, in which labour,  
I found that kindness in a father.  
He's father, son, and husband mild,  
I mother, wife, and yet his child.  
How they may be, and yet in two,  
As you will live, resolve it you.*

Sharp physic is the last : but, O you powers !  
That give heaven countless eyes to view men's acts,  
Why cloud they not their sights perpetually,  
If this be true, which makes me pale to read it?  
Fair glass of light, I lov'd you, and could still,

[*Takes hold of the Hand of the Princess.*]

Were not this glorious casket stor'd with ill :  
But I must tell you,—now, my thoughts revolt ;  
For he's no man on whom perfections wait,  
That knowing sin within, will touch the gate.  
You're a fair viol, and your sense the strings :  
Who, finger'd to make man his lawful music,  
Would draw heaven down, and all the gods to hearken ;  
But, being play'd upon before your time,  
Hell only danceth at so harsh a chime :  
Good sooth, I care not for you.

*Ant.* Prince Pericles, touch not, upon thy life,

For that's an article within our law,  
As dangerous as the rest. Your time's expir'd;  
Either expound now, or receive your sentence.

*Per.* Great king,  
Few love to hear the sins they love to act;  
'Twould 'braid yourself too near for me to tell it.  
Who has a book of all that monarchs do,  
He's more secure to keep it shut, than shown;  
For vice repeated, is like the wand'ring wind,  
Blows dust in others' eyes, to spread itself;  
And yet the end of all is bought thus dear,  
The breath is gone, and the sore eyes see clear:  
To stop the air would hurt them. The blind mole casts  
Copp'd hills towards heaven, to tell, the earth is wrong'd  
By man's oppression; and the poor worm doth die for't,  
Kings are earth's gods: in vice their law's their will;  
And if Jove stray, who dares say, Jove doth ill?  
It is enough you know; and it is fit,  
What being more known grows worse, to smother it.  
All love the womb that their first beings bred,  
Then give my tongue like leave to love my head.

*Ant.* Heaven, that I had thy head! he has found the  
meaning;—  
But I will gloze with him. [*Aside*] Young prince of  
Tyre,  
Though by the tenour of our strict edict,  
Your exposition misinterpreting,  
We might proceed to cancel of your days;  
Yet hope succeeding from so fair a tree  
As your fair self, doth tune us otherwise:  
Forty days longer we do respite you;  
If by which time our secret be undone,  
This mercy shows, we'll joy in such a son:  
And until then, your entertain shall be,  
As doth befit our honour, and your worth.

[*Exeunt Ant. his Daugh. and Attend.*]

*Per.* How courtesy would seem to cover sin!  
When what is done is like an hypocrite,  
The which is good in nothing but in sight.  
If it be true that I interpret false,

Then were it certain, you were not so bad,  
 As with foul incest to abuse your soul;  
 Where now you're both a father and a son,  
 By your untimely claspings with your child  
 (Which pleasure fits an husband, not a father);  
 And she an eater of her mother's flesh,  
 By the defiling of her parent's bed;  
 And both like serpents are, who though they feed  
 On sweetest flowers, yet they poison breed.  
 Antioch, farewell! for wisdom sees, those men  
 Blush not in actions blacker than the night,  
 Will shun no course to keep them from the light.  
 One sin, I know, another doth provoke;  
 Murder's as near to lust, as flame to smoke.  
 Poison and treason are the hands of sin,  
 Ay, and the targets, to put off the shame:  
 Then, lest my life be cropp'd to keep you clear,  
 By flight I'll shun the danger which I fear. [Exit.

*Re-enter ANTIOCHUS.*

*Ant.* He hath found the meaning, for the which we  
 mean  
 'To have his head.  
 He must not live to trumpet forth my infamy,  
 Nor tell the world, Antiochus doth sin  
 In such a loathed manner:  
 And therefore instantly this prince must die;  
 For by his fall my honour must keep high.  
 Who attends on us there?

*Enter THALIARD.*

*Thal.* Doth your highness call?

*Ant.* Thaliard, you're of our chamber, and our mind  
 Partakes her private actions to your secrecy;  
 And for your faithfulness we will advance you.  
 Thaliard, behold, here's poison, and here's gold;  
 We hate the prince of Tyre, and thou must kill him;  
 It fits thee not to ask the reason why,  
 Because we bid it. Say, is it done?

*Thal.* My lord,  
 'Tis done.

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Ant.* Enough;

Lest your breath cool yourself, telling your haste.

*Mess.* My lord, prince Pericles is fled. [*Exit Mess.*

*Ant.*

As thou

Wilt live, fly after: and, as an arrow, shot  
From a well-experienc'd archer, hits the mark  
His eye doth level at, so ne'er return,  
Unless thou say, Prince Pericles is dead.

*Thal.* My lord, if I

Can get him once within my pistol's length,  
I'll make him sure: so farewell to your highness. [*Exit.*

*Ant.* Thaliard, adieu! till Pericles be dead,  
My heart can lend no succour to my head. [*Exit.*

SCENE II. TYRE. *A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter PERICLES, HELICANUS, and other Lords.*

*Per.* Let none disturb us: Why this charge of thoughts?  
The sad companion dull-ey'd melancholy,  
By me so us'd a guest is, not an hour,  
In the day's glorious walk, or peaceful night  
(The tomb where grief should sleep), can breed me quiet!  
Here pleasures court mine eyes, and mine eyes shun them,  
And danger, which I feared, is at Antioch,  
Whose arm seems far too short to hit me here:  
Yet neither pleasure's art can joy my spirits,  
Nor yet the other's distance comfort me.  
Then it is thus: the passions of the mind,  
That have their first conception by mis-dread,  
Have after-nourishment and life by care;  
And what was first but fear what might be done,  
Grows elder now, and cares it be not done.  
And so with me;—the great Antiochus  
(Gainst whom I am too little to contend,  
Since he's so great, can make his will his act),  
Will think me speaking, though I swear to silence;  
Nor boots it me to say, I honour him,  
If he suspect I may dishonour him:



And what may make him blush in being known,  
 He'll stop the course by which it might be known;  
 With hostile forces he'll o'erspread the land,  
 And with the ostent of war will look so huge,  
 Amazement shall drive courage from the state;  
 Our men be vanquish'd, ere they do resist,  
 And subjects punish'd, that ne'er thought offence:  
 Which care of them, not pity of myself  
 (Who am no more but as the tops of trees,  
 Which fence the roots they grow by, and defend them),  
 Makes both my body pine, and soul to languish,  
 And punish that before, that he would punish.

1 *Lord*. Joy and all comfort in your sacred breast!

2 *Lord*. And keep your mind, till you return to us,  
 Peaceful and comfortable!

*Hel*. Peace, peace, my lords, and give experience  
 tongue.

They do abuse the king, that flatter him:  
 For flattery is the bellows blows up sin;  
 The thing the which is flatter'd, but a spark,  
 To which that breath gives heat and stronger glowing;  
 Whereas reproof, obedient, and in order,  
 Fits kings, as they are men, for they may err.  
 When signior Sooth here does proclaim a peace,  
 He flatters you, makes war upon your life:  
 Prince, pardon me, or strike me, if you please;  
 I cannot be much lower than my knees.

*Per*. All leave us else; but let your cares o'erlook  
 What shipping, and what lading's in our haven,  
 And then return to us. [*Exeunt Lords*] Helicanus, thou  
 Hast moved us: what seest thou in our looks?

*Hel*. An angry brow, dread lord.

*Per*. If there be such a dart in princes' frowns,  
 How durst thy tongue move anger to our face?

*Hel*. How dare the plants look up to heaven, from  
 whence

They have their nourishment?

*Per*. Thou know'st I have power  
 To take thy life.

*Hel.* [*Kneeling*] I have ground the axe myself;  
Do you but strike the blow.

*Per.* Rise, pr'ythee rise;  
Sit down, sit down; thou art no flatterer:  
I thank thee for it; and high heaven forbid,  
That kings should let their ears hear their faults hid!  
Fit counsellor, and servant for a prince,  
Who by thy wisdom mak'st a prince thy servant,  
What wouldst thou have me do?

*Hel.* With patience bear  
Such griefs as you do lay upon yourself.

*Per.* Thou speak'st like a physician, Helicanus;  
Who minister'st a potion unto me,  
That thou wouldst tremble to receive thyself.  
Attend me then: I went to Antioch,  
Where, as thou know'st, against the face of death,  
I sought the purchase of a glorious beauty,  
From whence an issue I might propagate,  
Bring arms to princes, and to subjects joys.  
Her face was to mine eye beyond all wonder;  
The rest (hark in thine ear), as black as incest;  
Which by my knowledge found, the sinful father  
Seem'd not to strike, but smooth: but thou know'st this,  
'Tis time to fear, when tyrants seem to kiss.  
Which fear so grew in me, I hither fled;  
Under the covering of a careful night,  
Who seem'd my good protector; and being here,  
Bethought me what was past, what might succeed.  
I knew him tyrannous; and tyrants' fears  
Decrease not, but grow faster than their years:  
And should he doubt it (as no doubt he doth),  
That I should open to the listening air,  
How many worthy princes' bloods were shed,  
To keep his bed of blackness unlaid ope,—  
To lop that doubt, he'll fill this land with arms,  
And make pretence of wrong that I have done him;  
When all, for mine, if I may call't offence,  
Must feel war's blow, who spares not innocence:  
Which love to all (of which thyself art one,  
Who now reprov'st me for it)——

*Hel.* Alas, sir!—

*Per.* Drew sleep out of mine eyes, blood from my cheeks,

Musings into my mind, a thousand doubts  
How I might stop this tempest, ere it came;  
And finding little comfort to relieve them,  
I thought it princely charity to grieve them.

*Hel.* Well, my lord, since you have given me leave to speak,

Freely I'll speak. Antiochus you fear,  
And justly too, I think, you fear the tyrant,  
Who either by public war, or private treason,  
Will take away your life.

Therefore, my lord, go travel for awhile,  
Till that his rage and anger be forgot,  
Or destinies do cut his thread of life.  
Your rule direct to any; if to me,  
Day serves not light more faithful than I'll be.

*Per.* I do not doubt thy faith;  
But should he wrong my liberties in absence—

*Hel.* We'll mingle bloods together in the earth,  
From whence we had our being and our birth.

*Per.* Tyre, I now look from thee then, and to Tharsus  
Intend my travel, where I'll hear from thee;  
And by whose letters I'll dispose myself.  
'The care I had and have of subjects' good,  
On thee I lay, whose wisdom's strength can bear it.  
I'll take thy word for faith, not ask thine oath;  
Who shuns not to break one, will sure crack both:  
But in our orbs we'll live so round and safe,  
That time of both this truth shall ne'er convince,  
Thou show'dst a subject's shine, I a true prince.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. TYRE. *An Antechamber in the Palace.*

*Enter THALIARD.*

*Thal.* So, this is Tyre, and this is the court. Here must I kill king Pericles; and, if I do not, I am sure to be hang'd at home: 'tis dangerous.—Well, I per-

ceive he was a wise fellow, and had good discretion, that being bid to ask what he would of the king, desired he might know none of his secrets. Now do I see he had some reason for it: for if a king bid a man be a villain, he is bound by the indenture of his oath to be one.—Hush, here come the lords of Tyre.

*Enter HELICANUS, ESCANES, and other Lords.*

*Hel.* You shall not need, my fellow peers of Tyre, Further to question of your king's departure. His seal'd commission, left in trust with me, Doth speak sufficiently, he's gone to travel.

*Thal.* How! the king gone! *[Aside.]*

*Hel.* If further yet you will be satisfied, Why, as it were unlicens'd of your loves, He would depart, I'll give some light unto you. Being at Antioch—

*Thal.* What from Antioch? *[Aside.]*

*Hel.* Royal Antiochus (on what cause I know not), Took some displeasure at him: at least he judg'd so: And doubting lest that he had err'd or sinn'd, To show his sorrow, would correct himself; So puts himself unto the shipman's toil, With whom each minute threatens life or death.

*Thal.* Well, I perceive *[Aside.]*  
I shall not be hang'd now, although I would;  
But since he's gone, the king it sure must please,  
He scap'd the land, to perish on the seas.—  
But I'll present me. Peace to the lords of Tyre!

*Hel.* Lord Thaliard from Antiochus is welcome.

*Thal.* From him I come  
With message unto princely Pericles;  
But, since my landing, as I have understood  
Your lord has took himself to unknown travels,  
My message must return from whence it came.

*Hel.* We have no reason to desire it, since  
Commended to our master, not to us:  
Yet, ere you shall depart, this we desire,—  
As friends to Antioch, we may feast in Tyre. *[Exeunt.]*

## SCENE IV.

THARSUS. *A Room in the Governor's House.*

*Enter CLEON, DIONYZA, and Attendants.*

*Cle.* My Dionyza, shall we rest us here,  
And by relating tales of others' griefs,  
See if 'twill teach us to forget our own?

*Dio.* That were to blow at fire, in hope to quench it;  
For who digs hills because they do aspire,  
Throws down one mountain, to cast up a higher.  
O my distressed lord, even such our griefs;  
Here they're but felt, and seen with mistful eyes,  
But like to groves, being topp'd, they higher rise.

*Cle.* O Dionyza,  
Who wanteth food, and will not say he wants it,  
Or can conceal his hunger, till he famish?  
Our tongues and sorrows do sound deep our woes  
Into the air: our eyes do weep, till lungs  
Fetch breath that may proclaim them louder; that,  
If heaven slumber, while their creatures want,  
They may awake their helps to comfort them.  
I'll then discourse our woes, felt several years,  
And wanting breath to speak, help me with tears.

*Dio.* I'll do my best, sir.

*Cle.* This Tharsus, o'er which I have government  
(A city, on whom plenty held full hand),  
For riches, strew'd herself even in the streets;  
Whose towers bore heads so high, they kiss'd the clouds,  
And strangers ne'er beheld, but wonder'd at;  
Whose men and dames so jetted and adorn'd,  
Like one another's glass to trim them by:  
Their tables were stor'd full, to glad the sight,  
And not so much to feed on, as delight;  
All poverty was scorn'd, and pride so great,  
The name of help grew odious to repeat.

*Dio.* O, 'tis too true.

*Cle.* But see what heaven can do! By this our change,  
These mouths, whom but of late, earth, sea, and air,  
Were all too little to content and please,  
Although they gave their creatures in abundance,

As houses are defil'd for want of use,  
They are now starv'd for want of exercise:  
Those palates, who, not yet two summers younger,  
Must have inventions to delight the taste,  
Would now be glad of bread, and beg for it;  
Those mothers who, to nouse up their babes,  
Thought nought too curious, are ready now,  
To eat those little darlings whom they lov'd.  
So sharp are hunger's teeth, that man and wife  
Draw lots, who first shall die to lengthen life:  
Here stands a lord, and there a lady weeping;  
Here many sink, yet those which see them fall,  
Have scarce strength left to give them burial.  
Is not this true?

*Dio.* Our cheeks and hollow eyes do witness it.

*Cle.* O let those cities, that of Plenty's cup  
And her prosperities so largely taste,  
With their superfluous riots, hear these tears!  
The misery of Tharsus may be theirs.

*Enter a Lord.*

*Lord.* Where's the lord governor?

*Cle.* Here.

Speak out thy sorrows which thou bring'st, in haste,  
For comfort is too far for us to expect.

*Lord.* We have descried, upon our neighbouring  
shore,

A portly sail of ships make hitherward.

*Cle.* I thought as much.

One sorrow never comes, but brings an heir,  
That may succeed as his inheritor;  
And so in ours: some neighbouring nation,  
Taking advantage of our misery,  
Hath stuff'd these hollow vessels with their power,  
To beats us down, the which are down already;  
And make a conquest of unhappy me,  
Whereas no glory's got to overcome.

*Lord.* That's the least fear: for, by the semblance  
Of their white flags display'd, they bring us peace,  
And come to us as favourers, not as foes.

*Cle.* Thon speak'st like him 's untutor'd to repeat,  
Who makes the fairest show, means most deceit.  
But bring they what they will, what need we fear?  
The ground's the low'st, and we are half way there.  
Go tell their general, we attend him here,  
To know for what he comes, and whence he comes,  
And what he craves.

*Lord.* I go, my lord.

[*Exit.*

*Cle.* Welcome is peace, if he on peace consist;  
If wars, we are unable to resist.

*Enter PERICLES, with Attendants.*

*Per.* Lord governor, for so we hear you are,  
Let not our ships and number of our men,  
Be, like a beacon fir'd, to amaze your eyes.  
We have heard your miseries as far as Tyre,  
And seen the desolation of your streets:  
Nor come we to add sorrow to your tears,  
But to relieve them of their heavy load;  
And these our ships you happily may think  
Are, like the Trojan horse, war-stuff'd within,  
With bloody views, expecting overthrow,  
Are stor'd with corn, to make your needy bread,  
And give them life, who are hunger-starv'd, half dead.

*All.* The gods of Greece protect you!  
And we'll pray for you.

*Per.* Rise, I pray you, rise;  
We do not look for reverence, but for love,  
And harbourage for ourself, our ships, and men.

*Cle.* The which when any shall not gratify,  
Or pay you with unthankfulness in thought,  
Be it our wives, our children, or ourselves,  
The curse of heaven and men succeed their evils!  
Till when (the which, I hope, shall ne'er be seen),  
Your grace is welcome to our town and us.

*Per.* Which welcome we'll accept; feast here awhile,  
Until our stars, that frown, lend us a smile. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT II.



*Enter GOWER.*

*Gow.* Here have you seen a mighty king  
His child, I wis, to incest bring;  
A better prince, and benign lord,  
Prove awful both in deed and word.  
Be quiet then; as men should be,  
Till he hath pass'd necessity.  
I'll show you those in trouble's reign,  
Losing a mite, a mountain gain.  
The good in conversation  
(To whom I give my benizon),  
Is still at Tharsus, where each man  
Thinks all is writ he spoken can:  
And, to remember what he does,  
Gild his statue glorious:  
But tidings to the contrary  
Are brought your eyes; what need speak I?

*DUMB SHOW.*

*Enter, at one Door, PERICLES, talking with CLEON; all the Train with them. Enter, at another Door, a Gentleman, with a Letter to PERICLES; PERICLES s'*



*the Letter to CLEON; then gives the Messenger a Reward, and Knights him. Exeunt PERICLES, CLEON, &c. severally.*

*Gow.* Good Helicane hath staid at home,  
 Not to eat honey, like a drone,  
 From others' labours; forth he strive  
 To killen bad, keep good alive;  
 And, to fulfil his prince' desire,  
 Sends word of all that haps in Tyre:  
 How Thaliard came full bent with sin,  
 And hid intent, to murder him;  
 And that in Tharsus was not best  
 Longer for him to make his rest:  
 He knowing so, put forth to seas,  
 Where when men been, there's seldom ease;  
 For now the wind begins to blow;  
 Thunder above, and deeps below,  
 Make such unquiet, that the ship  
 Should house him safe, is wreck'd and split;  
 And he, good prince, having all lost,  
 By waves from coast to coast is tost:  
 All perishen of man, of pelf,  
 Ne aught escapen but himself;  
 Till fortune, tir'd with doing bad,  
 Threw him ashore, to give him glad:  
 And here he comes: what shall be next,  
 Pardon old Gower: this long's the text. [Exit.]

SCENE I. PENTAPOLIS. *An open Place by the Sea-side.*

*Enter PERICLES, wet.*

*Per.* Yet cease your ire, ye angry stars of heaven!  
 Wind, rain, and thunder, remember, earthly man  
 Is but a substance that must yield to you.  
 And I, as fits my nature, do obey you;  
 Alas, the sea hath cast me on the rocks,  
 Wash'd me from shore to shore, and left me breath  
 Nothing to think on, but ensuing death:  
 Let it suffice the greatness of your powers,  
 To have bereft a prince of all his fortunes;  
 And having thrown him from your wat'ry grave,  
 Here to have death in peace, is all he'll crave.

*Enter three Fishermen.*

1 *Fish.* What, ho, Pilche!

2 *Fish.* Ho! come, and bring away the nets.

1 *Fish.* What, Patch-breach, I say!

3 *Fish.* What say you, master?

1 *Fish.* Look how thou stirrest now! come away, or I'll fetch thee with a wannion.

3 *Fish.* 'Faith, master, I am thinking of the poor men that were cast away before us, even now.

1 *Fish.* Alas, poor souls, it grieved my heart to hear what pitiful cries they made to us, to help them, when, well-a-day, we could scarce help ourselves.

3 *Fish.* Nay, master, said not I as much, when I saw the porpus, how he bounced and tumbled? they say, they are half fish, half flesh; a plague on them, they ne'er come, but I look to be wash'd. Master, I marvel how the fishes live in the sea.

1 *Fish.* Why as men do a-land; the great ones eat up the little ones: I can compare our rich misers to nothing so fitly as to a whale; 'a plays and tumbles, driving the poor fry before him, and at last devours them all at a mouthful. Such whales have I heard on a'the land, who never leave gaping, till they've swallow'd the whole parish, church, steeple, bells and all.

*Per.* A pretty moral.

3 *Fish.* But, master, if I had been the sexton, I would have been that day in the belfry.

2 *Fish.* Why, man?

3 *Fish.* Because he should have swallow'd me too: and when I had been in his belly, I would have kept such a jangling of the bells, that he should never have left, till he cast bells, steeple, church, and parish, up again. But if the good king Simonides were of my mind—

*Per.* Simonides?

3 *Fish.* We would purge the land of these drones, that rob the bee of her honey.

*Per.* How from the finny subject of the sea  
These fishers tell the infirmities of men;  
And from their wat'ry empire recollect  
All that may men approve, or men detect!  
Peace be at your labour, honest fishermen.

2 *Fish*. Honest! good fellow, what's that? if it be a day fits you, scratch it out of the calendar, and nobody will look after it.

*Per*. Nay, see, the sea hath cast upon your coast—

2 *Fish*. What a drunken knave was the sea, to cast thee in our way!

*Per*. A man, whom both the waters and the wind,  
In that vast tennis-court, hath made the ball  
For them to play upon, entreats you pity him;  
He asks of you, that never us'd to beg.

1 *Fish*. No, friend, cannot you beg? here's them in our country of Greece, gets more with begging, than we can do with working.

2 *Fish*. Canst thou catch any fishes then?

*Per*. I never practis'd it.

2 *Fish*. Nay, then thou wilt starve sure; for here's nothing to be got now-a-days, unless thou canst fish for't.

*Per*. What I have been, I have forgot to know;  
But what I am, want teaches me to think on;  
A man shrunk up with cold: my veins are chill,  
And have no more of life, than may suffice  
To give my tongue that heat, to ask your help;  
Which if you shall refuse, when I am dead,  
For I am a man, pray see me buried.

1 *Fish*. Die quoth-a? Now gods forbid! I have a gown here; come, put it on; keep thee warm. Now, afore me, a handsome fellow! Come, thou shalt go home, and we'll have flesh for holidays, fish for fasting-days, and moreo'er puddings and flap-jacks; and thou shalt be welcome.

*Per*. I thank you, sir.

2 *Fish*. Hark you, my friend, you said you could not beg.

*Per*. I did but crave.

2 *Fish*. But crave? then I'll turn craver too, and so I shall 'scape whipping.

*Per*. Why, are all your beggars whipp'd then?

2 *Fish*. O, not all, my friend, not all; for if all your beggars were whipp'd, I would wish no better office, than to be beadle. But, master, I'll go draw up the  
[*Exeunt two of the Fishermen.*

*Per.* How well this honest mirth becomes their labour !

*1 Fish.* Hark you, sir ; do you know where you are ?

*Per.* Not well.

*1 Fish.* Why I'll tell you : this is called Pentapolis, and our king, the good Simonides.

*Per.* The good king Simonides, do you call him ?

*1 Fish.* Ay, sir ; and he deserves to be so call'd, for his peaceable reign, and good government.

*Per.* He is a happy king, since from his subjects He gains the name of good, by his government. How far is his court distant from this shore ?

*1 Fish.* Marry, sir, half a day's journey ; and I'll tell you, he hath a fair daughter, and to-morrow is her birth-day ; and there are princes and knights come from all parts of the world, to just and tourney for her love.

*Per.* Did but my fortunes equal my desires, I'd wish to make one there.

*1 Fish.* O, sir, things must be as they may ; and what a man cannot get, he may lawfully deal for—his wife's soul.

*Re-enter the two Fishermen, drawing up a Net.*

*2 Fish.* Help, master, help ; here's a fish hang's in the net, like a poor man's right in the law ; 'twill hardly come out. Ha ! bots on't, 'tis come at last, and 'tis turn'd to a rusty armour.

*Per.* An armour, friends ! I pray you, let me see it. Thanks, fortune, yet, that after all my crosses, Thou giv'st me somewhat to repair myself ; And, though it was mine own, part of mine heritage, Which my dead father did bequeath to me, With this strict charge (even as he left his life), Keep it, my Pericles, it hath been a shield 'Twixt me and death (and pointed to this brace) ; For that it sav'd me, keep it ; in like necessity, Which gods protect thee from ! it may defend thee. It kept where I kept, I so dearly lov'd it ; Till the rough seas, that spare not any man, Took it in rage, though calm'd, they give't again : I thank thee for't ; my shipwreck's now no ill, Since I have here my father's gift by will.

1 *Fish*. What mean you, sir?

*Per*. To beg of you, kind friends, this coat of worth,  
For it was sometime target to a king;  
I know it by this mark. He lov'd me dearly,  
And for his sake, I wish the having of it;  
And that you'd guide me to your sovereign's court  
Where with't I may appear a gentleman;  
And if that ever my low fortunes better,  
I'll pay your bounties; till then, rest your debtor.

1 *Fish*. Why, wilt thou tourney for the lady?

*Per*. I'll show the virtue I have borne in arms.

1 *Fish*. Why, do ye take it, and the gods give thee  
good on't!

2 *Fish*. Ay, but hark you, my friend; 'twas we that  
made up this garment through the rough seams of the  
waters: there are certain condolences, certain vails.  
I hope, sir, if you thrive, you'll remember from whence  
you had it.

*Per*. Believ't, I will.

Now, by your furtherance, I am cloth'd in steel;  
And spite of all the rupture of the sea,  
This jewel holds his bidding on my arm;  
Unto thy value will I mount myself  
Upon a courser, whose delightful steps  
Shall make the gazer joy to see him tread.—  
Only, my friend, I yet am unprovided  
Of a pair of bases.

2 *Fish*. We'll sure provide: thou shalt have my best  
gown to make thee a pair; and I'll bring thee to the  
court myself.

*Per*. Then honour be but a goal to my will;  
This day I'll rise, or else add ill to ill. [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *The same. A public Way, or Platform,  
leading to the Lists. A Pavilion by the side of it, for  
the Reception of the KING, PRINCESS, Lords, &c.*

*Enter SIMONIDES, THAISA, Lords, and Attendants.*

*Sim*. Are the knights ready to begin the triumph?

1 *Lord*. They are, my liege;  
And stay your coming to present themselves.

*Sim.* Return them, we are ready; and our daughter,  
In honour of whose birth these triumphs are,  
Sits here, like beauty's child, whom nature gat  
For men to see, and seeing wonder at. [*Exit a Lord.*]

*Thai.* It pleaseth you, my father, to express  
My commendations great, whose merit's less.

*Sim.* 'Tis fit it should be so; for princes are  
A model, which heaven makes like to itself:  
As jewels lose their glory, if neglected,  
So princes their renown, if not respected.  
'Tis now your honour, daughter, to explain  
The labour of each knight, in his device.

*Thai.* Which, to perserve mine honour, I'll perform.

*Enter a Knight; he passes over the Stage, and his Squire  
presents his Shield to the PRINCESS.*

*Sim.* Who is the first that doth prefer himself?

*Thai.* A knight of Sparta, my renowned father;  
And the device he bears upon his shield  
Is a black Æthiop, reaching at the sun;  
The word, *Lux tua vita mihi.*

*Sim.* He loves you well, that holds his life of you.

[*The second Knight passes.*]

Who is the second, that presents himself?

*Thai.* A prince of Macedon, my royal father;  
And the device he bears upon his shield  
Is an arm'd knight, that's conquer'd by a lady:  
The motto thus, in Spanish, *Piu per dulcura que per  
fuerca.* [*The third Knight passes.*]

*Sim.* And what's the third?

*Thai.* The third, of Antioch;  
And his device, a wreath of chivalry:  
The word, *Me pompæ provexit apex.*

[*The fourth Knight passes.*]

*Sim.* What is the fourth?

*Thai.* A burning torch, that's turned upside down:  
The word, *Quod me alit, me extinguit.*

*Sim.* Which shows that beauty hath his power and will,  
Which can as well inflame, as it can kill.

[*The fifth Knight passes.*]

*Thai.* The fifth, an hand environed with clouds;

Holding out gold, that's by the touchstone tried;  
The motto thus, *Sic spectanda fides*.

[*The sixth Knight passes.*]

Sim. And what's the sixth and last, which the knight  
With such a graceful courtesy deliver'd? [himself]

Thai. He seems a stranger: but his present is  
A wither'd branch, that's only green at top;  
The motto, *In hac spe vivo*.

Sim. A pretty moral;  
From the dejected state wherein he is,  
He hopes by you his fortunes yet may flourish.

1 Lord. He had need mean better than his outward  
Can any way speak in his just commend: [show  
For, by his rusty outside, he appears  
To have practis'd more the whipstock, than the lance.

2 Lord. He well may be a stranger, for he comes  
To an honour'd triumph, strangely furnished.

3 Lord. And on set purpose let his armour rust,  
Until this day, to scour it in the dust.

Sim. Opinion's but a fool, that makes us scan  
The outward habit by the inward man.

But stay, the knights are coming; we'll withdraw  
Into the gallery. [Exeunt.  
[*Great Shouts, and all cry, The mean knight!*]

### SCENE III.

*The same. A Hall of State.—A Banquet prepared.*  
*Enter SIMONIDES, THAISA, Lords, Knights, and Attendants.*

Sim. Knights,  
To say you are welcome, were superfluous.  
To place upon the volume of your deeds,  
As in a title-page, your worth in arms,  
Were more than you expect, or more than's fit,  
Since every worth in show commends itself.  
Prepare for mirth, for mirth becomes a feast:  
You are my guests.

Thai. But you, my knight, and guest;  
To whom this wreath of victory I give,  
And crown you king of this day's happiness.

*Per.* 'Tis more by fortune, lady, than my merit.

*Sim.* Call it by what you will, the day is yours;  
And here, I hope, is none that envies it.  
In framing artists, art hath thus decreed,  
To make some good, but others to exceed;  
And you're her labour'd scholar. Come, queen o'the feast  
(For, daughter, so you are), here take your place:  
Marshal the rest, as they deserve their grace.

*Knights.* We are honour'd much by good Simonides.

*Sim.* Your presence glads our days; honour we love,  
For who hates honour, hates the gods above.

*Marsh.* Sir, yond's your place.

*Per.* Some other is more fit.

*1 Knight.* Contend not, sir; for we are gentlemen,  
That neither in our hearts, nor outward eyes,  
Envy the great, nor do the low despise.

*Per.* You are right courteous knights.

*Sim.* Sit, sit, sir; sit.

*Per.* By Jove, I wonder, that is king of thoughts,  
These cates resist me, she not thought upon.

*Thai.* By Juno, that is queen  
Of marriage, all the viands that I eat  
Do seem unsavoury, wishing him my meat;  
Sure he's a gallant gentleman.

*Sim.* He's but

A country gentleman;  
He has done no more than other knights have done;  
Broken a staff, or so, so let it pass.

*Thai.* To me he seems like diamond to glass.

*Per.* Yon king's to me, like to my father's picture,  
Which tells me, in that glory once he was;  
Had princes sit, like stars, about his throne,  
And he the sun, for them to reverence.  
None that beheld him, but, like lesser lights,  
Did vail their crowns to his supremacy;  
Where now his son's a glowworm in the night,  
The which bath fire in darkness, none in light;  
Whereby I see that Time's the king of men,  
For he's their parent, and he is their grave,  
And gives them what he will, not what they crave.

*Sim.* What, are you merry, knights?



1 *Knight*. Who, can be other, in this royal presence ?

*Sim*. Here, with a cup that's stor'd unto the brim  
(As you do love, fill to your mistress' lips),  
We drink this health to you.

*Knights*.

We thank your grace.

*Sim*. Yet pause awhile ;  
Yon knight, methinks, doth sit too melancholy,  
As if the entertainment in our court  
Had not a show might countervail his worth.  
Note it not you, Thaisa ?

*Thai*.

What is it

To me, my father ?

*Sim*.

O, attend, my daughter ;

Princes, in this, should live like gods above,  
Who freely give to every one that comes  
To honour them : and princes, not doing so,  
Are like to gnats, which make a sound, but kill'd  
Are wonder'd at.

Therefore to make's entrance more sweet, here say,  
We drink this standing bowl of wine to him.

*Thai*. Alas, my father, it befits not me,  
Unto a stranger knight to be so bold ;  
He may my proffer take for an offence,  
Since men take women's gifts for impudence.

*Sim*. How !

Do as I bid you, or you'll move me else.

*Thai*. Now, by the gods, he could not please me better.  
[*Aside*.

*Sim*. And further tell him, we desire to know,  
Of whence he is, his name and parentage.

*Thai*. The king, my father, sir, has drunk to you.

*Per*. I thank him.

*Thai*. Wishing it so much blood unto your life.

*Per*. I thank both him and you, and pledge him freely.

*Thai*. And further he desires to know of you,  
Of whence you are, your name and parentage.

*Per*. A gentleman of Tyre—(my name, Pericles ;  
My education being in arts and arms ;)—  
Who, looking for adventures in the world,  
Was by the rough seas rest of ships and men,  
And, after shipwreck, driven upon this shore.

*Thai.* He thanks your grace; names himself Pericles,  
A gentleman of Tyre, who only by  
Misfortune of the seas has been bereft  
Of ships and men, and cast upon this shore.

*Sim.* Now by the gods, I pity his misfortune,  
And will awake him from his melancholy.  
Come, gentlemen, we sit too long on trifles,  
And waste the time, which looks for other revels.  
Even in your armours, as you are address'd,  
Will very well become a soldier's dance.  
I will not have excuse, with saying, this  
Loud music is too harsh for ladies' heads;  
Since they love men in arms, as well as beds.

[*The Knights dance.*]

So, this was well ask'd, 'twas so well perform'd.

Come, sir;

Here is a lady that wants breathing too:  
And I have often heard, you knights of Tyre  
Are excellent in making ladies trip;  
And that their measures are as excellent.

*Per.* In those that practise them, they are, my lord.

*Sim.* O, that's as much, as you would be deny'd

[*The Knights and Ladies dance.*]

Of your fair courtesy.—Unclasp, unclasp;  
Thanks, gentlemen, to all; all have done well,  
But you the best. [*To Pericles*] Pages and lights, conduct  
These knights unto their several lodgings: Yours, sir,  
We have given orders to be next our own.

*Per.* I am at your grace's pleasure.

*Sim.* Princes, it is too late to talk of love,  
For that's the mark I know you level at:  
Therefore each one betake him to his rest;  
To-morrow, all for speeding do their best. [*Excunt.*]

SCENE IV. TYRE. A Room in the Governor's House.

*Enter* HELICANUS and ESCANES.

*Hel.* No, no; my Escanes; know this of me,—  
Antiochus from incest liv'd not free;  
For which, the most high gods not minding longer  
To withhold the vengeance that they had in store,  
Due to this heinous capital offence;

Even in the height and pride of all his glory,  
 When he was seated and his daughter with him,  
 In a chariot of inestimable value,  
 A fire from heaven came, and shrivel'd up  
 Their bodies, even to loathing; for they so stunk,  
 That all those eyes ador'd them, ere their fall,  
 Scorn now their hand should give them burial.

*Esca.* 'Twas very strange.

*Hel.* And yet but just; for though  
 This king were great, his greatness was no guard  
 To bar heaven's shaft, but sin had his reward.

*Esca.* 'Tis very true.

*Enter three Lords.*

*1 Lord.* See, not a man in private conference,  
 Or council, has respect with him but he.

*2 Lord.* It shall no longer grieve, without reproof.

*3 Lord.* And curs'd be he that will not second it.

*1 Lord.* Follow me, then: Lord Helicane, a word.

*Hel.* With me? and welcome: Happy day, my lords.

*1 Lord.* Know, that our griefs are risen to the top,  
 And now at length they overflow their banks.

*Hel.* Your griefs, for what? wrong not the prince  
 you love.

*1 Lord.* Wrong not yourself then, noble Helicane;  
 But if the prince do live, let us salute him,  
 Or know what ground's made happy by his breath.  
 If in the world he live, we'll seek him out;  
 If in his grave he rest, we'll find him there;  
 And be resolv'd, he lives to govern us,  
 Or dead, gives cause to mourn his funeral,  
 And leaves us to our free election. [censure:]

*2 Lord.* Whose death's, indeed, the strongest in our  
 And knowing this kingdom, if without a head  
 (Like goodly buildings left without a roof),  
 Will soon to ruin fall, your noble self,  
 That best know'st how to rule, and how to reign,  
 We thus submit unto,—our sovereign.

*All.* Live, noble Helicane!

*Hel.* Try honour's cause, forbear your suffrages:  
 that you love prince Pericles, forbear.

Take I your wish, I leap into the seas,  
 Where's hourly trouble for a minute's ease.  
 A twelvemonth longer, let me then entreat you  
 To forbear choice i<sup>n</sup> the absence of your king;  
 If in which time expir'd, he not return,  
 I shall with aged patience bear your yoke.  
 But if I cannot win you to this love,  
 Go search like noblemen, like noble subjects,  
 And in your search spend your adventurous worth;  
 Whom if you find, and win unto return,  
 You shall like diamonds sit about his crown.

1 *Lord*. To wisdom he's a fool that will not yield;  
 And, since lord Helicane enjoine<sup>th</sup> us,  
 We with our travels will endeavour it.

*Hel*. Then you love us, we you, and we'll clasp hands;  
 When peers thus knit, a kingdom ever stands. [*Exeunt*.]

SCENE V. PENTAPOLIS. *A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter SIMONIDES, reading a Letter; the Knights meet him.*

1 *Knight*. Good morrow to the good Simonides.

*Sim*. Knights, from my daughter this I let you know,  
 That for this twelvemonth, she'll not undertake  
 A married life.

Her reason to herself is only known,  
 Which from herself by no means can I get.

2 *Knight*. May we not get access to her, my lord?

*Sim*. Faith, by no means; she hath so strictly tied her  
 To her chamber, that it is impossible.  
 One twelve moons more she'll wear Diana's livery;  
 This by the eye of Cynthia hath she vow'd,  
 And on her virgin honour will not break it.

3 *Knight*. Though loath to bid farewell, we take our  
 leaves. [*Exeunt*.]

*Sim*. So

They're well despatch'd; now to my daughter's letter:  
 She tells me here, she'll wed the stranger knight,  
 Or never more to view nor day nor light.  
 Mistress, 'tis well, your choice agrees with mine;  
 I like that well:—nay, how absolute she's in't,  
 Not minding whether I dislike or no!

Well, I commend her choice ;  
And will no longer have it be delay'd.  
Soft, here he comes :—I must dissemble it.

*Enter PERICLES.*

*Per.* All fortune to the good Simonides!

*Sim.* To you as much, sir! I am beholden to you,  
For your sweet music this last night: my ears,  
I do protest, were never better fed  
With such delightful pleasing harmony.

*Per.* It is your grace's pleasure to commend;  
Not my desert.

*Sim.* Sir, you are music's master.

*Per.* The worst of all her scholars, my good lord.

*Sim.* Let me ask one thing. What do you think,  
sir, of

My daughter?

*Per.* As of a most virtuous princess.

*Sim.* And she is fair too, is she not?

*Per.* As a fair day in summer; wondrous fair.

*Sim.* My daughter, sir, thinks very well of you;  
Ay, so well, sir, that you must be her master,  
And she'll your scholar be; therefore, look to it.

*Per.* Unworthy I to be her schoolmaster.

*Sim.* She thinks not so; peruse this writing else.

*Per.* What's here?

A letter, that she loves the knight of Tyre?

'Tis the king's subtilty, to have my life.

[*Aside.*

O, seek not to entrap, my gracious lord,  
A stranger and distressed gentleman,  
That never aim'd so high, to love your daughter,  
But bent all offices to honour her.

*Sim.* Thou hast bewitch'd my daughter, and thou art  
A villain.

*Per.* By the gods, I have not, sir.  
Never did thought of mine levy offence;  
Nor never did my actions yet commence  
A deed might gain her love, or your displeasure.

*Sim.* Traitor, thou liest.

*Per.* Traitor!

Ay, traitor, sir.

*Per.* Even in his throat (unless it be the king),  
That calls me traitor, I return the lie.

*Sim.* Now, by the gods, I do applaud his courage.  
[*Aside.*]

*Per.* My actions are as noble as my thoughts,  
That never relish'd of a base descent.  
I came unto your court, for honour's cause,  
And not to be a rebel to her state;  
And he that otherwise accounts of me,  
This sword shall prove he's honour's enemy.

*Sim.* No!—  
Here comes my daughter, she can witness it.

*Enter THAISA.*

*Per.* Then, as you are as virtuous as fair,  
Resolve your angry father, if my tongue  
Did e'er solicit, or my hand subscribe  
To any syllable that made love to you?

*Thai.* Why, sir, say if you had,  
Who takes offence at that would make me glad?

*Sim.* Yea, mistress, are you so peremptory?—  
I am glad of it with all my heart. [*Aside*] I'll tame you;  
I'll bring you in subjection.—

Will you, not having my consent, bestow  
Your love and your affections on a stranger?  
(Who, for aught I know to the contrary,  
Or think, may be as great in blood as I.) [*Aside.*]

Hear, therefore, mistress; frame your will to mine,—  
And you, sir, hear you.—Either be rul'd by me,  
Or I will make you—man and wife.—

Nay, come; your hands and lips must seal it too.—  
And being join'd, I'll thus your hopes destroy;—  
And for a further grief,—God give you joy!

What, are you both pleas'd?

*Thai.* Yes, if you love me, sir.

*Per.* Even as my life, my blood that fosters it.

*Sim.* What, are you both agreed?

*Both.* Yes, 'please your majesty.

*Sim.* It pleaseth me so well, I'll see you wed;  
Then, with what haste you can, get you to bed.  
[*Exeunt*]

## ACT III.



*Enter GOWER.*

*Gow.* Now sleep yslaked bath the rout ;  
 No din but snores, the house about,  
 Made louder by the o'er-fed breast  
 Of this most pompous marriage-feast.  
 The cat, with eyne of burning coal,  
 Now couches 'fore the mouse's hole ;  
 And crickets sing at the oven's mouth,  
 As the blither for their drouth.  
 Hymen hath brought the bride to bed,  
 Where, by the loss of maidenhead,  
 A babe is moulded ;—Be attent,  
 And time that is so briefly spent,  
 With your fine fancies quaintly eche ;  
 What's dumb in show, I'll plain with speech.

**DUMB SHOW.**

*Enter PERICLES and SIMONIDES at one Door, with Attendants ; a Messenger meets them, kneels, and gives PERICLES a Letter. PERICLES shows it to SIMONIDES ; the Lords kneel to the former. Then enter THAISA with Child, and LYCHORIDA. SIMONIDES*

*shows his Daughter the Letter ; she rejoices : she and PERICLES take leave of her Father, and depart. Then SIMONIDES, &c. retire.*

*Gow.* By many a dearn and painful perch,  
Of Pericles the careful search,  
By the four opposing coignes,  
Which the world together joins,  
Is made, with all due diligence,  
That horse, and sail, and high expense,  
Can stead the quest. At last from Tyre  
(Fame answering the most strong inquire),  
To the court of king Simonides  
Are letters brought ; the tenour these :  
Antiochus and his daughter's dead ;  
The men of Tyrus, on the head  
Of Helicanus would set on  
The crown of Tyre, but he will none :  
The mutiny there he hastes t'appease :  
Says to them, if king Pericles  
Come not, in twice six moons, home,  
He obedient to their doom,  
Will take the crown. The sum of this,  
Brought hither to Pentapolis,  
Y-ravished the regions round,  
And every one with claps 'gan sound,  
*Our heir apparent is a king :*  
*Who dream'd, who thought of such a thing ?*  
Brief, he must hence depart to Tyre :  
His queen with child, makes her desire  
(Which who shall cross ?) along to go  
(Omit we all their dole and woe) ;  
Lychorida, her nurse, she takes,  
And so to sea. Their vessel shakes  
On Neptune's billow ; half the flood  
Hath their keel cut ; but fortune's mood  
Varies again : the grizzled north  
Disgorges such a tempest forth,  
That, as a duck for life that dives,  
So up and down the poor ship drives.



The lady shrieks, and, well-a-neighbor!  
 Doth fall in travail with her fear:  
 And what ensues in this fell storm,  
 Shall, for itself, itself perform.  
 I will relate; action may  
 Conveniently the rest convey:  
 Which might not what by me is told.  
 In your imagination hold  
 This stage, the ship, upon whose deck  
 The sea-tost prince appears to speak.

[Exit.]

## SCENE I.

*Enter PERICLES, on a Ship at Sea.*

*Per.* Thou God of this great vast, rebuke these surges,  
 Which wash both heaven and hell; and thou, that hast  
 Upon the winds command, bind them in brass,  
 Having call'd them from the deep! O still thy deaf'ning,  
 Thy dreadful thunders; gently quench thy nimble,  
 Sulphureous flashes!—O how, Lychorida,  
 How does my queen?—Thou storm, thou! venomously  
 Wilt thou spit all thyself?—The seaman's whistle  
 Is as a whisper in the ears of death,  
 Unheard.—Lychorida!—Lucina, O  
 Divinest patroness, and midwife, gentle  
 To those that cry by night, convey thy deity  
 Aboard our dancing boat; make swift the pangs  
 Of my queen's travails!—Now, Lychorida—

*Enter LYCHORIDA, with an Infant.*

*Lyc.* Here is a thing  
 Too young for such a place, who if it had  
 Conceit, would die as I am like to do.  
 Take in your arms this piece of your dead queen.

*Per.* How! how, Lychorida!

*Lyc.* Patience, good sir; do not assist the storm.  
 Here's all that is left living of your queen,—  
 A little daughter; for the sake of it,  
 Be manly, and take comfort.

*Per.*

O you gods!

Why do you make us love your goodly gifts,

And snatch them straight away? We, here below,  
Recall not what we give, and therein may  
Vie honour with yourselves.

*Lyc.* Patience, good sir,  
Even for this charge.

*Per.* Now, mild may be thy life!  
For a more blust'rous birth had never babe:  
Quiet and gentle thy conditions!  
For thou'rt the rudeliest welcom'd to this world,  
That e'er was prince's child. Happy what follows!  
Thou hast as chiding a nativity,  
As fire, air, water, earth, and heaven can make,  
To herald thee from the womb: even at the first,  
Thy loss is more than can thy portage quit,  
With all thou canst find here.—Now the good gods  
Throw their best eyes upon it!

*Enter two Sailors.*

*1 Sail.* What courage, sir? God save you.

*Per.* Courage enough: I do not fear the flaw;  
It hath done to me the worst. Yet, for the love  
Of this poor infant, this fresh-new sea-farer,  
I would, it would be quiet.

*1 Sail.* Slack the bolins there; thou wilt not, wilt  
thou? Blow, and split thyself.

*2 Sail.* But sea-room, an the brine and cloudy billow  
kiss the moon, I care not.

*1 Sail.* Sir, your queen must overboard; the sea  
works high, the wind is loud, and will not lie till the  
ship be cleared of the dead.

*Per.* That's your superstition.

*1 Sail.* Pardon us, sir; with us at sea it still hath  
been observed; and we are strong in earnest. There-  
fore briefly yield her; for she must overboard straight.

*Per.* Be it as you think meet.—Most wretched queen!

*Lyc.* Here she lies, sir.

*Per.* A terrible child-bed hast thou had, my dear;  
No light, no fire: the unfriendly elements  
Forgot thee utterly; nor have I time  
To give thee hallow'd to thy grave, but straight  
Must cast thee, scarcely coffin'd, in the ooze;

Where, for a monument upon thy bones,  
 And aye-remaining lamps, the belching whale,  
 And humming water must o'erwhelm thy corpse,  
 Lying with simple shells. Lychorida,  
 Bid Nestor bring me spices, ink, and paper;  
 My casket, and my jewels; and bid Nicander  
 Bring me the satin coffer: lay the babe  
 Upon the pillow; hie thee, whiles I say  
 A priestly farewell to her: suddenly, woman.

[*Exit Lychorida.*]

2 *Sail.* Sir, we have a chest beneath the hatches,  
 caulk'd and bitumed ready.

*Per.* I thank thee. Mariner, say what coast is this?

2 *Sail.* We are near Tharsus.

*Per.* Thither, gentle mariner,  
 Alter thy course for Tyre. When canst thou reach it?

2 *Sail.* By break of day, if the wind cease.

*Per.* O make for Tharsus.

There will I visit Cleon, for the babe  
 Cannot hold out to Tyrus; there I'll leave it  
 At careful nursing. Go thy ways, good mariner;  
 I'll bring the body presently. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE II. EPHEBUS. A Room in CERIMON'S House.

*Enter CERIMON, a Servant, and some Persons who have  
 been shipwrecked.*

*Cer.* Philemon, ho!

*Enter PHILEMON.*

*Phil.* Doth my lord call?

*Cer.* Get fire and meat for these poor men;  
 It has been a turbulent and stormy night.

*Serv.* I have been in many; but such a night as this,  
 Till now, I ne'er endur'd.

*Cer.* Your master will be dead ere you return;  
 There's nothing can be minister'd to nature,  
 That can recover him. Give this to the 'pothecary,  
 And tell me how it works. [*To Philemon.*]  
 [*Exeunt Philemon, Servant, and those who  
 had been shipwrecked.*]

*Enter two Gentlemen.*

1 *Gent.*

Good morrow, sir.

2 *Gent.* Good morrow to your lordship.

*Cer.*

Gentlemen,

Why do you stir so early?

1 *Gent.* Sir,

Our lodgings, standing bleak upon the sea,  
Shook, as the earth did quake;  
The very principals did seem to rend,  
And all to topple; pure surprise and fear  
Made me to quit the house.

2 *Gent.* That is the cause we trouble you so early;  
'Tis not our husbandry.

*Cer.*

O, you say well.

1 *Gent.* But I much marvel that your lordship, having  
Rich tire about you, should at these early hours  
Shake off the golden slumber of repose.

It is most strange,

Nature should be so conversant with pain,  
Being thereto not compell'd.

*Cer.*

I held it ever,

Virtue and cunning were endowments greater

Than nobleness and riches: careless heirs

May the two latter darken and expend;

But immortality attends the former,

Making a man a god. 'Tis known, I ever

Have studied physio, through which secret art,

By turning o'er authorities, I have

(Together with my practice), made familiar

To me and to my aid, the blest infusions

That dwell in vegetives, in metals, stones;

And I can speak of the disturbances

That nature works, and of her cures; which gives me

A more content in course of true delight

Than to be thirsty after tottering honour,

Or tie my treasure up in silken bags,

To please the fool and death.

[*forth*

2 *Gent.* Your honour has through Ephesus pour'd  
Your charity, and hundreds call themselves  
Your creatures, who by you have been restor'd:  
And not your knowledge, personal pain, but even

Your purse, still open, hath built lord Cerimon  
Such strong renown as time shall never—

*Enter two Servants with a Chest.*

Serv. So; lift there.

Cer. What is that?

Serv. Sir, even now

Did the sea toss upon our shore this chest;

'Tis of some wreck.

Cer. Set 't down, let's look on it.

2 Gent. 'Tis like a coffin, sir.

Cer. Whate'er it be,

'Tis wondrous heavy. Wrench it open straight;

If the sea's stomach be o'ercharg'd with gold,

It is a good constraint of fortune, that

It belches upon us.

2 Gent. 'Tis so, my lord.

Cer. How close 'tis caulk'd and bitum'd!—

Did the see cast it up?

Serv. I never saw so huge a billow, sir,  
As toss'd it upon shore.

Cer. Come, wrench it open;  
Soft, soft!—it smells most sweetly in my sense.

2 Gent. A delicate odour.

Cer. As ever hit my nostril; so,—up with it.

O you most potent god! what's here? a corse!

1 Gent. Most strange!

[sur'd

Cer. Shroned in cloth of state; balm'd and entrea-  
With bags of spices full! A passport too!

Apollo, perfect me i'the characters! [Unfolds a Scroll.

*Here I give to understand*

[Reads.

*(If e'er this coffin drive a-land),*

*I, king Pericles, have lost*

*This queen, worth all our mundane cost.*

*Who finds her, give her burying,*

*She was the daughter of a king:*

*Besides this treasure for a fee,*

*The gods requite his charity!*

If thou liv'st, Pericles, thou hast a heart

That even cracks for woe!—This chanc'd to-night.

2 Gent. Most likely, sir.

*Cer.* Nay, certainly to-night;  
For look, how fresh she looks!—They were too rough,  
That threw her in the sea. Make fire within;  
Fetch hither all the boxes in my closet.  
Death may usurp on nature many hours,  
And yet the fire of life kindle again  
The overpressed spirits. I have heard  
Of an Egyptian, had nine hours lien dead,  
By good appliance was recovered.

*Enter a Servant, with Boxes, Napkins, and Fire.*

Well said, well said; the fire and the cloths.—  
The rough and woful music that we have,  
Cause it to sound, 'beseech you.  
The vial once more;—How thou stirr'st, thou block!—  
The music there.—I pray you, give her air:—  
Gentlemen,  
This queen will live: nature awakes; a warmth  
Breathes out of her; she hath not been entranc'd  
Above five hours. See, how she 'gins to blow  
Into life's flower again!

*1 Gent.* The heavens, sir,  
Through you, increase our wonder, and set up  
Your fame for ever.

*Cer.* She is alive; behold,  
Her eyelids, cases to those heavenly jewels  
Which Pericles hath lost,  
Begin to part their fringes of bright gold;  
The diamonds of a most praised water  
Appear, to make the world twice rich. O live,  
And make us weep to hear your fate, fair creature,  
Rare as you seem to be! [*She moves.*]

*Thai.* O dear Diana,  
Where am I? Where's my lord? What world is this?

*2 Gent.* Is not this strange?

*1 Gent.* Most rare.

*Cer.* Hush, gentle neighbours;  
Lend me your hands: to the next chamber bear her.  
Get linen; now this matter must be look'd to,  
For her relapse is mortal. Come, come, come  
And Æsculapius guide us! [*Exeunt, carrying T*]

SCENE III. THARSUS. A Room in CLEON'S House.

Enter PERICLES, CLEON, DIONYZA, LYCHORIDA, and MARINA.

*Per.* Most honour'd Cleon, I must needs be gone;  
My twelve months are expir'd, and Tyrus stands  
In a litigious peace. You, and your lady,  
Take from my heart all thankfulness! The gods  
Make up the rest upon you!

*Cle.* Your shafts of fortune, though they hurt you  
Yet glance full wand'ringly on us. [mortally,

*Dion.* O your sweet queen!  
That the strict fates had pleas'd you had brought her  
hither,

To have bless'd mine eyes!

*Per.* We cannot but obey  
The powers above us. Could I rage and roar  
As doth the sea she lies in, yet the end  
Must be as 'tis. My babe Marina (whom,  
For she was born at sea, I have nam'd so), here  
I charge your charity withal, and leave her  
The infant of your care; beseeching you  
To give her princely training, that she may be  
Manner'd as she is born.

*Cle.* Fear not, my lord:  
Your grace, that fed my country with your corn  
(For which the people's prayers still fall upon you),  
Must in your child be thought on. If neglect  
Should therein make me vile, the common body,  
By you reliev'd, would force me to my duty:  
But if to that my nature need a spur,  
The gods revenge it upon me and mine,  
To the end of generation!

*Per.* I believe you;  
Your honour and your goodness teach me credit,  
Without your vows. Till she be married, madam,  
By bright Diana, whom we honour all,  
Unscissar'd shall this hair of mine remain,  
Though I show will in't. So I take my leave.  
Good madam, make me blessed in your care  
- - - inging up my child.

*Dion.* I have one myself,  
Who shall not be more dear to my respect,  
Than yours, my lord.

*Per.* Madam, my thanks and prayers.

*Cle.* We'll bring your grace even to the edge o'the  
shore;

Then give you up to the mask'd Neptune, and  
The gentlest winds of heaven.

*Per.* I will embrace  
Your offer. Come, dear'st madam.—O, no tears,  
Lychorida, no tears :  
Look to your little mistress, on whose grace  
You may depend hereafter.—Come, my lord. [*Exeunt.*]

#### SCENE IV.

EPHESUS. *A Room in CERIMON'S House.*

*Enter CERIMON and THAISA.*

*Cer.* Madam, this letter, and some certain jewels,  
Lay with you in your coffer : which are now  
At your command. Know you the character?

*Thai.* It is my lord's.  
That I was shipp'd at sea, I well remember,  
Even on my yearning time ; but whether there  
Delivered or no, by the holy gods,  
I cannot rightly say : But since king Pericles,  
My wedded lord, I ne'er shall see again,  
A vestal livery will I take me to,  
And never more have joy.

*Cer.* Madam, if this you purpose as you speak,  
Diana's temple is not distant far,  
Where you may 'bide until your date expire.  
Moreover, if you please, a niece of mine  
Shall there attend you.

*Thai.* My recompense is thanks, that's all ;  
Yet my good will is great, though the gift small.  
[*Exeunt.*]



## ACT IV.



*Enter GOWER.*

*Gow.* Imagine Pericles at Tyre,  
Welcom'd to his own desire.  
His woful queen leave at Ephess,  
To Dian there a votaress.  
Now to Marina bend your mind,  
Whom our fast growing scene must find  
At Tharsus, and by Cleon train'd  
In music, letters ; who hath gain'd  
Of education all the grace,  
Which makes her both the heart and place  
Of general wonder. But alack !  
That monster envy, oft the wrack  
Of earned praise, Marina's life  
Seeks to take off by treason's knife.  
And in this kind hath our Cleon  
One daughter, and a wench full grown,  
Even ripe for marriage fight ; this maid  
Hight Philoten : and it is said  
For certain in our story, she  
Would ever with Marina be :

Be't when she weav'd the sleided silk  
With fingers long, small, white as milk;  
Or when she would with sharp neeld wound  
The cambric, which she made more sound  
By hurting it; or when to the lute  
She sung, and made the night-bird mute,  
That still records with moan; or when  
She would with rich and constant pen  
Vail to her mistress Dian; still  
This Philoten contends in skill  
With absolute Marina: so  
With the dove of Paphos might the crow  
Vie feathers white. Marina gets  
All praises, which are paid as debts,  
And not as given. This so darks  
In Philoten all graceful marks,  
'That Cleon's wife, with envy rare,  
A present murderer does prepare  
For good Marina, that her daughter  
Might stand peerless by this slaughter.  
The sooner her vile thoughts to stead,  
Lychorida, our nurse, is dead;  
And cursed Dionyza hath  
The pregnant instrument of wrath  
Prest for this blow. The unborn event  
I do commend to your content:  
Only I carry winged time  
Post on the lame feet of my rhyme;  
Which never could I so convey,  
Unless your thoughts went on my way.—  
Dionyza does appear,  
With Leonine, a murderer.

[Exit.]

## SCENE I.

THARSUS. *An open Place near the Sea-shore.**Enter DIONYZA and LEONINE.*

Dion. Thy oath remember; thou hast sworn to do it:  
'Tis but a blow, which never shall be known.  
Thou canst not do a thing i'the world so soon,

To yield thee so much profit. Let not conscience,  
Which is but cold, inflame love in thy bosom,  
Inflame too nicely; nor let pity, which  
Even women have cast off, melt thee, but be  
A soldier to thy purpose.

*Leon.* I'll do't; but yet she is a goodly creature.

*Dion.* The fitter then the gods should have her. Here  
Weeping she comes for her old nurse's death.  
Thou art resolv'd?

*Leon.*

I am resolv'd.

*Enter MARINA, with a Basket of Flowers.*

*Mar.* No, no, I will rob Tellus of her weed,  
To strew thy green with flowers: the yellows, blues,  
The purple violets, and marigolds,  
Shall, as a chaplet, hang upon thy grave,  
While summer days do last. Ah me! poor maid,  
Born in a tempest, when my mother died,  
This world to me is like a lasting storm,  
Whirring me from my friends.

*Dion.* How now, Marina! why do you keep alone?  
How chance my daughter is not with you? Do not  
Consume your blood with sorrowing: you have  
A nurse of me. Lord! how your favour's chang'd  
With this unprofitable woe! Come, come;  
Give me your wreath of flowers, ere the sea mar it,  
Walk forth with Leonine; the air is quick there,  
Piercing, and sharpens well the stomach. Come;—  
Leonine, take her by the arm, walk with her.

*Mar.* No, I pray you;  
I'll not bereave you of your servant.

*Dion.*

Come, come;

I love the king your father, and yourself,  
With more than foreign heart. We every day  
Expect him here: When he shall come, and find  
Our paragon to all reports, thus blasted,  
He will repent the breadth of his great voyage;  
Blame both my lord and me, that we have ta'en  
No care to your best courses. Go, I pray you,  
Walk, and be cheerful once again; reserve

That excellent complexion, which did steal  
The eyes of young and old. Care not for me;  
I can go home alone.

Mar. Well, I will go;  
But yet I have no desire to it.

Dion. Come, come, I know 'tis good for you.  
Walk half an hour, Leonine, at the least;  
Remember what I have said.

Leon. I warrant you, madam.

Dion. I'll leave you, my sweet lady, for awhile;  
Pray you walk softly, do not heat your blood:  
What! I must have a care of you.

Mar. Thanks, sweet madam.—  
[Exit Dionyza.]

Is this wind westerly that blows?

Leon. South-west.

Mar. When I was born, the wind was north.

Leon. Was't so?

Mar. My father, as nurse said, did never fear,  
But cry'd, *good seamen!* to the sailors, galling  
His kingly hands with hauling of the ropes;  
And, clasping to the mast, endur'd a sea  
That almost burst the deck, and from the ladder-tackle  
Wash'd off a canvass-climber: *Ha!* says one,  
*Wilt out?* and, with a dropping industry,  
They skip from stem to stern: the boatswain whistles,  
The master calls, and trebles their confusion.

Leon. And when was this?

Mar. It was when I was born:  
Never was waves nor wind more violent.

Leon. Come, say your prayers speedily.

Mar. What mean you?

Leon. If you require a little space for prayer,  
I grant it: Pray; but be not tedious,  
For the gods are quick of ear, and I am sworn  
To do my work with haste.

Mar. Why, will you kill me?

Leon. To satisfy my lady.

Mar. Why would she have me kill'd?

Now, as I can remember, by my troth,  
 I never did her hurt in all my life;  
 I never spake bad word, nor did ill turn  
 To any living creature: believe me, la,  
 I never kill'd a mouse, nor hurt a fly:  
 I trod upon a worm against my will,  
 But I wept for it. How have I offended,  
 Wherein my death might yield her profit, or  
 My life imply her danger?

*Leon.* My commission  
 Is not to reason of the deed, but do it.

*Mar.* You will not do't for all the world, I hope.  
 You are well-favour'd, and your looks foreshow  
 You have a gentle heart. I saw you lately,  
 When you caught hurt in parting two that fought:  
 Good sooth, it show'd well in you; do so now:  
 Your lady seeks my life; come you between,  
 And save poor me, the weaker.

*Leon.* I am sworn,  
 And will despatch.

*Enter Pirates, whilst MARINA is struggling.*

1 *Pirate.* Hold, villain! [*Leonine runs away.*]

2 *Pirate.* A prize! a prize!

3 *Pirate.* Half-part, mates, half-part. Come, let's  
 have her aboard suddenly.

[*Exeunt Pirates with Marina.*]

## SCENE II. *The same.*

*Re-enter LEONINE.*

*Leon.* These roving thieves serve the great pirate  
 Valdes;

And they have seiz'd Marina. Let her go:  
 There's no hope she'll return, I'll swear she's dead,  
 And thrown into the sea.—But I'll see further;  
 Perhaps they will but please themselves upon her,  
 Not carry her aboard. If she remain,  
 Whom they have ravish'd, must by me be slain. [*Exit.*]

## SCENE III. MITYLENE. A Room in a Brothel.

*Enter Pander, Bawd, and BOULT.*

*Pand.* Boul't.

*Boul't.* Sir.

*Pand.* Search the market narrowly; Mitylene is full of gallants. We lost too much money this mart, by being too wenchless.

*Bawd.* We were never so much out of creatures. We have but poor three, and they can do no more than they can do; and with continual action are even as good as rotten.

*Pand.* Therefore let's have fresh ones, whate'er we pay for them. If there be not a conscience to be us'd in every trade, we shall never prosper.

*Bawd.* Thou say'st true: 'tis not the bringing up of poor bastards, as I think I have brought up some eleven——

*Boul't.* Ay, to eleven, and brought them down again. But shall I search the market?

*Bawd.* What else, man? The stuff we have, a strong wind will blow it to pieces, they are so pitifully sodden.

*Pand.* Thou say'st true; they are too unwholesome o'conscience. The poor Transylvanian is dead, that lay with the little baggage.

*Boul't.* Ay, she quickly poop'd him; she made him roast-meat for worms:—but I'll go search the market.

*[Exit Boul't.]*

*Pand.* Three or four thousand chequins were as pretty a proportion to live quietly, and so give over.

*Bawd.* Why, to give over, I pray you? is it a shame to get when we are old?

*Pand.* O, our credit comes not in like the commodity; nor the commodity wages not with the danger; therefore, if in our youths we could pick up some pretty estate, 'twere not amiss to keep our door hatched. Besides, the sore terms we stand upon with the gods, will be strong with us for giving over.

*Bawd.* Come, other sorts offend as well as we.

*Pand.* As well as we! ay, and better too; we offend

worse. Neither is our profession any trade; it's no calling:—but here comes Boulton.

*Enter the Pirates and Boulton, dragging in Marina.*

*Boulton.* Come your ways. [*To Marina*].—My masters, you say she's a virgin?

*1 Pirate.* O, sir, we doubt it not.

*Boulton.* Master, I have gone thorough for this piece, you see: if you like her, so; if not, I have lost my earnest.

*Bawd.* Boulton, has she any qualities?

*Boulton.* She has a good face, speaks well, and has excellent good clothes; there's no further necessity of qualities can make her be refused.

*Bawd.* What's her price, Boulton?

*Boulton.* I cannot be bated one doit of a thousand pieces.

*Pand.* Well, follow me, my masters; you shall have your money presently. Wife, take her in; instruct her what she has to do, that she may not be raw in her entertainment. [*Exeunt Pander and Pirates.*]

*Bawd.* Boulton, take you the marks of her; the colour of her hair, complexion, height, age, with warrant of her virginity; and cry, *He that will give most, shall have her first.* Such a maidenhead were no cheap thing, if men were as they have been. Get this done as I command you.

*Boulton.* Performance shall follow. [*Exit Boulton.*]

*Mar.* Alack, that Leonine was so slack, so slow! (He should have struck, not spoke;) or that these pirates (Not enough barbarous), had not overboard Thrown me, to seek my mother!

*Bawd.* Why lament you, pretty one?

*Mar.* That I am pretty.

*Bawd.* Come, the gods have done their part in you.

*Mar.* I accuse them not.

*Bawd.* You are lit into my hands, where you are like to live.

*Mar.* The more my fault,  
To 'scape his hands, where I was like to die.

*Bawd.* Ay, and you shall live in pleasure.

*Mar.* No.

*Bawd.* Yes, indeed, shall you, and taste gentlemen of all fashions. You shall fare well; you shall have the difference of all complexions. What! do you stop your ears?

*Mar.* Are you a woman?

*Bawd.* What would you have me be, an I be not a woman?

*Mar.* An honest woman, or not a woman.

*Bawd.* Marry, whip thee, gosling: I think I shall have something to do with you. Come, you are a young foolish sapling, and must be bowed as I would have you.

*Mar.* The gods defend me!

*Bawd.* If it please the gods to defend you by men, then men must comfort you, men must feed you, men must stir you up.—*Boult's returned.*

*Enter BOULT.*

Now, sir, hast thou cried her through the market?

*Boult.* I have cried her almost to the number of her hairs; I have drawn her picture with my voice.

*Bawd.* And I pr'ythee tell me, how dost thou find the inclination of the people, especially of the younger sort?

*Boult.* 'Faith, they listened to me, as they would have hearkened to their father's testament. There was a Spaniard's mouth so watered, that he went to bed to her very description.

*Bawd.* We shall have him here to-morrow with his best ruff on.

*Boult.* To-night, to-night. But, mistress, do you know the French knight that cowers i'the hams?

*Bawd.* Who? Monsieur Veroles?

*Boult.* Ay; he offered to cut a caper at the proclamation; but he made a groan at it, and swore he would see her to-morrow.

*Bawd.* Well, well; as for him, he brought his disease hither: here he does but repair it. I know, I



will come in our shadow, to scatter his crowns in the sun.

*Boult.* Well, if we had of every nation a traveller, we should lodge them with this sign.

*Bawd.* Pray you, come hither awhile. You have fortunes coming upon you. Mark me; you must seem to do that fearfully, which you commit willingly; to despise profit, where you have most gain. To weep that you live as you do, makes pity in your lovers: Seldom, but that pity begets you a good opinion, and that opinion, a mere profit.

*Mar.* I understand you not.

*Boult.* O, take her home, mistress, take her home: these blushes of hers must be quenched with some present practice.

*Bawd.* Thou say'st true, i'faith, so they must: for your bride goes to that with shame, which is her way to go with warrant.

*Boult.* 'Faith some do, and some do not. But, mistress, if I have bargained for the joint,—

*Bawd.* Thou may'st cut a morsel off the spit.

*Boult.* I may so.

*Bawd.* Who should deny it? Come, young one, I like the manner of your garments well.

*Boult.* Ay, by my faith, they shall not be changed yet.

*Bawd.* Boult, spend thou that in the town: report what a sojourner we have; you'll lose nothing by custom. When nature framed this piece, she meant thee a good turn; therefore say what a paragon she is, and thou hast the harvest out of thine own report.

*Boult.* I warrant you, mistress, thunder shall not so awake the beds of eels, as my giving out her beauty stir up the lewdly inclined. I'll bring home some to-night.

*Bawd.* Come your ways; follow me.

*Mar.* If fires be hot, knives sharp, or waters deep, Untied I still my virgin knot will keep.  
Diana, aid my purpose!

*Bawd.* What have we to do with Diana? Pray you, will you go with us?  
[*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE IV. THARSUS. A Room in CLEON'S House.

*Enter CLEON and DIONYZA.*

*Dion.* Why, are you foolish? Can it be undone?

*Cle.* O Dionyza, such a piece of slaughter  
The sun and moon ne'er look'd upon!

*Dion.* I think  
You'll turn a child again.

*Cle.* Were I chief lord of all this spacious world,  
I'd give it to undo the deed. O lady,  
Much less in blood than virtue, yet a princess  
To equal any single crown o'the earth,  
I'the justice of compare! O villain Leonine,  
Whom thou hast poison'd too!  
If thou hadst drunk to him, it had been a kindness  
Becoming well thy feat: what canst thou say,  
When noble Pericles shall demand his child?

*Dion.* That she is dead. Nurses are not the fates,  
To foster it, nor ever to preserve.  
She died by night; I'll say so. Who can cross it?  
Unless you play the impious innocent,  
And for an honest attribute, cry out,  
*She died by foul play.*

*Cle.* O, go to. Well, well,  
Of all the faults beneath the heavens, the gods  
Do like this worst.

*Dion.* Be one of those, that think  
The petty wrens of Tharsus will fly hence,  
And open this to Pericles. I do shame  
To think of what a noble strain you are,  
And of how cow'd a spirit.

*Cle.* To such proceeding  
Who ever but his approbation added,  
Though not his pre-consent, he did not flow  
From honourable courses.

*Dion.* Be it so then:  
Yet none does know, but you, how she came dead;  
Nor none can know, Leonine being gone.  
She did disdain my child, and stood between  
Her and her fortunes: None would look on her,

But cast their gazes on Marina's face ;  
 Whilst ours was blurted at, and held a malkin,  
 Not worth the time of day. It pierc'd me thorough ;  
 And though you call my course unnatural,  
 You not your child well loving, yet I find,  
 It greets me as an enterprize of kindness,  
 Perform'd to your sole daughter.

*Cle.*

Heavens forgive it !

*Dion.* And as for Pericles,  
 What should he say ? We wept after her hearse,  
 And even yet we mourn : her monument  
 Is almost finish'd, and her epitaphs  
 In glittering golden characters express  
 A general praise to her, and care in us  
 At whose expense 'tis done.

*Cle.*

Thou art like the harpy,  
 Which, to betray, doth wear an angel's face,  
 Seize with an eagle's talons.

*Dion.* You are like one that superstitiously  
 Doth swear to the gods, that winter kills the flies ;  
 But yet I know you'll do as I advise. [*Exeunt.*

*Enter GOWER, before the Monument of MARINA at Tharsus.*

*Gow.* Thus time we waste, and longest leagues make  
 Sail seas in cockles, have, and wish but for't, [short ;  
 Making (to take your imagination) ;  
 From bourn to bourn, region to region.  
 By you being pardon'd, we commit no crime  
 To use one language in each several clime,  
 Where our scenes seem to live. I do beseech you,  
 To learn of me, who stand i'the gap to teach you  
 The stages of our story. Pericles  
 Is now again thwarting the wayward seas  
 (Attended on by many a lord and knight),  
 To see his daughter, all his life's delight.  
 Old Escanes, whom Helicanus late  
 Advanc'd in time to great and high estate,  
 Is left to govern. Bear you it in mind,  
 Helicanus goes along behind.

Well-sailing ships, and bounteous winds have brought  
This king to Tharsus (think his pilot thought ;  
So with his steerage shall your thoughts grow on),  
To fetch his daughter home, who first is gone.  
Like motes and shadows see them move awhile ;  
Your ears unto your eyes I'll reconcile.

## DUMB SHOW.

*Enter, at one Door, PERICLES with his Train ; CLEON and DIONYZA at the other. CLEON shows PERICLES the Tomb of MARINA ; whereat PERICLES makes Lamentation, puts on Sackcloth, and in a mighty Passion departs. Then CLEON and DIONYZA retire.*

*Gow.* See how belief may suffer by foul show !  
This borrow'd passion stands for true old woe ;  
And Pericles, in sorrow all devour'd,  
With sighs shot through, and biggest tears o'ershow'r'd,  
Leaves Tharsus, and again embarks. He swears  
Never to wash his face, nor cut his hairs ;  
He puts on sackcloth, and to sea. He bears  
A tempest, which his mortal vessel tears,  
And yet he rides it out. Now please you wit  
The epitaph is for Marina writ  
By wicked Dionyza.

*[Reads the Inscription on Marina's Monument.*

*The fairest, sweet'st, and best, lies here,  
Who wither'd in her spring of year.  
She was of Tyrus, the king's daughter,  
On whom foul death hath made this slaughter ;  
Marina was she call'd ; and at her birth,  
Thetis, being proud, swallow'd some part o'the earth :  
Therefore the earth, fearing to be o'erflow'd,  
Hath Thetis' birth-child on the heavens bestow'd :  
Wherefore she does (and swears she'll never stint),  
Make raging battery upon shores of flint.\**

No visor does become black villany,  
So well as soft and tender flattery.  
Let Pericles believe his daughter's dead,  
And bear his courses to be ordered

By lady fortune ; while our scenes display  
His daughter's woe and heavy well-a-day,  
In her unholy service. Patience then,  
And think you now are all in Mitylen.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE V. MITYLENE. *A Street before the Brothel.*

*Enter, from the Brothel, two Gentlemen.*

1 *Gent.* Did you ever hear the like ?

2 *Gent.* No, nor never shall do in such a place as this, she being once gone.

1 *Gent.* But to have divinity preached there ! did you ever dream of such a thing ?

2 *Gent.* No, no. Come, I am for no more bawdy-houses : shall we go hear the vestals sing ?

1 *Gent.* I'll do any thing now that is virtuous ; but I am out of the road of rutting for ever. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VI. *The same. A Room in the Brothel.*

*Enter Pander, Bawd, and BOULT.*

*Pand.* Well, I had rather than twice the worth of her, she had ne'er come here.

*Bawd.* Fie, fie upon her ; she is able to freeze the god Priapus, and undo a whole generation. We must either get her ravished, or be rid of her. When she should do for clients her fitment, and do me the kindness of our profession, she has me her quirks, her reasons, her master-reasons, her prayers, her knees ; that she would make a puritan of the devil, if he should cheapen a kiss of her.

*Boult.* 'Faith, I must ravish her, or she'll disfurnish us of all our cavaliers, and make all our swearers priests.

*Pand.* Now, the pox upon her green-sickness for me !

*Bawd.* 'Faith, there's no way to be rid on't, but by the way to the pox. Here comes the lord Lysimachus, disguised.

*Boult.* We should have both lord and lown, if the peevish baggage would but give way to customers.

*Enter* LYSIMACHUS.

*Lys.* How now? How a dozen of virginities?

*Bawd.* Now, the gods to-bless your honour!

*Boult.* I am glad to see your honour in good health.

*Lys.* You may so; 'tis the better for you that your resorters stand upon sound legs. How now, wholesome iniquity? Have you that a man may deal withal, and defy the surgeon?

*Bawd.* We have here one, sir, if she would—— but there never came her like in Mitylene.

*Lys.* If she'd do the deeds of darkness, thou wouldst say.

*Bawd.* Your honour knows what 'tis to say, well enough.

*Lys.* Well; call forth, call forth.

*Boult.* For flesh and blood, sir, white and red, you shall see a rose: and she were a rose indeed, if she had but——

*Lys.* What, pr'ythee?

*Boult.* O, sir, I can be modest.

*Lys.* That dignifies the renown of a bawd, no less than it gives a good report to a number to be chaste.

*Enter* MARINA.

*Bawd.* Here comes that which grows to the stalk;— never plucked yet, I can assure you. Is she not a fair creature?

*Lys.* 'Faith, she would serve after a long voyage at sea. Well, there's for you;—leave us.

*Bawd.* I beseech your honour, give me leave: a word, and I'll have done presently.

*Lys.* I beseech you, do.

*Bawd.* First, I would have you note, this is an honourable man. [*To Marina, whom she takes aside.*

*Mar.* I desire to find him so, that I may worthily note him.

*Bawd.* Next, he's the governor of this country, and a man whom I am bound to.

*Mar.* If he govern the country, you are bound to him indeed; but how honourable he is in that, I know

*Bawd.* 'Pray you, without any more virginal fencing, will you use him kindly? He will line your apron with gold.

*Mar.* What he will do graciously, I will thankfully receive.

*Lys.* Have you done?

*Bawd.* My lord, she's not paced yet; you must take some pains to work her to your manage. Come, we will leave his honour and her together.

[*Exeunt Bawd, Pander, and Boul.*]

*Lys.* Go thy ways.—Now, pretty one, how long have you been at this trade?

*Mar.* What trade, sir?

*Lys.* What I cannot name but I shall offend.

*Mar.* I cannot be offended with my trade. Please you to name it.

*Lys.* How long have you been of this profession?

*Mar.* Ever since I can remember.

*Lys.* Did you go to it so young? Were you a gamester at five, or at seven?

*Mar.* Earlier too, sir, if now I be one.

*Lys.* Why, the house you dwell in, proclaims you to be a creature of sale.

*Mar.* Do you know this house to be a place of such resort, and will come into it? I hear say, you are of honourable parts, and are the governor of this place.

*Lys.* Why, hath your principal made known unto you who I am?

*Mar.* Who is my principal?

*Lys.* Why, your herb-woman; she that sets seeds and roots of shame and iniquity. O, you have heard something of my power, and so stand aloof for more serious wooing. But I protest to thee, pretty one, my authority shall not see thee, or else look friendly upon thee. Come, bring me to some private place. Come, come.

*Mar.* If you were born to honour, show it now; If put upon you, make the judgment good That thought you worthy of it.

*Lys.* How's this? how this?—Some more;—be sage.

*Mar.* For me,  
That am a maid, though most ungentle fortune  
Hath plac'd me here within this loathsome stye,  
Where, since I came, diseases have been sold  
Dearer than physic,—O that the good gods  
Would set me free from this unhallow'd place,  
Though they did change me to the meanest bird  
That flies i'the purer air.

*Lys.* I did not think  
Thou couldst have spoke so well; ne'er dream'd thou  
couldst.

Had I brought hither a corrupted mind,  
Thy speech had alter'd it. Hold, here's gold for thee:  
Perséver still in that clear way thou goest,  
And the gods strengthen thee!

*Mar.* The gods preserve you!

*Lys.* For me, be you thoughten  
That I came with no ill intent; for to me  
The very doors and windows savour vilely.  
Farewell. Thou art a piece of virtue, and  
I doubt not but thy training hath been noble.—  
Hold; here's more gold for thee.—  
A curse upon him, die he like a thief,  
That robs thee of thy goodness! If thou hear'st from me,  
It shall be for thy good.

[*As Lysimachus is putting up his Purse, Boulton enters.*]

*Boulton.* I beseech your honour, one piece for me.

*Lys.* Avaunt, thou damned door-keeper! Your house,  
But for this virgin that doth prop it up,  
Would sink, and overwhelm you all. Away!

[*Exit Lysimachus.*]

*Boulton.* How's this? We must take another course  
with you. If your peevish chastity, which is not  
worth a breakfast in the cheapest country under the  
cope, shall undo a whole household, let me be gelded  
like a spaniel. Come your ways.

*Mar.* Whither would you have me?

*Boulton.* I must have your maidenhead taken off, or  
the common hangman shall execute it. Come your



way. We'll have no more gentlemen driven away.  
Come your ways, I say.

*Re-enter Bawd.*

*Bawd.* How now! what's the matter?

*Boult.* Worse and worse, mistress; she has here spoken holy words to the lord Lysimachus.

*Bawd.* O abominable!

*Boult.* She makes our profession as it were to stink afore the face of the gods.

*Bawd.* Marry, hang her up for ever!

*Boult.* The nobleman would have dealt with her like a nobleman, and she sent him away as cold as a snow-ball; saying his prayers too.

*Bawd.* Boult, take her away; use her at thy pleasure: crack the glass of her virginity, and make the rest malleable.

*Boult.* An if she were a thornier piece of ground than she is, she shall be ploughed.

*Mar.* Hark, hark, you gods!

*Bawd.* She conjures: away with her. Would she had never come within my doors! Marry hang you! She's born to undo us. Will you not go the way of women-kind? Marry come up, my dish of chastity with rosemary and bays! *[Exit Bawd.]*

*Boult.* Come, mistress; come your way with me.

*Mar.* Whither would you have me?

*Boult.* To take from you the jewel you hold so dear.

*Mar.* Pr'ythee tell me one thing first.

*Boult.* Come now, your one thing.

*Mar.* What canst thou wish thine enemy to be?

*Boult.* Why, I could wish him to be my master, or rather, my mistress.

*Mar.* Neither of these are yet so bad as thou art, Since they do better thee in their command.  
Thou hold'st a place, for which the pained'st fiend  
Of hell would not in reputation change:  
Thou'rt the damn'd door-keeper to every coystrel  
That hither comes inquiring for his tib;  
To the cholerick fisting of each rogue thy ear

Is liable; thy very food is such  
As hath been belch'd on by infected lungs.

*Boult.* What would you have me do? go to the wars,  
would you? where a man may serve seven years for  
the loss of a leg, and have not money enough in the  
end to buy him a wooden one.

*Mar.* Do any thing but this thou doest. Empty  
Old receptacles, common sewers, of filth;  
Serve by indenture to the common hangman;  
Any of these ways are better yet than this:  
For that which thou professest, a baboon,  
Could he but speak, would own a name too dear.  
O that the gods would safely from this place.  
Deliver me! Here, here is gold for thee.  
If that thy master would gain ought by me,  
Proclaim that I can sing, weave, sew, and dance,  
With other virtues, which I'll keep from boast;  
And I will undertake all these to teach.  
I doubt not but this populous city will  
Yield many scholars.

*Boult.* But can you teach all this you speak of?

*Mar.* Prove that I cannot, take me home again,  
And prostitute me to the basest groom  
That doth frequent your house.

*Boult.* Well, I will see what I can do for thee: if I  
can place thee, I will.

*Mar.* But, amongst honest women?

*Boult.* Faith, my acquaintance lies little amongst  
them. But since my master and mistress have bought  
you, there's no going but by their consent; therefore  
I will make them acquainted with your purpose, and I  
doubt not but I shall find them tractable enough.  
Come, I'll do for thee what I can; come your ways.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT. V.



*Enter GOWER.*

*Gow.* Marina thus the brothel 'scapes, and chances  
 Into an honest house, our story says.  
 She sings like one immortal, and she dances  
 As goddess-like to her admired lays:  
 Deep clerks she dumbs; and with her neeld composes  
 Nature's own shape, of bud, bird, branch, or berry;  
 That even her art sisters the natural roses:  
 Her inkle, silk, twin with the rubied cherry:  
 That pupils lacks she none of noble race,  
 Who pour their bounty on her; and her gain  
 She gives the cursed bawd. Here we her place;  
 And to her father turn our thoughts again,  
 Where we left him, on the sea. We there him lost;  
 Whence, driven before the winds, he is arriv'd  
 Here where his daughter dwells; and on this coast  
 Suppose him now at anchor. The city striv'd  
 God Neptune's annual feast to keep: from whence  
 Lysimachus our Tyrian ship espies,  
 His banners sable, trimm'd with rich expense;  
 And to him in his barge with fervour hies.

In your supposing once more put your sight;  
Of heavy Pericles think this the bark:  
Where, what is done in action, more, if might,  
Shall be discover'd; please you, sit, and hark. [*Exit.*]

## SCENE I.

*On board PERICLES' Ship, off MITYLENE. A close Pavilion on Deck, with a Curtain before it; PERICLES within it, reclined on a Couch. A Barge lying beside the TYRIAN Vessel.*

*Enter two Sailors, one belonging to the TYRIAN Vessel, the other to the Barge; to them HELICANUS.*

*Tyr. Sail.* Where's the lord Helicanus? he can resolve you. [*To the Sailor of Mitylene.*]

O here he is.—

Sir, there's a barge put off from Mitylene.

And in it is Lysimachus the governor,

Who craves to come aboard. What is your will?

*Hel.* That he have his. Call up some gentlemen.

*Tyr. Sail.* Ho, gentlemen! my lord calls.

*Enter two Gentlemen.*

*1 Gent.* Doth your lordship call?

*Hel.* Gentlemen,

There is some of worth would come aboard; I pray you,  
To greet them fairly. [*The Gentlemen and the two Sailors descend, and go on board the Barge.*]

*Enter, from thence, LYSIMACHUS and Lords; the TYRIAN Gentlemen, and the two Sailors.*

*Tyr. Sail.* Sir,

This is the man that can, in aught you would,  
Resolve you.

*Lys.* Hail, reverend sir! The gods preserve you!

*Hel.* And you, sir, to outlive the age I am,  
And die as I would do.

*Lys.* You wish me well.

Being on shore, honouring of Neptune's triumphs,  
Seeing this goodly vessel ride before us,  
I made to it, to know of whence you are.

*Hel.* First, sir, what is your place?

*Lys.* I am governor of this place you lie before.

*Hel.* Sir,

Our vessel is of Tyre, in it the king;  
A man, who for this three months hath not spoken  
To any one, nor taken sustenance,  
But to prorogue his grief.

*Lys.* Upon what ground is his distemperature?

*Hel.* Sir, it would be too tedious to repeat;  
But the main grief of all springs from the loss  
Of a beloved daughter and a wife.

*Lys.* May we not see him, then?

*Hel.*

You may indeed, sir,

But bootless is your sight; he will not speak  
To any.

*Lys.* Yet let me obtain my wish.

*Hel.* Behold him, sir: [*Pericles discovered*] this was  
a goodly person,

Till the disaster, that, one mortal night,  
Drove him to this.

*Lys.* Sir, king, all hail! the gods preserve you! Hail,  
Hail, royal sir!

*Hel.* It is in vain; he will not speak to you.

*1 Lord.* Sir, we have a maid in Mitylene, I durst wager,  
Would win some words of him.

*Lys.*

'Tis well bethought.

She, questionless, with her sweet harmony  
And other choice attractions, would allure,  
And make a battery through his deafen'd parts,  
Which now are midway stopp'd;  
She, all as happy as of all the fairest,  
Is, with her fellow maidens, now within  
The leafy shelter that abuts against  
The island's side.

[*He whispers one of the attendant Lords.—*

*Exit Lord, in the Barge of Lysimachus.*

*Hel.* Sure, all's effectless; yet nothing we'll omit  
That bears recovery's name. But, since your kindness  
We have stretch'd thus far, let us beseech you further,  
That for our gold we may provision have,  
Wherein we are not destitute for want,  
† weary for the staleness.

*Lys.* O, sir, a courtesy,  
Which if we should deny, the most just God  
For every graff would send a caterpillar,  
And so inflict our province.—Yet once more  
Let me entreat to know at large the cause  
Of your king's sorrow.

*Hel.* Sit, sir, I will recount it;—  
But see, I am prevented.

*Enter, from the Barge, Lord, MARINA, and a young Lady.*

*Lys.* O, here is  
The lady that I sent for. Welcome, fair one!  
Is't not a goodly presence?

*Hel.* A gallant lady.

*Lys.* She's such, that were I well assur'd she came  
Of gentle kind, and noble stock, I'd wish  
No better choice, and think me rarely wed.  
Fair one, all goodness that consists in bounty  
Expect even here, where is a kingly patient:  
If that thy prosperous artificial feat  
Can draw him but to answer thee in aught,  
Thy sacred physic shall receive such pay  
As thy desires can wish.

*Mar.* Sir, I will use  
My utmost skill in his recovery,  
Provided none but I and my companion  
Be suffer'd to come near him.

*Lys.* Come, let us leave her,  
And the gods make her prosperous! [*Marina sings.*

*Lys.* Mark'd he your music?

*Mar.* No, nor look'd on us.

*Lys.* See, she will speak to him.

*Mar.* Hail, sir! my lord, lend ear:—

*Per.* Hum! ha!

*Mar.* I am a maid,  
My lord, that ne'er before invited eyes,  
But have been gaz'd on, comet-like: she speaks  
My lord, that, may be, hath endur'd a grief  
Might equal yours, if both were justly weigh'd.  
Though wayward fortune did malign my state,

My derivation was from ancestors  
Who stood equivalent with mighty kings:  
But time hath rooted out my parentage,  
And to the world and awkward casualties  
Bound me in servitude.—I will desist;  
But there is something glows upon my cheek,  
And whispers in mine ear, *Go not till he speak.* [*Aside.*]

*Per.* My fortunes—parentage—good parentage—  
To equal mine!—was it not thus? what say you?

*Mar.* I said, my lord, if you did know my parentage,  
You would not do me violence.

*Per.* I do think so.

I pray you turn your eyes again upon me.—  
You are like something that—What countrywoman?  
Here of these shores?

*Mar.* No, nor of any shores:  
Yet I was mortally brought forth, and am  
No other than I appear.

*Per.* I am great with woe, and shall deliver weeping.  
My dearest wife was like this maid, and such a one  
My daughter might have been: my queen's square brows;  
Her stature to an inch; as wand-like straight;  
As silver-voic'd; her eyes as jewel-like,  
And cas'd as richly: in pace another Juno;  
Who starves the ears she feeds, and makes them hungry,  
The more she gives them speech.—Where do you live?

*Mar.* Where I am but a stranger; from the deck  
You may discern the place.

*Per.* Where were you bred?  
And how achiev'd you these endowments, which  
You make more rich to owe?

*Mar.* Should I tell my history,  
'Twould seem like lies disdain'd in the reporting.

*Per.* Pr'ythee speak;  
Falseness cannot come from thee, for thou look'st  
Modest as justice, and thou seem'st a palace,  
For the crown'd truth to dwell in: I'll believe thee,  
And make my senses credit thy relation,  
To points that seem impossible; for thou look'st  
Like one I lov'd indeed. What were thy friends?  
—thou not say, when I did push thee back

(Which was when I perceiv'd thee), that thou cam'st  
From good descending?

*Mar.* So indeed I did.

*Per.* Report thy parentage. I think thou said'st  
Thou hadst been toss'd from wrong to injury,  
And that thou thought'st thy griefs might equal mine,  
If both were open'd.

*Mar.* Some such thing indeed  
I said, and said no more but what my thoughts  
Did warrant me was likely.

*Per.* Tell thy story;  
If thine consider'd prove the thousandth part  
Of my endurance, thou art a man, and I  
Have suffer'd like a girl: yet thou dost look  
Like Patience, gazing on kings' graves, and smiling  
Extremity out of act. What were thy friends?  
How lost thou them? Thy name, my most kind vir-  
gin?

Recount, I do beseech thee; come, sit by me.

*Mar.* My name, sir, is Marina.

*Per.* O, I am mock'd,  
And thou by some incensed god sent hither  
To make the world laugh at me.

*Mar.* Patience, good sir,  
Or here I'll cease.

*Per.* Nay, I'll be patient:  
Thou little know'st how thou dost startle me,  
To call thyself Marina.

*Mar.* The name Marina,  
Was given me by one that had some power;  
My father, and a king.

*Per.* How! a king's daughter?  
And call'd Marina?

*Mar.* You said you would believe me;  
But not to be a troubler of your peace,  
I will end here.

*Per.* But are you flesh and blood?  
Have you a working pulse? and are no fairy?  
No motion?—Well; speak on. Where were you born?  
And wherefore call'd Marina?



*Mar.* Call'd Marina,  
For I was born at sea.

*Per.* At sea? Thy mother?

*Mar.* My mother was the daughter of a king;  
Who died the very minute I was born,  
As my good nurse Lychorida hath oft  
Deliver'd weeping.

*Per.* O, stop there a little!  
This is the rarest dream that e'er dull sleep  
Did mock sad fools withal: this cannot be. [bred?  
My daughter's buried. *[Aside]* Well:—where were you  
I'll hear you more, to the bottom of your story,  
And never interrupt you.

*Mar.* You'll scarce believe me; 'twere best I did give

*Per.* I will believe you by the syllable [o'er.  
Of what you shall deliver. Yet, give me leave:—  
How came you in these parts? where were you bred?

*Mar.* The king, my father, did in Tharsus leave me;  
Till cruel Cleon, with his wicked wife,  
Did seek to murder me: and having woo'd  
A villain to attempt it, who having drawn,  
A crew of pirates came and rescued me;  
Brought me to Mitylene. But now, good sir,  
Whither will you have me? Why do you weep? It may  
You think me an imposter; no, good faith; [be,  
I am the daughter to king Pericles,  
If good king Pericles be.

*Per.* Ho, Helicanus!

*Hel.* Calls my gracious lord?

*Per.* Thou art a grave and noble counsellor,  
Most wise in general: Tell me, if thou canst,  
What this maid is, or what is like to be,  
That thus hath made me weep?

*Hel.* I know not; but  
Here is the regent, sir, of Mitylene,  
Speaks nobly of her.

*Lys.* She would never tell  
Her parentage; being demanded that,  
She would sit still and weep.

*Per.* O Helicanus, strike me, honour'd sir;

Give me a gash, put me to present pain ;  
Lest this great sea of joys rushing upon me,  
O'erbear the shores of my mortality,  
And drown me with their sweetness. O, come hither,  
Thou that beget'st him that did thee beget ;  
Thou that wast born at sea, buried at Tharsus,  
And found at sea again ! O Helicanus,  
Down on thy knees, thank the holy gods, as loud  
As thunder threatens us : This is Marina.—  
What was thy mother's name ? tell me but that,  
For truth can never be confirm'd enough,  
Though doubts did ever sleep.

*Mar.*

First, sir, I pray,

What is your title ?

*Per.* I am Pericles of Tyre : but tell me now  
(As in the rest thou hast been godlike perfect),  
My drown'd queen's name, thou art the heir of kingdoms,  
And another life to Pericles thy father.

*Mar.* Is it no more to be your daughter, than  
To say, my mother's name was Thaisa ?  
Thaisa was my mother, who did end,  
The minute I began.

*Per.* Now, blessing on thee, rise ; thou art my child.  
Give me fresh garments. Mine own, Helicanus  
(Not dead at Tharsus, as she should have been,  
By savage Cleon), she shall tell thee all ;  
When thou shalt kneel, and justify in knowledge,  
She is thy very princess.—Who is this ?

*Hel.* Sir, 'tis the governor of Mitylene,  
Who, hearing of your melancholy state,  
Did come to see you.

*Per.*

I embrace you, sir.

Give me my robes ; I am wild in my beholding.  
O heavens bless my girl ! But hark, what music !—  
Tell Helicanus, my Marina, tell him  
O'er, point by point, for yet he seems to doubt,  
How sure you are my daughter.—But what music ?

*Hel.* My lord, I hear none.

*Per.* None ?

The music of the spheres : list, my Marina.

*Lys.* It is not good to cross him ; give him way.

*Per.* Rarest sounds!

Do ye not hear?

*Lys.* Music? My lord, I hear—

*Per.* Most heavenly music:

It nips me unto list'ning, and thick slumber

Hangs on mine eyelids ; let me rest. [*He sleeps.*]

*Lys.* A pillow for his head ;

[*The Curtain before the Pavilion of Per. is closed.*]

So leave him all.—Well, my companion-friends,

If this but answer to my just belief,

I'll well remember you.

[*Exeunt Lys. Hel. Mar. and attendant Lady.*]

## SCENE II. *The same.*

PERICLES *on the Deck asleep ; DIANA appearing to him as in a Vision.*

*Dia.* My temple stands in Ephesus ; hie thee thither,  
And do upon mine altar sacrifice.

There, when my maiden priests are met together,  
Before the people all,

Reveal how thou at sea didst lose thy wife :

'To mourn thy crosses, with thy daughter's, call,

And give them repetition to the life.

Perform my bidding, or thou liv'st in woe :

Do't, and be happy, by my silver bow.

Awake, and tell thy dream. [*Diana disappears.*]

*Per.* Celestial Dian, goddess argentine,

I will obey thee!—Helicanus!

*Enter* LYSIMACHUS, HELICANUS, and MARINA.

*Hel.*

*Sir.*

*Per.* My purpose was for Tharsus, there to strike  
The inhospitable Cleon ; but I am

For other service first : toward Ephesus

Turn our blown sails ; eftsoons I'll tell thee why.—

[*To Helicanus.*]

Shall we refresh us, sir, upon your shore,

And give you gold for such provision

As our intents will need?

*Lys.* With all my heart, sir; and when you come ashore,  
I have another suit.

*Per.* You shall prevail,  
Were it to woo my daughter; for it seems  
You have been noble towards her.

*Lys.* Sir, lend your arm.

*Per.* Come, my Marina. [*Exeunt.*]

*Enter GOWER, before the Temple of DIANA at EPHEBUS.*

*Gow.* Now our sands are almost run;  
More a little, and then done.  
This, as my last boon, give me  
(For such kindness must relieve me),  
That you aptly will suppose  
What pageantry, what feats, what shows,  
What minstrelsy, and pretty din,  
The regent made in Mitylin,  
To greet the king. So he has thriv'd,  
That he is promis'd to be wiv'd  
To fair Marina; but in no wise,  
Till he had done his sacrifice,  
As Dian bade: whereto being bound,  
The interim, pray you, all confound.  
In feather'd briefness sails are fill'd,  
And wishes fall out as they're will'd.  
At Ephesus, the temple see,  
Our king, and all his company.  
That he can hither come so soon,  
Is by your fancy's thankful boon.

[*Exit.*]

### SCENE III.

*The Temple of DIANA at EPHEBUS: THAISA, standing near the Altar, as High-priestess; a number of Virgins on each side; CERIMON, and other Inhabitants of EPHEBUS attending.*

*Enter PERICLES, with his Train; LYSIMACHUS, HELICANUS, MARINA, and a Lady.*

*Per.* Hail Dian! to perform thy just command,  
I here confess myself the king of Tyre;  
Who, frighted from my country, did wed

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The fair Thaisa, at Pentapolis.

At sea in childbed died she, but brought forth  
A maid-child call'd Marina; who, O goddess,  
Wears yet thy silver livery. She at Tharsus  
Was nurs'd with Cleon; whom at fourteen years  
He sought to murder: but her better stars  
Brought her to Mitylene; against whose shore  
Riding, her fortunes brought the maid aboard us,  
Where, by her own most clear remembrance, she  
Made known herself my daughter.

*Thai.*

Voice and favour!—

You are—you are—O royal Pericles!— [*She faints.*

*Per.* What means the woman? she dies! help, gentle-

*Cer.* Noble sir,

[*men!*

If you have told Diana's altar true,  
This is your wife.

*Per.*

Reverend appearer, no;

I threw her o'erboard with these very arms.

*Cer.* Upon this coast, I warrant you.

*Per.*

'Tis most certain.

*Cer.* Look to the lady;—O, she's but o'erjoy'd.

Early, one blust'ring morn, this lady was  
Thrown on this shore. I op'd the coffin, and  
Found there rich jewels; recover'd her, and plac'd her  
Here in Diana's temple.

*Per.*

May we see them?

*Cer.* Great sir, they shall be brought you to my house,  
Whither I invite you. Look! Thaisa is  
Recover'd.

*Thai.* O, let me look!

If he be none of mine, my sanctity  
Will to my sense bend no licentious ear,  
But curb it, spite of seeing. O, my lord,  
Are you not Pericles? Like him you speak,  
Like him you are: Did you not name a tempest,  
A birth, and death?

*Per.*

The voice of dead Thaisa!

*Thai.* That Thaisa am I, supposed dead,  
And drown'd.

*Per.* Immortal Dian!

*Thai.*

Now I know you better.—

When we with tears parted Pentapolis,  
The king, my father, gave you such a ring. [*Shows a Ring.*

*Per.* This, this: no more, you gods! your present  
kindness

Makes my past miseries sport: You shall do well,  
That on the touching of her lips I may  
Melt, and no more be seen. O come, be buried  
A second time within these arms.

*Mar.*

*My heart*

Leaps to be gone into my mother's bosom.

[*Kneels to Thaisa.*

*Per.* Look, who kneels here! Flesh of thy flesh, Thaisa;  
Thy burden at the sea, and call'd Marina,  
For she was yielded there.

*Thai.*

Bless'd, and mine own!

*Hel.* Hail, madam, and my queen!

*Thai.*

I know you not.

*Per.* You have heard me say, when I did fly from Tyre,  
I left behind an ancient substitute.

Can you remember what I call'd the man?

I have nam'd him oft.

*Thai.*

'Twas Helicanus then.

*Per.* Still confirmation:

Embrace him, dear Thaisa; this is he.

Now do I long to hear how you were found;  
How possibly preserv'd; and whom to thank,  
Besides the gods, for this great miracle.

*Thai.* Lord Cerimon, my lord; this man,  
Through whom the gods have shown their power; that  
From first to last resolve you. [can

*Per.*

Reverend sir,

The gods can have no mortal officer  
More like a god than you. Will you deliver  
How this dead queen re-lives?

*Cer.*

I will, my lord.

Beseech you, first go with me to my house,  
Where shall be shown you all was found with her;  
How she came placed here within the temple;  
No needful thing omitted.

*Per.*

Pure Diana!

I bless thee for thy vision, and will offer  
My night oblations to thee. Thaisa,  
This prince, the fair-betrothed of your daughter,  
Shall marry her at Pentapolis. And now,  
This ornament that makes me look so dismal,  
Will I, my lov'd Marina, clip to form;  
And what this fourteen years no razor touch'd,  
To grace thy marriage-day, I'll beautify.

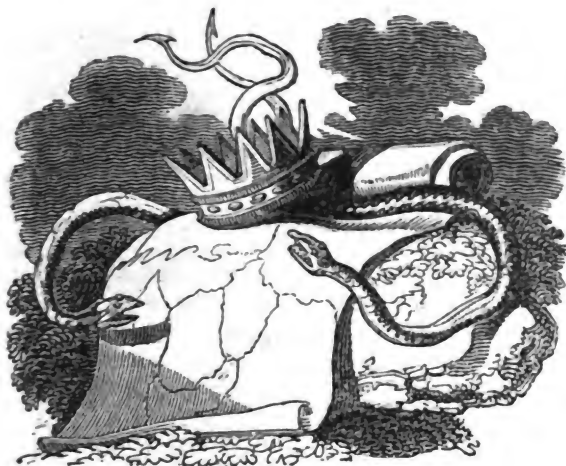
*Thai.* Lord Cerimon hath letters of good credit,  
Sir, that my father's dead.

*Per.* Heavens make a star of him! Yet there, my queen,  
We'll celebrate their nuptials, and ourselves  
Will in that kingdom spend our following days;  
Our son and daughter shall in Tyrus reign.  
Lord Cerimon, we do our longing stay,  
To hear the rest untold.—Sir, lead the way. [*Exeunt.*]

*Enter GOWER.*

*Gow.* In Antioch, and his daughter, you have heard  
Of monstrous lust the due and just reward:  
In Pericles, his queen and daughter, seen  
(Although assail'd with fortune fierce and keen),  
Virtue preserv'd from fell destruction's blast,  
Led on by heaven, and crown'd with joy at last.  
In Helicanus may you well descry  
A figure of truth, of faith, of loyalty:  
In reverend Cerimon there well appears,  
The worth that learned charity aye wears.  
For wicked Cleon and his wife, when fame  
Had spread their cursed deed, and honour'd name  
Of Pericles, to rage the city turn;  
That him and his they in his palace burn.  
The gods for murder seemed so content  
To punish them; although not done, but meant.  
So, on your patience evermore attending,  
New joy wait on you! Here our play has ending.  
[*Exit Gower.*]

# KING LEAR.



From the Chiswick Press.

1813.



## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

*Lear, King of Britain.*

*King of France.*

*Duke of Burgundy.*

*Duke of Cornwall.*

*Duke of Albany.*

*Earl of Kent.*

*Earl of Gloster.*

*Edgar, Son to Gloster.*

*Edmund, Bastard Son to Gloster.*

*Curan, a Courtier.*

*Old Man, Tenant to Gloster.*

*Physician.*

*Fool.*

*Oswald, Steward to Goneril.*

*An Officer, employed by Edmund.*

*Gentleman, Attendant on Cordelia.*

*A Herald.*

*Servants to Cornwall.*

Goneril, }  
Regan, } *Daughters to Lear.*  
Cordelia, }

*Knights attending on the King, Officers, Messengers,  
Soldiers, and Attendants.*

*SCENE, Britain.*

## ACT I.



*SCENE I. A Room of State in KING LEAR'S Palace.*

*Enter KENT, GLOSTER, and EDMUND.*

*Kent.* **I** THOUGHT, the king had more affected the duke of Albany, than Cornwall.

*Glo.* It did always seem so to us; but now, in the division of the kingdom, it appears not which of the dukes he values most; for equalities are so weigh'd, that curiosity in neither can make choice of either's moiety.

*Kent.* Is not this your son, my lord?

*Glo.* His breeding, sir, hath been at my charge: I have so often blushed to acknowledge him, that now I am brazed to it.

*Kent.* I cannot conceive you.

*Glo.* Sir, this young fellow's mother could: whereupon she grew round-wombed; and had, indeed, sir, a son for her eradle, ere she had a husband for her bed. Do you smell a fault?

*Kent.* I cannot wish the fault undone, the issue of it being so proper.

*Glo.* But I have, sir, a son by order of law, some year elder than this, who yet is no dearer in my account : though this knave came somewhat saucily into the world before he was sent for, yet was his mother fair ; there was good sport at his making, and the whoreson must be acknowledged.—Do you know this noble gentleman, Edmund ?

*Edm.* No, my lord.

*Glo.* My lord of Kent : remember him hereafter as my honourable friend.

*Edm.* My services to your lordship.

*Kent.* I must love you, and sue to know you better.

*Edm.* Sir, I shall study deserving.

*Glo.* He hath been out nine years, and away he shall again :—The king is coming. [*Trumpets sound within.*]

*Enter* LEAR, CORNWALL, ALBANY, GONERIL,  
REGAN, CORDELIA, and Attendants.

*Lear.* Attend the lords of France and Burgundy,  
Gloster.

*Glo.* I shall, my liege.

[*Exeunt Gloster and Edmund.*]

*Lear.* Mean time we shall express our darker purpose.  
Give me the map there.—Know, that we have divided,  
In three, our kingdom : and 'tis our fast intent  
To shake all cares and business from our age ;  
Conferring them on younger strengths, while we  
Unburden'd crawl toward death.—Our son of Cornwall,  
And you, our no less loving son of Albany,  
We have this hour a constant will to publish  
Our daughters' several dowers, that future strife  
May be prevented now. The princes, France and  
Burgundy,

Great rivals in our youngest daughter's love,  
Long in our court have made their amorous sojourn,  
And here are to be answer'd.—Tell me, my daughters  
(Since now we will divest us, both of rule,  
Interest of territory, cares of state),

Which of you, shall we say, doth love us most?  
That we our largest bounty may extend  
Where merit doth most challenge it.—Goneril,  
Our eldest-born, speak first.

*Gon.*

Sir, I

Do love you more than words can wield the matter,  
Dearer than eye-sight, space, and liberty;  
Beyond what can be valued, rich or rare;  
No less than life, with grace, health, beauty, honour:  
As much as child e'er lov'd, or father found.  
A love that makes breath poor, and speech unable;  
Beyond all manner of so much I love you.

*Cor.* What shall Cordelia do? Love, and be silent.

[*Aside.*

*Lear.* Of all these bounds, even from this line to this,  
With shadowy forests and with champains rich'd,  
With plenteous rivers and wide-skirted meads,  
We make thee lady: 'To thine and Albany's issue  
Be this perpetual.—What says our second daughter,  
Our dearest Regan, wife to Cornwall? Speak.

*Reg.* I am made of that self metal as my sister,  
And prize me at her worth. In my true heart  
I find, she names my very deed of love;  
Only she comes too short,—that I profess  
Myself an enemy to all other joys,  
Which the most precious square of sense possesses;  
And find, I am alone felicitate  
In your dear highness' love.

*Cor.*

Then poor Cordelia! [*Aside.*

And yet not so; since, I am sure, my love's  
More richer than my tongue.

*Lear.* To thee, and thine, hereditary ever,  
Remain this ample third of our fair kingdom;  
No less in space, validity, and pleasure,  
Than that confirm'd on Goneril.—Now, our joy,  
Although the last, not least; to whose young love  
The vines of France, and milk of Burgundy,  
Strive to be interest'd: what can you say, to draw  
A third more opulent than your sisters? Speak.

*Cor.* Nothing, my lord.

*Lear.* Nothing?

*Cor.* Nothing.

*Lear.* Nothing can come of nothing: speak again.

*Cor.* Unhappy that I am, I cannot heave  
My heart into my mouth: I love your majesty  
According to my bond; nor more, nor less.

*Lear.* How, how, Cordelia? mend your speech a little,  
Lest it may mar your fortunes.

*Cor.* Good, my lord,  
You have begot me, bred me, lov'd me: I  
Return those duties back as are right fit,  
Obey you, love you, and most honour you.  
Why have my sisters husbands, if they say,  
They love you, all? Haply, when I shall wed,  
That lord, whose hand must take my plight, shall carry  
Half my love with him, half my care, and duty:  
Sure, I shall never marry like my sisters,  
To love my father all.

*Lear.* But goes this with thy heart?

*Cor.* Ay, good, my lord.

*Lear.* So young, and so untender?

*Cor.* So young, my lord, and true.

*Lear.* Let it be so.—Thy truth then be thy dower:  
For, by the sacred radiance of the sun;  
The mysteries of Hecate, and the night;  
By all the operations of the orbs,  
From whom we do exist, and cease to be;  
Here I disclaim all my paternal care,  
Propinquity and property of blood,  
And as a stranger to my heart and me  
Hold thee, from this, for ever. The barbarous Scythian,  
Or he that makes his generation messes  
To gorge his appetite, shall to my bosom,  
Be as well neighbour'd, pitied, and reliev'd,  
As thou my sometime daughter.

*Kent.*

Good, my liege,—

*Lear.* Peace, Kent!

Come not between the dragon and his wrath:  
I lov'd her most, and thought to set my rest  
On her kind nursery.—Hence, and avoid my sight!—  
[To Cordelia.]  
So be my grave my peace, as here I give

Her father's heart from her!—Call France;—Who stirs?  
Call Burgundy.—Cornwall, and Albany,  
With my two daughters' dowers digest this third:  
Let pride, which she calls plainness, marry her.  
I do invest you jointly with my power,  
Pre-eminence, and all the large effects  
That troop with majesty,—Ourself, by monthly course,  
With reservation of an hundred knights,  
By you to be sustain'd, shall our abode  
Make with you by due turns. Only we still retain  
The name, and all the additions to a king;  
The sway,

Revenue, execution of the rest,  
Beloved sons, be yours: which to confirm,  
This coronet part between you. [*Giving the Crown.*  
*Kent.* *Royal Lear,*

Whom I have ever honour'd as my king,  
Lov'd as my father, as my master follow'd,  
As my great patron thought on in my prayers,—  
*Lear.* The bow is bent and drawn, make from the shaft.

*Kent.* Let it fall rather, though the fork invade  
The region of my heart: be Kent unmannerly,  
When Lear is mad. What wouldst thou do, old man?  
Think'st thou, that duty shall have dread to speak,  
When power to flattery bows? To plainness honour's  
bound,

When majesty stoops to folly. Reverse thy doom;  
And, in thy best consideration, check  
This hideous rashness: answer my life my judgment,  
Thy youngest daughter does not love thee least;  
Nor are those empty-hearted, whose low sound  
Reverbs no hollowness.

*Lear.* *Kent, on thy life, no more.*

*Kent.* My life I never held but as a pawn  
To wage against thine enemies; nor fear to lose it,  
Thy safety being the motive.

*Lear.* *Out of my sight!*

*Kent.* See better, Lear; and let me still remain  
The true blank of thine eye.

*Lear.* Now, by Apollo,—

*Kent.* Now, by Apollo, king,  
Thou swear'st thy gods in vain.

*Lear.* O, vassal! miscreant!

[*Laying his Hand on his Sword.*]

*Alb. Corn.* Dear sir, forbear.

*Kent.* Do;

Kill thy physician, and the fee bestow  
Upon the foul disease. Revoke thy gift;  
Or, whilst I can vent clamour from my throat,  
I'll tell thee, thou dost evil.

*Lear.* Hear me, recreant!

On thine allegiance hear me!—  
Since thou hast sought to make us break our vow  
(Which we durst never yet), and, with strain'd pride,  
To come betwixt our sentence and our power  
(Which nor our nature nor our place can bear);  
Our potency make good, take thy reward.  
Five days we do allot thee, for provision  
To shield thee from diseases of the world;  
And, on the sixth, to turn thy hated back  
Upon our kingdom: if, on the tenth day following,  
Thy banish'd trunk be found in our dominions,  
The moment is thy death: Away! by Jupiter,  
This shall not be revok'd.

*Kent.* Fare thee well, king: since thus thou wilt  
appear,

Freedom lives hence, and banishment is here.—

The gods to their dear shelter take thee, maid,

[*To Cordelia.*]

That justly think'st, and hast most rightly said!—

And your large speeches may your deeds approve,

[*To Regan and Goneril.*]

That good effects may spring from words of love.—

Thus Kent, O princes, bids you all adieu;

He'll shape his old course in a country new. [Exit.

*Re-enter GLOSTER; with FRANCE, BURGUNDY, and Attendants.*

*Glo.* Here's France and Burgundy, my noble lord.

*Lear.* My lord of Burgundy,

We first address towards you, who with this king  
Hath rivall'd for our daughter; What, in the least,  
Will you require in present dower with her,  
Or cease your quest of love?

*Bur.* Most royal majesty,  
I crave no more than hath your highness offer'd,  
Nor will you tender less.

*Lear.* Right noble Burgundy,  
When she was dear to us, we did hold her so;  
But now her price is fall'n: Sir, there she stands;  
If aught within that little, seeming substance,  
Or all of it, with our displeasure piec'd,  
And nothing more, may fitly like your grace,  
She's there, and she is yours.

*Bur.* I know no answer.

*Lear.* Sir,  
Will you, with those infirmities she owes,  
Unfriended, new-adopted to our hate,  
Dower'd with our curse, and stranger'd with our oath,  
Take her, or leave her?

*Bur.* Pardon me, royal sir;  
Election makes not up on such conditions.

*Lear.* Then leave her, sir; for, by the power that  
made me,  
I tell you all her wealth.—For you, great king,  
[To France.

I would not from your love make such a stray,  
To match you where I hate; therefore beseech you  
To avert your liking a more worthier way,  
Than on a wretch whom nature is asham'd  
Almost to acknowledge hers.

*France.* This is most strange!  
That she, that even but now was your best object,  
The argument of your praise, balm of your age,  
Most best, most dearest, should in this trice of time  
Commit a thing so monstrous, to dismantle  
So many folds of favour! Sure, her offence  
Must be of such unnatural degree,  
That monsters it, or your fore-vouch'd affection  
Fall into taint: which to believe of her,



Must be a faith, that reason without miracle  
Could never plant in me.

*Cor.* I yet beseech your majesty  
(If for I want that glib and oily art,  
To speak and purpose not ; since what I well intend,  
I'll do't before I speak), that you make known  
It is no vicious blot, murder, or foulness,  
No unchaste action, or dishonour'd step,  
That hath depriv'd me of your grace and favour :  
But even for want of that, for which I am richer ;  
A still-soliciting eye, and such a tongue  
That I am glad I have not, though, not to have it,  
Hath lost me in your liking.

*Lear.* Better thou  
Hadst not been born, than not to have pleas'd me better.

*France.* Is it but this? a tardiness in nature,  
Which often leaves the history unspoke,  
That it intends to do?—My lord of Burgundy,  
What say you to the lady? Love is not love,  
When it is mingled with respects, that stand  
Aloof from the entire point. Will you have her?  
She is herself a dowry.

*Bur.* Royal Lear,  
Give but that portion which yourself propos'd,  
And here I take Cordelia by the hand,  
Duchess of Burgundy.

*Lear.* Nothing: I have sworn ; I am firm.

*Bur.* I am sorry then, you have so lost a father,  
That you must lose a husband.

*Cor.* Peace be with Burgundy !  
Since that respects of fortune are his love,  
I shall not be his wife. [poor ;

*France.* Fairest Cordelia, that art most rich, being  
Most choice, forsaken ; and most lov'd, despis'd !  
Thee and thy virtues here I seize upon :  
Be it lawful, I take up what's cast away.  
Gods, gods ! 'tis strange, that from their cold'st neglect  
My love should kindle to inflam'd respect.—  
Thy dowerless daughter, king, thrown to my chance,  
Is queen of us, of ours, and our fair France :

Not all the dukes of wat'rish Burgundy  
Shall buy this unpriz'd precious maid of me.—  
Bid them farewell, Cordelia, though unkind :  
Thou lovest here, a better where to find.

*Lear.* Thou hast her, France: let her be thine;  
for we

Have no such daughter, nor shall ever see  
That face of hers again:—Therefore be gone,  
Without our grace, our love, our benison.—  
Come, noble Burgundy.

[*Flourish. Exeunt Lear, Burgundy, Cornwall,  
Albany, Gloster, and Attendants.*]

*France.* Bid farewell to your sisters.

*Cor.* The jewels of our father, with wash'd eyes  
Cordelia leaves you: I know you what you are;  
And, like a sister, am most loath to call  
Your faults, as they are nam'd. Use well our father:  
To your professed bosoms I commit him:  
But yet, alas! stood I within his grace,  
I would prefer him to a better place.  
So farewell to you both.

*Gon.* Prescribe not us our duties.

*Reg.*

Let your study

Be, to content your lord; who hath receiv'd you  
At fortune's alms. You have obedience scant'd,  
And well are worth the want that you have wanted.

*Cor.* Time shall unfold what plaited cunning hides;  
Who cover faults, at last shame them derides.  
Well may you prosper!

*France.*

Come, my fair Cordelia.

[*Exeunt France and Cordelia.*]

*Gon.* Sister, it is not a little I have to say, of what  
most nearly appertains to us both. I think, our father  
will hence to-night.

*Reg.* That's most certain, and with you; next month  
with us.

*Gon.* You see how full of changes his age is; the  
observation we have made of it hath not been little:  
he always loved our sister most; and with what poor  
judgment he hath now cast her off, appears too grossly.

*Reg.* 'Tis the infirmity of his age: yet he hath ever but slenderly known himself.

*Gon.* The best and soundest of his time hath been but rash; then must we look to receive from his age, not alone the imperfections of long-engrafted condition, but, therewithal, the unruly waywardness that infirm and choleric years bring with them.

*Reg.* Such unconstant starts are we like to have from him, as this of Kent's banishment.

*Gon.* There is further compliment of leave-taking between France and him. Pray you, let us hit together: If our father carry authority with such dispositions as he bears, this last surrender of his will but offend us.

*Reg.* We shall further think of it.

*Gon.* We must do something, and i'the heat.

[*Excunt.*]

## SCENE II.

*A Hall in the EARL of GLOSTER's Castle.*

*Enter EDMUND, with a Letter.*

*Edm.* Thou, nature, art my goddess; to thy law  
My services are bound: Wherefore should I  
Stand in the plague of custom; and permit  
The curiosity of nations to deprive me,  
For that I am some twelve or fourteen moon-shines  
Lag of a brother? Why bastard? wherefore base?  
When my dimensions are as well compact,  
My mind as generous, and my shape as true,  
As honest madam's issue? Why brand they us  
With base? with baseness? bastardy? base, base?  
Who, in the lusty stealth of nature, take  
More composition and fierce quality,  
Than doth, within a dull, stale, tired bed,  
Go to the creating a whole tribe of fops,  
Got 'tween asleep and wake?—Well then,  
Legitimate Edgar, I must have your land:  
Our father's love is to the bastard Edmund,  
As to the legitimate: Fine word,—legitimate!  
Well, my legitimate, if this letter speed,

And my invention thrive, Edmund the base  
Shall top the legitimate. I grow; I prosper:—  
Now, gods, stand up for bastards!

*Enter GLOSTER.*

*Glo.* Kent banish'd thus! And France in choler parted!  
And the king gone to-night! subscrib'd his power!  
Confin'd to exhibition! All this done  
Upon the gad!—Edmund! How now? what news?

*Edm.* So please your lordship, none.

*[Putting up the Letter.]*

*Glo.* Why so earnestly seek you to put up that letter?

*Edm.* I know no news, my lord.

*Glo.* What paper were you reading?

*Edm.* Nothing, my lord.

*Glo.* No? What needed then that terrible despatch  
of it into your pocket? the quality of nothing hath not  
such need to hide itself. Let's see: Come, if it be  
nothing, I shall not need spectacles.

*Edm.* I beseech you, sir, pardon me: it is a letter  
from my brother, that I have not all o'er-read; for so  
much as I have perused, I find it not fit for your over-  
looking.

*Glo.* Give me the letter, sir.

*Edm.* I shall offend, either to detain or give it. The  
contents, as in part I understand them, are to blame.

*Glo.* Let's see, let's see.

*Edm.* I hope, for my brother's justification, he wrote  
this but as an essay or taste of my virtue.

*Glo.* *[Reads]* This policy, and reverence of age, makes  
the world bitter to the best of our times; keeps our for-  
tunes from us, till our oldness cannot relish them. I  
begin to find an idle and fond bondage in the oppression  
of aged tyranny; who sways, not as it hath power, but  
as it is suffered. Come to me, that of this I may speak  
more. If our father would sleep till I waked him, you  
should enjoy half his revenue for ever, and live the  
beloved of your brother, Edgar.—Humph—Conspiracy!  
—Sleep till I waked him,—you should enjoy half his  
revenue,—My son Edgar! Had he a hand to write this?

a heart and brain to breed it in?—When came this to you? Who brought it?

*Edm.* It was not brought me, my lord, there's the cunning of it; I found it thrown in at the casement of my closet.

*Glo.* You know the character to be your brother's?

*Edm.* If the matter were good, my lord, I durst swear it were his; but, in respect of that, I would fain think it were not.

*Glo.* It is his.

*Edm.* It is his hand, my lord; but, I hope, his heart is not in the contents.

*Glo.* Hath he never heretofore sounded you in this business?

*Edm.* Never, my lord: But I have often heard him maintain it to be fit, that, sons at perfect age, and fathers declining, the father should be as ward to the son, and the son manage his revenue.

*Glo.* O villain, villain!—His very opinion in the letter!—Abhorred villain! Unnatural, detested, brutish villain! worse than brutish!—Go, sirrah, seek him; I'll apprehend him:—Abominable villain!—Where is he?

*Edm.* I do not well know, my lord. If it shall please you to suspend your indignation against my brother, till you can derive from him better testimony of his intent, you shall run a certain course; where, if you violently proceed against him, mistaking his purpose, it would make a great gap in your own honour, and shake in pieces the heart of his obedience. I dare pawn down my life for him, that he hath writ this to feel my affection to your honour, and to no other pretence of danger.

*Glo.* Think you so?

*Edm.* If your honour judge it meet, I will place you where you shall hear us confer of this, and by an auricular assurance have your satisfaction; and that without any further delay than this very evening.

*Glo.* He cannot be such a monster.

*Edm.* Nor is not, sure.

*Glo.* To his father, that so tenderly and entirely loves

him.—Heaven and earth!—Edmund, seek him out; wind me into him, I pray you: frame the business after your own wisdom: I would unstate myself, to be in a due resolution.

*Edm.* I will seek him, sir, presently; convey the business as I shall find means, and acquaint you withal.

*Glo.* These late eclipses in the sun and moon portend no good to us: Though the wisdom of nature can reason it thus and thus, yet nature finds itself scourged by the sequent effects: love cools, friendship falls off, brothers divide: in cities, mutinies; in countries, discord; in palaces, treason: and the bond cracked between son and father. This villain of mine comes under the prediction; there's son against father: the king falls from bias of nature; there's father against child. We have seen the best of our time: Machinations, hollowness, treachery, and all ruinous disorders, follow us disquietly to our graves!—Find out this villain, Edmund, it shall lose thee nothing; do it carefully:—And the noble and true-hearted Kent banished! his offence, honesty!—Strange, strange! *[Exit.*

*Edm.* This is the excellent foppery of the world! that, when we are sick in fortune (often the surfeit of our own behaviour), we make guilty of our disasters, the sun, the moon, and the stars: as if we were villains, by necessity; fools, by heavenly compulsion; knaves, thieves, and treachers, by spherical predominance; drunkards, liars, and adulterers, by an enforced obedience of planetary influence; and all that we are evil in, by a divine thrusting on: An admirable evasion of whoremaster man, to lay his goatish disposition to the charge of a star! My father compounded with my mother under the dragon's tail; and my nativity was under *ursa major*; so that it follows, I am rough and lecherous.—Tut, I should not have been that I am, had the maidenliest star in the firmament twinkled on my bastardizing. Edgar—

*Enter EDGAR.*

and pat he comes, like the catastrophe of the old comedy: My cue is villanous melancholy, with a sigh

like Tom o'Bedlam.—O, these eclipses do portend these divisions! fa, sol, la, mi.

*Edg.* How now, brother Edmund? What serious contemplation are you in?

*Edm.* I am thinking, brother, of a prediction I read this other day, what should follow these eclipses.

*Edg.* Do you busy yourself with that?

*Edm.* I promise you, the effects he writes of, succeed unhappily; as of unnaturalness between the child and the parent; death, dearth, dissolutions of ancient amities; divisions in state, menaces and maledictions against king and nobles; needless diffidences, banishment of friends, dissipation of cohorts, nuptial breaches, and I know not what.

*Edg.* How long have you been a sectary astronomical?

*Edm.* Come, come; when saw you my father last?

*Edg.* Why, the night gone by.

*Edm.* Spake you with him?

*Edg.* Ay, two hours together.

*Edm.* Parted you in good terms? Found you no displeasure in him, by word, or countenance?

*Edg.* None at all.

*Edm.* Bethink yourself, wherein you may have offended him: and at my entreaty, forbear his presence, till some little time hath qualified the heat of his displeasure; which at this instant so rageth in him, that with the mischief of your person it would scarcely allay.

*Edg.* Some villain hath done me wrong.

*Edm.* That's my fear. I pray you, have a continent forbearance, till the speed of his rage goes slower; and, as I say, retire with me to my lodging, from whence I will fitly bring you to hear my lord speak: Pray you, go; there's my key:—If you do stir abroad, go armed.

*Edg.* Armed, brother?

*Edm.* Brother, I advise you to the best: go armed; I am no honest man, if there be any good meaning towards you: I have told you what I have seen and heard, but faintly; nothing like the image and horror of it: Pray you, away.

*Edg.* Shall I hear from you anon?

*Edm.* I do serve you in this business.—

[*Exit Edgar.*]

A credulous father, and a brother noble,  
Whose nature is so far from doing harms,  
That he suspects none; on whose foolish honesty  
My practices ride easy!—I see the business.—  
Let me, if not by birth, have lands by wit:  
All with me's meet, that I can fashion fit.

[*Exit.*]

### SCENE III.

*A Room in the DUKE of ALBANY's Palace.*

*Enter GONERIL and STEWARD.*

*Gon.* Did my father strike my gentleman for chiding  
of his fool?

*Stew.* Ay, madam.

*Gon.* By day and night! he wrongs me; every hour  
He flashes into one gross crime or other,  
That sets us all at odds: I'll not endure it:  
His knights grow riotous, and himself upbraids us  
On every trifle:—When he returns from hunting,  
I will not speak with him; say, I am sick:—  
If you come slack of former services,  
You shall do well; the fault of it I'll answer.

*Stew.* He's coming, madam; I hear him.

[*Horns within*]

*Gon.* Put on what weary negligence you please,  
You and your fellows; I'd have it come to question:  
If he dislike it, let him to my sister,  
Whose mind and mine, I know, in that are one,  
Not to be over-rul'd. Idle old man,  
That still would manage those authorities,  
That he hath given away!—Now, by my life,  
Old fools are babes again; and must be us'd  
With checks, as flatteries,—when they are seen abus'd.  
Remember what I have said.

*Stew.*

Very well, madam.

*Gon.* And let his knights have colder looks among you;  
What grows of it, no matter; advise your fellows so:  
I would breed from hence occasions, and I shall,



That I may speak :—I'll write straight to my sister,  
To hold my very course :—Prepare for dinner.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *A Hall in the same.*

*Enter KENT, disguised.*

*Kent.* If but as well I other accents borrow,  
That can my speech diffuse, my good intent  
May carry through itself to that full issue  
For which I raz'd my likeness.—Now, banish'd Kent,  
If thou canst serve where thou dost stand condemn'd,  
(So may it come!) thy master, whom thou lov'st,  
Shall find thee full of labours.

*Horns within. Enter LEAR, Knights, and Attendants.*

*Lear.* Let me not stay a jot for dinner; go, get it ready. [*Exit an Attendant*] How now, what art thou?

*Kent.* A man, sir.

*Lear.* What dost thou profess? What wouldst thou with us?

*Kent.* I do profess to be no less than I seem; to serve him truly, that will put me in trust; to love him, that is honest; to converse with him, that is wise, and says little; to fear judgment; to fight, when I cannot choose; and to eat no fish.

*Lear.* What art thou?

*Kent.* A very honest-hearted fellow, and as poor as the king.

*Lear.* If thou be as poor for a subject, as he is for a king, thou art poor enough. What wouldst thou?

*Kent.* Service.

*Lear.* Who wouldst thou serve?

*Kent.* You.

*Lear.* Dost thou know me, fellow?

*Kent.* No, sir; but you have that in your countenance, which I would fain call master.

*Lear.* What's that?

*Kent.* Authority.

*Lear.* What services canst thou do?

*Kent.* I can keep honest counsel, ride, run, mar a curious tale in telling it, and deliver a plain message bluntly: that which ordinary men are fit for, I am qualified in; and the best of me is diligence.

*Lear.* How old art thou?

*Kent.* Not so young, sir, to love a woman for singing; nor so old, to dote on her for any thing: I have years on my back forty-eight.

*Lear.* Follow me; thou shalt serve me; if I like thee no worse after dinner, I will not part from thee yet.—Dinner, ho, dinner!—Where's my knave? my fool? Go you, and call my fool hither:

*Enter STEWARD.*

You, you, sirrah, where's my daughter?

*Stew.* So please you,—

[*Exit.*

*Lear.* What says the fellow there? Call the clotpoll back.—Where's my fool, ho?—I think the world's asleep.—How now? where's that mongrel?

*Knight.* He says, my lord, your daughter is not well.

*Lear.* Why came not the slave back to me, when I call'd him?

*Knight.* Sir, he answer'd me in the roundest manner, he would not.

*Lear.* He would not!

*Knight.* My lord, I know not what the matter is; but, to my judgment, your highness is not entertained with that ceremonious affection as you were wont: there's a great abatement of kindness appears, as well in the general dependants, as in the duke himself also, and your daughter.

*Lear.* Ha! sayest thou so?

*Knight.* I beseech you, pardon me, my lord, if I be mistaken; for my duty cannot be silent, when I think your highness is wronged.

*Lear.* Thou but rememberest me of mine own conception: I have perceived a most faint neglect of late; which I have rather blamed as mine own jealous curiosity, than as a very pretence and purpose of unkindness: I will look further into't.—But where's my fool? I have not seen him these two days.

*Knight.* Since my young lady's going into France, sir, the fool hath much pined away.

*Lear.* No more of that; I have noted it well.—Go you, and tell my daughter I would speak with her.—Go you, call hither my fool.—

*Re-enter STEWARD.*

O, you sir, you sir, come you hither: Who am I, sir?

*Stew.* My lady's father.

*Lear.* My lady's father! my lord's knave: you whore-son dog! you slave! you cur!

*Stew.* I am none of this, my lord; I beseech you, pardon me.

*Lear.* Do you bandy looks with me, you rascal?

[*Striking him.*]

*Stew.* I'll not be struck, my lord.

*Kent.* Nor tripped neither; you base foot-ball player.

[*Tripping up his Heels.*]

*Lear.* I thank thee, fellow; thou servest me, and I'll love thee.

*Kent.* Come, sir, arise, away: I'll teach you differences; away, away: If you will measure your lubber's length again, tarry: but away: go to; Have you wisdom? so.

[*Pushes the Steward out.*]

*Lear.* Now, my friendly knave, I thank thee: there's earnest of thy service.

[*Giving Kent Money.*]

*Enter Fool.*

*Fool.* Let me hire him too.—Here's my coxcomb.

[*Giving Kent his Cap.*]

*Lear.* How now, my pretty knave? how dost thou?

*Fool.* Sirrah, you were best take my coxcomb.

*Kent.* Why, fool?

*Fool.* Why? For taking one's part that is out of favour: Nay, an thou canst not smile as the wind sits, thou'lt catch cold shortly: There, take my coxcomb: Why, this fellow has banished two of his daughters, and did the third a blessing against his will; if thou follow him, thou must needs wear my coxcomb.—How now, nuncle? 'Would I had two coxcombs, and two daughters!

*Lear.* Why, my boy?

*Fool.* If I gave them all my living, I'd keep my coxcombs myself: There's mine; beg another of thy daughters.

*Lear.* Take heed, sirrah; the whip.

*Fool.* Truth's a dog that must to kennel? he must be whipped out, when lady, the brach, may stand by the fire and stink.

*Lear.* A pestilent gall to me!

*Fool.* Sirrah, I'll teach thee a speech.

*Lear.* Do.

*Fool.* Mark it, nuncle:—

Have more than thou showest,  
Speak less than thou knowest,  
Lend less than thou owest,  
Ride more than thou goest,  
Learn more than thou trowest,  
Set less than thou throwest;  
Leave thy drink and thy whore,  
And keep in-a-door,  
And thou shalt have more  
Than two tens to a score.

*Lear.* This is nothing, fool.

*Fool.* Then 'tis like the breath of an unfee'd lawyer; you gave me nothing for't: Can you make no use of nothing, nuncle?

*Lear.* Why, no, boy; nothing can be made out of nothing.

*Fool.* Pr'ythee, tell him, so much the rent of his land comes to; he will not believe a fool. [To Kent.]

*Lear.* A bitter fool!

*Fool.* Dost thou know the difference, my boy, between a bitter fool and a sweet fool?

*Lear.* No, lad; teach me.

*Fool.* That lord, that counsell'd thee

To give away thy land,

Come place him here by me,—

Or do thou for him stand:

The sweet and bitter fool

Will presently appear;

The one in motley here,

The other found out there.

*Lear.* Dost thou call me fool, boy?

*Fool.* All thy other titles thou hast given away; that thou wast born with.

*Kent.* This is not altogether fool, my lord.

*Fool.* No, 'faith, lords and great men will not let me; if I had a monopoly out, they would have part on't: and ladies too, they will not let me have all fool to myself; they'll be snatching.—Give me an egg, nuncle, and I'll give thee two crowns.

*Lear.* What two crowns shall they be?

*Fool.* Why, after I have cut the egg i'the middle, and eat up the meat, the two crowns of the egg. When thou clovest thy crown in the middle and gavest away both parts, thou borest thine ass on thy back over the dirt: Thou hadst little wit in thy bald crown, when thou gavest thy golden one away. If I speak like myself in this, let him be whipp'd that first finds it so.

*Fools had ne'er less grace in a year ;* [Singing.

*For wise men are grown foppish ;*

*And know not how their wits to wear,*

*Their manners are so apish.*

*Lear.* When were you wont to be so full of songs, sirrah?

*Fool.* I have used it, nuncle, ever since thou madest thy daughters thy mother: for when thou gavest them the rod, and put'st down thine own breeches,

*Then they for sudden joy did weep,* [Singing.

*And I for sorrow sung,*

*That such a king should play bo-peep,*

*And go the fools among.*

Pr'ythee, nuncle, keep a schoolmaster that can teach thy fool to lie; I would fain learn to lie.

*Lear.* If you lie, sirrah, we'll have you whipp'd.

*Fool.* I marvel, what kin thou and thy daughters are: they'll have me whipp'd for speaking true, thou'lt have me whipp'd for lying; and, sometimes, I am whipp'd for holding my peace. I had rather be any kind of thing, than a fool: and yet I would not be thee, nuncle; thou hast pared thy wit o'both sides, and left nothing in the middle: Here comes one o'the parings.

*Enter GONERIL.*

*Lear.* How now, daughter? what makes that frontlet on? Methinks, you are too much of late i'the frown.

*Fool.* Thou wast a pretty fellow, when thou hadst no need to care for her frowning; now thou art an O without a figure: I am better than thou art now; I am a fool, thou art nothing.—Yes, forsooth, I will hold my tongue; so your face [*To Goneril*] bids me, though you say nothing. Mum, mum,

He that keeps nor crust nor crum,

Weary of all, shall want some.

That's a sheal'd peascod. [*Pointing to Lear.*]

*Gon.* Not only, sir, this your all-licens'd fool,  
But other of your insolent retinue  
Do hourly carp and quarrel; breaking forth  
In rank and not-to-be-endured riots. Sir,  
I had thought, by making this well known unto you,  
To have found a safe redress; but now grow fearful,  
By what yourself too late have spoke and done,  
That you protect this course, and put it on  
By your allowance; which if you should, the fault  
Would not 'scape censure, nor the redresses sleep:  
Which, in the tender of a wholesome weal,  
Might in their working do you that offence,  
Which else were shame, that then necessity  
Will call discreet proceeding.

*Fool.* For you trow, nuncle,

The hedge-sparrow fed the cuckoo so long,

That it had its head bit off by its young.

So, out went the candle, and we were left darkling.

*Lear.* Are you our daughter?

*Gon.* Come, sir, I would, you would make use of that good wisdom whereof I know you are fraught; and put away these dispositions, which of late transform you from what you rightly are.

*Fool.* May not an ass know when the cart draws the horse?—Whoop, Jug! I love thee.

*Lear.* Does any here know me?—Why this is not Lear: does Lear walk thus? speak thus? Where are his eyes? Either his notion weakens, or his discernings

are lethargied.—Sleeping or waking?—Ha! sure 'tis not so.—Who is it that can tell me who I am?—Lear's shadow? I would learn that; for by the marks of sovereignty, knowledge, and reason, I should be false persuaded I had daughters.—

*Fool.* Which they will make an obedient father.

*Lear.* Your name, fair gentlewoman?

*Gon.* Come, sir;

This admiration is much o'the favour  
Of other your new pranks. I do beseech you  
To understand my purposes aright:  
As you are old and reverend, you should be wise:  
Here do you keep a hundred knights and squires;  
Men so disorder'd, so debauch'd, and bold,  
That this our court, infected with their manners,  
Shows like a riotous inn: epicurism and lust  
Make it more like a tavern or a brothel,  
Than a grac'd palace. The shame itself doth speak  
For instant remedy: Be then desired  
By her, that else will take the thing she begs,  
A little to disquantity your train;  
And the remainder, that shall still depend,  
To be such men as may besort your age,  
And know themselves and you.

*Lear.* Darkness and devils!—

Saddle my horses; call my train together.—

Degenerate bastard! I'll not trouble thee;

Yet have I left a daughter.

*Gon.* You strike my people; and your disorder'd rabble  
Make servants of their betters.

*Enter ALBANY.*

*Lear.* Woe, that too late repents,—O, sir, are you come?

Is it your will? [*To Albany*] Speak, sir.—Prepare my horses.

Ingratitude! thou marble-hearted fiend,  
More hideous, when thou show'st thee in a child,  
'Than the sea-monster!

*Alb.*

Pray, sir, be patient.

*Lear.* Detested kite! thou liest: [To Goneril.  
My train are men of choice and rarest parts,  
That all particulars of duty know;  
And in the most exact regard support  
The worships of their name.—O most small fault,  
How ugly didst thou in Cordelia show!  
Which, like an engine, wrench'd my frame of nature  
From the fix'd place; drew from my heart all love,  
And added to the gall. O Lear, Lear, Lear!  
Beat at this gate, that let thy folly in, [Striking his Head.  
And thy dear judgment out!—Go, go, my people.

*Alb.* My lord, I am guiltless, as I am ignorant  
Of what hath mov'd you.

*Lear.* It may be so, my lord.—Hear, nature, hear;  
Dear goddess, hear! Suspend thy purpose, if  
Thou didst intend to make this creature fruitful!  
Into her womb convey sterility!  
Dry up in her the organs of increase;  
And from her derogate body never spring  
A babe to honour her! If she must teem,  
Create her child of spleen; that it may live,  
And be a thwart disnatur'd torment to her!  
Let it stamp wrinkles in her brow of youth;  
With cadent tears fret channels in her cheeks;  
Turn all her mother's pains, and benefits,  
To laughter and contempt; that she may feel  
How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is  
To have a thankless child!—Away, away! [Exit.

*Alb.* Now, gods, that we adore, whereof comes this?

*Gon.* Never afflict yourself to know the cause;  
But let his disposition have that scope  
That dotage gives it.

*Re-enter LEAR.*

*Lear.* What, fifty of my followers, at a clap!  
Within a fortnight?

*Alb.* What's the matter, sir?

*Lear.* I'll tell thee;—Life and death! I am asham'd  
That thou hast power to shake my manhood thus:  
[To Goneril.



That these hot tears, which break from me perforce,  
Should make thee worth them.—Blasts and fogs upon  
thee!

The untented woundings of a father's curse  
Pierce every sense about thee!—Old fond eyes,  
Beweep this cause again, I'll pluck you out;  
And cast you, with the waters that you lose,  
To temper clay.—Ha! is it come to this?  
Let it be so:—Yet have I left a daughter,  
Who, I am sure, is kind and comfortable;  
When she shall hear this of thee, with her nails  
She'll flay thy wolfish visage. Thou shalt find,  
That I'll resume the shape which thou dost think  
I have cast off for ever: thou shalt, I warrant thee.

[*Exeunt Lear, Kent, and Attendants.*]

*Gon.* Do you mark that, my lord?

*Alb.* I cannot be so partial, Goneril,  
To the great love I bear you,—

*Gon.* Pray you, content.—What, Oswald, ho!  
You, sir, more knave than fool, after your master.

[*To the Fool.*]

*Fool.* Nuncle Lear, nuncle Lear, tarry, and take the  
fool with thee.

A fox, when one has caught her,  
And such a daughter,  
Should sure to the slaughter,  
If my cap would buy a halter;  
So the fool follows after.

[*Exit.*]

*Gon.* This man hath had good counsel:—A hundred  
knights!

'Tis politic, and safe, to let him keep  
At point, a hundred knights. Yes, that on every dream,  
Each buz, each fancy, each complaint, dislike,  
He may enguard his dotage with their powers,  
And hold our lives in mercy.—Oswald, I say!—

*Alb.* Well, you may fear too far.

*Gon.*

Safer than trust:

Let me still take away the harms I fear,  
Not fear still to be taken. I know his heart;  
What he hath utter'd, I have writ my sister;

If she sustain him and his hundred knights,  
When I have show'd the unfitness.—How now, Oswald?

*Enter STEWARD.*

What, have you writ that letter to my sister?

*Stew.* Ay, madam.

*Gon.* Take you some company, and away to horse:  
Inform her full of my particular fear:  
And thereto add such reasons of your own,  
As may compact it more. Get you gone;  
And hasten your return. [*Exit Stew.*] No, no, my lord,  
'This milky gentleness, and course of yours,  
Though I condemn it not, yet, under pardon,  
You are much more attack'd for want of wisdom,  
Than prais'd for harmful mildness.

*Alb.* How far your eyes may pierce, I cannot tell;  
Striving to better, oft we mar what's well.

*Gon.* Nay, then—

*Alb.* Well, well; the event. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. Court before the same.

*Enter LEAR, KENT, and Fool.*

*Lear.* Go you before to Gloster with these letters:  
acquaint my daughter no further with any thing you  
know, than comes from her demand out of the letter:  
If your diligence be not speedy, I shall be there before  
you.

*Kent.* I will not sleep, my lord, till I have delivered  
your letter. [*Exit.*]

*Fool.* If a man's brains were in his heels, were't not  
in danger of kibes?

*Lear.* Ay, boy.

*Fool.* Then, I pr'ythee, be merry; thy wit shall not  
go slip-shod.

*Lear.* Ha, ha, ha!

*Fool.* Shalt see, thy other daughter will use thee  
kindly: for though she's as like this as a crab is like an  
apple, yet I can tell what I can tell.

*Lear.* Why, what canst thou tell, my boy?

*Fool.* She will taste as like this, as a crab does to a crab. Thou canst tell, why one's nose stands i'the middle of his face?

*Lear.* No.

*Fool.* Why, to keep his eyes on either side his nose; that what a man cannot smell out, he may spy into.

*Lear.* I did her wrong:—

*Fool.* Canst tell how an oyster makes his shell?

*Lear.* No.

*Fool.* Nor I neither; but I can tell why a snail has a house.

*Lear.* Why?

*Fool.* Why, to put his head in; not to give it away to his daughters, and leave his horns without a case.

*Lear.* I will forget my nature.—So kind a father!—Be my horses ready?

*Fool.* Thy asses are gone about 'em. . The reason why the seven stars are no more than seven, is a pretty reason.

*Lear.* Because they are not eight?

*Fool.* Yes, indeed: Thou wouldst make a good fool.

*Lear.* To take it again perforce!—Monster ingratitude!

*Fool.* If thou wert my fool, nuncle, I'd have thee beaten for being old before thy time.

*Lear.* How's that?

*Fool.* 'Thou shouldst not have been old, before thou hadst been wise.

*Lear.* O let me not be mad, not mad, sweet heaven! Keep me in temper; I would not be mad!—

*Enter Gentleman.*

How now! Are the horses ready?

*Gent.* Ready, my lord.

*Lear.* Come, boy.

*Fool.* She that is maid now, and laughs at my departure,  
Shall not be a maid long, unless things be cut shorter.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT II.



### SCENE I.

*A Court within the Castle of the EARL of GLOSTER.*

*Enter EDMUND and CURAN, meeting.*

*Edm.* Save thee, Curan.

*Cur.* And you, sir. I have been with your father; and given him notice, that the duke of Cornwall, and Regan his duchess, will be here with him to-night.

*Edm.* How comes that?

*Cur.* Nay, I know not: You have heard of the news abroad; I mean, the whispered ones, for they are yet but ear-kissing arguments?

*Edm.* Not I; 'Pray you, what are they?

*Cur.* Have you heard of no likely wars toward, 'twixt the dukes of Cornwall and Albany?

*Edm.* Not a word.

*Cur.* You may then, in time. Fare you well, sir.

*[Exit.*

*Edm.* The duke be here to-night? The better! Best! This weaves itself perforce into my business!

My father hath set guard to take my brother;  
 And I have one thing, of a queazy question,  
 Which I must act:—Briefness, and fortune, work!—  
 Brother, a word; descend:—Brother, I say;

*Enter EDGAR.*

My father watches:—O sir, fly this place;  
 Intelligence is given where you are hid;  
 You have now the good advantage of the night:—  
 Have you not spoken 'gainst the duke of Cornwall?  
 He's coming hither; now, i'the night, i'the haste,  
 And Regan with him; have you nothing said  
 Upon his party 'gainst the duke of Albany?  
 Advise yourself.

*Edg.* I am sure on't, not a word.

*Edm.* I hear my father coming,—Pardon me:—  
 In cunning, I must draw my sword upon you:—  
 Draw: Seem to defend yourself: Now quit you well.  
 Yield:—come before my father;—Light, ho, here!—  
 Fly, brother;—Torches! torches!—So, farewell.—

[*Exit Edgar.*]

Some blood drawn on me would beget opinion  
 [Wounds his Arm.  
 Of my more fierce endeavour: I have seen drunkards  
 Do more than this in sport.—Father! Father!  
 Stop, stop! No help?

*Enter GLOSTER, and Servants with Torches.*

*Glo.* Now, Edmund, where's the villain?

*Edm.* Here stood he in the dark, his sharp sword out,  
 Mumbling of wicked charms, conjuring the moon  
 To stand his auspicious mistress:—

*Glo.* But where is he?

*Edm.* Look, sir, I bleed.

*Glo.* Where is the villain, Edmund?

*Edm.* Fled this way, sir. When by no means he could—

*Glo.* Pursue him, ho!—Go after.—[*Exit Servant*]

By no means,—what?

*Edm.* Persuade me to the murder of your lordship;  
 But that I told him, the revenging gods

'Gainst parricides did all their thunders bend ;  
Spoke, with how manifold and strong a bond  
The child was bound to the father ;—Sir, in fine,  
Seeing how loathly opposite I stood  
To his unnatural purpose, in fell motion,  
With his prepared sword, he charges home  
My unprovided body, lanc'd mine arm :  
But when he saw my best alarum'd spirits,  
Bold in the quarrel's right, rous'd to the encounter,  
Or whether gasted by the noise I made,  
Full suddenly he fled.

*Glo.* Let him fly far :  
Not in this land shall he remain uncaught ;  
And found—Despatch.—The noble duke my master,  
My worthy arch and patron, comes to-night :  
By his authority I will proclaim it,  
That he, which finds him, shall deserve our thanks,  
Bringing the murderous coward to the stake ;  
He, that conceals him, death.

*Edm.* When I dissuaded him from his intent,  
And found him pight to do it, with curst speech  
I threaten'd to discover him : He replied,  
*Thou unpossessing bastard ! dost thou think,*  
*If I would stand against thee, would the reposal*  
*Of any trust, virtue, or worth, in thee*  
*Make thy words faith'd ? No : what I should deny*  
*(As this I would : ay, though thou didst produce*  
*My very character), I'd turn it all*  
*To thy suggestion, plot, and damned practice :*  
*And thou must make a dullard of the world,*  
*If they not thought the profits of my death,*  
*Were very pregnant and potential spurs*  
*To make thee seek it.*

*Glo.* Strong and fasten'd villain !  
Would he deny his letter ?—I never got him.

[*Trumpets within.*]

Hark, the duke's trumpets ! I know not why he comes :—  
All ports I'll bar ; the villain shall not 'scape ;  
The duke must grant me that : besides, his picture  
I will send far and near, that all the kingdom

May have due note of him ; and of my land,  
Loyal and natural boy, I'll work the means  
To make thee capable.

*Enter CORNWALL, REGAN, and Attendants.*

*Corn.* How now, my noble friend? since I came hither  
(Which I can call but now), I have heard strange news.

*Reg.* If it be true, all vengeance comes too short,  
Which can pursue the offender. How dost, my lord?

*Glo.* O, madam, my old heart is crack'd, is crack'd!

*Reg.* What, did my father's godson seek your life?  
He whom my father nam'd? your Edgar?

*Glo.* O, lady, lady, shame would have it hid!

*Reg.* Was he not companion with the riotous knights  
That tend upon my father?

*Glo.* I know not, madam:

It is too bad, too bad.—

*Edm.* Yes, madam, he was.

*Reg.* No marvel then, though he were ill affected;  
'Tis they have put him on the old man's death,  
To have the waste and spoil of his revenues.  
I have this present evening from my sister  
Been well inform'd of them; and with such cautions,  
That, if they come to sojourn at my house,  
I'll not be there.

*Corn.* Nor I, assure thee, Regan.—  
Edmund, I hear that you have shown your father  
A child-like office.

*Edm.* 'Twas my duty, sir.

*Glo.* He did bewray his practice; and receiv'd  
This hurt you see, striving to apprehend him.

*Corn.* Is he pursued?

*Glo.* Ay, my good lord, he is.

*Corn.* If he be taken, he shall never more  
Be fear'd of doing harm: make your own purpose,  
How in my strength you please.—For you, Edmund,  
Whose virtue and obedience doth this instant  
So much commend itself, you shall be ours;  
Natures of such deep trust we shall much need;  
You we first seize on.

*Edm.* I shall serve you, sir,  
Truly, however else.

*Glo.* For him I thank your grace.

*Corn.* You know not why we came to visit you,—

*Reg.* Thus out of season ; threading dark-ey'd night.  
Occasions, noble Gloster, of some poize,  
Wherein we must have use of your advice:—  
Our father he hath writ, so hath our sister,  
Of differences, which I best thought it fit  
To answer from our home ; the several messengers  
From hence attend despatch. Our good old friend,  
Lay comforts to your bosom ; and bestow  
Your needful counsel to our business,  
Which craves the instant use.

*Glo.* I serve you, madam :  
Your graces are right welcome. [*Exeunt.*]

*SCENE II. Before GLOSTER's Castle.*

*Enter KENT and STEWARD, severally.*

*Stew.* Good dawning to thee, friend : Art of the house?

*Kent.* Ay.

*Stew.* Where may we set our horses?

*Kent.* I'the mire.

*Stew.* Pr'ythee, if thou love me, tell me.

*Kent.* I love thee not.

*Stew.* Why, then I care not for thee.

*Kent.* If I had thee in Lipsbury pinfold, I would  
make thee care for me.

*Stew.* Why dost thou use me thus? I know thee not.

*Kent.* Fellow, I know thee.

*Stew.* What dost thou know me for?

*Kent.* A knave ; a rascal, an eater of broken meats ;  
a base, proud, shallow, beggarly, three-suited, hundred-  
pound, filthy worsted-stocking knave ; a lily-liver'd,  
action-taking knave ; a whoreson, glass-gazing, super-  
serviceable, finical rogue ; one-trunk-inheriting slave ;  
one that wouldst be a bawd, in way of good service,  
and art nothing but the composition of a knave, beggar,  
coward, pandar, and the son and heir of a mongrel



A saucy roughness ; and constrains the garb,  
 Quite from his nature : He cannot flatter, he!—  
 An honest mind and plain,—he must speak truth :  
 An they will take it, so ; if not, he's plain.  
 These kind of knaves I know, which in this plainness  
 Harbour more craft, and more corrupter ends,  
 Than twenty silly ducking observants,  
 That stretch their duties nicely.

*Kent.* Sir, in good sooth, in sincere verity,  
 Under the allowance of your grand aspect,  
 Whose influence, like the wreath of radiant fire  
 On flickering Phœbus' front,—

*Corn.* What mean'st by this?

*Kent.* To go out of my dialect, which you discom-  
 mend so much. I know, sir, I am no flatterer : he that  
 beguiled you, in a plain accent, was a plain knave ;  
 which, for my part, I will not be, though I should win  
 your displeasure to entreat me to it.

*Corn.* What was the offence you gave him?

*Stew.*

Never any :

It pleas'd the king, his master, very late,  
 To strike at me, upon his misconstruction ;  
 When he, conjunct, and flattering his displeasure,  
 Tripp'd me behind ; being down, insulted, rail'd,  
 And put upon him such a deal of man,  
 That worthy'd him, got praises of the king  
 For him attempting who was self-subdu'd ;  
 And, in the fleshment of this dread exploit,  
 Drew on me here.

*Kent.* None of these rogues, and cowards,  
 But Ajax is their fool.

*Corn.*

Fetch forth the stocks, ho !

You stubborn ancient knave, you reverend braggart,  
 We'll teach you—

*Kent.*

Sir, I am too old to learn :

Call not your stocks for me : I serve the king ;  
 On whose employment I was sent to you :  
 You shall do small respect, show too bold malice  
 Against the grace and person of my master,  
 Stocking his messenger.

*Corn.* Fetch forth the stocks:—

As I've life and honour, there shall he sit till noon.

*Reg.* Till noon! till night, my lord; and all night too.

*Kent.* Why, madam, if I were your father's dog,  
You should not use me so.

*Reg.* Sir, being his knave, I will.  
[Stocks brought out.]

*Corn.* This is a fellow of the self-same colour  
Our sister speaks of:—Come, bring away the stocks.

*Glo.* Let me beseech your grace not to do so:  
His fault is much, and the good king his master  
Will check him for't: your purpos'd low correction  
Is such, as basest and contemned'st wretches,  
For pilferings and most common trespasses,  
Are punish'd with: the king must take it ill,  
That he's so slightly valued in his messenger,  
Should have him thus restrain'd.

*Corn.* I'll answer that.

*Reg.* My sister may receive it much more worse,  
To have her gentleman abus'd, assaulted,  
For following her affairs.—Put in his legs.—

[*Kent is put in the Stocks.*  
Come, my good lord; away. [*Exeunt Reg. and Corn.*

*Glo.* I am sorry for thee, friend; 'tis the duke's  
pleasure,  
Whose disposition, all the world well knows,  
Will not be rubb'd, nor stopp'd: I'll entreat for thee.

*Kent.* Pray, do not, sir: I have watch'd, and travell'd  
hard;  
Some time I shall sleep out, the rest I'll whistle.  
A good man's fortune may grow out at heels:  
Give you good morrow!

*Glo.* The duke's to blame in this; 'twill be ill taken.  
[*Exit.*

*Kent.* Good king, that must approve the common saw!  
Thou out of heaven's benediction com'st  
To the warm sun!  
Approach, thou beacon to this under globe,  
That by thy comfortable beams I may  
Peruse this letter!—Nothing almost sees miracles,

But misery;—I know, 'tis from Cordelia;  
Who hath most fortunately been inform'd  
Of my obscured course; and shall find time  
From this enormous state,—seeking to give  
Losses their remedies:—All weary and o'erwatch'd,  
Take vantage, heavy eyes, not to behold  
This shameful lodging.  
Fortune, good night; smile once more; turn thy wheel!  
[*He Sleeps.*]

SCENE III. *A Part of the Heath.*

*Enter EDGAR.*

*Edg.* I heard myself proclaim'd;  
And, by the happy hollow of a tree,  
Escap'd the hunt. No port is free; no place,  
That guard, and most unusual vigilance,  
Does not attend my taking. While I may scape,  
I will preserve myself: and am bethought  
To take the basest and most poorest shape,  
That ever penury, in contempt of man,  
Brought near to beast: my face I'll grime with filth;  
Blanket my loins; elf all my hair in knots;  
And with presented nakedness outface  
The winds, and persecutions of the sky.  
The country gives me proof and precedent  
Of Bedlam beggars, who, with roaring voices,  
Strike in their numb'd and mortified bare arms  
Pins, wooden pricks, nails, sprigs of rosemary;  
And with this horrible object, from low farms,  
Poor pelting villages, sheep-cotes, and mills,  
Sometime with lunatic bans, sometime with prayers,  
Enforce their charity.—Poor 'Turlygood! poor Tom!  
That's something yet;—Edgar I nothing am. . . [Exit.]

SCENE IV. *Before GLOSTER's Castle.*

*Enter LEAR, Fool, and Gentleman.*

*Lear.* 'Tis strange, that they should so depart from  
home,  
And not send back my messenger.

*Gent.* As I learn'd,  
The night before there was no purpose in them  
Of this remove.

*Kent.* Hail to thee, noble master!

*Lear.* How!

Mak'st thou this shame thy pastime?

*Kent.*

No, my lord.

*Fool.* Ha, ha; look! he wears cruel garters! Horses  
are tied by the heads; dogs, and bears, by the neck;  
monkeys by the loins; and men by the legs: when a  
man is over-lusty at legs, then he wears wooden nether-  
stocks.

*Lear.* What's he, that hath so much thy place mistook  
To set thee here?

*Kent.* It is both he and she,  
Your son and daughter.

*Lear.* No.

*Kent.* Yes.

*Lear.* No, I say.

*Kent.* I say, yea.

*Lear.* No, no; they would not.

*Kent.* Yes, they have.

*Lear.* By Jupiter, I swear, no.

*Kent.* By Juno, I swear, ay.

*Lear.* They durst not do't;  
They could not, would not do't; 'tis worse than murder,  
To do upon respect such violent outrage:  
Resolve me, with all modest haste, which way  
Thou might'st deserve, or they impose, this usage  
Coming from us.

*Kent.* My lord, when at their home  
I did commend your highness' letters to them,  
Ere I was risen from the place that show'd  
My duty kneeling, came there a reeking post,  
Stew'd in his haste, half-breathless, panting forth  
From Goneril his mistress, salutations;  
Deliver'd letters, spite of intermission,  
Which presently they read: on whose contents,  
They summon'd up their meiny, straight took horse;  
Commanded me to follow, and attend

The leisure of their answer; gave me cold looks :  
And meeting here the other messenger,  
Whose welcome, I perceiv'd, had poison'd mine  
(Being the very fellow that of late  
Display'd so saucily against your highness),  
Having more man than wit about me, drew ;  
He rais'd the house with loud and coward cries :  
Your son and daughter found this trespass worth  
The shame which here it suffers.

*Fool.* Winter's not gone yet, if the wild geese fly that way.

Fathers, that wear rags,  
Do make their children blind ;  
But fathers, that bear bags,  
Shall see their children kind.  
Fortune, that arrant whore,  
Ne'er turns the key to the poor.—

But, for all this, thou shalt have as many dolours for  
thy daughters, as thou canst tell in a year.

*Lear.* O, how this mother swells up toward my heart !  
*Hysterica passio !* down, thou climbing sorrow,  
Thy element's below !—Where is this daughter ?

*Kent.* With the earl, sir, here within.

*Lear.* Follow me not ;  
Stay here. [*Exit.*

*Gent.* Made you no more offence than what you  
speak of ?

*Kent.* None.

How chance the king comes with so small a train ?

*Fool.* An thou hadst been set i'the stocks for that  
question, thou hadst well deserved it.

*Kent.* Why, fool ?

*Fool.* We'll set thee to school to an ant, to teach thee  
there's no labouring in the winter. All that follow their  
noses, are led by their eyes, but blind men ; and there's  
not a nose among twenty, but can smell him that's  
stinking. Let go thy hold, when a great wheel runs  
down a hill, lest it break thy neck with following it ;  
but the great one that goes up the hill, let him draw  
thee after. When a wise man gives thee better counsel,

give me mine again: I would have none but knaves follow it, since a fool gives it.

That, sir, which serves and seeks for gain,  
And follows but for form,

Will pack, when it begins to rain,  
And leave thee in the storm.

But I will tarry; the fool will stay,  
And let the wise man fly:

The knave turns fool, that runs away;  
The fool no knave, perdy.

*Kent.* Where learn'd you this, fool?

*Fool.* Not i'the stocks, fool.

*Re-enter LEAR, with GLOSTER.*

*Lear.* Deny to speak with me? They are sick? they are weary?

They have travell'd hard to-night? Mere fetches;  
The images of revolt and flying off!

Fetch me a better answer.

*Glo.* My dear lord,

You know the fiery quality of the duke;

How unremoveable and fix'd he is

In his own course.

*Lear.* Vengeance! plague! death! confusion!—

Fiery? what quality? Why, Gloster, Gloster,

I'd speak with the duke of Cornwall, and his wife.

*Glo.* Well, my good lord, I have inform'd them so.

*Lear.* Inform'd them? Dost thou understand me, man?

*Glo.* Ay, my good lord.

*Lear.* The king would speak with Cornwall; the dear father

Would with his daughter speak, commands her service:

Are they inform'd of this?—My breath and blood!—

Fiery? the fiery duke?—Tell the hot duke, that—

No, but not yet:—may be, he is not well:

Infirmity doth still neglect all office,

Whereto our health is bound; we are not ourselves,

When nature, being oppress'd, commands the mind

To suffer with the body: I'll forbear;

And am fallen out with my more headier will,

To take the indispos'd and sickly fit  
 For the sound man.—Death on my state! wherefore  
[Looking on Kent.]

Should he sit here? This act persuades me,  
 That this remotion of the duke and her  
 Is practice only. Give me my servant forth:  
 Go, tell the duke and his wife, I'd speak with them,  
 Now, presently: bid them come forth and hear me,  
 Or at their chamber door I'll beat the drum,  
 Till it cry—*Sleep to death.*

*Glo.* I'd have all well betwixt you. [Exit.]

*Lear.* O me, my heart, my rising heart!—but, down.

*Fool.* Cry to it, nuncle, as the cockney did to the  
 eels, when she put them i'the paste alive; she rapp'd 'em  
 o'the coxcombs with a stick, and cried, *Down, wantons,*  
*down:* 'Twas her brother, that, in pure kindness to his  
 horse, butter'd his hay.

*Enter CORNWALL, REGAN, GLOSTER, and Servants.*

*Lear.* Good morrow to you both.

*Corn.*

Hail to your grace!

[Kent is set at Liberty.]

*Reg.* I am glad to see your highness.

*Lear.* Regan, I think you are; I know what reason  
 I have to think so: if thou shouldst not be glad,  
 I would divorce me from thy mother's tomb,  
 Sepulch'ring an adulteress.—O, are you free? [To Kent.]  
 Some other time for that.—Beloved Regan,  
 Thy sister's naught: O Regan, she hath tied  
 Sharp-tooth'd unkindness, like a vulture, here.—

[Points to his Heart.]

I can scarce speak to thee; thou'lt not believe,  
 Of how deprav'd a quality—O Regan!

*Reg.* I pray you, sir, take patience; I have hope,  
 You less know how to value her desert,  
 Than she to scant her duty.

*Lear.*

Say, how is that?

*Reg.* I cannot think, my sister in the least  
 Would fail her obligation: If, sir, perchance,  
 She have restrain'd the riots of your followers,

'Tis on such ground, and to such wholesome end,  
As clears her from all blame.

*Lear.* My curses on her!

*Reg.* O, sir, you are old;  
Nature in you stands on the very verge  
Of her confine: you should be rul'd, and led  
By some discretion, that discerns your state  
Better than you yourself: Therefore, I pray you,  
That to our sister you do make return;  
Say, you have wrong'd her, sir.

*Lear.* Ask her forgiveness?

Do you but mark how this becomes the house:

*Dear daughter, I confess that I am old;*

*Age is unnecessary: on my knees I beg,* [Kneeling.  
*That you'll vouchsafe me raiment, bed, and food.*

*Reg.* Good sir, no more; these are unsightly tricks:  
Return you to my sister.

*Lear.* Never, Regan:

She hath abated me of half my train;  
Look'd black upon me; struck me with her tongue,  
Most serpent-like, upon the very heart:—  
All the stor'd vengeance of heaven fall  
On her ingrateful top! Strike her young bones,  
You taking airs, with lameness!

*Corn.* Fie, fie, fie!

*Lear.* You nimble lightnings, dart your blinding  
flames

Into her scornful eyes! Infect her beauty,  
You fen-suck'd fogs, drawn by the powerful sun,  
To fall and blast her pride!

*Reg.* O the blest gods!

So will you wish on me, when the rash mood's on.

*Lear.* No, Regan, thou shalt never have my curse;  
Thy tender-hested nature shall not give  
Thee o'er to harshness; her eyes are fierce, but thine  
Do comfort, and not burn: 'Tis not in thee  
To grudge my pleasures, to cut off my train,  
To bandy hasty words, to scant my sizes,  
And, in conclusion, to oppose the bolt  
Against my coming in: thou better know'st  
The offices of nature, bond of childhood,



Effects of courtesy, dues of gratitude;  
Thy half o'the kingdom hast thou not forgot,  
Wherein I thee endow'd.

*Reg.*

Good sir, to the purpose.

[*Trumpets within.*]

*Lear.* Who put my man i'the stocks?

*Corn.*

What trumpet's that?

*Enter STEWARD.*

*Reg.* I know't, my sister's: this approves her letter,  
That she would soon be here.—Is your lady come?

*Lear.* This is a slave, whose easy-borrow'd pride  
Dwells in the fickle grace of her he follows:—  
Out, varlet, from my sight!

*Corn.*

What means your grace?

*Lear.* Who stock'd my servant? Regan, I have good  
hope  
Thou didst not know of't.—Who comes here? O heavens,

*Enter GONERIL.*

If you do love old men, if your sweet sway  
Allow obedience, if yourselves are old,  
Make it your cause; send down, and take my part!—  
Art not asham'd to look upon this beard?—

[*To Goneril.*]

O, Regan, wilt thou take her by the hand?

*Gon.* Why not by the hand, sir? How have I offended?  
All's not offence, that indiscretion finds,  
And dotage terms so.

*Lear.*

O, sides, you are too tough!

Will you yet hold?—How came my man i'the stocks?

*Corn.* I set him there, sir: but his own disorders  
Deserv'd much less advancement.

*Lear.*

You! did you?

*Reg.* I pray you, father, being weak, seem so.  
If, till the expiration of your month,  
You will return and sojourn with my sister,  
Dismissing half your train, come then to me;  
I am now from home, and out of that provision  
Which shall be needful for your entertainment.

*Lear.* Return to her, and fifty men dismiss'd?

No, rather I abjure all roofs, and choose  
To wage against the enmity o'the air;  
To be a comrade with the wolf and owl,—  
Necessity's sharp pinch!—Return with her?  
Why, the hot-blooded France, that dowerless took  
Our youngest born, I could as well be brought  
To knee his throne, and, squire-like, pension beg  
To keep base life afoot:—Return with her?  
Persuade me rather to be slave and sumpter  
To this detested groom. [*Looking on the Steward.*]

Gon. At your choice, sir.

Lear. I pr'ythee, daughter, do not make me mad;  
I will not trouble thee, my child; farewell:  
We'll no more meet, no more see one another:—  
But yet thou art my flesh, my blood, my daughter;  
Or, rather, a disease that's in my flesh,  
Which I must needs call mine: thou art a boil,  
A plague-sore, an embossed carbuncle,  
In my corrupted blood. But I'll not chide thee;  
Let shame come when it will, I do not call it:  
I do not bid the thunder-bearer shoot,  
Nor tell tales of thee to high-judging Jove:  
Mend, when thou canst; be better, at thy leisure:  
I can be patient; I can stay with Regan.  
I, and my hundred knights.

Reg. Not altogether so, sir;  
I look'd not for you yet, nor am provided  
For your fit welcome: Give ear, sir, to my sister;  
For those that mingle reason with your passion,  
Must be content to think you old, and so—  
But she knows what she does.

Lear. Is this well spoken now?

Reg. I dare avouch it, sir: What, fifty followers?  
Is it not well? What should you need of more?  
Yea, or so many? sith that both charge and danger  
Speak 'gainst so great a number? How, in one house,  
Should many people, under two commands,  
Hold amity? 'Tis hard; almost impossible.

Gon. Why might not you, my lord, receive attendance  
From those that she calls servants, or from mine?

*Reg.* Why not, my lord? If then they chanc'd to slack you,

We could control them: If you will come to me  
(For now I spy a danger), I entreat you  
To bring but five-and-twenty; to no more  
Will I give place, or notice.

*Lear.* I gave you all—

*Reg.* And in good time you gave it.

*Lear.* Made you my guardians, my depositaries;  
But kept a reservation to be follow'd  
With such a number: What, must I come to you  
With five-and-twenty, Regan? said you so?

*Reg.* And speak it again, my lord; no more with me.

*Lear.* Those wicked creatures yet do look well-favour'd,

When others are more wicked; not being the worst,  
Stands in some rank of praise:—I'll go with thee;

[*To Goncrist.*

Thy fifty yet doth double five-and-twenty,  
And thou art twice her love.

*Gon.*

Hear me, my lord;

What need you five-and-twenty, ten, or five,  
To follow in a house, where twice so many  
Have a command to tend you?

*Reg.*

What need one?

*Lear.* O, reason not the need: our basest beggars  
Are in the poorest thing superfluous:  
Allow not nature more than nature needs,  
Man's life is cheap as beast's: thou art a lady;  
If only to go warm were gorgeous,  
Why, nature needs not what thou gorgeous wear'st,  
Which scarcely keeps thee warm.—But, for true need,—  
You heavens, give me that patience, patience I need!  
You see me here, you gods, a poor old man,  
As full of grief as age; wretched in both!  
If it be you that stir these daughters' hearts  
Against their father, fool me not so much  
To bear it tamely; touch me with noble anger!  
O, let not women's weapons, water-drops,  
Stain my man's cheeks!—No, you unnatural hags,

I will have such revenges on you both,  
That all the world shall—I will do such things,—  
What they are, yet I know not; but they shall be  
The terrors of the earth. You think, I'll weep;  
No, I'll not weep:—

I have full cause of weeping; but this heart,  
Shall break into a hundred thousand flaws,  
Or ere I'll weep:—O, fool, I shall go mad!

[*Exeunt Lear, Gloster, Kent, and Fool.*]

Corn. Let us withdraw, 'twill be a storm.

[*Storm heard at a distance.*]

Reg. This house  
Is little; the old man and his people cannot  
Be well bestow'd.

Gon. 'Tis his own blame; he hath put  
Himself from rest, and must needs taste his folly.

Reg. For his particular, I'll receive him gladly,  
But not one follower.

Gon. So am I purpos'd.  
Where is my lord of Gloster?

*Re-entr GLOSTER.*

Corn. Follow'd the old man forth:—he is return'd.

Glo. The king is in high rage.

Corn. Whither is he going?

Glo. He calls to horse; but will I know not whither.

Corn. 'Tis best to give him way; he leads himself.

Gon. My lord, entreat him by no means to stay.

Glo. Alack, the night comes on, and the bleak winds  
Do sorely ruffle; for many miles about  
There's scarce a bush.

Reg. O, sir, to wilful men,  
The injuries, that they themselves procure,  
Must be their schoolmasters: Shut up your doors;  
He is attended with a desperate train;  
And what they may incense him to, being apt  
To have his ear abus'd, wisdom bids fear.

Corn. Shut up your doors, my lord; 'tis a wild night;  
My Regan counsels well: come out o'the storm.

[*Exeunt.*]

## ACT III.



### SCENE I. A Heath.

*A Storm is heard, with Thunder and Lightning. Enter KENT and a Gentleman, meeting.*

*Kent.* Who's here, beside foul weather?

*Gent.* One minded like the weather, most unquietly.

*Kent.* I know you; Where's the king?

*Gent.* Contending with the fretful element:  
Bids the wind blow the earth into the sea,  
Or swell the curled waters 'bove the main,  
That things might change, or cease: tears his white hair:  
Which the impetuous blasts, with eyeless rage,  
Catch in their fury, and make nothing of:  
Strives in his little world of man; to out-scorn  
The to-and-fro conflicting wind and rain.  
This night, wherein the cub-drawn bear would couch,  
The lion and the belly-pinched wolf  
Keep their fur dry, unbonnetted he runs,  
And bids what will take all.

*Kent.* But who is with him?

*Gent.* None but the fool; who labours to out-jest  
His heart-struck injuries.

*Kent.* Sir, I do know you;  
And dare, upon the warrant of my art,  
Commend a dear thing to you. There is division,  
Although as yet the face of it be cover'd  
With mutual cunning, 'twixt Albany and Cornwall;  
Who have (as who have not, that their great stars  
Thron'd and set high?) servants, who seem no less;  
Which are to France the spies and speculations  
Intelligent of our state; what hath been seen,  
Either in snuffs and packings of the dukes;  
Or the hard rein which both of them have borne  
Against the old kind king; or something deeper,  
Whereof, perchance, these are but furnishings;—  
But, true it is, from France there comes a power  
Into this scatter'd kingdom; who already,  
Wise in our negligence, have secret feet  
In some of our best ports, and are at point  
To show their open banner.—Now to you:  
If on my credit you dare build so far  
To make your speed to Dover, you shall find  
Some that will thank you, making just report  
Of how unnatural and bemadding sorrow  
The king hath cause to plain.  
I am a gentleman of blood and breeding;  
And, from some knowledge and assurance, offer  
This office to you.

*Gent.* I will talk further with you.

*Kent.* No, do not.  
For confirmation that I am much more  
Than my out-wall, open this purse, and take  
What it contains: If you shall see Cordelia  
(As fear not but you shall), show her this ring;  
And she will tell you who your fellow is  
That yet you do not know. Fie on this storm!  
I will go seek the king.

*Gent.* Give me your hand: Have you no more to say?

*Kent.* Few words, but, to effect, more than all yet;  
That, when we have found the king (in which your pain  
That way; I'll this;) he that first lights on him,  
Holla the other.

[*Exeunt severally.*]

SCENE II. *Another Part of the Heath.**Storm continues. Enter LEAR and Fool.*

*Lear.* Blow, wind, and crack your cheeks! rage! blow!  
 You cataracts, and hurricanoes, spout  
 'Till you have drench'd our steeple, drown'd the cocks!  
 You sulphurous and thought-executing fires,  
 Vaunt couriers to oak-cleaving thunder-bolts,  
 Singe my white head! And thou, all-shaking thunder,  
 Strike flat the thick rotundity o'the world!  
 Crack nature's moulds, all germens spill at once,  
 That make ingrateful man!

*Fool.* O nuncle, court holy-water in a dry house is  
 better than this rain-water out o'door.—Good nuncle,  
 in, and ask thy daughters' blessing: here's a night pities  
 neither wise men nor fools.

*Lear.* Rumble thy bellyful! Spit, fire! spout, rain!  
 Nor rain, wind, thunder, fire, are my daughters:  
 I tax not you, you elements, with unkindness,  
 I never gave you kingdom, call'd you children,  
 You owe me no subscription; why then, let fall  
 Your horrible pleasure; here I stand, your slave,  
 A poor, infirm, weak, and despis'd old man:—  
 But yet I call you servile ministers,  
 That have with two pernicious daughters join'd  
 Your high-engender'd battles, 'gainst a head  
 So old and white as this. O! O! 'tis foul!

*Fool.* He that has a house to put his head in, has a  
 good head-piece.

*The cod-piece that will house,  
 Before the head has any,  
 The head and he shall louse;—  
 So beggars marry many.*

*The man that makes his toe  
 What he his heart should make,  
 Shall of a corn cry woe,  
 And turn his sleep to wake.*

—for there was never yet fair woman, but she made  
 mouths in a glass.

*Enter KENT.*

*Lear.* No, I will be the pattern of all patience, I will say nothing.

*Kent.* Who's there?

*Fool.* Marry, here's grace, and a cod-piece; that's a wise man, and a fool.

*Kent.* Alas, sir, are you here? things that love night, Love not such nights as these; the wrathful skies Gallow the very wanderers of the dark, And make them keep their caves: Since I was man, Such sheets of fire, such bursts of horrid thunder, Such groans of roaring wind and rain, I never Remember to have heard: man's nature cannot carry The affliction, nor the fear.

*Lear.* Let the great gods,  
That keep this dreadful pother o'er our heads,  
Find out their enemies now. Tremble, thou wretch,  
That hast within thee undivulged crimes,  
Unwhipp'd of justice: Hide thee, thou bloody hand;  
Thou perjur'd, and thou simular man of virtue,  
That art incestuous: Caitiff, to pieces shake,  
That under covert and convenient seeming  
Hast practis'd on man's life!—Close pent-up guilts,  
Rive your concealing continents, and cry  
These dreadful summoners grace.—I am a man,  
More sinn'd against, than sinning.

*Kent.* Alack, bare-headed!  
Gracious my lord, hard by here is a hovel;  
Some friendship will it lend you 'gainst the tempest;  
Repose you there: while I to this hard house  
(More hard than is the stone whereof 'tis rais'd;  
Which even but now, demanding after you,  
Denied me to come in), return, and force  
Their scanted courtesies.

*Lear.* My wits begin to turn.—  
Come on, my boy: How dost, my boy? Art cold?  
I am cold myself.—Where is this straw, my fellow?  
The art of our necessities is strange,  
That can make vile things precious. Come, your hovel,  
Poor fool and knave, I have one part in my heart  
That's sorry yet for thee.



*Fool.* He that has a little tiny wit,—  
With heigh, ho, the wind and the rain,—  
Must make content with his fortunes fit;  
For the rain it raineth every day.

*Lear.* True, my good boy.—Come, bring us to this  
hovel. [*Exeunt Lear and Kent.*]

*Fool.* This is a brave night to cool a courtezan.—I'll  
speak a prophecy ere I go:

When priests are more in word than matter;  
When brewers mar their malt with water;  
When nobles are their tailors' tutors;  
No heretics burn'd, but wenches' suitors:  
When every case in law is right;  
No squire in debt, nor no poor knight;  
When slanders do not live in tongues;  
Nor cutpurses come not to throngs;  
When usurers tell their gold i' the field;  
And bawds and whores do churches build;—  
Then shall the realm of Albion  
Come to great confusion.

Then comes the time, who lives to see't,

That going shall be us'd with feet.

This prophecy Merlin shall make; for I live before his  
time. [*Exit.*]

### SCENE III. A Room in GLOSTER's Castle.

*Enter GLOSTER and EDMUND.*

*Glo.* Alack, alack, Edmund, I like not this unnatural  
dealing: When I desired their leave that I might pity  
him, they took from me the use of mine own house;  
charged me, on pain of their perpetual displeasure,  
neither to speak of him, entreat for him, nor any way  
sustain him.

*Edm.* Most savage, and unnatural!

*Glo.* Go to; say you nothing: There is division be-  
tween the dukes: and a worse matter than that: I have  
received a letter this night;—'tis dangerous to be  
spoken;—I have locked the letter in my closet: these  
injuries the king now bears will be revenged at home;  
there is part of a power already footed: we must in-

cline to the king. I will seek him, and privily relieve him: go you, and maintain talk with the duke, that my charity be not of him perceived: If he ask for me, I am ill, and gone to bed. If I die for it, as no less is threatened me, the king, my old master, must be relieved. There is some strange thing toward, Edmund; pray you, be careful. [Exit.

*Edm.* This courtesy, forbid thee, shall the duke Instantly know; and of that letter too:—  
This seems a fair deserving, and must draw me  
That which my father loses; no less than all:  
The younger rises, when the old doth fall. [Exit.

*SCENE IV. A Part of the Heath, with a Hovel.*

*Enter LEAR, KENT, and Fool.*

*Kent.* Here is the place, my lord; good, my lord, enter:  
The tyranny of the open night's too rough  
For nature to endure. [Storm still.

*Lear.* Let me alone.

*Kent.* Good, my lord, enter here.

*Lear.* Wilt break my heart?

*Kent.* I'd rather break mine own: Good, my lord, enter.

*Lear.* Thou think'st 'tis much, that this contentious storm,

Invades us to the skin: so 'tis to thee;  
But where the greater malady is fix'd,  
The lesser is scarce felt. Thou'dst shun a bear:  
But if thy flight lay toward the raging sea,  
Thou'dst meet the bear i'the mouth. When the mind's  
free,

The body's delicate: the tempest in my mind  
Doth from my senses take all feeling else,  
Save what beats there.—Filial ingratitude!  
Is it not as this mouth should tear this hand,  
For lifting food to't?—But I will punish home:—  
No, I will weep no more.—In such a night  
To shut me out!—Pour on; I will endure:—  
In such a night as this! O Regan, Goneril!—

Your old kind father, whose frank heart gave all,—  
O, that way madness lies; let me shun that;  
No more of that,—

*Kent.* Good, my lord, enter here.

*Lear.* Pr'ythee, go in thyself; seek thine own ease  
This tempest will not give me leave to ponder  
On things would hurt me more.—But I'll go in:  
In, boy; go first.—[*To the Fool*] You houseless  
poverty,—

Nay, get thee in. I'll pray, and then I'll sleep.—  
[*Fool goes in.*]

Poor naked wretches, wheresoe'er you are,  
That bide the pelting of this pitiless storm,  
How shall your houseless heads, and unfed sides,  
Your loop'd and window'd raggedness, defend you  
From seasons such as these? O, I have ta'en  
Too little care of this! Take physic, pomp;  
Expose thyself to feel what wretches feel;  
That thou may'st shake the superflux to them,  
And show the heavens more just.

*Edg.* [*Within*] Fathom and half, fathom and half!  
Poor Tom!

[*The Fool runs out from the Hovel.*]

*Fool.* Come not in here, nuncle, here's a spirit.  
Help me, help me!

*Kent.* Give me thy hand.—Who's there?

*Fool.* A spirit, a spirit; he says his name's Poor Tom.

*Kent.* What art thou that dost grumble there i'the  
Come forth. [straw?]

*Enter EDGAR, disguised as a Madman.*

*Edg.* Away! the foul fiend follows me!—  
Through the sharp hawthorn blows the cold wind.—  
Humph! go to thy cold bed, and warm thee.

*Lear.* Hast thou given all to thy two daughters?  
And art thou come to this?

*Edg.* Who gives any thing to poor Tom? whom the  
foul fiend hath led through fire and through flame,  
through ford and whirlpool, over bog and quagmire;  
that hath laid knives under his pillow, and halters in

his pew; set ratsbane by his porridge; made him proud of heart, to ride on a bay trotting-horse over four-inched bridges, to course his own shadow for a traitor:—Bless thy five wits! Tom's a-cold.—O, do de, do de, do de.—Bless thee from whirlwinds, star-blasting, and taking! Do poor Tom some charity, whom the foul fiend vexes: There could I have him now,—and there,—and there,—and there again, and there.

[*Storm continues.*]

*Lear.* What, have his daughters brought him to this pass?—

Couldst thou save nothing? Didst thou give them all?

*Fool.* Nay, he reserved a blanket, else we had been all shamed.

*Lear.* Now, all the plagues that in the pendulous air Hang fated o'er men's faults, light on thy daughters!

*Kent.* He hath no daughters, sir. [nature]

*Lear.* Death, traitor! nothing could have subdu'd To such a lowness, but his unkind daughters.— Is it the fashion, that discarded fathers Should have thus little mercy on their flesh? Judicious punishment! 'twas this flesh begot Those pelican daughters.

*Edg.* Pillicock sat on pillicock's-hill; Halloo, halloo, loo, loo!

*Fool.* This cold night will turn us all to fools and madmen.

*Edg.* Take heed of the foul fiend: Obey thy parents; keep thy word justly; swear not; commit not with man's sworn spouse; set not thy sweet heart on proud array: Tom's a-cold.

*Lear.* What hast thou been?

*Edg.* A serving-man, proud in heart and mind; that curled my hair, wore gloves in my cap, served the lust of my mistress' heart, and did the act of darkness with her; swore as many oaths as I spake words, and broke them in the sweet face of heaven: one, that slept in the contriving of lust, and waked to do it: Wine loved I deeply; dice dearly; and in woman, out-paramoured the Turk: False of heart, light of ear, bloody

of hand : Hog in sloth, fox in stealth, wolf in greediness, dog in madness, lion in prey. Let not the creaking of shoes, nor the rustling of silks, betray thy poor heart to women : Keep thy foot out of brothels, thy hand out of plackets, thy pen from lenders' books, and defy the foul fiend.—Still through the hawthorn blows the cold wind : Says suum, mun, ha no nonny, dolphin my boy, my boy, sessa ; let him trot by.

*[Storm still continues.]*

*Lear.* Why, thou were better in thy grave, than to answer with thy uncovered body this extremity of the skies.—Is man no more than this ! Consider him well : Thou owest the worm no silk, the beast no hide, the sheep no wool, the cat no perfume :—Ha ! here's three of us are sophisticated !—'Thou art the thing itself : unaccommodated man is no more but such a poor, bare, forked animal as thou art.—Off, off, you lendings :—Come ; unbutton here.— *[Tearing off his Clothes.]*

*Fool.* Pr'ythee, nuncle, be contented ; this is a naughty night to swim in.—Now a little fire in a wild field were like an old lecher's heart : a small spark, all the rest of his body cold.—Look, here comes a walking fire.

*Edg.* This is the foul fiend Flibbertigibbet : he begins at curfew, and walks till the first cock ; he gives the web and the pin, squints the eye, and makes the hare-lip ; mildews the white wheat, and hurts the poor creature of earth.

*Saint Withold footed thrice the wold ;  
He met the night-mare, and her nine-fold :*

*Bid her alight,  
And her troth plight,*

*And, aroint thee, witch, aroint thee !*

*Kent.* How fares your grace ?

*Enter GLOSTER, with a Torch.*

*Lear.* What's he ?

*Kent.* Who's there ? What is't you seek ?

*Glo.* What are you there ? Your names ?

*Edg.* Poor Tom ; that eats the swimming frog, the

toad, the tadpole, the wall-newt, and the water; that, in the fury of his heart, when the foul fiend rages, eats cow-dung for sallots; swallows the old rat, and the ditch-dog; drinks the green mantle of the standing pool; who is whipped from tything to tything, and stocked, punished, and imprisoned; who hath had three suits to his back, six shirts to his body, horse to ride, and weapon to wear,—

*But mice, and rats, and such small deer,  
Have been Tom's food for seven long year.*

Beware my follower:—Peace, Smolkin; peace, thou fiend!

*Glo.* What, hath your grace no better company?

*Edg.* The prince of darkness is a gentleman;  
Moth he's called, and Mahu.

*Glo.* Our flesh and blood, my lord, is grown so vile,  
That it doth hate what gets it.

*Edg.* Poor Tom's a-cold.

*Glo.* Go in with me; my duty cannot suffer  
To obey in all your daughters' hard commands:  
Though their injunction be to bar my doors,  
And let this tyrannous night take hold upon you;  
Yet have I ventur'd to come seek you out,  
And bring you where both fire and food is ready.

*Lear.* First let me talk with this philosopher:—  
What is the cause of thunder?

*Kent.* Good, my lord, take his offer;  
Go into the house.

*Lear.* I'll talk a word with this same learned Theban:—  
What is your study?

*Edg.* How to prevent the fiend, and to kill vermin.

*Lear.* Let me ask you one word in private.

*Kent.* Importune him once more to go, my lord,  
His wits begin to unsettle.

*Glo.* Canst thou blame him?

His daughters seek his death:—Ah, that good Kent!—  
He said it would be thus:—Poor banish'd man!—  
Thou say'st, the king grows mad; I'll tell thee, friend,  
I am almost mad myself: I had a son,  
Now outlaw'd from my blood; he sought my life,  
But lately, very late; I lov'd him, friend,—

No father his son dearer : true to tell thee,

The grief hath craz'd my wits. What a night's this! *[Storm continues.]*

I do beseech your grace,—

*Lear.*

O, cry you mercy,

Noble philosopher, your company.

*Edg.* Tom's a-cold.

*Glo.* In, fellow, there, to the hovel : keep thee warm.

*Lear.* Come, let's in all.

*Kent.*

This way, my lord.

*Lear.*

With him ;

I will keep still with my philosopher.

*Kent.* Good, my lord, sooth him ; let him take the

*Glo.* Take him you on. *[fellow.]*

*Kent.* Sirrah, come on ; go along with us.

*Lear.* Come, good Athenian.

*Glo.*

No words, no words :

Hush.

*Edg.* Child Rowland to the dark tower came,

His word was still,—Fie, foh, and fum,

I smell the blood of a British man. *[Exeunt.]*

#### SCENE V. A Room in GLOSTER's Castle.

*Enter CORNWALL and EDMUND.*

*Corn.* I will have my revenge, ere I depart his house.

*Edm.* How, my lord, I may be censured, that nature thus gives way to loyalty, something fears me to think of.

*Corn.* I now perceive, it was not altogether your brother's evil disposition made him seek his death ; but a provoking merit, set a-work by a reproveable badness in himself.

*Edm.* How malicious is my fortune, that I must repent to be just ! This is the letter he spoke of, which approves him an intelligent party to the advantages of France. O heavens ! that this treason were not, or not I the detector !

*Corn.* Go with me to the duchess.

*Edm.* If the matter of this paper be certain, you have mighty business in hand.

*Corn.* True, or false, it hath made thee earl of Glos-

ter. Seek out where thy father is, that he may be ready for our apprehension.

*Edm. [Aside]* If I find him comforting the king, it will stuff his suspicion more fully.—I will persevere in my course of loyalty, though the conflict be sore between that and my blood.

*Corn.* I will lay trust upon thee; and thou shalt find a dearer father in my love. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE VI.

*A Chamber in a Farm-house adjoining the Castle.*

*Enter GLOSTER, LEAR, KENT, Fool, and EDGAR.*

*Glo.* Here is better than the open air; take it thankfully: I will piece out the comfort with what addition I can: I will not be long from you.

*Kent.* All the power of his wits has given way to his impatience:—The gods reward your kindness!

[*Exit Gloster.*]

*Edg.* Frateretto calls me; and tells me, Nero is an angler in the lake of darkness. Pray, innocent, and beware the foul fiend.

*Fool.* Pr'ythee, nuncle, tell me, whether a madman be a gentleman, or a yeoman?

*Lear.* A king, a king!

*Fool.* No; he's a yeoman, that has a gentleman to his son: for he's a mad yeoman, that sees his son a gentleman before him.

*Lear.* To have a thousand with red burning spits Come hissing in upon them:—

*Edg.* The foul fiend bites my back.

*Fool.* He's mad, that trusts in the tameness of a wolf, a horse's health, a boy's love, or a whore's oath.

*Lear.* It shall be done, I will arraign them straight:—Come, sit thou here, most learned justicer;—

[*To Edgar.*]

Thou, sapient sir, sit here. [*To the Fool*]*—*Now, you she foxes!—

*Edg.* Look, where he stands and glares!—Wantest thou eyes at trial, madam?



*Come o'er the bourn, Bessy, to me:—*

*Fool. Her boat hath a leak,*

*An she must not speak*

*Why she dares not come over to thee.*

*Edg.* The foul fiend haunts poor Tom in the voice of a nightingale. *Hopdance* cries in Tom's belly, for two white herrings. Croak not, black angel; I have no food for thee.

*Kent.* How do you, sir? Stand you not so amaz'd: Will you lie down and rest upon the cushions?

*Lear.* I'll see their trial first:—Bring in the evidence.—Thou robed man of justice, take thy place;

And thou, his yoke-fellow of equity, [To Edgar.  
To the Fool.]  
Bench by his side:—You are of the commission,  
Sit you too. [To Kent.]

*Edg.* Let us deal justly.

*Sleepest, or wakest thou, jolly shepherd?*

*Thy sheep be in the corn;*

*And for one blast of thy minikin mouth,*

*Thy sheep shall take no harm.*

*Pur!* the cat is grey.

*Lear.* Arraign her first; 'tis Goneril, I here take my oath before this honourable assembly, she kicked the poor king her father.

*Fool.* Come hither, mistress; Is your name Goneril?

*Lear.* She cannot deny it.

*Fool.* Cry you mercy, I took you for a joint-stool.

*Lear.* And here's another, whose warp'd looks proclaim

What store her heart is made of.—Stop her there!  
Arms, arms, sword, fire!—Corruption in the place!  
False justicer, why hast thou let her 'scape?

*Edg.* Bless thy five wits!

*Kent.* O pity!—Sir, where is the patience now,  
That you so oft have boasted to retain?

*Edg.* My tears begin to take his part so much,  
They'll mar my counterfeiting. [Aside.]

*Lear.* The little dogs and all,  
Tray, Blanch, and Sweetheart, see, they bark at me.

*Edg.* Tom will throw his head at them:—Avaunt, you curs!

Be thy mouth or black or white,  
Tooth that poisons if it bite;  
Mastiff, greyhound, mongrel grim,  
Hound, or spaniel, brach, or lym;  
Or bobtail tike, or trundle-tail;  
Tom will make them weep and wail:  
For, with throwing thus my head,  
Dogs leap the hatch, and all are fled.

Do de, de de. *Sessa.* Come, march to wakes and fairs, and market towns:—Poor Tom, thy horn is dry.

*Lear.* Then let them anatomize Regan; see what breeds about her heart: Is there any cause in nature, that makes these hard hearts?—You, sir, I entertain you for one of my hundred; only, I do not like the fashion of your garments: you will say, they are Persian attire; but let them be changed. [*To Edgar.*

*Kent.* Now, good, my lord, lie here, and rest awhile.

*Lear.* Make no noise, make no noise; draw the curtains: So, so, so: We'll go to supper i'the morning: So, so, so.

*Fool.* And I'll go to bed at noon.

*Re-enter GLOSTER.*

*Glo.* Come hither, friend: Where is the king, my master?

*Kent.* Here, sir; but trouble him not, his wits are gone.

*Glo.* Good friend, I pr'ythee take him in thy arms; I have o'erheard a plot of death upon him: There is a litter ready; lay him in't, And drive towards Dover, friend, where thou shalt meet Both welcome and protection. Take up thy master: If thou shouldst dally half an hour, his life, With thine, and all that offer to defend him, Stand in assured loss: Take up, take up; And follow me, that will to some provision Give thee quick conduct.

*Kent.* Oppress'd nature sleeps:  
This rest might yet have balm'd thy broken senses,—

Which, if convenience will not allow,  
Stand in hard cure.—Come, help to bear thy master ;  
Thou must not stay behind. *[To the Fool.]*

*Glo.*

Come, come, away.

*[Exeunt Kent, Gloster, and the Fool, bearing off the King.]*

*Edg.* When we our betters see bearing our woes,  
We scarcely think our miseries our foes.  
Who alone suffers, suffers most i'the mind ;  
Leaving free things, and happy shows, behind :  
But then the mind much sufferance doth o'erskip,  
When grief hath mates, and bearing fellowship.  
How light and portable my pain seems now,  
When that, which makes me bend, makes the king bow ;  
He childed, as I father'd !—Tom, away :  
Mark the high noises ; and thyself bewray,  
When false opinion, whose wrong thought defiles thee,  
In thy just proof, repeals, and reconciles thee.  
What will hap more to-night, safe scape the king !  
Lurk, lurk. *[Exit.]*

SCENE VII. *A Room in GLOSTER's Castle.*

*Enter CORNWALL, REGAN, GONERIL, EDMUND, and Servants.*

*Corn.* Post speedily to my lord your husband ; show him this letter :—the army of France is landed :—Seek out the villain, Gloster. *[Exeunt some of the Servants.]*

*Reg.* Hang him instantly.

*Gon.* Pluck out his eyes.

*Corn.* Leave him to my displeasure.—Edmund, keep you our sister company ; the revenges we are bound to take upon your traitorous father, are not fit for your beholding. Advise the duke, where you are going, to a most festinate preparation ; we are bound to the like. Our posts shall be swift and intelligent betwixt us. Farewell, dear sister ;—farewell, my lord of Gloster.

*Enter STEWARD.*

How now ? where's the king ?

*Stew.* My lord of Gloster hath convey'd him hence :

Some five or six and thirty of his knights,  
Hot questrists after him, met him at gate;  
Who, with some other of the lord's dependants,  
Are gone with him towards Dover; where they boast  
To have well-armed friends.

*Corn.* Get horses for your mistress.

*Gon.* Farewell, sweet lord, and sister.

[*Exeunt Goneril and Edmund.*]

*Corn.* Edmund, farewell.—Go, seek the traitor Gloster,  
Pinion him like a thief, bring him before us.

[*Exeunt other Servants.*]

Though well we may not pass upon his life  
Without the form of justice; yet our power  
Shall do a courtesy to our wrath, which men  
May blame, but not control. Who's there? The traitor?

*Re-enter Servants, with GLOSTER.*

*Reg.* Ingrateful fox! 'tis he.

*Corn.* Bind fast his corky arms. [sider

*Glo.* What mean your graces?—Good, my friends, con-  
You are my guests: do me no foul play, friends.

*Corn.* Bind him, I say. [Servants bind him.

*Reg.* Hard, hard:—O filthy traitor!

*Glo.* Unmerciful lady as you are, I am none.

*Corn.* To this chair bind him:—Villain, thou shalt  
find— [Regan plucks his Beard.

*Glo.* By the kind gods, 'tis most ignobly done  
To pluck me by the beard.

*Reg.* So white, and such a traitor!

*Glo.* Naughty lady,

These hairs, which thou dost ravish from my chin,

Will quicken, and accuse thee: I am your host;

With robbers' hands, my hospitable favours

You should not ruffle thus. What will you do?

*Corn.* Come, sir, what letters had you late from France?

*Reg.* Be simple-answer'd, for we know the truth.

*Corn.* And what confederacy have you with the trai-  
Late footed in the kingdom? [tors

*Reg.* To whose hands have you sent the lunatic king?  
Speak.

*Glo.* I have a letter guessingly set down,  
Which came from one that's of a neutral heart,  
And not from one oppos'd.

*Corn.*

Cunning.

*Reg.*

And false.

*Corn.* Where hast thou sent the king?

*Glo.*

To Dover.

*Reg.*

Wherefore

To Dover? Wast thou not charg'd at thy peril—

*Corn.* Wherefore to Dover? Let him first answer that.

*Glo.* I am tied to the stake, and I must stand the course.

*Reg.* Wherefore to Dover?

*Glo.* Because I would not see thy cruel nails  
Pluck out his poor old eyes; nor thy fierce sister  
In his anointed flesh stick boarish fangs.

The sea, with such a storm as his bare head  
In hell-black night endur'd, would have buoy'd up,  
And quench'd the stelled fires: yet, poor old heart,  
He holp the heavens to rain.

If wolves had at thy gate howl'd that stern time,  
Thou shouldst have said, *Good porter, turn the key;*  
All cruels else subscrib'd:—But I shall see  
The winged vengeance overtake such children.

*Corn.* See it shalt thou never:—Fellows, hold the chair:  
Upon these eyes of thine I'll set my foot.

*[Gloster is held down in his Chair, while Cornwall plucks out one of his Eyes, and sets his Foot on it.]*

*Glo.* He, that will think to live till he be old,  
Give me some help:—O cruel! O ye gods!

*Reg.* One side will mock another; the other too.

*Corn.* If you see vengeance,—

*Serv.*

Hold your hand, my lord:

I have serv'd you ever since I was a child;  
But better service have I never done you,  
Than now to bid you hold.

*Reg.* How now, you dog?

*Serv.* If you did wear a beard upon your chin,  
I'd shake it on this quarrel: What do you mean?

*Corn.* My villain!

*[Draws and Runs at him.]*

*Serv.* Nay, then come on, and take the chance of anger.

[*Draws. They fight. Cornwall is wounded.*]

*Reg.* Give me thy sword.—[*To another Servant*] A peasant stand up thus!

[*Snatches a Sword, comes behind, and stabs him.*]

*Serv.* O, I am slain!—My lord, you have one eye left  
To see some mischief on him:—O! [*Dies.*]

*Corn.* Lest it see more, prevent it:—Out, vile jelly!  
Where is thy lustre now?

[*Tears out Gloster's other Eye, and throws it on the Ground.*]

*Glo.* All dark and comfortless.—Where's my son Ed-  
Edmund, enkindle all the sparks of nature, [mund?  
To quit this horrid act.

*Reg.* Out, treacherous villain!  
Thou call'st on him that hates thee: it was he  
That made the overture of thy treasons to us;  
Who is too good to pity thee.

*Glo.* O my follies!  
Then Edgar was abus'd.—

Kind gods, forgive me that, and prosper him!

*Reg.* Go, thrust him out at gates, and let him smell  
His way to Dover.—How is't, my lord? How look you?

*Corn.* I have receiv'd a hurt:—Follow me, lady.—  
Turn out that eyeless villain;—throw this slave  
Upon the dunghill.—Regan, I bleed apace:  
Untimely comes this hurt: Give me your arm.

[*Exit Cornwall, led by Regan.—Servants unbind Gloster, and lead him out.*]

1 *Serv.* I'll never care what wickedness I do,  
If this man comes to good.

2 *Serv.* If she live long,  
And, in the end, meet the old course of death,  
Women will all turn monsters.

1 *Serv.* Let's follow the old earl, and get the Bedlam  
To lead him where he would; his roguish madness  
Allows itself to any thing. [*eggs,*]

2 *Serv.* Go thou; I'll fetch some flax, and whites of  
To apply to his bleeding face. Now, heaven help him!  
[*Exeunt severally.*]

## ACT IV.



### SCENE I. *The Heath.*

*Enter EDGAR.*

*Edg.* Yet better thus, and known to be contemn'd,  
Than still contemn'd and flatter'd. To be worst,  
The lowest, and most dejected thing of fortune,  
Stands still in esperance, lives not in fear:  
The lamentable change is from the best;  
The worst returns to laughter. Welcome then,  
Thou unsubstantial air, that I embrace!  
The wretch, that thou hast blown unto the worst,  
Owes nothing to thy blasts.—But who comes here?—

*Enter GLOSTER, led by an Old Man.*

My father, poorly led?—World, world, O world!  
But that thy strange mutations make us hate thee,  
Life would not yield to age.

*Old M.* O my good lord, I have been your tenant,  
and your father's tenant, these fourscore years.

*Glo.* Away, get thee away; good friend, be gone:  
Thy comforts can do me no good at all,  
Thee they may hurt.

*Old M.* Alack, sir, you cannot see your way.

*Glo.* I have no way, and therefore want no eyes;  
I stumbled when I saw: Full oft 'tis seen,  
Our mean secures us; and our mere defects  
Prove our commodities.—Ah, dear son Edgar,  
The food of thy abused father's wrath!  
Might I but live to see thee in my touch,  
I'd say, I had eyes again!

*Old M.* How now? Who's there?

*Edg.* [*Aside*] O gods! Who is't can say, *I am at the worst?*

I am worse than e'er I was.

*Old M.* 'Tis poor mad Tom.

*Edg.* [*Aside*] And worse I may be yet: The worst  
is not,

So long as we can say, *This is the worst.*

*Old M.* Fellow, where goest?

*Glo.* Is it a beggar-man?

*Old M.* Madman and beggar too.

*Glo.* He has some reason, else he could not beg.

I'the last night's storm I such a fellow saw;  
Which made me think a man a worm: My son  
Came then into my mind; and yet my mind  
Was then scarce friends with him: I have heard more  
since:

As flies to wanton boys, are we to the gods;  
They kill us for their sport.

*Edg.* How should this be?—

Bad is the trade must play the fool to sorrow,  
Ang'ring itself and others. [*Aside*]—Bless thee, master!

*Glo.* Is that the naked fellow?

*Old M.* Ay, my lord.

*Glo.* Then, pr'ythee, get thee gone: If, for my sake,  
Thou wilt o'ertake us, hence a mile or twain,  
I'the way to Dover, do it for ancient love;  
And bring some covering for this naked soul,  
Whom I'll entreat to lead me.



*Old M.*

Alack, sir, he's mad.

*Glo.* 'Tis the times' plague, when madmen lead the blind:

Do as I bid thee, or rather do thy pleasure;  
Above the rest, be gone.

*Old M.* I'll bring him the best 'parel that I have,  
Come on't what will. [Exit.

*Glo.* Sirrah, naked fellow.

*Edg.* Poor Tom's a-cold.—I cannot daub it further.  
[Aside.

*Glo.* Come hither, fellow.

*Edg.* [Aside] And yet I must.—Bless thy sweet eyes,  
they bleed.

*Glo.* Know'st thou the way to Dover?

*Edg.* Both stile and gate, horse-way and foot-path.  
Poor Tom hath been scared out of his good wits: Bless  
the good man from the foul fiend! Five fiends have been  
in poor Tom at once; of lust, as *Obidicut*; *Hobbididance*,  
prince of dumbness; *Mahu*, of stealing; *Modo*,  
of murder; and *Flibbertigibbet*, of mopping and mow-  
ing; who since possesses chamber-maids and waiting-  
women. So, bless thee, master!

*Glo.* Here, take this purse, thou whom the heaven's  
plagues

Have humbled to all strokes: that I am wretched,  
Makes thee the happier:—Heavens, deal so still!

Let the superfluous, and lust-dieted man,  
That slaves your ordinance, that will not see  
Because he doth not feel, feel your power quickly;  
So distribution should undo excess,  
And each man have enough.—Dost thou know Dover?

*Edg.* Ay, master.

*Glo.* There is a cliff, whose high and bending head  
Looks fearfully in the confined deep:  
Bring me but to the very brim of it,  
And I'll repair the misery thou dost bear,  
With something rich about me: from that place  
I shall no leading need.

*Edg.* Give me thy arm;  
Poor Tom shall lead thee. [Exeunt.

SCENE II. *Before the DUKE of ALBANY's Palace.*

*Enter GONERIL and EDMUND; STEWARD meeting them.*

*Gon.* Welcome, my lord: I marvel, our mild husband

Not met us on the way:—Now, where's your master?

*Stew.* Madam, within; but never man so chang'd:  
I told him of the army that was landed;  
He smil'd at it: I told him, you were coming;  
His answer was, *The worse*: of Gloster's treachery,  
And of the loyal service of his son,  
When I inform'd him, then he call'd me sot;  
And told me, I had turn'd the wrong side out:—  
What most he should dislike, seems pleasant to him;  
What like, offensive.

*Gon.* Then shall you go no further.  
[*To Edmund.*]

It is the cowish terror of his spirit,  
That dares not undertake: he'll not feel wrongs,  
Which tie him to an answer: Our wishes, on the way,  
May prove effects. Back, Edmund, to my brother;  
Hasten his musters, and conduct his powers:  
I must change arms at home, and give the distaff  
Into my husband's hands. This trusty servant  
Shall pass between us: ere long you are like to hear,  
If you dare venture in your own behalf,  
A mistress's command. Wear this; spare speech;  
[*Giving a Favour.*]

Decline your head: this kiss, if it durst speak,  
Would stretch thy spirits up into the air;—  
Conceive, and fare thee well.

*Edm.* Yours in the ranks of death.

*Gon.* My most dear Gloster!  
[*Exit Edmund.*]

O, the difference of man, and man! To thee  
A woman's services are due; my fool  
Usurps my bed.

*Stew.* Madam, here comes my lord.  
[*Exit Steward.*]

*Enter ALBANY.*

*Gon.* I have been worth the whistle.

*Alb.*

O Goneril!

You are not worth the dust which the rude wind  
Blows in your face.—I fear your disposition :  
That nature, which contemns its origin,  
Cannot be border'd certain in itself ;  
She that herself will sliver and disbranch  
From her material sap, perforce must wither,  
And come to deadly use.

*Gon.* No more ; the text is foolish.

*Alb.* Wisdom and goodness to the vile seem vile :  
Filths savour but themselves. What have you done ?  
Tigers, not daughters, what have you perform'd ?  
A father, and a gracious aged man,  
Whose reverence the head-lugg'd bear would lick,  
Most barbarous, most degenerate ! have you madded.  
Could my good brother suffer you to do it ?  
A man, a prince, by him so benefited ?  
If that the heavens do not their visible spirits  
Send quickly down to tame these vile offences,  
'Twill come,  
Humanity must perforce prey on itself,  
Like monsters of the deep.

*Gon.*

Milk-liver'd man !

That bear'st a cheek for blows, a head for wrongs ;  
Who hast not in thy brows an eye discerning  
Thine honour from thy suffering ; that not know'st,  
Fools do those villains pity, who are punish'd  
Ere they have done their mischief. Where's thy drum ?  
France spreads his banners in our noiseless land :  
With plumed helm thy slayer begins threats ;  
Whilst thou, a moral fool, sit'st still, and cry'st,  
*Alack ! why does he so ?*

*Alb.*

See thyself, devil !

Proper deformity seems not in the fiend  
So horrid, as in woman.

*Gon.*

O vain fool !

*Alb.* Thou changed and self-cover'd thing, for shame,  
Be-monster not thy feature. Were it my fitness

To let these hands obey my blood,  
They are apt enough to dislocate and tear  
Thy flesh and bones:—Howe'er thou art a fiend,  
A woman's shape doth shield thee.

*Gon.* Marry, your manhood now!—

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Alb.* What news?

*Mess.* O, my good lord, the duke of Cornwall's dead;  
Slain by his servant, going to put out  
The other eye of Gloster.

*Alb.* Gloster's eyes!

*Mess.* A servant that he bred, thrill'd with remorse,  
Oppos'd against the act, bending his sword  
To his great master; who, thereat enrag'd,  
Flew on him, and amongst them fell'd him dead:  
But not without that harmful stroke, which since  
Hath pluck'd him after.

*Alb.* This shows you are above,  
You justicers, that these our nether crimes  
So speedily can venge!—But, O poor Gloster!  
Lost he his other eye?

*Mess.* Both, both, my lord.—  
This letter, madam, craves a speedy answer;  
'Tis from your sister.

*Gon.* [*Aside*] One way I like this well;  
But being widow, and my Gloster with her,  
May all the building in my fancy pluck  
Upon my hateful life: Another way,  
The news is not so tart.—I'll read, and answer. [*Exit.*

*Alb.* Where was his son, when they did take his eyes?

*Mess.* Come with my lady hither.

*Alb.* He is not here.

*Mess.* No, my good lord; I met him back again.

*Alb.* Knows he the wickedness?

*Mess.* Ay, my good lord; 'twas he inform'd against  
him;

And quit the house on purpose, that their punishment  
Might have the freer course.

*Alb.* Gloster, I live

To thank thee for the love thou show'dst the king,  
 And to revenge thine eyes.—Come hither, friend;  
 Tell me what more thou knowest. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The French Camp near DOVER.*

*Enter KENT and a Gentleman.*

*Kent.* Why the king of France is so suddenly gone  
 back know you the reason?

*Gent.* Something he left imperfect in the state,  
 Which since his coming forth is thought of; which  
 Imports to the kingdom so much fear and danger,  
 That his personal return was most requir'd,  
 And necessary.

*Kent.* Who hath he left behind him general?

*Gent.* The Mareschal of France, Monsieur le Fer.

*Kent.* Did your letters pierce the queen to any demonstration of grief?

*Gent.* Ay, sir; she took them, read them in my presence;

And now and then an ample tear trill'd down  
 Her delicate cheek: it seem'd, she was a queen  
 Over her passion; who, most rebel-like,  
 Sought to be king o'er her.

*Kent.* O, then it mov'd her.

*Gent.* Not to a rage; patience and sorrow strove  
 Who should express her goodliest. You have seen  
 Sunshine and rain at once; her smiles and tears  
 Were like a better day: those happy smiles,  
 That play'd on her ripe lip, seem'd not to know  
 What guests were in her eyes; which parted thence,  
 As pearls from diamonds dropp'd.—In brief, sorrow  
 Would be a rarity most belov'd, if all  
 Could so become it.

*Kent.* Made she no verbal question?

*Gent.* 'Faith, once, or twice, she heav'd the name of  
*father*

Pantingly forth, as if it press'd her heart;  
 Cried, *Sisters! sisters!—Shame of ladies! sisters!*

*Kent! father! sisters! What? i'the storm? i'the night?*

*Let pity not be believ'd!*—There she shook  
The holy water from her heavenly eyes,  
And clamour moisten'd: then away she started  
To deal with grief alone.

*Kent.* It is the stars,  
The stars above us, govern our conditions;  
Else one self mate and mate could not beget  
Such different issues. You spoke not with her since?

*Gent.* No.

*Kent.* Was this before the king return'd?

*Gent.* No, since.

*Kent.* Well, sir; The poor distress'd Lear is i'the  
town:

Who sometime, in his better tune, remembers  
What we are come about, and by no means  
Will yield to see his daughter.

*Gent.*

Why, good sir?

*Kent.* A sovereign shame so elbows him: his own  
unkindness,

That stripp'd her from his benediction, turn'd her  
To foreign casualties, gave her dear rights  
To his dog-hearted daughters,—these things sting  
His mind so venomously, that burning shame  
Detains him from Cordelia.

*Gent.*

Alack, poor gentleman!

*Kent.* Of Albany's and Cornwall's powers you heard  
not?

*Gent.* 'Tis so; they are afoot.

*Kent.* Well, sir, I'll bring you to our master Lear,  
And leave you to attend him: some dear cause  
Will in concealment wrap me up awhile;  
When I am known aright, you shall not grieve  
Lending me this acquaintance. I pray you, go  
Along with me. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE IV. *The same. A Tent.*

*Enter CORDELIA, Physician, and Soldiers.*

*Cor.* Alack, 'tis he; why, he was met even now  
As mad as the vex'd sea: singing aloud;

Crown'd with rank fumiter, and furrow weeds,  
 With harlocks, hemlock, nettles, cuckoo-flowers,  
 Darnel, and all the idle weeds that grow  
 In our sustaining corn.—A century send forth;  
 Search every acre in the high-grown field,  
 And bring him to our eye. [*Exit an Officer*].—What  
     can man's wisdom do,

In the restoring his bereaved sense?

He, that helps him, take all my outward worth.

*Phys.* There is means, madam:

Our foster-nurse of nature is repose,  
 The which he lacks; that to provoke in him,  
 Are many simples operative, whose power  
 Will close the eye of anguish.

*Cor.* All bless'd secrets,

All you unpublish'd virtues of the earth,  
 Spring with my tears! be aidant, and remediate,  
 In the good man's distress!—Seek, seek for him;  
 Lest his ungovern'd rage dissolve the life  
 That wants the means to lead it.

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Mess.* Madam, news?

The British powers are marching hitherward.

*Cor.* 'Tis known before; our preparation stands  
 In expectation of them.—O dear father,  
 It is thy business that I go about,  
 Therefore great France

My mourning, and important tears, hath pitied.  
 No blown ambition doth our arms incite,  
 But love, dear love, and our ag'd father's right:  
 Soon may I hear, and see him. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. A Room in GLOSTER's Castle.

*Enter REGAN and STEWARD.*

*Reg.* But are my brother's powers set forth?

*Stew.*

Ay, madam.

*Reg.*

Himself

In person there?

*Stew.* Madam, with much ado :

Your sister is the better soldier.

*Reg.* Lord Edmund spake not with your lord at home?

*Stew.* No, madam.

*Reg.* What might import my sister's letter to him?

*Stew.* I know not, lady.

*Reg.* 'Faith, he is posted hence on serious matter.

It was great ignorance, Gloster's eyes being out,  
To let him live ; where he arrives, he moves  
All hearts against us : Edmund, I think, is gone,  
In pity of his misery, to despatch  
His nighted life ; moreover, to descry  
The strength o'the enemy.

*Stew.* I must needs after him, madam, with my letter.

*Reg.* Our troops set forth to-morrow ; stay with us ;  
The ways are dangerous.

*Stew.* I may not, madam ;

My lady charg'd my duty in this business.

*Reg.* Why should she write to Edmund? Might not  
you

Transport her purposes by word? Belike,  
Something—I know not what:—I'll love thee much,  
Let me unseal the letter.

*Stew.* Madam, I had rather—

*Reg.* I know, your lady does not love her husband ;  
I am sure of that : and, at her late being here,  
She gave strange ceiliads, and most speaking looks  
To noble Edmund : I know, you are of her bosom.

*Stew.* I, madam?

*Reg.* I speak in understanding ; you are, I know it :  
Therefore, I do advise you, take this note :  
My lord is dead ; Edmund and I have talk'd ;  
And more convenient is he for my hand,  
Than for your lady's:—You may gather more.  
If you do find him, pray you, give him this ;  
And when your mistress hears thus much from you,  
I pray, desire her call her wisdom to her.  
So, fare you well.

If you do chance to hear of that blind traitor,  
Preferment falls on him that cuts him off.



*Stew.* 'Would I could meet him, madam! I would show  
What party I do follow.

*Reg.* Fare thee well. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VI. *The Country near DOVER.*

*Enter GLOSTER; and EDGAR, dressed like a Peasant.*

*Glo.* When shall we come to the top of that same hill?

*Edg.* You do climb up it now: look, how we labour.

*Glo.* Methinks, the ground is even.

*Edg.* Horrible steep:

Hark, do you hear the sea?

*Glo.* No, truly.

*Edg.* Why, then your other senses grow imperfect  
By your eyes' anguish.

*Glo.* So may it be, indeed:  
Methinks thy voice is alter'd; and thou speak'st  
In better phrase, and matter, than thou didst.

*Edg.* You are much deceiv'd; in nothing am I chang'd,  
But in my garments.

*Glo.* Methinks, you are better spoken.

*Edg.* Come on, sir; here's the place:—stand still.—  
How fearful

And dizzy 'tis, to cast one's eyes so low!  
The crows, and choughs, that wing the midway air,  
Show scarce so gross as beetles: Half way down  
Hangs one that gathers samphire; dreadful trade!  
Methinks, he seems no bigger than his head:  
The fishermen, that walk upon the beach,  
Appear like mice; and yon tall anchoring bark,  
Diminish'd to her cock; her cock, a buoy  
Almost too small for sight: The murmuring surge,  
That on the unnumber'd idle pebbles chafes,  
Cannot be heard so high:—I'll look no more;  
Lest my brain turn, and the deficient sight  
Topple down headlong.

*Glo.* Set me where you stand.

*Edg.* Give me your hand: You are now within a foot  
Of the extreme verge: for all beneath the moon  
Would I not leap upright.

*Glo.* Let go my hand.

Here, friend, is another purse; in it, a jewel,  
Well worth a poor man's taking: Fairies, and gods,  
Prosper it with thee! Go thou further off;  
Bid me farewell, and let me hear thee going.

*Edg.* Now fare you well, good sir. [*Seems to go.*

*Glo.* With all my heart.

*Edg.* Why I do trifle thus with his despair,  
Is done to cure it.

*Glo.* O you mighty gods!

This world I do renounce; and, in your sights,  
Shake patiently my great affliction off:  
If I could bear it longer, and not fall  
To quarrel with your great opposeless wills,  
My snuff, and loathed part of nature, should  
Burn itself out. If Edgar live, O, bless him!—  
Now, fellow, fare thee well. [*He leaps, and falls along.*

*Edg.* Gone, sir? Farewell.—

And yet I know not how conceit may rob  
The treasury of life, when life itself  
Yields to the theft: Had he been where he thought,  
By this, had thought been past.—Alive, or dead?  
Ho, you sir! friend!—Hear you, sir?—speak!  
Thus might he pass indeed:—Yet he revives:  
What are you, sir?

*Glo.* Away, and let me die.

*Edg.* Hadst thou been aught but gossamer, feathers,  
air,

So many fathom down precipitating,  
Thou hadst shiver'd like an egg: but thou dost breathe;  
Hast heavy substance; bleed'st not; speak'st; art sound.  
Ten masts at each make not the altitude,  
Which thou hast perpendicularly fell;  
Thy life's a miracle: Speak yet again.

*Glo.* But have I fallen, or no?

*Edg.* From the dread summit of this chalky bourn:  
Look up a-height;—the shrill-gorg'd lark so far  
Cannot be seen or heard: do but look up.

*Glo.* Alack, I have no eyes.—

Is wretchedness depriv'd that benefit,  
To end itself by death? 'Twas yet some comfort,  
When misery could beguile the tyrant's rage,  
And frustrate his proud will.

*Edg.* Give me your arm:  
*Up:*—So;—How is't? Feel you your legs? You stand.

*Glo.* Too well, too well.

*Edg.* This is above all strangeness.  
Upon the crown o'the cliff, what thing was that  
Which parted from you?

*Glo.* A poor unfortunate beggar.

*Edg.* As I stood here below, methought, his eyes  
Were too full moons; he had a thousand noses,  
Horns welk'd, and wav'd like the enridged sea;  
It was some fiend: Therefore, thou happy father,  
Think that the clearest gods, who make them honours  
Of men's impossibilities, have preserv'd thee.

*Glo.* I do remember now: henceforth I'll bear  
Affliction, till it do cry out itself,  
*Enough, enough, and die.* That thing you speak of,  
I took it for a man; often 'twould say,  
*The fiend, the fiend:* he led me to that place.

*Edg.* Bear free and patient thoughts.—But who comes  
here?

*Enter LEAR, fantastically dressed up with Flowers.*

The safer sense will ne'er accommodate  
His master thus.

*Lear.* No, they cannot touch me for coining;  
I am the king himself.

*Edg.* O thou side-piercing sight!

*Lear.* Nature's above art in that respect.—There's  
your press-money. That fellow handles his bow like a  
crow-keeper: draw me a clothier's yard.—Look, look,  
a mouse! Peace, peace;—this piece of toasted cheese  
will do't.—There's my gauntlet; I'll prove it on a giant.  
—Bring up the brown bills.—O, well flown, bird!—  
i'the clout, i'the clout: hewgh!—Give the word.

*Edg.* Sweet marjoram.

*Lear.* Pass.

*Glo.* I know that voice.

*Lear.* Ha! Goneril!—with a white beard!—They flatter'd me like a dog; and told me, I had white hairs in my beard, ere the black ones were there. To say *ay*, and *no*, to every thing I said!—*Ay* and *no* too was no good divinity. When the rain came to wet me once, and the wind to make me chatter; when the thunder would not peace at my bidding; there I found them, there I smelt them out. Go to, they are not men o'their words: they told me I was every thing; 'tis a lie; I am not ague-proof.

*Glo.* The trick of that voice I do well remember:  
Is't not the king?

*Lear.* Ay, every inch a king:

When I do stare, see, how the subject quakes.  
I pardon that man's life: What was thy cause?—

*Adultery.*—

Thou shalt not die: Die for adultery! No:

The wren goes to't, and the small gilded fly

Does lecher in my sight.

Let copulation thrive, for Gloster's bastard son

Was kinder to his father, than my daughters

Got 'tween the lawful sheets.

To't, luxury, pell-mell, for I lack soldiers.—

Behold you' simpering dame,

Whose face between her forks presageth snow;

That minces virtue, and does shake the head

To hear of pleasure's name;

The fitchew, nor the soiled horse, goes to't

With a more riotous appetite.

Down from the waist they are centaurs,

Though women all above:

But to the girdle do the gods inherit,

Beneath is all the fiends'; there's hell, there's darkness,

there is the sulphurous pit, burning, scalding, stench,

consumption;—Fie, fie, fie; pah, pah! Give me an

ounce of civet, good apothecary, to sweeten my ima-

gination: there's money for thee.

*Glo.* O, let me kiss that hand!

*Lear.* Let me wipe it first ; it smells of mortality.

*Glo.* O ruin'd piece of nature ! this great world  
Shall so wear out to nought.—Dost thou know me ?

*Lear.* I remember thine eyes well enough. Dost  
thou squiny at me ? No, do thy worst, blind Cupid ; I'll  
not love.—Read thou this challenge ; mark but the  
penning of it.

*Glo.* Were all the letters suns, I could not see one.

*Edg.* I would not take this from report ;—it is,  
And my heart breaks at it.

*Lear.* Read.

*Glo.* What, with the case of eyes ?

*Lear.* O, ho, are you there with me ? No eyes in your  
head, nor no money in your purse ? Your eyes are in  
a heavy case, your purse in a light : Yet you see how  
this world goes.

*Glo.* I see it feelingly.

*Lear.* What, art mad ? A man may see how this  
world goes with no eyes. Look with thine ears : see how  
you' justice rails upon you' simple thief. Hark, in  
thine ear : Change places ; and handy-dandy, which is  
the justice, which is the thief ?—Thou hast seen a far-  
mer's dog bark at a beggar ?

*Glo.* Ay, sir.

*Lear.* And the creature run from the cur ? There  
thou might'st behold the great image of authority : a  
dog's obey'd in office.—

Thou rascal beadle, hold thy bloody hand :

Why dost thou lash that whore ? Strip thine own back ;

Thou hotly lust'st to use her in that kind

For which thou whipp'st her. The usurer hangs the  
cozener.

Through tatter'd clothes small vices do appear ;

Robes, and furr'd gowns, hide all. Plate sin with gold,

And the strong lance of justice hurtless breaks :

Arm it in rags, a pigmy's straw doth pierce it.

None does offend, none, I say, none ; I'll able 'em :

Take that of me, my friend, who have the power

To seal the accuser's lips. Get thee glass eyes ;

And, like a scurvy politician, seem

To see the things thou dost not.—Now, now, now,  
now :

Pull off my boots :—harder, harder ; so.

*Edg.* O, matter and impertinency mix'd!  
Reason in madness!

*Lear.* If thou wilt weep my fortunes, take my eyes  
I know thee well enough ; thy name is Gloster :  
Thou must be patient ; we came crying hither.  
Thou know'st, the first time that we smell the air,  
We wawl, and cry :—I will preach to thee ; mark me.

*Glo.* Alack, alack the day !

*Lear.* When we are born, we cry, that we are come  
To this great stage of fools ;—This a good block ?—  
It were a delicate stratagem, to shoe  
A troop of horse with felt : I'll put it in proof ;  
And when I have stolen upon these sons-in-law,  
Then, kill, kill, kill, kill, kill, kill.

*Enter a Gentleman, with Attendants.*

*Gent.* O, here he is ; lay hand upon him.—Sir,  
Your most dear daughter—

*Lear.* No rescue ? What, a prisoner ? I am even  
The natural fool of fortune.—Use me well ;  
You shall have ransom. Let me have a surgeon,  
I am cut to the brains.

*Gent.* You shall have any thing.

*Lear.* No seconds ? All myself ?  
Why, this would make a man, a man of salt,  
To use his eyes for garden water-pots,  
Ay, and for laying autumn's dust.

*Gent.* Good sir,—

*Lear.* I will die bravely, like a bridegroom : What ?  
I will be jovial ; come, come ; I am a king,  
My masters, know you that ?

*Gent.* You are a royal one, and we obey you.

*Lear.* Then there's life in it. Nay, an you get it,  
you shall get it by running. Sa, sa, sa, sa.

*[Exit running. Attendants follow.]*

*Gent.* A sight most pitiful in the meanest wretch :  
Past speaking of in a king !—Thou hast one daugh-

Who redeems nature from the general curse  
Which twain have brought her to.

*Edg.* Hail, gentle sir.

*Gent.* Sir, speed you: What's your will?

*Edg.* Do you hear aught, sir, of a battle toward?

*Gent.* Most sure and vulgar: every one hears that,  
Which can distinguish sound.

*Edg.* But, by your favour,  
How near's the other army?

*Gent.* Near, and on speedy foot; the main descry  
Stands on the hourly thought.

*Edg.* I thank you, sir: that's all.

*Gent.* Though that the queen on special cause is here,  
Her army is mov'd on.

*Edg.* I thank you, sir. [*Exit Gent.*]

*Glo.* You ever-gentle gods, take my breath from me;  
Let not my worser spirit tempt me again,  
To die before you please!

*Edg.* Well, pray you, father.

*Glo.* Now, good sir, what are you?

*Edg.* A most poor man, made tame by fortune's blows:  
Who, by the art of known and feeling sorrows,  
Am pregnant to good pity. Give me your hand,  
I'll lead you to some bidding.

*Glo.* Hearty thanks:  
The bounty and the benison of heaven  
To boot, and boot!

*Enter STEWARD.*

*Stew.* A proclaim'd prize! Most happy!  
That eyeless head of thine was first fram'd flesh  
To raise my fortunes.—Thou old unhappy traitor,  
Briefly thyself remember:—The sword is out  
That must destroy thee.

*Glo.* Now let thy friendly hand  
Put strength enough to it. [*Edgar opposes.*]

*Stew.* Wherefore, bold peasant,  
Dar'st thou support a publish'd traitor? Hence;  
Lest that the infection of his fortune take  
Like hold on thee. Let go his arm.

*Edg.* Chill not let go, zir, without vurther 'casion.

*Stew.* Let go, slave, or thou diest.

*Edg.* Good gentleman, go your gait, and let poor volk pass. And ch'ud ha' been zwagger'd out of my life, 'twould not ha' been zo long as 'tis by a vortnight. Nay, come not near the old man; keep out, che vor'ye, or ise try whether your costard or my bat be the harder: Ch'll be plain with you.

*Stew.* Out, dunghill!

*Edg.* Ch'll pick your teeth, zir: Come; no matter vor your foins. [*They fight; and Edg. knocks him down.*]

*Stew.* Slave, thou hast slain me:—Villain, take my purse;

If ever thou wilt thrive, bury my body;  
And give the letters, which thou find'st about me,  
To Edmund earl of Gloster; seek him out  
Upon the British party;—O, untimely death! [*Dies.*]

*Edg.* I know thee well: A serviceable villain;  
As duteous to the vices of thy mistress,  
As badness would desire.

*Glo.* What, is he dead?

*Edg.* Sit you down, father; rest you.—

Let's see his pockets: these letters, that he speaks of,  
May be my friends.—He's dead; I am only sorry  
He had no other death's-man.—Let us see:—  
Leave, gentle wax; and, manners, blame us not:  
To know our enemies' minds, we'd rip their hearts;  
Their papers, is more lawful.

[*Reads*] *Let our reciprocal vows be remembered. You have many opportunities to cut him off: if your will want not, time and place will be fruitfully offered. There is nothing done, if he return the conqueror: Then am I the prisoner, and his bed my gaol; from the loathed warmth whereof deliver me, and supply the place for your labour.*

*Your wife (so I would say), and your affectionate servant,* GONERIL.

O undistinguish'd space of woman's will!—

A plot upon her virtuous husband's life:

And the exchange, my brother!—Here, in the sands



Thee I'll rake up, the post unsanctified  
 Of murderous lechers: and, in the mature time,  
 With this ungracious paper strike the sight  
 Of the death-practis'd duke: For him 'tis well,  
 That of thy death and business I can tell.

[Exit Edgar, dragging out the Body.]

Glo. The king is mad: How stiff is my vile sense,  
 That I stand up, and have ingenious feeling  
 Of my huge sorrows! Better I were distract:  
 So should my thoughts be sever'd from my griefs;  
 And woes, by wrong imaginations, lose  
 The knowledge of themselves.

Re-enter EDGAR.

Edg. Give me your hand:  
 Far off, methinks, I hear the beaten drum.  
 Come, father, I'll bestow you with a friend. [Exeunt.]

SCENE VII. A Tent in the French Camp.

LEAR on a Bed, asleep; Physician, Gentleman, and  
 others, attending; Enter CORDELIA and KENT.

Cor. O thou good Kent, how shall I live, and work,  
 To match thy goodness? My life will be too short,  
 And every measure fail me.

Kent. To be acknowledg'd, madam, is o'erpaid.  
 All my reports go with the modest truth;  
 Nor more, nor clipp'd, but so.

Cor. Be better-suited:  
 These weeds are memories of those worser hours;  
 I pr'ythee, put them off.

Kent. Pardon me, dear madam;  
 Yet to be known, shortens my made intent:  
 My boon I make it, that you know me not,  
 Till time and I think meet.

Cor. Then be it so, my good lord.—How does the  
 king? [To the Physician.]

Phys. Madam, sleeps still.

Cor. O you kind gods,  
 Cure this great breach in his abused nature!

The untun'd and jarring senses, O, wind up  
Of this child-changed father!

*Phys.* So please your majesty,  
That we may wake the king? he hath slept long.

*Cor.* Be govern'd by your knowledge, and proceed  
I'the sway of your own will. Is he array'd?

*Gent.* Ay, madam; in the heaviness of his sleep,  
We put fresh garments on him.

*Phys.* Be by, good madam, when we do awake him;  
I doubt not of his temperance.

*Cor.* Very well.

*Phys.* Please you, draw near.—Louder the music  
there.

*Cor.* O my dear father! Restoration, hang  
Thy medicine on my lips; and let this kiss  
Repair those violent harms, that my two sisters  
Have in thy reverence made!

*Kent.* Kind and dear princess!

*Cor.* Had you not been their father, these white flakes  
Had challeng'd pity of them. Was this a face  
To be expos'd against the warring winds?  
To stand against the deep dread-bolted thunder?  
In the most terrible and nimble stroke  
Of quick, cross lightning? to watch (poor perdu!)  
With this thin helm? Mine enemy's dog,  
Though he had bit me, should have stood that night  
Against my fire; And wast thou fain, poor father,  
'To hovel thee with swine, and rogues forlorn,  
In short and musty straw? Alack, alack!  
'Tis wonder, that thy life and wits at once  
Had not concluded all.—He wakes; speak to him.

*Phys.* Madam, do you; 'tis fittest.

*Cor.* How does my royal lord? How fares your  
majesty?

*Lear.* You do me wrong, to take me out o'the grave:—  
Thou art a soul in bliss; but I am bound  
Upon a wheel of fire, that mine own tears  
Do scald like molten lead.

*Cor.* Sir, do you know me?

*Lear.* You are a spirit, I know; When did you die?

*Cor.* Still, still, far wide!

*Phys.* He's scarce awake; let him alone awhile.

*Lear.* Where have I been?—Where am I?—Fair day-light?—

I am mightily abus'd.—I should even die with pity,  
To see another thus.—I know not what to say.—  
I will not swear, these are my hands:—let's see;  
I feel this pin prick. 'Would I were assur'd  
Of my condition.

*Cor.* O, look upon me, sir,  
And hold your hands in benediction o'er me:—  
No, sir, you must not kneel.

*Lear.* Pray, do not mock me :  
I am a very foolish fond old man,  
Fourscore and upward; and, to deal plainly,  
I fear, I am not in my perfect mind.  
Methinks, I should know you, and know this man :  
Yet I am doubtful : for I am mainly ignorant  
What place this is; and all the skill I have  
Remembers not these garments; nor I know not  
Where I did lodge last night: Do not laugh at me;  
For, as I am a man, I think this lady  
To be my child Cordelia.

*Cor.* And so I am, I am.

*Lear.* Be your tears wet? Yes, 'faith. I pray, weep  
not:

If you have poison for me, I will drink it.  
I know, you do not love me; for your sisters  
Have, as I do remember, done me wrong:  
You have some cause, they have not.

*Cor.* No cause, no cause.

*Lear.* Am I in France?

*Kent.* In your own kingdom, sir.

*Lear.* Do not abuse me.

*Phys.* Be comforted, good madam: the great rage,  
You see, is cur'd in him: and yet it is danger  
To make him even o'er the time he has lost.  
Desire him to go in; trouble him no more,  
Till further settling.

*Cor.* Will't please your highness walk?

*Lear.* You must bear with me :  
Pray now, forget and forgive : I am old, and foolish.

[*Exeunt Lear, Cordelia, Physician, and Attendants.*]

*Gent.* Holds it true, sir,  
That the duke of Cornwall was so slain?

*Kent.* Most certain, sir.

*Gent.* Who is conductor of his people?

*Kent.* As 'tis said,

The bastard son of Gloster.

*Gent.* They say, Edgar,  
His banish'd son, is with the earl of Kent  
In Germany.

*Kent.* Report is changeable.  
'Tis time to look about ; the powers o'the kingdom  
Approach apace.

*Gent.* The arbitrement is like to be a bloody.  
Fare you well, sir. [Exit.]

*Kent.* My point and period will be thoroughly wrought,  
Or well, or ill, as this day's battle's fought. [Exit.]

## ACT V.



### SCENE I.

*The Camp of the British Forces, near DOVER.*

*Enter, with Drums and Colours, EDMUND, REGAN, Officers, Soldiers, and others.*

*Edm.* Know of the duke, if his last purpose hold ;  
Or, whether since he is advis'd by aught  
To change the course: He's full of alteration,  
And self-reproving ;—bring his constant pleasure.

*[To an Officer, who goes out.]*

*Reg.* Our sister's man is certainly miscarried.

*Edm.* 'Tis to be doubted, madam.

*Reg.* Now, sweet lord,  
You know the goodness I intend upon you :  
Tell me,—but truly,—but then speak the truth,  
Do you not love my sister ?

*Edm.* In honour'd love.

*Reg.* But have you never found my brother's way  
To the forefended place ?

*Edm.* That thought abuses you.

*Reg.* I am doubtful that you have been conjunct  
And bosom'd with her, as far as we call hers.

*Edm.* No, by mine honour, madam.

*Reg.* I never shall endure her: Dear, my lord,  
Be not familiar with her.

*Edm.* Fear me not:—  
She, and the duke her husband,——

*Enter ALBANY, GONERIL, and Soldiers.*

*Gon.* I had rather lose the battle, than that sister  
Should loosen him and me. *[Aside.]*

*Alb.* Our very loving sister, well be met.—  
Sir, this I hear,—The king is come to his daughter,  
With others, whom the rigour of our state  
Forc'd to cry out. Where I could not be honest,  
I never yet was valiant: for this business,  
It toucheth us as France invades our land,  
Not bolds the king; with others, whom, I fear,  
Most just and heavy causes make oppose.

*Edm.* Sir, you speak nobly.

*Reg.* Why is this reason'd?

*Gon.* Combine together 'gainst the enemy:  
For these domestic and particular broils  
Are not to question here.

*Alb.* Let us then determine  
With the ancient of war on our proceedings.

*Edm.* I shall attend you presently at your tent.

*Reg.* Sister, you'll go with us?

*Gon.* No.

*Reg.* 'Tis most convenient; pray you, go with us.

*Gon.* O, ho, I know the riddle: *[Aside]* I will go.

*As they are going out, enter EDGAR, disguised.*

*Edg.* If e'er your grace had speech with man so poor,  
Hear me one word.

*Alb.* I'll overtake you.—Speak.

*[Exeunt Edmund, Regan, Goneril, Officers,  
Soldiers, and Attendants.]*

*Edg.* Before you fight the battle, ope this letter.  
If you have victory, let the trumpet sound

For him that brought it: wretched though I seem,  
 I can produce a champion, that will prove  
 What is avouched there: If you miscarry,  
 Your business of the world hath so an end,  
 And machination ceases. Fortune love you!

*Alb.* Stay till I have read the letter.

*Edg.*

I was forbid it.

When time shall serve, let but the herald cry,  
 And I'll appear again.

[*Exit.*

*Alb.* Why, fare thee well; I will o'erlook thy paper.

*Re-enter EDMUND.*

*Edm.* The enemy's in view, draw up your powers.  
 Here is the guess of their true strength and forces  
 By diligent discovery;—but your haste  
 Is now urg'd on you.

*Alb.*

We will greet the time. [*Exit.*

*Edm.* To both these sisters have I sworn my love;  
 Each jealous of the other, as the stung  
 Are of the adder. Which of them shall I take?  
 Both? one? or neither? Neither can be enjoy'd  
 If both remain alive: 'To take the widow,  
 Exasperates, makes mad her sister Goneril;  
 And hardly shall I carry out my side,  
 Her husband being alive. Now then, we'll use  
 His countenance for the battle; which being done,  
 Let her, who would be rid of him, devise  
 His speedy taking off. As for the mercy  
 Which he intends to Lear, and to Cordelia,—  
 The battle done, and they within our power,  
 Shall never see his pardon: for my state  
 Stands on me to defend, not to debate.

[*Exit.*

SCENE II. *A Field between the two Camps.*

*Alarum within. Enter, with Drum and Colours, LEAR,  
 CORDELIA, and their Forces; and Execunt.*

*Enter EDGAR and GLOSTER.*

*Edg.* Here, father, take the shadow of this tree  
 For your good host; pray that the right may thrive;

If ever I return to you again,  
I'll bring you comfort.

*Glo.*

Grace go with you, sir!

[*Exit Edgar.*]

*Alarums; afterwards a Retreat. Re-enter EDGAR.*

*Edg.* Away, old man, give me thy hand, away;  
King Lear hath lost, he and his daughter ta'en:  
Give me thy hand, come on.

*Glo.* No further, sir; a man may rot even here.

*Edg.* What, in ill thoughts again? Men must endure  
Their going hence, even as their coming hither:  
Ripeness is all: Come on.

*Glo.*

And that's true too.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The British Camp near DOVER.*

*Enter, in Conquest, with Drum and Colours, EDMUND;  
LEAR and CORDELIA, as Prisoners; Officers, Sol-  
diers, &c.*

*Edm.* Some officers take them away: good guard;  
Until their greater pleasures first be known  
That are to censure them.

*Cor.*

We are not the first,  
Who, with best meaning, have incurr'd the worst.  
For thee, oppressed king, am I cast down;  
Myself could else out-frown false fortune's frown.—  
Shall we not see these daughters, and these sisters?

*Lear.* No, no, no, no! Come, let's away to prison:  
We two alone will sing like birds i'the cage:  
When thou dost ask me blessing, I'll kneel down,  
And ask of thee forgiveness: So we'll live,  
And pray, and sing, and tell old tales, and laugh  
At gilded butterflies, and hear poor rogues  
Talk of court news; and we'll talk with them too,—  
Who loses, and who wins; who's in, who's out;—  
And take upon us the mystery of things,  
As if we were God's spies: And we'll wear out,  
In a wall'd prison, packs and sects of great ones,  
That ebb and flow by the moon.



*Edm.* Take them away.

*Lear.* Upon such sacrifices, my Cordelia,  
The gods themselves throw incense. Have I caught  
thee?

He, that parts us, shall bring a brand from heaven,  
And fire us hence, like foxes. Wipe thine eyes;  
The goujeers shall devour them, flesh and fell,  
Ere they shall make us weep: We'll see them starve first.  
Come. [*Exeunt Lear and Cordelia, guarded.*]

*Edm.* Come hither, captain; hark.  
Take thou this note; [*Giving a Paper*] go, follow them  
to prison:

One step I have advanc'd thee; if thou dost  
As this instructs thee, thou dost make thy way  
To noble fortunes: Know thou this,—that men  
Are as the time is: to be tender-minded  
Does not become a sword:—Thy great employment  
Will not bear question; either say, thou'lt do't,  
Or thrive by other means.

*Off.* I'll do't, my lord.

*Edm.* About it; and write happy, when thou hast done.  
Mark,—I say, instantly; and carry it so,  
As I have set it down.

*Off.* I cannot draw a cart, nor eat dried oats;  
If it be man's work, I will do it. [*Exit Officer.*]

*Flourish.* Enter ALBANY, GONERIL, REGAN,  
*Officers, and Attendants.*

*Alb.* Sir, you have shown to-day your valiant strain,  
And fortune led you well: You have the captives  
Who were the opposites of this day's strife:  
We do require them of you; so to use them,  
As we shall find their merits and our safety  
May equally determine.

*Edm.* Sir, I thought it fit  
To send the old and miserable king  
To some retention, and appointed guard;  
Whose age has charms in it, whose title more,  
To pluck the common bosom on his side,  
And turn our impress'd lances in our eyes  
Which do command them. With him I sent the queen;

My reason all the same; and they are ready  
To-morrow, or at further space, to appear  
Where you shall hold your session. At this time,  
We sweat, and bleed: the friend hath lost his friend;  
And the best quarrels, in the heat, are curs'd  
By those that feel their sharpness:—  
The question of Cordelia, and her father,  
Requires a fitter place.

*Alb.* Sir, by your patience,  
I hold you but a subject of this war,  
Not as a brother.

*Reg.* That's as we list to grace him.  
Methinks, our pleasure might have been demanded,  
Ere you had spoke so far. He led our powers;  
Bore the commission of my place and person;  
The which immediacy may well stand up,  
And call itself your brother.

*Gon.* Not so hot:  
In his own grace he doth exalt himself,  
More than in your advancement.

*Reg.* In my rights,  
By me invested, he compeers the best.

*Gon.* That were the most, if he should husband you.

*Reg.* Jesters do oft prove prophets.

*Gon.* Holla, holla!  
That eye, that told you so, look'd but a-squint.

*Reg.* Lady, I am not well; else I should answer  
From a full-flowing stomach.—General,  
Take thou my soldiers, prisoners, patrimony;  
Dispose of them, of me; the walls are thine:  
Witness the world, that I create thee here  
My lord and master.

*Gon.* Mean you to enjoy him?

*Alb.* The let-alone lies not in your good will.

*Edm.* Nor in thine, lord.

*Alb.* Half-blooded fellow, yes.

*Reg.* Let the drum strike, and prove my title thine.  
[To Edmund.]

*Alb.* Stay yet; hear reason:—Edmund, I arrest thee  
On capital treason; and, in thy arrest,

This gilded serpent: [*Pointing to Gon.*—for your claim,  
fair sister,

I bar it in the interest of my wife;  
'Tis she is sub-contracted to this lord,  
And I, her husband, contradict your banns.  
If you will marry, make your love to me,  
My lady is bespoke.

*Gon.* An interlude!

*Alb.* Thou art arm'd, Gloster:—Let the trumpet  
If none appear to prove upon thy person, [sound:  
Thy heinous, manifest, and many treasons,  
There is my pledge; [*Throwing down a Glove*] I'll  
prove it on thy heart,  
Ere I taste bread, thou art in nothing less  
Than I have here proclaim'd thee.

*Reg.* Sick, O, sick!

*Gon.* If not, I'll ne'er trust poison. [*Aside.*

*Edm.* There's my exchange: [*Throwing down a Glove*]  
what in the world he is

That names me traitor, villain-like he lies:  
Call by thy trumpet: he that dares approach,  
On him, on you, (who not?) I will maintain  
My truth and honour firmly.

*Alb.* A herald, ho!

*Edm.* A herald, ho, a herald!

*Alb.* Trust to thy single virtue; for thy soldiers,  
All levied in my name, have in my name  
Took their discharge.

*Reg.* This sickness grows upon me.

*Enter a Herald.*

*Alb.* She is not well; convey her to my tent.

[*Exit Regan, led.*

Come hither, herald,—Let the trumpet sound,—  
And read out this.

*Off.* Sound, trumpet. [*A Trumpet sounds.*

*Herald reads.*

If any man of quality, or degree, within the lists of  
the army, will maintain upon Edmund, supposed Earl

*of Gloster, that he is a manifold traitor, let him appear at the third sound of the trumpet: He is bold in his defence.*

*Edm. Sound.*

[1 Trumpet.

*Her. Again.*

[2 Trumpet.

*Her. Again.*

[3 Trumpet.

[Trumpet answers within.

*Enter EDGAR, armed, preceded by a Trumpet.*

*Alb. Ask him his purposes, why he appears  
Upon this call o'the trumpet.*

*Her.*

*What are you?*

*Your name, your quality? and why you answer  
This present summons?*

*Edg.*

*Know, my name is lost;*

*By treason's tooth bare-gnawn, and canker-bit:*

*Yet am I noble, as the adversary*

*I come to cope withal.*

*Alb.*

*Which is that adversary?*

*Edg. What's he, that speaks for Edmund earl of  
Gloster?*

*Edm. Himself;—What say'st thou to him?*

*Edg.*

*Draw thy sword;*

*That, if my speech offend a noble heart,*

*Thy arm may do thee justice: here is mine.*

*Behold, it is the privilege of mine honours,*

*My oath, and my profession: I protest,—*

*Maugre thy strength, youth, place, and eminence,*

*Despite thy victor sword, and fire-new fortune,*

*Thy valour, and thy heart,—thou art a traitor:*

*False to thy gods, thy brother, and thy father;*

*Conspirant 'gainst this high illustrious prince;*

*And, from the extremest upward of thy head,*

*To the descent and dust beneath thy feet,*

*A most toad-spotted traitor. Say thou, No,*

*This sword, this arm, and my best spirits, are bent*

*To prove upon thy heart, whereto I speak,*

*Thou liest.*

*Edm.*

*In wisdom, I should ask thy name;*

*But, since thy outside looks so fair and warlike,*

And that thy tongue some 'say of breeding breathes,  
 What safe and nicely I might well delay  
 By rule of knighthood, I disdain and spurn :  
 Back do I toss these treasons to thy head ;  
 With the hell-hated lie o'erwhelm thy heart ;  
 Which (for they yet glance by, and scarcely bruise),  
 This sword of mine shall give them instant way,  
 Where they shall rest for ever.—Trumpets, speak.

[*Alarums. They fight. Edmund falls.*]

*Alb.* O save him, save him!

*Gon.* This is mere practice, Gloster :

By the law of arms, thou wast not bound to answer  
 An unknown opposite ; thou art not vanquish'd,  
 But cozen'd and beguil'd.

*Alb.* Shut your mouth, dame,  
 Or with this paper shall I stop it:—Hold, sir:—  
 Thou worse than any name, read thine own evil:—  
 No tearing, lady ; I perceive, you know it.

[*Gives the Letter to Edmund.*]

*Gon.* Say, if I do ; the laws are mine, not thine :  
 Who shall arraign me for't ?

*Alb.*

Most monstrous!

Know'st thou this paper?

*Gon.*

Ask me not what I know.

[*Exit Goneril.*]

*Alb.* Go after her : she's desperate ; govern her.

[*To an Officer, who goes out.*]

*Edm.* What you have charg'd me with, that have I done ;  
 And more, much more : the time will bring it out ;  
 'Tis past, and so am I : But what art thou,  
 That hast this fortune on me ? If thou art noble,  
 I do forgive thee.

*Edg.*

Let's exchange charity.

I am no less in blood than thou art, Edmund ;  
 If more, the more thou hast wrong'd me.  
 My name is Edgar, and thy father's son.  
 The gods are just, and of our pleasant vices  
 Make instruments to scourge us :  
 The dark and vicious place where thee he got,  
 Cost him his eyes.

*Edm.* Thou hast spoken right, 'tis true;  
The wheel is come full circle; I am here.

*Alb.* Methought, thy very gait did prophesy  
A royal nobleness:—I must embrace thee;  
Let sorrow split my heart, if ever I  
Did hate thee, or thy father!

*Edg.* Worthy prince,  
I know it well.

*Alb.* Where have you hid yourself?  
How have you known the miseries of your father?

*Edg.* By nursing them, my lord.—List a brief tale;—  
And, when 'tis told, O, that my heart would burst!—  
The bloody proclamation to escape,  
That follow'd me so near, (O our lives' sweetness!  
'That with the pain of death we'd hourly die,  
Rather than die at once!) taught me to shift  
Into a madman's rags; to assume a semblance  
'That very dogs disdain'd: and in this habit  
Met I my father with his bleeding rings,  
Their precious stones new lost; became his guide,  
Led him, begg'd for him, sav'd him from despair;  
Never (O fault!) reveal'd myself unto him,  
Until some half-hour past, when I was arm'd,  
Not sure, though hoping, of this good success,  
I ask'd his blessing, and from first to last  
Told him my pilgrimage: But his flaw'd heart,  
(Alack, too weak the conflict to support!)  
'Twixt two extremes of passion, joy and grief,  
Burst smilingly.

*Edm.* This speech of yours hath mov'd me,  
And shall, perchance, do good: but speak you on;  
You look as you had something more to say.

*Alb.* If there be more, more woful, hold it in;  
For I am almost ready to dissolve,  
Hearing of this.

*Edg.* This would have seem'd a period  
To such as love not sorrow; but another,  
To amplify too much, would make much more,  
And top extremity.  
Whilst I was big in clamour, came there a man,

Who having seen me in my worst estate,  
 Shunn'd my abhorr'd society; but then, finding  
 Who 'twas that so endur'd, with his strong arms  
 He fasten'd on my neck, and bellow'd out  
 As he'd burst heaven; threw him on my father:  
 Told the most piteous tale of Lear and him,  
 That ever ear receiv'd: which in recounting,  
 His grief grew puissant, and the strings of life  
 Began to crack: 'Twice then the trumpet sounded,  
 And there I left him tranc'd.

*Alb.* But who was this?

*Edg.* Kent, sir, the banish'd Kent; who in disguise  
 Follow'd his enemy king, and did him service  
 Improper for a slave.

*Enter a Gentleman hastily, with a bloody Knife.*

*Gent.* Help! help! O help!

*Edg.*

What kind of help?

*Alb.*

Speak, man.

*Edg.* What mean's that bloody knife?

*Gent.*

'Tis hot, it smokes;

It came even from the heart of—

*Alb.*

Who, man? speak.

*Gent.* Your lady, sir, your lady: and her sister  
 By her is poison'd; she confesses it.

*Edm.* I was contracted to them both; all three  
 Now marry in an instant.

*Alb.* Produce their bodies, be they alive or dead!—  
 This judgment of the heavens, that makes us tremble;  
 Touches us not with pity. [*Exit Gentleman.*]

*Enter KENT.*

*Edg.*

Here comes Kent, sir.

*Alb.* O! it is he.

The time will not allow the compliment,  
 Which very manners urges.

*Kent.*

I am come

To bid my king and master aye good night;  
 Is he not here?

*Alb.*

Great thing of us forgot!—

Speak, Edmund, where's the king? and where's Cordelia?  
See'st thou this object, Kent? [Edgar?—

[*The Bodies of Goneril and Regan are brought in.*

Kent. Alack, why thus?

Edm. Yet Edmund was belov'd:

The one the other poison'd for my sake,  
And after slew herself.

Alb. Even so.—Cover their faces.

Edm. I pant for life:—Some good I mean to do,  
Despite of mine own nature. Quickly send,—  
Be brief in it,—to the castle; for my writ  
Is on the life of Lear, and on Cordelia:—  
Nay, send in time.

Alb. Run, run, O, run—

Edg. To who, my lord?—Who has the office? send  
Thy token of reprieve.

Edm. Well thought on; take my sword,  
Give it the captain.

Alb. Haste thee, for thy life. [Exit Edgar.

Edm. He hath commission from thy wife and me  
To hang Cordelia in the prison, and  
To lay the blame upon her own despair,  
That she fordid herself.

Alb. The gods defend her! Bear him hence awhile.  
[Edmund is borne off.]

*Enter LEAR, with CORDELIA dead in his Arms;  
EDGAR, Officer, and others.*

Lear. Howl, howl, howl, howl!—O, you are men of  
Had I your tongues and eyes, I'd use them so [stones;  
That heaven's vault should crack:—O, she is gone for  
ever!—

I know when one is dead, and when one lives;  
She's dead as earth:—Lend me a looking-glass;  
If that her breath will mist or stain the stone,  
Why, then she lives.

Kent. Is this the promis'd end?

Edg. Or image of that horror?

Alb. Fall, and cease!

Lear. This feather stirs; she lives! if it be so.



It is a chance that does redeem all sorrows  
That ever I have felt.

*Kent.* O my good master! [*Kneeling.*]

*Lear.* Pr'ythee, away.

*Edg.* 'Tis noble Kent, your friend.

*Lear.* A plague upon you, murderers, traitors all!  
I might have sav'd her; now she's gone for ever!—  
Cordelia, Cordelia, stay a little, Ha!  
What is't thou say'st?—Her voice was ever soft,  
Gentle, and low; an excellent thing in woman:—  
I kill'd the slave that was a hanging thee.

*Off.* 'Tis true, my lords, he did.

*Lear.* Did I not, fellow?

I have seen the day, with my good biting faulchion  
I would have made them skip: I am old now,  
And these same crosses spoil me.—Who are you?  
Mine eyes are none o'the best:—I'll tell you straight.

*Kent.* If fortune brag of two she lov'd and hated,  
One of them we behold.

*Lear.* This is a dull sight: Are you not Kent?

*Kent.* The same;

Your servant Kent: Where is your servant Caius?

*Lear.* He's a good fellow, I can tell you that;  
He'll strike, and quickly too:—He's dead and rotten.

*Kent.* No, my good lord; I am the very man;—

*Lear.* I'll see that straight.

*Kent.* That, from your first of difference and decay,  
Have follow'd your sad steps.

*Lear.* You are welcome hither.

*Kent.* Nor no man else; all's cheerless, dark, and  
deadly.—

Your eldest daughters have foredoom'd themselves,  
And desperately are dead.

*Lear.* Ay, so I think.

*Alb.* He knows not what he says; and vain it is  
That we present us to him.

*Edg.* Very bootless.

*Enter an Officer.*

*Off.* Edmund is dead, my lord.

*Alb.* That's but a trifle here.—  
You lords, and noble friends, know our intent.  
What comfort to this great decay may come,  
Shall be applied: For us, we will resign,  
During the life of this old majesty,  
To him our absolute power:—You, to your rights;  
[To Edgar and Kent.

With boot, and such addition as your honours  
Have more than merited.—All friends shall taste  
The wages of their virtue, and all foes  
The cup of their deservings.—O, see, see!

*Lear.* And my poor fool is hang'd! No, no, no life:  
Why should a dog, a horse, a rat, have life,  
And thou no breath at all? O, thou wilt come no more,  
Never, never, never, never, never!—  
Pray you, undo this button: Thank you, sir.—  
Do you see this? Look on her,—look,—her lips,—  
Look there, look there!— [He dies.

*Edg.* He faints!—My lord, my lord,—

*Kent.* Break, heart; I pr'ythee, break!

*Edg.* Look up, my lord.

*Kent.* Vex not his ghost:—O, let him pass! he hates  
him,

That would upon the rack of this tough world  
Stretch him out longer.

*Edg.* O, he is gone, indeed.

*Kent.* The wonder is, he hath endur'd so long:  
He but usurp'd his life.

*Alb.* Bear them from hence.—Our present business  
Is general woe. Friends of my soul, you twain  
[To Kent and Edgar.

Rule in this realm, and the gor'd state sustain.

*Kent.* I have a journey, sir, shortly to go;  
My master calls, and I must not say, no.

*Alb.* The weight of this sad time we must obey;  
Speak what we feel, not what we ought to say.  
The oldest hath borne most: we, that are young,  
Shall never see so much, nor live so long.

[Exeunt, with a dead March.

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The tragedy of Lear is deservedly celebrated among the dramas of Shakspeare. There is perhaps no play which keeps the attention so strongly fixed; which so much agitates our passions, and interests our curiosity. The artful involutions of distinct interests, the striking oppositions of contrary characters, the sudden changes of fortune, and the quick succession of events, fill the mind with a perpetual tumult of indignation, pity, and hope. There is no scene which does not contribute to the aggravation of the distress or conduct to the action, and scarce a line which does not conduce to the progress of the scene. So powerful is the current of the poet's imagination, that the mind, which once ventures within it, is hurried irresistibly along.

On the seeming improbability of Lear's conduct, it may be observed, that he is represented according to histories at that time vulgarly received as true. And, perhaps, if we turn our thoughts upon the barbarity and ignorance of the age to which this story is referred, it will appear not so unlikely as while we estimate Lear's manners by our own. Such preference of one daughter to another, or resignation of dominion on such conditions, would be yet credible, if told of a petty prince of Guinea or Madagascar. Shakspeare, indeed, by the mention of his earls and dukes, has given us the idea of times more civilized, and of life regulated by softer manners; and the truth is, that though he so nicely discriminates, and so minutely describes the characters of men, he commonly neglects and confounds the characters of ages, by mingling customs ancient and modern, English and foreign.

My learned friend Mr. Warton, who has in *The Adventurer* very minutely criticised this play, remarks, that the instances of cruelty are too savage and shocking, and that the intervention of Edmund destroys the simplicity of the story. These objections may, I think, be answered by repeating, that the cruelty of the

daughters is an historical fact, to which the poet has added little, having only drawn it into a series by dialogue and action. But I am not able to apologize with equal plausibility for the extrusion of Gloster's eyes, which seems an act too horrid to be endured in dramatic exhibition, and such as must always compel the mind to relieve its distress by incredulity. Yet let it be remembered that our author well knew what would please the audience for which he wrote.

The injury done by Edmund to the simplicity of the action is abundantly recompensed by the addition of variety, by the art with which he is made to co-operate with the chief design, and the opportunity which he gives the poet of combining perfidy with perfidy, and connecting the wicked son with the wicked daughters, to impress this important moral, that villany is never at a stop, that crimes lead to crimes, and at last terminate in ruin.

But though this moral be incidentally enforced, Shakspeare has suffered the virtue of Cordelia to perish in a just cause, contrary to the natural ideas of justice, to the hope of the reader, and what is yet more strange, to the faith of chronicles. Yet this conduct is justified by *The Spectator*, who blames Tate for giving Cordelia success and happiness in his alteration, and declares, that in his opinion, *the tragedy has lost half its beauty*. Dennis has remarked, whether justly or not, that, to secure the favourable reception of *Cato*, *the town was poisoned with much false and abominable criticism*, and that endeavours had been used to discredit and decry poetical justice. A play in which the wicked prosper, and the virtuous miscarry, may doubtless be good, because it is a just representation of the common events of human life: but since all reasonable beings naturally love justice, I cannot easily be persuaded, that the observation of justice makes a play worse; or that, if other excellencies are equal, the audience will not always rise better pleased from the final triumph of persecuted virtue.

In the present case the public has decided. Cordelia.

from the time of Tate, has always retired with victory and felicity. And, if my sensations could add any thing to the general suffrage, I might relate, I was many years ago so shocked by Cordelia's death, that I know not whether I ever endured to read again the last scenes of the play, till I undertook to revise them as an editor.

There is another controversy among the critics concerning this play. It is disputed whether the predominant image in Lear's disordered mind be the loss of his kingdom or the cruelty of his daughters. Mr. Murphy, a very judicious critic, has evinced by induction of particular passages, that the cruelty of his daughters is the primary source of his distress, and that the loss of royalty affects him only as a secondary and subordinate evil. He observes, with great justness, that Lear would move our compassion but little, did we not rather consider the injured father than the degraded king.

The story of this play, except the episode of Edmund, which is derived, I think, from Sidney, is taken originally from Geoffry of Monmouth, whom Holinshed generally copied; but perhaps immediately from an old historical ballad. My reason for believing that the play was posterior to the ballad, rather than the ballad to the play, is, that the ballad has nothing of Shakspeare's nocturnal tempest, which is too striking to have been omitted, and that it follows the chronicle; it has the rudiments of the play, but none of its amplifications: it first hinted Lear's madness, but did not array it in circumstances. The writer of the ballad added something to the history, which is a proof that he would have added more, if more had occurred to his mind; and more must have occurred if he had seen Shakspeare.

JOHNSON.

# ROMEO AND JULIET.



From the Chiswick Press.

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1813.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Escalus, *Prince of Verona.*

Paris, *a young Nobleman, Kinsman to the Prince.*

Montague, } *Heads of two Houses, at Variance with each other.*  
Capulet, }

*An Old Man, Uncle to Capulet.*

Romeo, *Son to Montague.*

Mercutio, *Kinsman to the Prince, and Friend to Romeo.*

Benvolio, *Nephew to Montague, and Friend to Romeo.*

Tybalt, *Nephew to Lady Capulet.*

Friar Lawrence, *a Franciscan.*

Friar John, *of the same Order.*

Balthazar, *Servant to Romeo.*

Sampson, } *Servants to Capulet.*  
Gregory, }

Abram, *Servant to Montague.*

*An Apothecary.*

*Three Musicians.*

Chorus. *Boy; Page to Paris; Peter; an Officer.*

Lady Montague, *Wife to Montague.*

Lady Capulet, *Wife to Capulet.*

Juliet, *Daughter to Capulet.*

*Nurse to Juliet.*

*Citizens of Verona; several Men and Women, Relations to both Houses; Maskers, Guards, Watchmen, and Attendants.*

SCENE, *during the greater Part of the Play, in Verona: once in the fifth Act, at Mantua.*

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## PROLOGUE.

Two households, both alike in dignity,  
In fair Verona, where we lay our scene,  
From ancient grudge break to new mutiny,  
Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean.  
From forth the fatal loins of these two foes  
A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life;  
Whose misadventur'd piteous overthrows  
Do, with their death, bury their parents' strife.  
The fearful passage of their death-mark'd love,  
And the continuance of their parents' rage,  
Which, but their children's end, nought could remove,  
Is now the two hours' traffic of our stage;  
The which if you with patient ears attend,  
What here shall miss, our toil shall strive to mend.

## ACT I.



### SCENE I. *A public Place.*

*Enter SAMPSON and GREGORY, armed with Swords and Bucklers.*

*Sam.* **G**REGORY, o'my word, we'll not carry coals.

*Gre.* No, for then we should be colliers.

*Sam.* I mean, an we be in choler, we'll draw.

*Gre.* Ay, while you live, draw your neck out of the collar.

*Sam.* I strike quickly, being moved.

*Gre.* But thou art not quickly moved to strike.

*Sam.* A dog of the house of Montague moves me.

*Gre.* To move, is—to stir; and to be valiant, is—to stand to it: therefore, if thou art mov'd, thou runn'st away.

*Sam.* A dog of that house shall move me to stand: I will take the wall of any man or maid of Montague's.

*Gre.* That shows thee a weak slave; for the weakest goes to the wall.

*Sam.* True; and therefore women, being the weaker vessels, are ever thrust to the wall:—therefore I will push Montague's men from the wall, and thrust his maids to the wall.

*Gre.* The quarrel is between our masters, and their men.



*Sam.* 'Tis all one, I will show myself a tyrant ; when I have fought with the men, I will be cruel with the maids ; I will cut off their heads.

*Gre.* The heads of the maids ?

*Sam.* Ay, the heads of the maids, or their maiden-heads ; take it in what sense thou wilt.

*Gre.* They must take it in sense, that feel it.

*Sam.* Me they shall feel, while I am able to stand : and, 'tis known, I am a pretty piece of flesh.

*Gre.* 'Tis well, thou art not fish ; if thou hadst, thou hadst been poor John. Draw thy tool ; here comes two of the house of the Montagues.

*Enter ABRAM and BALTHAZAR.*

*Sam.* My naked weapon is out ; quarrel, I will back thee.

*Gre.* How ? turn thy back, and run ?

*Sam.* Fear me not.

*Gre.* No, marry : I fear thee !

*Sam.* Let us take the law of our sides ; let them begin.

*Gre.* I will frown, as I pass by ; and let them take it as they list.

*Sam.* Nay, as they dare. I will bite my thumb at them ; which is a disgrace to them, if they bear it.

*Abr.* Do you bite your thumb at us, sir ?

*Sam.* I do bite my thumb, sir.

*Abr.* Do you bite your thumb at us, sir ?

*Sam.* Is the law on our side, if I say—ay ?

*Gre.* No.

*Sam.* No, sir, I do not bite my thumb at you, sir ; but I bite my thumb, sir.

*Gre.* Do you quarrel, sir ?

*Abr.* Quarrel, sir ? no, sir.

*Sam.* If you do, sir, I am for you ; I serve as good a man as you.

*Abr.* No better.

*Sam.* Well, sir.

*Enter BENVOLIO, at a distance.*

*Gre.* Say—better ; here comes one of my master's kinsmen.

*Sam.* Yes, better, sir.

. You lie.

*Sam.* Draw, if you be men.—Gregory, remember thy swashing blow. [*They fight.*]

*Ben.* Part, fools; put up your swords; you know not what you do. [*Beats down their Swords.*]

*Enter TYBALT.*

*Tyb.* What, art thou drawn among these heartless Turn thee, Benvolio, look upon thy death. [*Hinds?*]

*Ben.* I do but keep the peace; put up thy sword, Or manage it to part these men with me.

*Tyb.* What, drawn, and talk of peace? I hate the word, As I hate hell, all Montagues, and thee: Have at thee, coward. [*They fight.*]

*Enter several Partizans of both Houses, who join the Fray; then enter Citizens, with Clubs.*

*1 Cit.* Clubs, bills, and partizans! strike! beat them down!

Down with the Capulets! down with the Montagues!

*Enter CAPULET, in his Gown; and LADY CAPULET.*

*Cap.* What noise is this?—Give me my longsword, ho!

*Lady C.* A crutch, a crutch!—Why call you for a sword?

*Cap.* My sword, I say!—Old Montague is come, And flourishes his blade in spite of me.

*Enter MONTAGUE and LADY MONTAGUE.*

*Mon.* Thou villain, Capulet,—Hold me not, let me go.

*Lady M.* Thou shalt not stir one foot to seek a foe.

*Enter PRINCE, with Attendants.*

*Prince.* Rebellious subjects, enemies to peace,  
Profaners of this neighbour-stained steel,—  
Will they not hear?—What ho! you men, you beasts,—  
That quench the fire of your pernicious rage  
With purple fountains issuing from your veins,  
On pain of torture, from those bloody hands  
Throw your mistemper'd weapons to the ground,  
And hear the sentence of your moved prince.—  
Three civil brawls, bred of an airy word,  
By thee, old Capulet, and Montague,  
Have thrice disturb'd the quiet of our streets;

And made Verona's ancient citizens  
Cast by their grave beseeching ornaments,  
To wield old partizans, in hands as old,  
Canker'd with peace, to part your canker'd hate :  
If ever you disturb our streets again,  
Your lives shall pay the forfeit of the peace.  
For this time, all the rest depart away :  
You, Capulet, shall go along with me ;  
And, Montague, come you this afternoon,  
To know our further pleasure in this case,  
To old Free-town, our common judgment-place.  
Once more, on pain of death, all men depart.

*[Exeunt Prince and Attendants ; Capulet, Lady  
Capulet, Tybalt, Citizens, and Servants.]*

*Mon.* Who set this ancient quarrel new abroad ?  
Speak, nephew, were you by, when it began ?

*Ben.* Here were the servants of your adversary,  
And yours, close fighting ere I did approach :  
I drew to part them ; in the instant came  
The fiery Tybalt, with his sword prepar'd ;  
Which, as he breath'd defiance to my ears,  
He swung about his head, and cut the winds,  
Who, nothing hurt withal, hiss'd him in scorn :  
While we were interchanging thrusts and blows,  
Came more and more, and fought on part and part,  
Till the prince came, who parted either part.

*Lady M.* O, where is Romeo ?—saw you him to-day ?  
Right glad I am, he was not at this fray.

*Ben.* Madam, an hour before the worshipp'd sun  
Peer'd forth the golden window of the east,  
A troubled mind drave me to walk abroad ;  
Where,—underneath the grove of sycamore,  
That westward rooteth from the city's side,—  
So early walking did I see your son :  
Towards him I made ; but he was 'ware of me,  
And stole into the covert of the wood :  
I, measuring his affections by my own,—  
That most are busied when they are most alone,—  
Pursu'd my humour, not pursuing his,  
And gladly shunn'd who gladly fled from me.

*Mon.* Many a morning hath he there been seen,

With tears augmenting the fresh morning's dew,  
Adding to clouds more clouds with his deep sighs :  
But all so soon as the all-cheering sun  
Should in the furthest east begin to draw  
The shady curtains from Aurora's bed,  
Away from light steals home my heavy son,  
And private in his chamber pens himself ;  
Shuts up his windows, locks fair daylight out,  
And makes himself an artificial night :  
Black and portentous must this humour prove,  
Unless good counsel may the cause remove.

*Ben.* My noble uncle, do you know the cause?

**Mon.** I neither know it, nor can learn of him.

**Ben.** Have you importun'd him by any means?

**Mon.** Both by myself, and many other friends:

But he, his own affections' counsellor,  
Is to himself—I will not say, how true—  
But to himself so secret and so close,  
So far from sounding and discovery,  
As is the bud bit with an envious worm,  
Ere he can spread his sweet leaves to the air,  
Or dedicate his beauty to the sun.  
Could we but learn from whence his sorrows grow,  
We would as willingly give cure, as know.

*Enter ROMEO, at a distance.*

*Ben.* See, where he comes: So please you, step aside;  
I'll know his grievance, or be much denied.

*Mon.* I would, thou wert so happy by thy stay,  
To hear true shrift,—Come, madam, let's away.

[*Exeunt Montague and Lady.*]

*Ben.* Good morrow, cousin.

*Rom.* Is the day so young?

*Ben.* But new struck nine.

*Rom.* Ah me! sad hours seem long.

**Was that my father that went hence so fast?**

*Ben.* It was :—What sadness lengthens Romeo's hours?

*Rom.* Not having that, which having, makes them

*Ben.* In love? [short.

**Rom Out—**

*Ben.* Of love?

*Rom.* Out of her favour, where I am in love.

*Ben.* Alas, that love, so gentle in his view,  
Should be so tyrannous and rough in proof!

*Rom.* Alas, that love, whose view is muffled still,  
Should, without eyes, see pathways to his will!  
Where shall we dine?—O me!—What fray was here?  
Yet tell me not, for I have heard it all.

Here's much to do with hate, but more with love:—  
Why then, O brawling love! O loving hate!

O any thing, of nothing first create!

O heavy lightness! serious vanity!

Mis-shapen chaos of well-seeming forms!

Feather of lead, bright smoke, cold fire, sick health;

Still-waking sleep, that is not what it is!—

This love feel I, that feel no love in this.

Dost thou not laugh?

*Ben.* No, coz, I rather weep.

*Rom.* Good heart, at what?

*Ben.* At thy good heart's oppression.

*Rom.* Why, such is love's transgression.—

Griefs of mine own lie heavy in my breast;

Which thou wilt propagate, to have it prest

With more of thine: this love, that thou hast shown,

Doth add more grief to too much of mine own.

Love is a smoke rais'd with the fume of sighs;

Being purg'd, a fire sparkling in lovers' eyes;

Being vex'd a sea nourish'd with lovers' tears:

What is it else? a madness most discreet,

A choking gall, and a preserving sweet.

Farewell, my coz.

[Going.]

*Ben.* Soft, I will go along;

And if you leave me so, you do me wrong.

*Rom.* Tut, I have lost myself; I am not here;

This is not Romeo, he's some other where.

*Ben.* Tell me in sadness, who she is you love.

*Rom.* What, shall I groan, and tell thee?

*Ben.* Groan? why, no;

But sadly tell me, who.

*Rom.* Bid a sick man in sadness make his will:—

Ah, word ill urg'd to one that is so ill!—

In sadness, cousin, I do love a woman.

*Ben.* I aim'd so near, when I suppos'd you lov'd.

*Rom.* A right good marksman!—And she's fair I love.

*Ben.* A right fair mark, fair coz, is soonest hit.

*Rom.* Well, in that hit, you miss: she'll not be hit  
With Cupid's arrow, she hath Dian's wit;  
And, in strong proof of chastity well arm'd,  
From love's weak childish bow she lives unharm'd.  
She will not stay the siege of loving terms,  
Nor bide the encounter of assailing eyes,  
Nor ope her lap to saint-seducing gold:  
O, she is rich in beauty; only poor,  
That, when she dies, with beauty dies her store. [chaste?

*Ben.* Then she hath sworn, that she will still live

*Rom.* She hath, and in that sparing makes huge waste;  
For beauty, starv'd with her severity,  
Cuts beauty off from all posterity.  
She is too fair, too wise; wisely too fair,  
To merit bliss by making me despair:  
She hath forsworn to love; and, in that vow,  
Do I live dead, that live to tell it now.

*Ben.* Be rul'd by me, forget to think of her.

*Rom.* O, teach me how I should forget to think.

*Ben.* By giving liberty unto thine eyes;  
Examine other beauties.

*Rom.* 'Tis the way  
To call hers, exquisite, in question more:  
These happy masks, that kiss fair ladies' brows,  
Being black, put us in mind they hide the fair;  
He, that is stricken blind, cannot forget  
The precious treasure of his eyesight lost:  
Show me a mistress that is passing fair,  
What doth her beauty serve, but as a note  
Where I may read, who pass'd that passing fair?  
Farewell; thou canst not teach me to forget.

*Ben.* I'll pay that doctrine, or else die in debt.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. A Street.

*Enter* CAPULET, PARIS, and *Servant.*

*Cap.* And Montague is bound as well as I,  
In penalty alike; and 'tis not hard, I think,

For men so old as we to keep the peace.

*Par.* Of honourable reckoning are you both;  
And pity 'tis, you liv'd at odds so long.  
But now, my lord, what say you to my suit?

*Cap.* But saying o'er what I have said before :  
My child is yet a stranger in the world,  
She hath not seen the change of fourteen years :  
Let two more summers wither in their pride,  
Ere we may think her ripe to be a bride.

*Par.* Younger than she are happy mothers made.

*Cap.* And too soon marr'd are those so early made.  
The earth hath swallow'd all my hopes but she,  
She is the hopeful lady of my earth :  
But woo her, gentle Paris, get her heart,  
My will to her consent is but a part ;  
An she agree, within her scope of choice  
Lies my consent and fair according voice.  
This night I hold an old accustom'd feast,  
Whereto I have invited many a guest,  
Such as I love ; and you, among the store,  
One more, most welcome, makes my number more.  
At my poor house, look to behold this night  
Earth-treading stars, that make dark heaven light :  
Such comfort, as do lusty young men feel  
When well-apparell'd April on the heel  
Of limping winter treads, even such delight  
Among fresh female buds shall you this night  
Inherit at my house ; hear all, all see,  
And like her most, whose merit most shall be :  
Such, amongst view of many, mine, being one,  
May stand in number, though in reckoning none.  
Come, go with me ;—Go, sirrah, trudge about  
Through fair Verona ; find those persons out,  
Whose names are written there, [*Gives a Paper*] and to  
them say,

My house and welcome on their pleasures stay.

[*Exeunt Capulet and Paris.*]

*Serv.* Find them out, whose names are written here?  
It is written—that the shoemaker should meddle with  
his yard, and the tailor with his last, the fisher with his  
pencil, and the painter with his nets ; but I am sent to

find those persons, whose names are here writ, and can never find what names the writing person hath here writ. I must to the learned:—In good time.

*Enter BENVOLIO and ROMEO.*

*Ben.* Tut, man! one fire burns out another's burning;  
One pain is lessen'd by another's anguish;

Turn giddy, and be holp by backward turning;  
One desperate grief cures with another's languish:  
Take thou some new infection to thy eye,  
And the rank poison of the old will die.

*Rom.* Your plantain leaf is excellent for that.

*Ben.* For what, I pray thee?

*Rom.* For your broken shin.

*Ben.* Why, Romeo, art thou mad?

*Rom.* Not mad, but bound more than a madman is:  
Shut up in prison, kept without my food,  
Whipp'd and tormented, and—Good-e'en, good fellow.

*Serv.* God gi' good e'en.—I pray, sir, can you read?

*Rom.* Ay, mine own fortune in my misery.

*Serv.* Perhaps you have learn'd it without book:  
But I pray, can you read any thing you see?

*Rom.* Ay, if I know the letters, and the language.

*Serv.* Ye say honestly; Rest you merry!

*Rom.* Stay, fellow; I can read. [*Reads.*

*Signior Martino, and his wife and daughters; County Anselme, and his beauteous sisters; The lady widow of Vitruvio; Signior Placentio, and his lovely nieces; Mercutio, and his brother Valentine: Mine uncle Capulet, his wife, and daughters; My fair niece Rosaline; Livia; Signior Valentio, and his cousin Tybalt; Lucio, and the lively Helena.*

A fair assembly; [*Gives back the Note*] Whither should  
*Serv.* Up. [*they come?*

*Rom.* Whither?

*Serv.* To supper; to our house.

*Rom.* Whose house?

*Serv.* My master's.

*Rom.* Indeed, I should have asked you that before.

*Serv.* Now I'll tell you without asking: My master



is the great rich Capulet; and if you be not of the house of Montagues, I pray, come and crush a cup of wine. Rest you merry. [Exit.]

*Ben.* At this same ancient feast of Capulet's  
Supps the fair Rosaline, whom thou so lov'st;  
With all the admired beauties of Verona:  
Go thither; and, with unattainted eye,  
Compare her face with some that I shall show,  
And I will make thee think thy swan a crow.

*Rom.* When the devout religion of mine eye  
Maintains such falsehood, then turn tears to fires!

And these,—who, often drown'd, could never die,—  
Transparent heretics, be burnt for liars!

One fairer than my love! the all-seeing sun  
Ne'er saw her match, since first the world begun.

*Ben.* Tut! you saw her fair, none else being by,  
Herself pois'd with herself in either eye:  
But in those crystal scales, let there be weigh'd  
Your lady's love against some other maid  
That I will show you, shining at this feast,  
And she shall scant show well, that now shows best.

*Rom.* I'll go along, no such sight to be shown,  
But to rejoice in splendour of mine own. [Exeunt.]

### SCENE III. A Room in CAPULET'S House.

*Enter* LADY CAPULET and Nurse.

*Lady C.* Nurse, where's my daughter? call her forth  
to me. [old,—

*Nurse.* Now, by my maidenhead,—at twelve year  
I had her come.—What, lamb! what, lady-bird!—  
God forbid!—where's this girl?—what, Juliet!

*Enter* JULIET.

*Jul.* How now, who calls?

*Nurse.*

Your mother,

*Jul.*

Madam, I am here.

What is your will?

*Lady C.* This is the matter: Nurse, give leave awhile,  
We must talk in secret.—Nurse, come back again;

I have remember'd me, thou shalt hear our counsel.  
Thou know'st, my daughter's of a pretty age.

*Nurse.* 'Faith, I can tell her age unto an hour.

*Lady C.* She's not fourteen.

*Nurse.* I'll lay fourteen of my teeth,  
And yet, to my teen be it spoken, I have but four,—  
She is not fourteen:—How long is it now  
To Lammas-tide?

*Lady C.* A fortnight, and odd days.

*Nurse.* Even or odd, of all days in the year,  
Come Lammas-eve at night, shall she be fourteen.  
Susan and she,—God rest all Christian souls!—  
Were of an age.—Well, Susan is with God;  
She was too good for me: But, as I said,  
On Lammas-eve at night shall she be fourteen:  
That shall she, marry; I remember it well.

'Tis since the earthquake now eleven years;  
And she was wean'd,—I never shall forget it,—  
Of all the days of the year, upon that day:  
For I had then laid wormwood to my dug,  
Sitting in the sun under the dove-house wall,  
My lord and you were then at Mantua:—  
Nay, I do bear a brain:—but, as I said,  
When it did taste the wormwood on the nipple  
Of my dug, and felt it bitter, pretty fool!  
To see it tetchy, and fall out with the dug.  
Shake, quoth the dove-house: 'twas no need, I trow,  
To bid me trudge.

And since that time it is eleven years:  
For then she could stand alone; nay, by the rood,  
She could have run and waddled all about.  
For even the day before, she broke her brow:  
And then my husband—God be with his soul!  
'A was a merry man; took up the child:  
*Yea, quoth he, dost thou fall upon thy face?*  
*Thou wilt fall backward, when thou hast more wit;*  
*Wilt thou not, Jule?* and, by my holy dam,  
The pretty wretch left crying, and said—*Ay:*  
To see now, how a jest shall come about!  
I warrant, an I should live a thousand years,

I never should forget it ; *Wilt thou not, Jule?* quoth he :  
And, pretty fool, it stinted, and said—*Ay.*

*Lady C.* Enough of this ; I pray thee, hold thy peace.

*Nurse.* Yes, madam ; Yet I cannot choose but laugh,  
To think it should leave crying, and say—*Ay :*

And yet, I warrant, it had upon its brow  
A bump as big as a young cockrel's stone ;  
A parlous knock ; and it cried bitterly.

*Yea*, quoth my husband, *fall'st upon thy face?*  
*Thou wilt fall backward, when thou com'st to age ;*  
*Wilt thou not, Jule?* it stinted, and said—*Ay.*

*Jul.* And stint thou too, I pray thee, nurse, say I.

*Nurse.* Peace, I have done. God mark thee to his  
Thou wast the prettiest babe that e'er I nurs'd : [grace !  
An I might live to see thee married once,  
I have my wish.

*Lady C.* Marry, that marry is the very theme  
I came to talk of:—Tell me, daughter Juliet,  
How stands your disposition to be married?

*Jul.* It is an honour that I dream not of.

*Nurse.* An honour ! were not I thine only nurse,  
I'd say, thou hadst suck'd wisdom from thy teat.

*Lady C.* Well, think of marriage now ; younger than  
Here in Verona, ladies of esteem, [you,  
Are made already mothers : by my count,  
I was your mother much upon these years,  
That you are now a maid. Thus then, in brief;—  
The valiant Paris seeks you for his love.

*Nurse.* A man, young lady ! lady, such a man,  
As all the world—Why, he's a man of wax.

*Lady C.* Verona's summer hath not such a flower.

*Nurse.* Nay, he's a flower ; in faith, a very flower.

*Lady C.* What say you ? can you love the gentleman ?  
This night you shall behold him at our feast :  
Read o'er the volume of young Paris' face,  
And find delight writ there with beauty's pen ;  
Examine every married lineament,  
And see how one another lends content ;  
And what obscur'd in this fair volume lies,  
Find written in the margin of his eyes.

This precious book of love, this unbound lover,  
To beautify him, only lacks a cover :  
'The fish lives in the sea ; and 'tis much pride,  
For fair without the fair within to hide :  
That book in many's eyes doth share the glory,  
That in gold clasps locks in the golden story ;  
So shall you share all that he doth possess,  
By having him, making yourself no less.

*Nurse.* No less? nay, bigger; women grow by men.

*Lady C.* Speak briefly, can you like of Paris' love?

*Jul.* I look to like, if looking liking move :

But no more deep will I endart mine eye,  
Than your consent gives strength to make it fly.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Serv.* Madam, the guests are come, supper served up,  
you called, my young lady asked for, the nurse cursed  
in the pantry, and every thing in extremity. I must  
hence to wait ; I beseech you, follow straight.

*Lady C.* We follow thee.—Juliet, the county stays.

*Nurse.* Go, girl, seek happy nights to happy days.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. A Street.

*Enter ROMEO, MERCUTIO, BENVOLIO, with five or  
six Maskers, Torch-bearers, and others.*

*Rom.* What, shall this speech be spoke for our excuse?  
Or shall we on without apology?

*Ben.* The date is out of such prolixity:  
We'll have no Cupid hood-wink'd with a scarf,  
Bearing a Tartar's painted bow of lath,  
Scaring the ladies like a crow-keeper ;  
Nor no without-book prologue, faintly spoke  
After the prompter, for our entrance :  
But, let them measure us by what they will,  
We'll measure them a measure, and be gone.

*Rom.* Give me a torch,—I am not for this ambling ;  
Being but heavy, I will bear the light.

*Mer.* Nay, gentle Romeo, we must have you dance.

*Rom.* Not I, believe me : you have dancing shoes,  
With nimble soles : I have a soul of lead,  
So stakes me to the ground, I cannot move.

*Mer.* You are a lover ; borrow Cupid's wings,  
And soar with them above a common bound.

*Rom.* I am too sore enpierced with his shaft,  
To soar with his light feathers ; and so bound,  
I cannot bound a pitch above dull woe :  
Under love's heavy burden do I sink.

*Mer.* And, to sink in it, should you burden love ;  
Too great oppression for a tender thing.

*Rom.* Is love a tender thing ? it is too rough,  
Too rude, too boist'rous ; and it pricks like thorn.

*Mer.* If love be rough with you, be rough with love ;  
Prick love for pricking, and you beat love down.—  
Give me a case to put my visage in : [*Putting on a Mask.*  
A visor for a visor !—what care I,  
What curious eye doth quote deformities ?  
Here are the beetle-brows, shall blush for me.

*Ben.* Come, knock, and enter ; and no sooner in,  
But every man betake him to his legs.

*Rom.* A torch for me : let wantons, light of heart,  
Tickle the senseless rushes with their heels ;  
For I am proverb'd with a grandsire phrase,—  
I'll be a candle-holder, and look on,—  
The game was ne'er so fair, and I am done.

*Mer.* Tut ! dun's the mouse, the constable's own word :  
If thou art dun, we'll draw thee from the mire  
Of this (save reverence) love, wherein thou stick'st  
Up to the ears.—Come, we burn day-light, ho.

*Rom.* Nay, that's not so.

*Mer.* I mean, sir, in delay  
We waste our lights in vain, like lamps by day.  
Take our good meaning ; for our judgment sits  
Five times in that, ere once in our five wits.

*Rom.* And we mean well, in going to this mask ;  
But 'tis no wit to go.

*Mer.* Why, may one ask ?

*Rom.* I dreamt a dream to-night.

*Mer.*

And so did I.

*Rom.* Well, what was yours ?

*Mer.*

That dreamers often lie.

*Rom.* In bed, asleep, while they do dream things true.

*Mer.* O, then, I see, queen Mab hath been with you.

She is the fairies' midwife! and she comes  
In shape no bigger than an agate-stone  
On the fore-finger of an alderman,  
Drawn with a team of little atomies  
Athwart men's noses as they lie asleep :  
Her waggon spokes made of long spinners' legs ;  
The cover, of the wings of grasshoppers ;  
The traces, of the smallest spider's web ;  
The collars, of the moonshine's watery beams :  
Her whip, of cricket's bone ; the lash, of film :  
Her waggoner, a small grey-coated gnat,  
Not half so big as a round little worm  
Prick'd from the lazy finger of a maid :  
Her chariot is an empty hazel-nut,  
Made by the joiner squirrel, or old grub,  
Time out of mind the fairies' coach-makers.  
And in this state she gallops night by night  
Through lovers' brains, and then they dream of love :  
On courtiers' knees, that dream on court'sies straight :  
O'er lawyers' fingers, who straight dream on fees :  
O'er ladies' lips, who straight on kisses dream ;  
Which oft the angry Mab with blisters plagues,  
Because their breaths with sweetmeats tainted are.  
Sometimes she gallops o'er a courtier's nose,  
And then dreams he of smelling out a suit :  
And sometimes comes she with a tithe-pig's tail,  
Tickling a parson's nose as 'a lies asleep,  
Then dreams he of another benefice :  
Sometime she driveth o'er a soldier's neck,  
And then dreams he of cutting foreign throats,  
Of breaches, ambuscadoes, Spanish blades,  
Of healths five fathom deep ; and then anon  
Drums in his ear ; at which he starts and wakes ;  
And, being thus frightened swears a prayer or two,  
And sleeps again. This is that very Mab,  
That plats the manes of horses in the night ;  
And bakes the elf-locks in foul sluttish hairs,  
Which, once untangled, much misfortune bodes  
This is the hag, when maids lie on their backs,  
That presses them, and learns them first to bear,

Making them women of good carriage.

This, this is she—

*Rom.* Peace, peace, Mercutio, peace;  
Thou talk'st of nothing.

*Mer.* True, I talk of dreams;  
Which are the children of an idle brain,  
Begot of nothing but vain fantasy;  
Which is as thin of substance as the air;  
And more inconstant than the wind, who woos  
Even now the frozen bosom of the north,  
And, being anger'd, puffs away from thence,  
Turning his face to the dew-dropping south.

*Ben.* This wind, you talk of, blows us from ourselves;  
Supper is done, and we shall come too late.

*Rom.* I fear, too early: for my mind misgives,  
Some consequence, yet hanging in the stars,  
Shall bitterly begin his fearful date  
With this night's revels; and expire the term  
Of a despised life, clos'd in my breast,  
By some vile forfeit of untimely death:  
But He, that hath the steerage of my course,  
Direct my sail!—On, lusty gentlemen.

*Ben.* Strike, drum.

[*Excunt.*]

SCENE V. A Hall in CAPULET'S House.

*Musicians waiting. Enter Servants.*

1 *Serv.* Where's Potpan, that he helps not to take  
away? he shift a trencher? he scrape a trencher?

2 *Serv.* When good manners shall lie all in one or  
two men's hands, and they unwashed too, 'tis a foul  
thing.

1 *Serv.* Away with the joint-stools, remove the court-  
cupboard, look to the plate:—good thou, save me a  
piece of marchpane; and, as thou lovest me, let the  
porter let in Susan Grindstone, and Nell.—Antony!  
and Potpan!

2 *Serv.* Ay, boy; ready.

1 *Serv.* You are looked for, and called for, asked  
for, and sought for, in the great chamber.

2 *Serv.* We cannot be here and there too.—Cheerly, boys; be brisk awhile, and the longer liver take all.  
[*They retire behind.*]

*Enter CAPULET, &c. with the Guests and the Maskers.*

*Cap.* Gentlemen, welcome! ladies, that have their toes Unplagu'd with corns, will have a bout with you:—  
Ah ha, my mistresses! which of you all Will now deny to dance? she that makes dainty, she, I'll swear, hath corns; Am I come near you now? You are welcome, gentlemen: I have seen the day, That I have worn a visor; and could tell A whispering tale in a fair lady's ear, Such as would please;—'tis gone, 'tis gone, 'tis gone: You are welcome, gentlemen!—Come, musicians, play. A hall! a hall! give room, and foot it, girls.

[*Music plays, and they dance.*]

More light, ye knaves; and turn the tables up, And quench the fire, the room is grown too hot.—  
Ah, sirrah, this unlook'd-for sport comes well.  
Nay, sit, nay, sit, good cousin Capulet; For you and I are past our dancing days: How long is't now, since last yourself and I Were in a mask?

2 *Cap.* By'r lady, thirty years.

1 *Cap.* What, man! 'tis not so much, 'tis not so much: 'Tis since the nuptial of Lucentio, Come Pentecost as quickly as it will, Some five and twenty years; and then we mask'd.

2 *Cap.* 'Tis more, 'tis more: his son is elder, sir: His son is thirty.

1 *Cap.* Will you tell me that? His son was but a ward two years ago.

*Rom.* What lady's that, which doth enrich the hand Of yonder knight?

*Serv.* I know not, sir.

*Rom.* O, she doth teach the torches to burn bright! Her beauty hangs upon the cheek of night Like a rich jewel in an Ethiop's ear: Beauty too rich for use, for earth too dear!



So shows a snowy dove trooping with crows,  
 As yonder lady o'er her fellows shows.  
 The measure done, I'll watch her place of stand,  
 And, touching hers, make happy my rude hand.  
 Did my heart love till now? forswear it, sight!  
 For I ne'er saw true beauty till this night.

*Tyb.* This, by his voice, should be a Montague:—  
 Fetch me my rapier, boy:—What! dares the slave  
 Come hither, cover'd with an antic face,  
 To fleer and scorn at our solemnity?  
 Now, by the stock and honour of my kin,  
 To strike him dead I hold it not a sin. [you so?

*1 Cap.* Why, how now, kinsman? wherefore storm

*Tyb.* Uncle, this is a Montague, our foe;  
 A villain, that is hither come in spite,  
 To scorn at our solemnity this night.

*1 Cap.* Young Romeo is't?

*Tyb.* 'Tis he, that villain Romeo.

*1 Cap.* Content thee, gentle coz, let him alone,  
 He bears him like a portly gentleman;  
 And, to say truth, Verona brags of him,  
 To be a virtuous and well-govern'd youth:  
 I would not for the wealth of all this town,  
 Here in my house, do him disparagement;  
 Therefore be patient, take no note of him,  
 It is my will; the which if thou respect,  
 Show a fair presence, and put off these frowns,  
 And ill-beseeming semblance for a feast.

*Tyb.* It fits, when such a villain is a guest;  
 I'll not endure him.

*1 Cap.* He shall be endur'd;  
 What, Goodman boy!—I say, he shall;—Go to;—  
 Am I the master here, or you? go to.  
 You'll not endure him!—God shall mend my soul—  
 You'll make a mutiny among my guests!  
 You will set cock-a-hoop! you'll be the man!

*Tyb.* Why, uncle, 'tis a shame.

*1 Cap.* Go to, go to,  
 You are a saucy boy:—Is't so, indeed?—  
 This trick may chance to scath you;—I know what.

You must contrary me! marry, 'tis time—  
 Well said, my hearts:—You are a princ Cox; go:—  
 Be quiet, or—More light, more light, for shame!—  
 I'll make you quiet; What!—Cheerly, my hearts.

*Tyb.* Patience perforce with wilful choler meeting,  
 Makes my flesh tremble in their different greeting.

I will withdraw: but this intrusion shall,  
 Now seeming sweet, convert to bitter gall. [Exit.]

*Rom.* If I profane with my unworthy hand [To Jul.]  
 This holy shrine, the gentle fine is this,—

My lips, two blushing pilgrims, ready stand  
 To smooth that rough touch with a tender kiss.

*Jul.* Good pilgrim, you do wrong your hand too much,  
 Which mannerly devotion shows in this;

For saints have hands that pilgrims' hands do touch,  
 And palm to palm is holy palmers' kiss.

*Rom.* Have not saints lips, and holy palmers too?

*Jul.* Ay, pilgrim, lips that they must use in prayer.

*Rom.* O then, dear saint, let lips do what hands do;  
 They pray, grant thou, lest faith turn to despair.

*Jul.* Saints do not move, though grant for prayers' sake.

*Rom.* Then move not, while my prayer's effect I take.  
 Thus from my lips, by yours, my sin is purg'd.

[Kissing her.]

*Jul.* Then have my lips the sin that they have took.

*Rom.* Sin from my lips? O trespass sweetly urg'd!  
 Give me my sin again.

*Jul.* You kiss by the book.

*Nurse.* Madam, your mother craves a word with you.

*Rom.* What is her mother?

*Nurse.* Marry, bachelor,

Her mother is the lady of the house,  
 And a good lady, and a wise, and virtuous:  
 I nurs'd her daughter, that you talk'd withal;  
 I tell you,—he, that can lay hold of her,  
 Shall have the chinks.

*Rom.* Is she a Capulet?

O dear account! my life is my foe's debt.

*Ben.* Away, begone; the sport is at the best.

*Rom.* Ay, so I fear; the more is my unrest.

1 *Cap.* Nay, gentlemen, prepare not to be gone;

We have a trifling foolish banquet towards.—

Is it e'en so? Why, then I thank you all;

I thank you, honest gentlemen; good night:—

More torches here!—Come on, then let's to bed.

Ah, sirrah, [*To 2 Cap.*] by my fay, it waxes late;

I'll to my rest. [*Exeunt all but Juliet and Nurse.*]

*Jul.* Come hither, nurse: What is yon gentleman?

*Nurse.* The son and heir of old Tiberio.

*Jul.* What's he, that now is going out of door?

*Nurse.* Marry, that, I think, be young Petruchio.

*Jul.* What's he, that follows there, that would not

*Nurse.* I know not. [*dance?*]

*Jul.* Go, ask his name:—if he be married,  
My grave is like to be my wedding bed.

*Nurse.* His name is Romeo, and a Montague;  
The only son of your great enemy.

*Jul.* My only love sprung from my only hate!

Too early seen unknown, and known too late!

Prodigious birth of love it is to me,

That I must love a loathed enemy.

*Nurse.* What's this? what's this?

*Jul.* A rhyme I learn'd even now  
Of one I danc'd withal. [*One calls within, Juliet.*]

*Nurse.* Anon, anon:—  
Come, let's away; the strangers all are gone. [*Exeunt.*]

*Enter Chorus.*

Now old desire doth in his death-bed lie,

And young affection gapes to be his heir;  
That fair, which love groan'd for, and would die,

With tender Juliet match'd, is now not fair.

Now Romeo is belov'd, and loves again,

Alike bewitched by the charm of looks;  
But to his foe suppos'd he must complain,

And she steal love's sweet bait from fearful hooks:  
Being held a foe, he may not have access

To breathe such vows as lovers use to swear;  
And she as much in love, her means much less

To meet her new-beloved any where:

But passion lends them power, time means to meet,

Temp'ring extremities with extreme sweet. [*Exit.*]

## ACT II.



### SCENE I.

*An open Place, adjoining CAPULET'S Garden.*

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Rom.* Can I go forward, when my heart is here?  
Turn back, dull earth, and find thy centre out.

*[He climbs the Wall, and leaps down within it.]*

*Enter BENVOLIO and MERCUTIO.*

*Ben.* Romeo! my cousin Romeo!

*Mer.*

He is wise;

And, on my life, hath stolen him home to bed.

*Ben.* He ran this way, and leap'd this orchard wall:  
Call, good Mercutio.

*Mer.*

Nay, I'll conjure too.—

Romeo! humours! madman! passion! lover!

Appear thou in the likeness of a sigh,

Speak but one rhyme, and I am satisfied;

Cry but—Ah me! couple but—love and dove;

Speak to my gossip Venus one fair word,

One nickname for her purblind son and heir,

Young Adam Cupid, he that shot so trim,

When King Cophetua lov'd the beggar-maid.—

He heareth not, stirreth not, he moveth not ;  
The ape is dead, and I must conjure him.—  
I conjure thee by Rosaline's bright eyes,  
By her high forehead, and her scarlet lip,  
By her fine foot, straight leg, and quivering thigh,  
And the demesnes that there adjacent lie,  
That in thy likeness thou appear to us.

*Ben.* An if he hear thee, thou wilt anger him.

*Mer.* This cannot anger him : 'twould anger him  
To raise a spirit in his mistress' circle,  
Of some strange nature, letting it there stand  
Till she had laid it, and conjur'd it down ;  
That were some spite : my invocation  
Is fair and honest, and, in his mistress' name,  
I conjure only but to raise up him.

*Ben.* Come, he hath hid himself among those trees,  
To be consorted with the humorous night :  
Blind is his love, and best befits the dark.

*Mer.* If love be blind, love cannot hit the mark.  
Now will he sit under a medlar-tree,  
And wish his mistress were that kind of fruit,  
As maids call medlars, when they laugh alone.—  
Romeo, good night ;—I'll to my truckle-bed ;  
This field-bed is too cold for me to sleep :  
Come, shall we go ?

*Ben.* Go, then ; for 'tis in vain  
To seek him here, that means not to be found. [*Exeunt.*]

### SCENE II. CAPULET'S Garden.

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Rom.* He jests at scars that never felt a wound.—

[*Juliet appears above, at a Window.*]

But, soft ! what light through yonder window breaks ?  
It is the east, and Juliet is the sun !—  
Arise, fair sun, and kill the envious moon,  
Who is already sick and pale with grief,  
That thou her maid art far more fair than she :  
Be not her maid, since she is envious ;  
Her vestal livery is but sick and green,

And none but fools do wear it; cast it off.—  
It is my lady; O, it is my love:  
O, that she knew she were!—  
She speaks, yet she says nothing; What of that?  
Her eye discourses, I will answer it.—  
I am too bold, 'tis not to me she speaks:  
Two of the fairest stars in all the heaven,  
Having some business, do entreat her eyes  
To twinkle in their spheres till they return.  
What if her eyes were there, they in her head?  
The brightness of her cheek would shame those stars,  
As daylight doth a lamp; her eye in heaven  
Would through the airy region stream so bright,  
That birds would sing, and think it were not night.  
See, how she leans her cheek upon her hand!  
O, that I were a glove upon that hand,  
That I might touch that cheek!

*Jul.*

Ah me!

*Rom.*

She speaks:—

O, speak again, bright angel! for thou art  
As glorious to this night, being o'er my head,  
As is a winged messenger of heaven  
Unto the white up-turned wond'ring eyes  
Of mortals, that fall back to gaze on him,  
When he bestrides the lazy-pacing clouds,  
And sails upon the bosom of the air.

*Jul.* O Romeo, Romeo! wherefore art thou Romeo?  
Deny thy father, and refuse thy name:  
Or, if thou wilt not, be but sworn my love,  
And I'll no longer be a Capulet.

*Rom.* Shall I hear more, or shall I speak at this?

[*Aside.*

*Jul.* 'Tis but thy name, that is my enemy;—  
Thou art thyself though, not a Montague.  
What's Montague? it is nor hand, nor foot,  
Nor arm, nor face, nor any other part  
Belonging to a man. O, be some other name!  
What's in a name? that which we call a rose,  
By any other name would smell as sweet;  
So Romeo would, were he not Romeo call'd,  
Retain that dear perfection which he owes,

Without that title:—Romeo, doff thy name;  
And for that name, which is no part of thee,  
Take all myself.

*Rom.* I take thee at thy word:  
Call me but love, and I'll be new baptiz'd;  
Henceforth I never will be Romeo.

*Jul.* What man art thou, that, thus bescreen'd in night,  
So stumblest on my counsel?

*Rom.* By a name  
I know not how to tell thee who I am:  
My name, dear saint, is hateful to myself,  
Because it is an enemy to thee;  
Had I it written, I would tear the word.

*Jul.* My ears have not yet drunk a hundred words  
Of that tongue's utterance, yet I know the sound;  
Art thou not Romeo, and a Montague?

*Rom.* Neither, fair saint, if either thee dislike.

*Jul.* How cam'st thou hither, tell me? and wherefore?  
The orchard walls are high, and hard to climb;  
And the place death, considering who thou art,  
If any of my kinsmen find thee here.

*Rom.* With love's light wings did I o'er-perch these  
For stony limits cannot hold love out: [walls;  
And what love can do, that dares love attempt;  
Therefore thy kinsmen are no let to me.

*Jul.* If they do see thee, they will murder thee.

*Rom.* Alack! there lies more peril in thine eye,  
Than twenty of their swords; look thou but sweet,  
And I am proof against their enmity.

*Jul.* I would not for the world, they saw thee here.

*Rom.* I have night's cloak to hide me from their sight;  
And, but thou love me, let them find me here:  
My life were better ended by their hate,  
Than death prorogued, wanting of thy love.

*Jul.* By whose direction found'st thou out this place?

*Rom.* By love, who first did prompt me to inquire;  
He lent me counsel, and I lent him eyes.  
I am no pilot; yet, wert thou as far  
As that vast shore wash'd with the furthest sea,  
I would adventure for such merchandise.

*Jul.* Thou know'st, the mask of night is on my face;

Else would a maiden blush bepaint my cheek,  
For that which thou hast heard me speak to-night.  
Fain would I dwell on form, fain, fain deny,  
What I have spoke; But farewell compliment!  
Dost thou love me? I know, thou wilt say—Ay;  
And I will take thy word: yet, if thou swear'st,  
Thou may'st prove false; at lovers' perjuries,  
They say, Jove laughs. O, gentle Romeo,  
If thou dost love, pronounce it faithfully:  
Or if thou think'st I am too quickly won,  
I'll frown, and be perverse, and say thee nay,  
So thou wilt woo; but, else, not for the world.  
In truth, fair Montague, I am too fond;  
And therefore thou may'st think my 'haviour light:  
But trust me, gentleman, I'll prove more true  
Than those that have more cunning to be strange.  
I should have been more strange, I must confess,  
But that thou over-heard'st, ere I was ware,  
My true love's passion: therefore pardon me;  
And not impute this yielding to light love,  
Which the dark night hath so discovered.

*Rom.* Lady, by yonder blessed moon I swear,  
That tips with silver all these fruit-tree tops,—

*Jul.* O, swear not by the moon, the inconstant moon,  
That monthly changes in her circled orb,  
Lest that thy love prove likewise variable.

*Rom.* What shall I swear by?

*Jul.* Do not swear at all;

Or, if thou wilt, swear by thy gracious self,  
Which is the god of my idolatry,  
And I'll believe thee.

*Rom.* If my heart's dear love—

*Jul.* Well, do not swear: although I joy in thee,  
I have no joy of this contract to-night:  
It is too rash, too unadvis'd, too sudden;  
Too like the lightning, which doth cease to be,  
Ere one can say—It lightens. Sweet, good night!  
This bud of love, by summer's ripening breath,  
May prove a beauteous flower when next we meet.  
Good night, good night! as sweet repose and rest  
Come to thy heart, as that within my breast!



*Rom.* O, wilt thou leave me so unsatisfied?

*Jul.* What satisfaction canst thou have to-night?

*Rom.* The exchange of thy love's faithful vow for mine.

*Jul.* I gave thee mine before thou didst request it:  
And yet I would it were to give again. [love?

*Rom.* Wouldst thou withdraw it? for what purpose,

*Jul.* But to be frank, and give it thee again.  
And yet I wish but for the thing I have:

My bounty is as boundless as the sea,

My love as deep; the more I give to thee,

The more I have, for both are infinite.

[*Nurse calls within.*

I hear some noise within; Dear love, adieu!

Anon, good nurse!—Sweet Montague, be true.

Stay but a little, I will come again. [*Exit.*

*Rom.* O blessed, blessed night! I am afeard,  
Being in night, all this is but a dream,  
'Too flattering sweet to be substantial.

*Re-enter JULIET, above.*

*Jul.* Three words, dear Romeo, and good night,  
If that thy bent of love be honourable, [indeed.

Thy purpose marriage, send me word to-morrow,  
By one that I'll procure to come to thee,  
Where, and what time, thou wilt perform the rite;  
And all my fortunes at thy foot I'll lay,  
And follow thee, my lord, throughout the world:

*Nurse.* [*Within*] Madam.

*Jul.* I come anon:—But if thou mean'st not well,  
I do beseech thee,—

*Nurse.* [*Within*] Madam.

*Jul.* By and by, I come:—  
To cease thy suit, and leave me to my grief:  
To-morrow will I send.

*Rom.* So thrive my soul,—

*Jul.* A thousand times good night! [*Exit.*

*Rom.* A thousand times the worse, to want thy light.—  
Love goes toward love, as school-boys from their books;  
But love from love, toward school with heavy looks.  
[*Retiring slowly.*

*Re-enter JULIET, above.*

*Jul.* Hist! Romeo, hist!—O, for a falconer's voice,  
To lure this tassel-gentle back again!  
Bondage is hoarse, and may not speak aloud;  
Else would I tear the cave where Echo lies,  
And make her airy tongue more hoarse than mine,  
With repetition of my Romeo's name.

*Rom.* It is my soul that calls upon my name:  
How silver-sweet sound lovers' tongues by night,  
Like softest music to attending ears!

*Jul.* Romeo!

*Rom.*                      My sweet!

*Jul.*                                      At what o'clock to-morrow  
Shall I send to thee?

*Rom.*                      At the hour of nine.

*Jul.* I will not fail; 'tis twenty years till then.  
I have forgot why I did call thee back.

*Rom.* Let me stand here till thou remember it.

*Jul.* I shall forget, to have thee still stand there,  
Rememb'ring how I love thy company.

*Rom.* And I'll still stay, to have thee still forget,  
Forgetting any other home but this.

*Jul.* 'Tis almost morning, I would have thee gone:  
And yet no further than a wanton's bird;  
Who lets it hop a little from her hand,  
Like a poor prisoner in his twisted gyves,  
And with a silk thread plucks it back again,  
So loving-jealous of his liberty.

*Rom.* I would, I were thy bird.

*Jul.*                                      Sweet, so would I:  
Yet I should kill thee with much cherishing.  
Good night, good night! parting is such sweet sorrow,  
That I shall say—good night, till it be morrow. [*Exit.*]

*Rom.* Sleep dwell upon thine eyes, peace in thy  
breast!—

'Would I were sleep and peace, so sweet to rest!  
Hence will I to my ghostly father's cell;  
His help to crave, and my dear hap to tell.

[*Exit.*]

## SCENE III. FRIAR LAURENCE's Cell.

*Enter FRIAR LAURENCE, with a Basket.*

*Fri.* The grey-ey'd morn smiles on the frowning night,  
Checkering the eastern clouds with streaks of light;  
And flecked darkness like a drunkard reels  
From forth day's path-way, made by Titan's wheels:  
Now ere the sun advance his burning eye,  
The day to cheer, and night's dank dew to dry,  
I must fill up this osier cage of ours,  
With baleful weeds, and precious-juiced flowers.  
The earth, that's nature's mother, is her tomb;  
What is her burying grave, that is her womb:  
And from her womb children of divers kind  
We sucking on her natural bosom find;  
Many for many virtues excellent,  
None but for some, and yet all different.  
O, mickle is the powerful grace, that lies  
In herbs, plants, stones, and their true qualities:  
For nought so vile that on the earth doth live,  
But to the earth some special good doth give;  
Nor aught so good, but, strain'd from that fair use,  
Revolts from true birth, stumbling on abuse:  
Virtue itself turns vice, being misapplied;  
And vice sometimes by action dignified.  
Within the infant rind of this small flower  
Poison hath residence, and med'cine power:  
For this, being smelt, with that part cheers each part;  
Being tasted, slays all senses with the heart.  
Two such opposed foes encamp them still  
In man as well as herbs, grace, and rude will;  
And, where the worser is predominant,  
Full soon the canker death eats up that plant.

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Rom.* Good morrow, father!

*Fri.* *Benedicite!*

What early tongue so sweet saluteth me?  
Young son, it argues a distemper'd head,  
So soon to bid good morrow to thy bed:  
Care keeps his watch in every old man's eye,  
Where care lodges, sleep will never lie;

But where unbruised youth, with unstuff'd brain,  
Doth couch his limbs, there golden sleep doth reign :  
Therefore thy earliness doth me assure,  
Thou art up-rous'd by some distemp'rature;  
Or if not so, then here I hit it right—  
Our Romeo hath not been in bed to-night.

*Rom.* That last is true, the sweeter rest was mine.

*Fri.* God pardon sin ! wast thou with Rosaline?

*Rom.* With Rosaline, my ghostly father? no ;  
I have forgot that name, and that name's woe. [then ;

*Fri.* That's my good son : But where hast thou been

*Rom.* I'll tell thee, ere thou ask it me again.

I have been feasting with mine enemy ;  
Where, on a sudden, one hath wounded me,  
That's by me wounded ; both our remedies  
Within thy help and holy physic lies :  
I bear no hatred, blessed man ; for, lo,  
My intercession likewise steads my foe.

*Fri.* Be plain, good son, and homely in thy drift ;  
Riddling confession finds but riddling shrift.

*Rom.* Then plainly know, my heart's dear love is set  
On the fair daughter of rich Capulet :

As mine on hers, so hers is set on mine ;  
And all combin'd, save what thou must combine  
By holy marriage : When, and where, and how,  
We met, we woo'd, and made exchange of vow,  
I'll tell thee as we pass ; but this I pray,  
That thou consent to marry us this day.

*Fri.* Holy saint Francis ; what a change is here !  
Is Rosaline, whom thou didst love so dear,  
So soon forsaken ? young men's love then lies  
Not truly in their hearts, but in their eyes.

*Jesu Maria !* what a deal of brine  
Hath wash'd thy sallow cheeks for Rosaline !  
How much salt water thrown away in waste,  
To season love, that of it doth not taste !  
The sun not yet thy sighs from heaven clears,  
Thy old groans ring yet in my ancient ears ;  
Lo, here upon thy cheek the stain doth sit  
Of an old tear that is not wash'd off yet :

If e'er thou wast thyself, and these woes thine,  
Thou and these woes were all for Rosaline;  
And art thou chang'd? pronounce this sentence then—  
Women may fall, when there's no strength in men.

*Rom.* 'Thou chid'st me oft for loving Rosaline.

*Fri.* For doting, not for loving, pupil mine.

*Rom.* And bad'st me bury love.

*Fri.* Not in a grave,

To lay one in, another out to have.

*Rom.* I pray thee, chide not; she, whom I love now,  
Doth grace for grace, and love for love allow;  
The other did not so.

*Fri.* O, she knew well,  
Thy love did read by rote, and could not spell.  
But come, young waverer, come go with me,  
In one respect I'll thy assistant be;  
For this alliance may so happy prove,  
To turn your households' rancour to pure love.

*Rom.* O, let us hence; I stand on sudden haste.

*Fri.* Wisely, and slow; They stumble, that run fast.  
[*Exeunt.*]

#### SCENE IV. A Street.

*Enter* BENVOLIO and MERCUTIO.

*Mer.* Where the devil should this Romeo be?—  
Came he not home to-night?

*Ben.* Not to his father's; I spoke with his man.

*Mer.* Ah, that same pale hard-hearted wench, that  
Rosaline,

Torments him so, that he will sure run mad.

*Ben.* Tybalt, the kinsman of old Capulet,  
Hath sent a letter to his father's house.

*Mer.* A challenge, on my life.

*Ben.* Romeo will answer it.

*Mer.* Any man, that can write, may answer a letter.

*Ben.* Nay, he will answer the letter's master, how he  
dares, being dared.

*Mer.* Alas, poor Romeo, he is already dead! stabbed  
with a white wench's black eye; shot thorough the ear  
with a love-song; the very pin of his heart cleft with

the blind bow-boy's butt-shaft: And is he a man to encounter Tybalt?

*Ben.* Why, what is Tybalt?

*Mer.* More than prince of cats, I can tell you. O, he is the courageous captain of compliments. He fights as you sing prick-song, keeps time, distance, and proportion; rests me his minim rest, one, two, and the third in your bosom: the very butcher of a silk button, a duellist, a duellist; a gentleman of the very first house, —of the first and second cause: Ah, the immortal pasado! the punto reverso! the hay!

*Ben.* The what?

*Mer.* The pox of such antic, lisping, affecting fantasticoes; these new-tuners of accents!—*By Jesu, a very good blade!—a very tall man!—a very good whore!*—Why, is not this a lamentable thing, grandsire, that we should be thus afflicted with these strange flies, these fashion-mongers, these *pardonnez-moys*, who stand so much on the new form, that they cannot sit at ease on the old bench? O, their *bons*, their *bons*!

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Ben.* Here comes Romeo, here comes Romeo.

*Mer.* Without his roe, like a dried herring:—O flesh, flesh, how art thou fishified!—Now is he for the numbers that Petrarch flow'd in: Laura, to his lady, was but a kitchen-wench;—marry, she had a better love to berhyme her: Dido, a dowdy; Cleopatra, a gipsy; Helen and Hero, hildings and harlots; Thisbé, a grey eye or so, but not to the purpose.—Signior Romeo, *bou jour*! there's a French salutation to your French slop. You gave us the counterfeit fairly last night.

*Rom.* Good-morrow to you both. What counterfeit did I give you?

*Mer.* The slip, sir, the slip; Can you not conceive?

*Rom.* Pardon, good Mercutio, my business was great; and, in such a case as mine, a man may strain courtesy.

*Mer.* That's as much as to say—such a case as your's constrains a man to bow in the hams.

*Rom.* Meaning—to court'sy.

*Mer.* Thou hast most kindly hit it.

*Rom.* A most courteous exposition.

*Mer.* Nay, I am the very pink of courtesy.

*Rom.* Pink for flower.

*Mer.* Right.

*Rom.* Why, then is my pump well flowered.

*Mer.* Well said: Follow me this jest now, till thou hast worn out thy pump; that, when the single sole of it is worn, the jest may remain, after the wearing, solely singular.

*Rom.* O single-soled jest, solely singular for the singleness!

*Mer.* Come between us, good Benvolio; my wits fail.

*Rom.* Switch and spurs, switch and spurs; or I'll cry a match.

*Mer.* Nay, if thy wits run the wild-goose chase, I have done; for thou hast more of the wild-goose in one of thy wits, than, I am sure, I have in my whole five: Was I with you there for the goose?

*Rom.* Thou wast never with me for any thing, when thou wast not there for the goose.

*Mer.* I will bite thee by the ear for that jest.

*Rom.* Nay, good goose, bite not.

*Mer.* Thy wit is a very bitter sweetening; it is a most sharp sauce.

*Rom.* And is it not well serv'd in to a sweet goose?

*Mer.* O, here's a wit of cheverel, that stretches from an inch narrow to an ell broad!

*Rom.* I stretch it out for that word—broad: which added to the goose, proves thee far and wide a broad goose.

*Mer.* Why, is not this better now than groaning for love? now art thou sociable, now art thou Romeo; now art thou what thou art, by art as well as by nature: for this drivelling love is like a great natural, that runs lolling up and down, to hide his bauble in a hole.

*Ben.* Stop there, stop there.

*Mer.* Thou desirest me to stop in my tale against the hair.

*Ben.* Thou wouldst else have made thy tale large.

*Mer.* O, thou art deceived, I would have made it

short: for I was come to the whole depth of my tale ;  
and meant, indeed, to occupy the argument no longer.

*Rom.* Here's goodly geer.

*Enter NURSE and PETER.*

*Mer.* A sail, a sail, a sail !

*Ben.* Two, two ; a shirt, and a smock.

*Nurse.* Peter !

*Peter.* Anon ?

*Nurse.* My fan, Peter.

*Mer.* Pr'ythee, do, good Peter, to hide her face ; for  
her fan's the fairer of the two.

*Nurse.* God ye good morrow, gentlemen.

*Mer.* God ye good den, fair gentlewoman.

*Nurse.* Is it good den ?

*Mer.* 'Tis no less, I tell you ; for the bawdy hand of  
the dial is now upon the prick of noon.

*Nurse.* Out upon you ! what a man are you ?

*Rom.* One, gentlewoman, that God hath made him-  
self to mar.

*Nurse.* By my troth, it is well said ;—For himself to  
mar, quoth'a ?—Gentlemen, can any of you tell me  
where I may find the young Romeo ?

*Rom.* I can tell you ; but young Romeo will be older  
when you have found him, than he was when you sought  
him ; I am the youngest of that name, for 'fault of a worse.

*Nurse.* You say well.

*Mer.* Yea, is the worst well ? very well took, i'faith ;  
wisely, wisely.

*Nurse.* If you be he, sir, I desire some confidence  
with you.

*Ben.* She will indite him to some supper.

*Mer.* A bawd, a bawd, a bawd ! So ho !

*Rom.* What hast thou found ?

*Mer.* No hare, sir ; unless a hare, sir, in a lenten pie,  
that is something stale and hoar ere it be spent.

*An old hare hoar,*

*And an old hare hoar,*

*Is very good meat in lent ;*

*But a hare that is hoar,*

*Is too much for a score,*

*When it hoars ere it be spent.—*



Romeo, will you come to your father's? we'll to dinner thither.

*Rom.* I will follow you.

*Mer.* Farewell, ancient lady; farewell, lady, lady, lady. [*Exeunt Mercutio and Benvolio.*]

*Nurse.* Marry, farewell!—I pray you, sir, what saucy merchant was this, that was so full of his ropery?

*Rom.* A gentleman, nurse, that loves to hear himself talk; and will speak more in a minute, than he will stand to in a month.

*Nurse.* An 'a speak any thing against me, I'll take him down an 'a were lustier than he is, and twenty such Jacks; and if I cannot, I'll find those that shall. Scurvy knave! I am none of his flirt-gills; I am none of his skains-mates:—And thou must stand by too, and suffer every knave to use me at his pleasure?

*Pet.* I saw no man use you at his pleasure; if I had, my weapon should quickly have been out, I warrant you: I dare draw as soon as another man, if I see occasion in a good quarrel, and the law on my side.

*Nurse.* Now, afore God, I am so vexed, that every part about me quivers. Scurvy knave!—Pray you, sir, a word: and as I told you, my young lady bade me inquire you out; what she bade me say, I will keep to myself: but first let me tell ye, if ye should lead her into a fool's paradise, as they say, it were a very gross kind of behaviour, as they say: for the gentlewoman is young; and, therefore, if you should deal double with her, truly, it were an ill thing to be offered to any gentlewoman, and very weak dealing.

*Rom.* Nurse, commend me to thy lady and mistress. I protest unto thee,—

*Nurse.* Good heart! and, i'faith, I will tell her as much: Lord, lord, she will be a joyful woman.

*Rom.* What wilt thou tell her, nurse? thou dost not mark me.

*Nurse.* I will tell her, sir,—that you do protest; which, as I take it, is a gentlemanlike offer.

*Rom.* Bid her devise some means to come to shrift This afternoon;

and there she shall at friar Laurence' cell

Be shriv'd, and married. Here is for thy pains.

*Nurse.* No, truly, sir; not a penny.

*Rom.* Go to; I say, you shall.

*Nurse.* This afternoon, sir? well, she shall be there.

*Rom.* And stay, good nurse, behind the abbey-wall:  
Within this hour my man shall be with thee;  
And bring thee cords made like a tackled stair;  
Which to the high top-gallant of my joy  
Must be my convoy in the secret night.

Farewell!—Be trusty, and I'll quit thy pains.

Farewell!—Commend me to thy mistress.

*Nurse.* Now God in heaven bless thee!—Hark you, sir.

*Rom.* What say'st thou, my dear nurse?

*Nurse.* Is your man secret? Did you ne'er hear say—  
Two may keep counsel, putting one away?

*Rom.* I warrant thee; my man's as true as steel.

*Nurse.* Well, sir; my mistress is the sweetest lady—  
Lord, lord!—when 'twas a little prating thing,—O,  
there's a nobleman in town, one Paris, that would fain  
lay knife aboard; but she, good soul, had as lieve see  
a toad, a very toad, as see him. I anger her sometimes,  
and tell her that Paris is the properer man; but, I'll  
warrant you, when I say so, she looks as pale as any  
clout in the varsal world. Doth not rosemary and  
Romeo begin both with a letter?

*Rom.* Ay, nurse; what of that? both with an R.

*Nurse.* Ah, mocker! that's the dog's name. R is for  
the dog. No; I know it begins with some other letter:  
and she hath the prettiest sententious of it, of you and  
rosemary, that it would do you good to hear it.

*Rom.* Commend me to thy lady. [Exit.

*Nurse.* Ay, a thousand times.—Peter!

*Pet.* Anon?

*Nurse.* Peter, take my fan, and go before. [Exeunt.

#### SCENE V. CAPULET'S Garden.

*Enter JULIET.*

*Jul.* The clock struck nine, when I did send the  
In half an hour she promis'd to return. [nurse;  
Perchance, she cannot meet him:—that's not so.—  
O, she is lame! love's heralds should be thoughts,

Which ten times faster glide than the sun's beams,  
Driving back shadows over low'ring hills:  
Therefore do nimble-pinion'd doves draw love,  
And therefore hath the wind-swift Cupid wings,  
Now is the sun upon the highmost hill  
Of this day's journey; and from nine till twelve  
Is three long hours,—yet she is not come.  
Had she affections, and warm youthful blood,  
She'd be as swift in motion as a ball;  
My words would bandy her to my sweet love,  
And his to me:  
But old folks, many feign as they were dead;  
Unweildy, slow, heavy, and pale as lead.

*Enter NURSE and PETER.*

O God, she comes!—O honey nurse, what news?  
Hast thou met with him? Send thy man away.

*Nurse.* Peter, stay at the gate. [Exit Peter.]

*Jul.* Now, good sweet Nurse,—O lord! why look'st  
thou sad?

Though news be sad, yet tell them merrily;  
If good, thou sham'st the music of sweet news  
By playing it to me with so sour a face.

*Nurse.* I am a weary, give me leave awhile;—  
Fie, how my bones ache! What a jaunt have I had!

*Jul.* I would, thou hadst my bones, and I thy news:  
Nay, come, I pray thee, speak;—good, good nurse,  
speak.

*Nurse.* Jesu! What haste? Can you not stay awhile?  
Do you not see, that I am out of breath? [breath]

*Jul.* How art thou out of breath, when thou hast  
To say to me—that thou art out of breath?  
The excuse, that thou dost make in this delay,  
Is longer than the tale thou dost excuse.  
Is thy news good, or bad? answer to that;  
Say either, and I'll stay the circumstance:  
Let me be satisfied, Is't good or bad?

*Nurse.* Well, you have made a simple choice; you  
know not how to choose a man: Romeo! no, not he;  
though his face be better than any man's, yet his leg  
excels all men's; and for a hand, and a foot, and a

body,—though they be not to be talked on, yet they are past compare: He is not the flower of courtesy,—but, I'll warrant him, as gentle as a lamb.—Go thy ways, wench; serve God.—What, have you dined at home?

*Jul.* No, no: But all this did I know before; What says he of our marriage? what of that?

*Nurse.* Lord, how my head aches! what a head have I? It beats as it would fall in twenty pieces.

My back o't'other side,—O, my back, my back!—Beshrew your heart, for sending me about, To catch my death with jaunting up and down!

*Jul.* P'faith, I am sorry that thou art not well: Sweet, sweet, sweet nurse, tell me, what says my love?

*Nurse.* Your love says like an honest gentleman, And a courteous, and a kind, and a handsome, And, I warrant, a virtuous:—Where is your mother?

*Jul.* Where is my mother?—why, she is within: Where should she be? How oddly thou reply'st? *Your love says like an honest gentleman,— Where is your mother?*

*Nurse.* O, God's lady dear! Are you so hot? Marry, come up, I trow; Is this the poultice for my aching bones? Henceforward do your messages yourself.

*Jul.* Here's such a coil;—come, what says Romeo?

*Nurse.* Have you got leave to go to shrift to-day?

*Jul.* I have.

*Nurse.* Then hie you hence to friar Laurence' cell, There stays a husband to make you a wife: Now comes the wanton blood up in your cheeks, They'll be in scarlet straight at any news. Hie you to church; I must another way, To fetch a ladder, by the which your love Must climb a bird's nest soon, when it is dark: I am the drudge, and toil in your delight; But you shall bear the burden soon at night. Go, I'll to dinner; hie you to the cell.

*Jul.* Hie to high fortune!—honest nurse, farewell.

[*Ex*

## SCENE VI. FRIAR LAURENCE'S Cell.

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE and ROMEO.

*Fri.* So smile the heavens upon this holy act,  
That after-hours with sorrow chide us not!

*Rom.* Amen, amen! but come what sorrow can,  
It cannot countervail the exchange of joy  
That one short minute gives me in her sight:  
Do thou but close our hands with holy words,  
'Then love-devouring death do what he dare,  
It is enough I may but call her mine.

*Fri.* These violent delights have violent ends,  
And in their triumph die; like fire and powder,  
Which, as they kiss, consume: The sweetest honey  
Is loathsome in his own deliciousness,  
And in the taste confounds the appetite:  
Therefore, love moderately; long love doth so;  
Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow.

*Enter* JULIET.

Here comes the lady:—O, so light a foot  
Will ne'er wear out the everlasting flint:  
A lover may bestride the gossamers  
That idle in the wanton summer air,  
And yet not fall; so light is vanity.

*Jul.* Good even to my ghostly confessor.

*Fri.* Romeo shall thank thee, daughter, for us both.

*Jul.* As much to him, else are his thanks too much.

*Rom.* Ah, Juliet, if the measure of thy joy  
Be heap'd like mine, and that thy skill be more  
To blazon it, then sweeten with thy breath  
This neighbour air, and let rich music's tongue  
Unfold the imagin'd happiness that both  
Receive in either by this dear encounter.

*Jul.* Conceit, more rich in matter than in words,  
Braggs of his substance, not of ornament:  
'They are but beggars that can count their worth;  
But my true love is grown to such excess,  
I cannot sum up half my sum of wealth. [work;

*Fri.* Come, come with me, and we will make short  
For, by your leaves, you shall not stay alone,  
Our holy church incorporate two in one. [Exeunt.

### ACT III.



#### SCENE 1. *A public Place.*

*Enter MERCUTIO, BENVOLIO, Page, and Servants.*

*Ben.* I pray thee, good Mercutio, let's retire;  
The day is hot, the Capulets abroad,  
And, if we meet, we shall not 'scape a brawl;  
For now, these hot days, is the mad blood stirring.

*Mer.* Thou art like one of those fellows, that, when  
he enters the confines of a tavern, claps me his sword  
upon the table, and says, *God send me no need of thee!*  
and, by the operation of the second cup, draws it on  
the drawer, when, indeed, there is no need.

*Ben.* Am I like such a fellow?

*Mer.* Come, come, thou art as hot a Jack in thy mood  
as any in Italy; and as soon moved to be moody, and  
as soon moody to be moved.

*Ben.* And what to?

*Mer.* Nay, an there were two such, we should have  
none shortly, for one would kill the other. Thou! why  
thou wilt quarrel with a man that hath a hair more, or  
a hair less, in his beard, than thou hast. Thou wilt  
quarrel with a man for cracking nuts, having no other  
reason but because thou hast hazel eyes; What eye

but such an eye, would spy out such a quarrel? Thy head is as full of quarrels, as an egg is full of meat; and yet thy head hath been beaten as addle as an egg, for quarrelling. Thou hast quarrelled with a man for coughing in the street, because he hath wakened thy dog that hath lain asleep in the sun. Didst thou not fall out with a tailor for wearing his new doublet before Easter? with another, for tying his new shoes with old riband? and yet thou wilt tutor me from quarrelling!

*Ben.* An I were so apt to quarrel as thou art, any man should buy the fee-simple of my life for an hour and a quarter.

*Mer.* The fee-simple? O simple!

*Enter TYBALT and others.*

*Ben.* By my head, here come the Capulets.

*Mer.* By my heel, I care not.

*Tyb.* Follow me close, for I will speak to them.—  
Gentlemen, good den: a word with one of you.

*Mer.* And but one word with one of us? Couple it with something; make it a word and a blow.

*Tyb.* You will find me apt enough to that, sir, if you will give me occasion.

*Mer.* Could you not take some occasion without giving?

*Tyb.* Mercutio, thou consortest with Romeo,—

*Mer.* Consort! what, dost thou make us minstrels? an thou make minstrels of us, look to hear nothing but discords: here's my fiddle-stick; here's that shall make you dance. 'Zounds, consort!

*Ben.* We talk here in the public haunt of men:  
Either withdraw into some private place,  
Or reason coldly of your grievances,  
Or else depart; here all eyes gaze on us.

*Mer.* Men's eyes were made to look, and let them gaze;  
I will not budge for no man's pleasure, I.

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Tyb.* Well, peace be with you, sir; here comes my man.

*Mer.* But I'll be hang'd, sir, if he wear your livery:  
Marry, go before to field, he'll be your follower;  
Your worship, in that sense, may call him—man.

*Tyb.* Romeo, the hate I bear thee, can afford  
No better term than this—Thou art a villain.

*Rom.* Tybalt, the reason that I have to love thee  
Doth much excuse the appertaining rage  
To such a greeting:—Villain am I none;  
Therefore farewell; I see, thou know'st me not.

*Tyb.* Boy, this shall not excuse the injuries  
That thou hast done me; therefore turn, and draw.

*Rom.* I do protest, I never injur'd thee;  
But love thee better than thou canst devise,  
Till thou shalt know the reason of my love:  
And so, good Capulet,—which name I tender  
As dearly as mine own,—be satisfied.

*Mer.* O calm, dishonourable, vile submission!  
*A la stoccata* carries it away. [Draws.

*Tybalt*, you rat-catcher, will you walk?

*Tyb.* What wouldst thou have with me?

*Mer.* Good king of cats, nothing, but one of your  
nine lives; that I mean to make bold withal, and, as  
you shall use me hereafter, dry-beat the rest of the  
eight. Will you pluck your sword out of his pilcher  
by the ears? make haste, lest mine be about your ears  
ere it be out.

*Tyb.* I am for you. [Drawing.

*Rom.* Gentle Mercutio, put thy rapier up.

*Mer.* Come, sir, your passado. [They fight.

*Rom.* Draw, Benvolio;

Beat down their weapons:—Gentlemen, for shame  
Forbear this outrage;—Tybalt—Mercutio—  
The prince expressly hath forbid this bandying  
In Verona streets:—hold, Tybalt;—good Mercutio.

[Exeunt Tybalt and his Partizans.

*Mer.* I am hurt:—

A plague o'both the houses!—I am sped:—  
Is he gone, and hath nothing?

*Ben.*

What, art thou hurt?

*Mer.* Ay, ay, a scratch, a scratch; marry, 'tis enough.—  
Where is my page?—go, villain, fetch a surgeon.

[Exit Page.

*Rom.* Courage, man; the hurt cannot be much.

*Mer.* No, 'tis not so deep as a well, nor so wide as a



church door; but 'tis enough, 'twill serve: ask for me to-morrow, and you shall find me a grave man. I am pepper'd, I warrant, for this world:—A plague o'both your houses!—Zounds, a dog, a rat, a mouse, a cat, to scratch a man to death! a braggart, a rogue, a villain, that fights by the book of arithmetic!—Why, the devil, came you between us? I was hurt under your arm.

*Rom.* I thought all for the best.

*Mer.* Help me into some house, Benvolio,  
Or I shall faint.—A plague o'both your houses!  
'They have made worm's meat of me:  
I have it, and soundly too:—Your houses!

*[Exeunt Mercutio and Benvolio.]*

*Rom.* This gentleman, the prince's near ally,  
My very friend, hath got his mortal hurt  
In my behalf; my reputation stain'd  
With Tybalt's slander, Tybalt, that an hour  
Hath been my kinsman:—O sweet Juliet,  
Thy beauty hath made me effeminate,  
And in my temper soften'd valour's steel.

*Re-enter BENVOLIO.*

*Ben.* O Romeo, Romeo, brave Mercutio's dead;  
That gallant spirit hath aspir'd the clouds,  
Which too untimely here did scorn the earth.

*Rom.* This day's black fate on more days doth depend;  
This but begins the woe, others must end.

*Re-enter TYBALT.*

*Ben.* Here comes the furious Tybalt back again.

*Rom.* Alive! in triumph! and Mercutio slain!  
Away to heaven, respective lenity,  
And fire-ey'd fury be my conduct now!—  
Now, Tybalt, take the villain back again,  
'That late thou gav'st me; for Mercutio's soul  
Is but a little way above our heads,  
Staying for thine to keep him company;  
Either thou, or I, or both, must go with him.

*Tyb.* Thou, wretched boy, that didst consort him  
Shalt with him hence. *[here,*

*Rom.*

This shall determine that.

*[They fight; Tybalt falls.]*

*Ben.* Romeo, away, be gone!  
The citizens are up, and Tybalt slain:  
Stand not amaz'd:—the prince will doom thee death,  
If thou art taken:—hence!—be gone!—away!

*Rom.* O! I am fortune's fool!

*Ben.* Why dost thou stay?  
[Exit Romeo.]

*Enter Citizens, &c.*

*1 Cit.* Which way ran he, that kill'd Mercutio?  
Tybalt, that murderer, which way ran he?

*Ben.* There lies that Tybalt.

*1 Cit.* Up, sir, go with me;  
I charge thee in the prince's name, obey.

*Enter PRINCE, attended; MONTAGUE, CAPULET,  
their Wives, and others.*

*Prince.* Where are the vile beginners of this fray?

*Ben.* O noble prince, I can discover all  
The unlucky manage of this fatal brawl:  
There lies the man, slain by young Romeo,  
That slew thy kinsman, brave Mercutio.

*Lady C.* Tybalt, my cousin!—O my brother's child!  
Unhappy sight! ah me, the blood is spill'd  
Of my dear kinsman!—Prince, as thou art true,  
For blood of ours, shed blood of Montague.—  
O cousin, cousin!

*Prince.* Benvolio, who began this bloody fray?

*Ben.* Tybalt, here slain, whom Romeo's hand did slay;  
Romeo that spoke him fair, bade him bethink  
How nice the quarrel was, and urg'd withal  
Your high displeasure:—All this—uttered  
With gentle breath, calm look, knees humbly bow'd,—  
Could not take truce with the unruly spleen  
Of Tybalt deaf to peace, but that he tilts  
With piercing steel at bold Mercutio's breast;  
Who, all as hot, turns deadly point to point,  
And, with a martial scorn, with one hand beats  
Cold death aside, and with the other sends  
It back to Tybalt, whose dexterity  
Retorts it: Romeo he cries aloud,  
*Hold, friends! friends, part! and, swifter than his tor*

His agile arm beats down their fatal points,  
 And 'twixt them rushes; underneath whose arm  
 An envious thrust from Tybalt hit the life  
 Of stout Mercutio, and then Tybalt fled:  
 But by and by comes back to Romeo,  
 Who had but newly entertain'd revenge,  
 And to't they go like lightning; for, ere I  
 Could draw to part them, was stout Tybalt slain;  
 And as he fell, did Romeo turn and fly;  
 This is the truth, or let Benvolio die.

*Lady C.* He is a kinsman to the Montague,  
 Affection makes him false, he speaks not true:  
 Some twenty of them fought in this black strife,  
 And all those twenty could but kill one life:  
 I beg for justice, which thou, prince, must give;  
 Romeo slew Tybalt, Romeo must not live.

*Prince.* Romeo slew him, he slew Mercutio;  
 Who now the price of his dear blood doth owe?

*Mon.* Not Romeo, prince, he was Mercutio's friend;  
 His fault concludes but, what the law should end,  
 The life of Tybalt.

*Prince.* And, for that offence,  
 Immediately we do exile him hence:  
 I have an interest in your hates' proceeding,  
 My blood for your rude brawls doth lie a bleeding;  
 But I'll amerce you with so strong a fine,  
 That you shall all repent the loss of mine:  
 I will be deaf to pleading and excuses;  
 Nor tears, nor prayers, shall purchase out abuses,  
 Therefore use none: let Romeo hence in haste,  
 Else, when he's found, that hour is his last.  
 Bear hence this body, and attend our will;  
 Mercy but murders, pardoning those that kill. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. A Room in CAPULET'S House.

*Enter JULIET.*

*Jul.* Gallop apace, you fiery-footed steeds,  
 Towards Phoebus' mansion; such a waggoner  
 As Phaeton would whip you to the west,  
 And bring in cloudy night immediately.—  
 Read thy close curtain, love-performing night!

That run-away's eyes may wink ; and Romeo  
 Leap to these arms, untalk'd of, and unseen!—  
 Lovers can see to do their amorous rites  
 By their own beauties : or, if love be blind,  
 It best agrees with night.—Come, civil night,  
 Thou sober-suited matron, all in black,  
 And learn me how to lose a winning match,  
 Play'd for a pair of stainless maidenhoods :  
 Hood my unmann'd blood bating in my cheeks,  
 With thy black mantle ; till strange love, grown bold,  
 Think true love acted, simple modesty.  
 Come, night!—Come, Romeo! come, thou day in night!  
 For thou wilt lie upon the wings of night  
 Whiter than new snow on a raven's back.—  
 Come, gentle night ; come, loving, black-brow'd night,  
 Give me my Romeo : and, when he shall die,  
 Take him, and cut him out in little stars,  
 And he will make the face of heaven so fine,  
 That all the world will be in love with night,  
 And pay no worship to the garish sun.—  
 O, I have bought the mansion of a love,  
 But not possess'd it ; and, though I am sold,  
 Not yet enjoy'd : So tedious is this day,  
 As is the night before some festival  
 To an impatient child, that hath new robes,  
 And may not wear them. O, here comes my nurse,

*Enter NURSE, with Cords.*

And she brings news ; and every tongue that speaks  
 But Romeo's name, speaks heavenly eloquence.—  
 Now, nurse, what news? What hast thou there? the cords,  
 That Romeo bade thee fetch?

*Nurse.*

Ay, ay, the cords.

*[Throws them down.]*

*Jul.* Ah me! what news? why dost thou wring thy hands?

*Nurse.* Ah well-a-day! he's dead, he's dead, he's dead!  
 We are undone, lady, we are undone!—

Alack the day!—he's gone, he's kill'd, he's dead!

*Jul.* Can heaven be so envious?

*Nurse.*

Romeo can,

Though heaven cannot:—O Romeo! Romeo!—  
Who ever would have thought it?—Romeo!

*Jul.* What devil art thou, that dost torment me thus?  
This torture should be roar'd in dismal hell.  
Hath Romeo slain himself? say thou but *I*,  
And that bare vowel *I* shall poison more  
Than the death-darting eye of cockatrice:  
*I* am not *I*, if there be such an *I*;  
Or those eyes shut, that make thee answer, *I*.  
If he be slain, say—*I*; or if not, no:  
Brief sounds determine of my weal, or woe.

*Nurse.* I saw the wound, I saw it with mine eyes,—  
God save the mark!—here on his manly breast:  
A piteous corse, a bloody piteous corse;  
Pale, pale as ashes, all bedawb'd in blood,  
All in gore blood; I swooned at the sight.

*Jul.* O break, my heart!—poor bankrupt, break at  
To prison, eyes! ne'er look on liberty! [once!  
Vile earth, to earth resign; and motion here;  
And thou, and Romeo, press one heavy bier!

*Nurse.* O Tybalt, Tybalt, the best friend I had!  
O courteous Tybalt! honest gentleman!  
That ever I should live to see thee dead!

*Jul.* What storm is this, that blows so contrary?  
Is Romeo slaughter'd; and is Tybalt dead?  
My dear-lov'd cousin, and my dearer lord?—  
Then, dreadful trumpet, sound the general doom!  
For who is living, if those two are gone?

*Nurse.* Tybalt is gone, and Romeo banished;  
Romeo, that kill'd him, he is banished.

*Jul.* O God!—did Romeo's hand shed Tybalt's blood?

*Nurse.* It did, it did; alas the day! it did.

*Jul.* O serpent heart, hid with a flow'ring face!  
Did ever dragon keep so fair a cave?  
Beautiful tyrant! fiend angelical!  
Dove-feather'd raven! wolvis-ravens lamb!  
Despised substance of divinest show!  
Just opposite to what thou justly seem'st,  
A damned saint, an honourable villain!—  
O, nature! what hadst thou to do in hell,  
When thou didst bower the spirit of a fiend

**In mortal paradise of such sweet flesh?—  
Was ever book, containing such vile matter,  
So fairly bound? O, that deceit should dwell  
In such a gorgeous palace!**

Nurse. There's no trust,  
No faith, no honesty in men ; all perjur'd,  
All forsworn, all naught, all dissemblers.—  
Ah, where's my man? give me some *aqua vitæ* :—  
These griefs, these woes, these sorrows make me old.  
Shame come to Romeo!

*Jul.* Blister'd be thy tongue,  
For such a wish! he was not born to shame:  
Upon his brow shame is asham'd to sit;  
For 'tis a throne where honour may be crown'd  
Sole monarch of the universal earth.  
O, what a beast was I to chide at him! [cousin?

**Nurse.** Will you speak well of him that kill'd your

*Jul.* Shall I speak ill of him that is my husband?

**Ah, poor, my lord, what tongue shall smooth thy name,  
When I, thy three-hours' wife, have mangled it?—**

**But, wherefore, villain, didst thou kill my cousin?**

That villain cousin would have kill'd my husband :

**Back, foolish tears, back to your native spring;**

**Your tributary drops belong to woe,**

Which you, mistaking, offer up to joy.

My husband lives, that Tybalt would have slain ;

And Tybalt's dead, that would have slain my husband :

**All this is comfort; Wherefore weep I then?**

Some word there was, worser than Tybalt's death,

That murder'd me : I would forget it fain ;

But, O! it presses to my memory,

**Like damned guilty deeds to sinners' minds:**

*Tybalt is dead, and Romeo—banished ;*

That—*banished*, that one word—*banished*.

**Hath slain ten thousand Tybalts.—Tybalt's death**

Was woe enough, if it had ended there:

Or,—if sour woe delights in fellowship,

And needly will be rank'd with other griefs,—

Why follow'd not, when she said—Tybalt's dead,

Thy father, or thy mother, nay, or both,

Which modern lamentation might have mov'd?  
But, with a rear-ward following Tybalt's death,  
*Romeo is banished*,—to speak that word,  
Is father, mother, Tybalt, Romeo, Juliet,  
All slain, all dead:—*Romeo is banished*,—  
There is no end, no limit, measure, bound,  
In that word's death; no words can that woe sound.—  
Where is my father, and my mother, nurse?

*Nurse.* Weeping and wailing over Tybalt's corse:  
Will you go to them? I will bring you thither. [spent,

*Jul.* Wash they his wounds with tears? mine shall be  
When theirs are dry, for Romeo's banishment.

'Take up those cords:—Poor ropes, you are beguil'd,  
Both you and I; for Romeo is exil'd:

He made you for a highway to my bed;  
But I, a maid, die maiden-widowed.

Come, cords; come, nurse; I'll to my wedding bed;  
And death, not Romeo, take my maidenhead!

*Nurse.* Hie to your chamber: I'll find Romeo  
To comfort you.—I wot well where he is.

Hark ye, your Romeo will be here at night;  
I'll to him; he is hid at Laurence' cell.

*Jul.* O find him! give this ring to my true knight,  
And bid him come to take his last farewell. [Exit.

### SCENE III. FRIAR LAURENCE'S Cell.

*Enter FRIAR LAURENCE and ROMEO.*

*Fri.* Romeo, comeforth; come forth, thou fearful man;  
Affliction is enamour'd of thy parts,  
And thou art wedded to calamity.

*Rom.* Father, what news? what is the prince's doom?  
What sorrow craves acquaintance at my hand,  
That I yet know not?

*Fri.* Too familiar  
Is my dear son with such sour company:  
I bring thee tidings of the prince's doom.

*Rom.* What less than doomsday is the prince's doom?

*Fri.* A gentler judgment vanish'd from his lips;  
Not body's death, but body's banishment.

*Rom.* Ha! banishment? be merciful, say—death;

For exile hath more terror in his look,  
Much more than death: do not say—banishment.

*Fri.* Hence from Verona art thou banished:  
Be patient, for the world is broad and wide.

*Rom.* There is no world without Verona walls,  
But purgatory, torture, hell itself.  
Hence-banished is banish'd from the world,  
And world's exile is death:—then banishment  
Is death mis-term'd: calling death—banishment,  
Thou cut'st my head off with a golden axe,  
And smil'st upon the stroke that murders me.

*Fri.* O deadly sin! O rude unthankfulness!  
Thy fault our law calls death; but the kind prince,  
Taking thy part, hath rush'd aside the law,  
And turn'd that black word death to banishment:  
This is dear mercy, and thou seest it not.

*Rom.* 'Tis torture, and not mercy: heaven is here,  
Where Juliet lives; and every cat, and dog,  
And little mouse, every unworthy thing,  
Live here in heaven, and may look on her,  
But Romeo may not.—More validity,  
More honourable state, more courtship lives  
In carrion flies, than Romeo: they may seize  
On the white wonder of dear Juliet's hand,  
And steal immortal blessing from her lips;  
Who, even in pure and vestal modesty,  
Still blush, as thinking their own kisses sin;  
But Romeo may not; he is banished:  
Flies may do this, when I from this must fly;  
They are free men, but I am banished.  
And say'st thou yet, that exile is not death?  
Hadst thou no poison mix'd, no sharp-ground knife,  
No sudden mean of death, though ne'er so mean,  
But—banished—to kill me; banished?  
O friar, the damned use that word in hell;  
Howlings attend it: How hast thou the heart,  
Being a divine, a ghostly confessor,  
A sin-absolver, and my friend profess'd,  
To mangle me with that word—banishment?

*Fri.* Thou fond mad man, hear me but speak a word.

*Rom.* O, thou wilt speak again of banishment.



*Fri.* I'll give thee armour to keep off that word ;  
Adversity's sweet milk, philosophy,  
To comfort thee, though thou art banished.

*Rom.* Yet banished?—Hang up philosophy!  
Unless philosophy can make a Juliet,  
Displant a town, reverse a prince's doom ;  
It helps not, it prevails not ; talk no more.

*Fri.* O, then I see that madmen have no ears. [*eyes?*]

*Rom.* How should they, when that wise men have no

*Fri.* Let me dispute with thee of thy estate.

*Rom.* Thou canst not speak of what thou dost not feel :  
Wert thou as young as I, Juliet thy love,  
An hour but married, 'Tybalt murdered,  
Doting like me, and like me banished,  
Then might'st thou speak, then might'st thou tear thy  
And fall upon the ground, as I do now, [*hair,*]  
Taking the measure of an unmade grave.

*Fri.* Arise ; one knocks ; good Romeo, hide thyself.  
[*Knocking within.*]

*Rom.* Not I ; unless the breath of heart-sick groans,  
Mist-like, infold me from the search of eyes. [*Knocking.*]

*Fri.* Hark, how they knock !—Who's there?—Romeo,  
arise ;

Thou wilt be taken :—Stay awhile : stand up ;

Run to my study :—By and by :—God's will ! [*Knocking.*]

What wilfulness is this?—I come, I come. [*Knocking.*]  
Who knocks so hard? whence come you? what's your  
will?

*Nurse.* [*Within*] Let me come in, and you shall  
I come from lady Juliet. [*know my errand ;*]

*Fri.* Welcome then.

*Enter Nurse.*

*Nurse.* O holy friar, O, tell me, holy friar,  
Where is my lady's lord, where's Romeo?

*Fri.* There, on the ground, with his own tears made

*Nurse.* O, he is even in my mistress' case, [*drunk.*]  
Just in her case!

*Fri.* O woful sympathy!  
Piteous predicament!

*Nurse.* Even so lies she,  
Blubbering and weeping, weeping and blubbering :—  
Stand up, stand up; stand, an you be a man :  
For Juliet's sake, for her sake, rise and stand ;  
Why should you fall into so deep an O?

*Rom.* Nurse!

*Nurse.* Ah sir! ah sir!—Well, death's the end of all.

*Rom.* Spak'st thou of Juliet? how is it with her?  
Doth she not think me an old murderer,  
Now I have stain'd the childhood of our joy  
With blood remov'd but little from her own?  
Where is she? and how doth she? and what says  
My conceal'd lady to our cancell'd love?

*Nurse.* O, she says nothing, sir, but weeps and weeps ;  
And now falls on her bed ; and then starts up,  
And Tybalt calls ; and then on Romeo cries,  
And then down falls again.

*Rom.* As if that name,  
Shot from the deadly level of a gun,  
Did murder her ; as that name's cursed hand  
Murder'd her kinsman.—O tell me, friar, tell me,  
In what vile part of this anatomy  
Doth my name lodge? tell me, that I may sack  
The hateful mansion. [*Drawing his Sword.*]

*Fri.* Hold thy desperate hand :  
Art thou a man? thy form cries out, thou art ;  
Thy tears are womanish ; thy wild acts denote  
The unreasonable fury of a beast :  
Unseemly woman, in a seeming man!  
Or ill-beseeming beast, in seeming both!  
Thou hast amaz'd me : by my holy order,  
I thought thy disposition better temper'd.  
Hast thou slain Tybalt? wilt thou slay thyself?  
And slay thy lady too that lives in thee,  
By doing damned hate upon thyself?  
Why rail'st thou on thy birth, the heaven, and earth?  
Since birth, and heaven, and earth, all three do meet  
In thee at once ; which thou at once wouldst lose.  
Fie, fie! thou sham'st thy shape, thy love, thy wit ;  
Which, like an usurer, abound'st in all,  
And usest none in that true use indeed

Which should bedeck thy shape, thy love, thy wit.  
Thy noble shape is but a form of wax,  
Digressing from the valour of a man :  
Thy dear love, sworn, but hollow perjury,  
Killing that love which thou hast vow'd to cherish :  
Thy wit, that ornament to shape and love,  
Mis-shapen in the conduct of them both,  
Like powder in a skill-less soldier's flask,  
Is set on fire by thine own ignorance,  
And thou dismember'd with thine own defence.  
What, rouse thee, man ! thy Juliet is alive,  
For whose dear sake thou wast but lately dead ;  
There art thou happy : Tybalt would kill thee,  
But thou slew'st Tybalt ; there art thou happy too :  
The law, that threaten'd death, becomes thy friend,  
And turns it to exile ; there art thou happy :  
A pack of blessings lights upon thy back ;  
Happiness courts thee in her best array ;  
But, like a misbehav'd and sullen wench,  
Thou poul'st upon thy fortune and thy love :  
Take heed, take heed, for such die miserable.  
Go, get thee to thy love, as was decreed,  
Ascend her chamber, hence and comfort her ;  
But, look, thou stay not till the watch be set,  
For then thou canst not pass to Mantua ;  
Where thou shalt live, till we can find a time  
To blaze your marriage, reconcile your friends,  
Beg pardon of the prince, and call thee back  
With twenty hundred thousand times more joy  
Than thou went'st forth in lamentation.—  
Go before, nurse : commend me to thy lady ;  
And bid her hasten all the house to bed,  
Which heavy sorrow makes them apt unto :  
Romeo is coming.

*Nurse.* O Lord, I could have staid here all the night,  
To hear good counsel : O, what learning is !—  
My lord, I'll tell my lady you will come.

*Rom.* Do so, and bid my sweet prepare to chide.

*Nurse.* Here, sir, a ring she bid me give you, sir :  
Hie you, make haste, for it grows very late.

[Exit Nurse.]

*Rom.* How well my comfort is reviv'd by this!

*Fri.* Go hence: Good night; and here stands all your  
Either be gone before the watch be set, [slate;  
Or by the break of day disguis'd from hence:  
Sojourn in Mantua; I'll find out your man,  
And he shall signify from time to time  
Every good hap to you, that chances here:  
Give me thy hand; 'tis late: farewell; good night.

*Rom.* But that a joy past joy calls out on me,  
It were a grief, so brief to part with thee:  
Farewell. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *A Room in CAPULET'S House.*

*Enter* CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, *and* PARIS.

Cap. Things have fallen out, sir, so unluckily,  
That we have had no time to move our daughter :  
Look you, she lov'd her kinsman Tybalt dearly,  
And so did I ;—Well, we were born to die.—  
'Tis very late, she'll not come down to-night :  
I promise you, but for your company,  
I would have been a bed an hour ago.

*Par.* These times of woe afford no time to woo:  
Madam, good night: commend me to your daughter.

*Lady C.* I will, and know her mind early to-morrow;  
To-night she's mew'd up to her heaviness.

*Cap.* Sir Paris, I will make a desperate tender  
Of my child's love: I think, she will be rul'd  
In all respects by me; nay more, I doubt it not.  
Wife, go you to her ere you go to bed;  
Acquaint her here of my son Paris' love;  
And bid her, mark you me, on Wednesday next—  
But, soft; What day is this?

*Par.* Monday, my lord.

Cap. Monday? ha! ha! Well, Wednesday is too soon,  
O'Thursday let it be;—o'Thursday, tell her,  
She shall be married to this noble earl:—  
Will you be ready? do you like this haste?  
We'll keep no great ado;—a friend, or two:—  
For hark you, Tybalt being slain so late,  
It may be thought we hold him carelessly,

Being our kinsman, if we revel much :  
 Therefore we'll have some half a dozen friends,  
 And there an end. But what say you to Thursday ?

*Par.* My lord, I would that Thursday were to-morrow.

*Cap.* Well, get you gone :—O' Thursday be it then :—  
 Go you to Juliet ere you go to bed,  
 Prepare her, wife, against this wedding-day.—  
 Farewell, my lord.—Light to my chamber, ho !  
 Afore me, it is so very late, that we  
 May call it early by and by :—Good night. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. JULIET'S Chamber.

*Enter ROMEO and JULIET.*

*Jul.* Wilt thou be gone? it is not yet near day :  
 It was the nightingale, and not the lark,  
 That pierc'd the fearful hollow of thine ear ;  
 Nightly she sings on yon pomegranate-tree :  
 Believe me, love, it was the nightingale.

*Rom.* It was the lark, the herald of the morn,  
 No nightingale : look, love, what envious streaks  
 Do lace the severing clouds in yonder east :  
 Night's candles are burnt out, and jocund day  
 Stands tiptoe on the misty mountain-tops ;  
 I must be gone and live, or stay and die.

*Jul.* Yon light is not daylight, I know it, I :  
 It is some meteor that the sun exhales,  
 To be to thee this night a torch-bearer,  
 And light thee on thy way to Mantua :  
 Therefore stay yet, thou need'st not to be gone.

*Rom.* Let me be ta'en, let me be put to death ;  
 I am content, so thou wilt have it so.  
 I'll say, yon grey is not the morning's eye,  
 'Tis but the pale reflex of Cynthia's brow ;  
 Nor that is not the lark, whose notes do beat  
 The vaulty heaven so high above our heads :  
 I have more care to stay, than will to go ;—  
 Come, death, and welcome ! Juliet wills it so.—  
 How is't, my soul? let's talk, it is not day.

*Jul.* It is, it is, hie hence, be gone, away ;  
 'Tis the lark that sings so out of tune,

Straining harsh discords, and displeasing sharps,  
Some say, the lark makes sweet division;  
This doth not so, for she divideth us:  
Some say, the lark and loathed toad change eyes;  
O, now I would they had chang'd voices too!  
Since arm from arm that voice doth us affray,  
Hunting thee hence with hunts-up to the day.  
O, now be gone; more light and light it grows.

*Rom.* More light and light?—more dark and dark  
our woes.

*Enter NURSE.*

*Nurse.* Madam!

*Jul.* Nurse?

*Nurse.* Your lady mother's coming to your chamber:  
The day is broke; be wary, look about. [*Exit Nurse.*]

*Jul.* Then, window, let day in, and let life out.

*Rom.* Farewell, farewell! one kiss, and I'll descend.  
[*Romeo descends.*]

*Jul.* Art thou gone so? my love! my lord! my friend!  
I must hear from thee every day i'the hour,  
For in a minute there are many days:  
O! by this count I shall be much in years,  
Ere I again behold my Romeo.

*Rom.* Farewell! I will omit no opportunity  
That may convey my greetings, love, to thee.

*Jul.* O, think'st thou, we shall ever meet again?

*Rom.* I doubt it not; and all these woes shall serve  
For sweet discourses in our time to come.

*Jul.* O God! I have an ill-divining soul:  
Methinks, I see thee, now thou art below,  
As one dead in the bottom of a tomb:  
Either my eyesight fails, or thou look'st pale.

*Rom.* And trust me, love, in my eye so do you:  
Dry sorrow drinks our blood. Adieu! adieu!

[*Exit Romeo.*]

*Jul.* O fortune! fortune! all men call thee fickle:  
If thou art fickle, what dost thou with him  
That is renown'd for faith? Be fickle, fortune;  
For then, I hope, thou wilt not keep him long,  
But send him back.

*Lady C.* [*Within*] Ho, daughter! are you up?

*Jul.* Who is't that calls? is it my lady mother?  
Is she not down so late, or up so early?  
What unaccustom'd cause procures her hither?

*Enter* LADY CAPULET.

*Lady C.* Why, how now, Juliet?

*Jul.* Madam, I am not well.

*Lady C.* Evermore weeping for your cousin's death?  
What, wilt thou wash him from his grave with tears?  
An if thou couldst, thou couldst not make him live;  
Therefore, have done: Some grief shows much of love;  
But much of grief shows still some want of wit.

*Jul.* Yet let me weep for such a feeling loss.

*Lady C.* So shall you feel the loss, but not the friend  
Which you weep for.

*Jul.* Feeling so the loss,  
I cannot choose but ever weep the friend.

*Lady C.* Well, girl, thou weep'st not so much for his  
death,  
As that the villain lives which slaughter'd him.

*Jul.* What villain, madam?

*Lady C.* That same villain, Romeo.

*Jul.* Villain and he are many miles asunder.  
God pardon him! I do, with all my heart;  
And yet no man, like he, doth grieve my heart.

*Lady C.* That is, because the traitor murderer lives.

*Jul.* Ay, madam, from the reach of these my hands.  
'Would, none but I might venge my cousin's death!

*Lady C.* We will have vengeance for it, fear thou not:  
Then weep no more. I'll send to one in Mantua,—  
Where that same banish'd runagate doth live,—  
That shall bestow on him so sure a draught,  
That he shall soon keep Tybalt company:  
And then, I hope, thou wilt be satisfied.

*Jul.* Indeed, I never shall be satisfied  
With Romeo, till I behold him—dead—  
Is my poor heart so for a kinsman vex'd:—  
Madam, if you could find out but a man  
To bear a poison, I would temper it;  
That Romeo should, upon receipt thereof,  
on sleep in quiet.—O, how my heart abhors

To hear him nam'd,—and cannot come to him,—  
'To wreak the love I bore my cousin Tybalt  
Upon his body that hath slaughter'd him!

*Lady C.* Find thou the means, and I'll find such a man.  
But now I'll tell thee joyful tidings, girl.

*Jul.* And joy comes well in such a needful time:  
What are they, I beseech your ladyship?

*Lady C.* Well, well, thou hast a careful father, child;  
One, who, to put thee from thy heaviness,  
Hath sorted out a sudden day of joy,  
That thou expect'st not, nor I look'd not for.

*Jul.* Madam, in happy time, what day is that?

*Lady C.* Marry, my child, early next Thursday morn,  
The gallant, young, and noble gentleman,  
The county Paris, at saint Peter's church,  
Shall happily make thee there a joyful bride.

*Jul.* Now, by saint Peter's church, and Peter too,  
He shall not make me there a joyful bride.  
I wonder at this haste; that I must wed  
Ere he, that should be husband, comes to woo.  
I pray you, tell my lord and father, madam,  
I will not marry yet; and, when I do, I swear,  
It shall be Romeo, whom you know I hate,  
Rather than Paris:—These are news indeed!

*Lady C.* Here comes your father; tell him so yourself,  
And see how he will take it at your hands.

*Enter CAPULET and Nurse.*

*Cap.* When the sun sets, the air doth drizzle dew;  
But for the sunset of my brother's son,  
It rains downright.—

How now? a conduit, girl? what, still in tears?  
Evermore showering? In one little body  
Thou counterfeit'st a bark, a sea, a wind:  
For still thy eyes, which I may call the sea,  
Do ebb and flow with tears; the bark thy body is,  
Sailing in this salt flood; the winds, thy sighs;  
Who,—raging with thy tears, and they with them,—  
Without a sudden calm, will overset  
Thy tempest-tossed body.—How now, wife?  
Have you deliver'd to her our decree?



*Lady C.* Ay, sir; but she will none, she gives you thanks.

I would, the fool were married to her grave!

*Cap.* Soft, take me with you, take me with you, wife. How! will she none? doth she not give us thanks? Is she not proud? doth she not count her bless'd, Unworthy as she is, that we have wrought So worthy a gentleman to be her bridegroom?

*Jul.* Not proud, you have; but thankful, that you have:

Proud can I never be of what I hate;  
But thankful even for hate, that is meant love.

*Cap.* How now! how now, chop-logic! What is this? Proud,—and, I thank you,—and, I thank you not;—And yet not proud;—Mistress minion, you. Thank me no thankings, nor proud me no prouds, But settle your fine joints 'gainst Thursday next, To go with Paris to saint Peter's church, Or I will drag thee on a hurdle thither. Out, you green-sickness carrion! out, you baggage! You tallow face!

*Lady C.* Fie, fie! what are you mad?

*Jul.* Good father, I beseech you on my knees, Hear me with patience but to speak a word.

*Cap.* Hang thee, young baggage? disobedient wretch! I tell thee what,—get thee to church o' Thursday, Or never after look me in the face: Speak not, reply not, do not answer me: My fingers itch.—Wife, we scarce thought us bless'd, That God had sent us but this only child; But now I see this one is one too much, And that we have a curse in having her: Out on her, hilding!

*Nurse.* God in heaven bless her!— You are to blame, my lord, to rate her so.

*Cap.* And why, my lady wisdom? hold your tongue, Good prudence; smatter with your gossips, go.

*Nurse.* I speak no treason.

*Cap.*

O God, ye good den!

*Nurse.* May not one speak?

*Cap.*

Peace, you mumbling fool:

Utter your gravity o'er a gossip's bowl,  
For here we need it not.

*Lady C.* You are too hot.

*Cap.* God's bread! it makes me mad: Day, night,  
At home, abroad, alone, in company, [late, early,  
Waking, or sleeping, still my care hath been  
To have her match'd: and having now provided  
A gentleman of princely parentage,  
Of fair demesnes, youthful, and nobly train'd,  
Stuff'd (as they say) with honourable parts,  
Proportion'd as one's heart could wish a man,—  
And then to have a wretched puling fool,  
A whining mammet, in her fortune's tender,  
To answer,—*I'll not wed,—I cannot love,  
I am too young,—I pray you, pardon me;—*  
But, an you will not wed, I'll pardon you:  
Graze where you will, you shall not house with me;  
Look to't, think on't, I do not use to jest.  
Thursday is near; lay hand on heart, advise:  
An you be mine, I'll give you to my friend;  
An you be not, hang, beg, starve, die i'the streets,  
For, by my soul, I'll ne'er acknowledge thee,  
Nor what is mine shall never do thee good:  
Trust to't, bethink you, I'll not be forsworn. [Exit.

*Jul.* Is there no pity sitting in the clouds,  
That sees into the bottom of my grief?  
O, sweet my mother, cast me not away!  
Delay this marriage for a month, a week;  
Or, if you do not, make the bridal bed  
In that dim monument where Tybalt lies.

*Lady C.* Talk not to me, for I'll not speak a word;  
Do as thou wilt, for I have done with thee. [Exit.

*Jul.* O God!—O nurse! how shall this be prevented?  
My husband is on earth, my faith in heaven;  
How shall that faith return again to earth,  
Unless that husband send it me from heaven  
By leaving earth?—comfort me, counsel me.—  
Alack, alack, that heaven should practise stratagems  
Upon so soft a subject as myself!—  
What say'st thou? hast thou not a word of joy?  
Some comfort, nurse.

*Nurse.* 'Faith, here 'tis : Romeo  
Is banish'd ; and all the world to nothing,  
'That he dares ne'er come back to challenge you ;  
Or, if he do, it needs must be by stealth.  
Then, since the case so stands as now it doth,  
I think it best you married with the county.  
O, he's a lovely gentleman !  
Romeo's a dishclout to him ; an eagle, madam,  
Hath not so green, so quick, so fair an eye,  
As Paris hath. Beshrew my very heart,  
I think you are happy in this second match,  
For it excels your first : or if it did not,  
Your first is dead ; or 'twere as good he were,  
As living here and you no use of him.

*Jul.* Speakest thou from thy heart ?

*Nurse.* From my soul too ;  
Or else beshrew them both.

*Jul.*

Amen !

*Nurse.*

To what ?

*Jul.* Well, thou hast comforted me marvellous much.  
Go in ; and tell my lady I am gone,  
Having displeas'd my father, to Laurence' cell,  
To make confession, and to be absolv'd.

*Nurse.* Marry, I will ; and this is wisely done.

[*Exit.*

*Jul.* Ancient damnation ! O most wicked fiend !  
Is it more sin—to wish me thus forsworn,  
Or to dispraise my lord with that same tongue  
Which she hath prais'd him with above compare  
So many thousand times ?—Go, counsellor ;  
Thou and my bosom henceforth shall be twain.—  
I'll to the friar, to know his remedy ;  
If all else fail, myself have power to die.

[*Exit.*

## ACT IV.



### SCENE I. *Friar Laurence's Cell.*

*Enter FRIAR LAURENCE and PARIS.*

*Fri.* On Thursday, sir? the time is very short.

*Par.* My father Capulet will have it so;  
And I am nothing slow, to slack his haste.

*Fri.* You say, you do not know the lady's mind;  
Uneven is the course, I like it not.

*Par.* Immoderately she weeps for Tybalt's death,  
And therefore have I little talk'd of love;  
For Venus smiles not in a house of tears.  
Now, sir, her father counts it dangerous,  
'That she doth give her sorrow so much sway;  
And, in his wisdom, hastes our marriage,  
'To stop the inundation of her tears;  
Which, too much minded by herself alone,  
May be put from her by society:  
Now do you know the reason of this haste.

*Fri.* I would I knew not why it should be slow'd.

[*Aside.*

Look, sir, here comes the lady towards my cell.

*Enter JULIET.*

*Par.* Happily met, my lady, and my wife!

*Jul.* That may be, sir, when I may be a wife.

*Par.* That may be, must be, love, on Thursday next.

*Jul.* What must be shall be.

*Fri.* That's a certain text.

*Par.* Come you to make confession to this father?

*Jul.* To answer that, were to confess to you.

*Par.* Do not deny to him, that you love me.

*Jul.* I will confess to you, that I love him.

*Par.* So will you, I am sure, that you love me.

*Jul.* If I do so, it will be of more price,  
Being spoke behind your back, than to your face.

*Par.* Poor soul, thy face is much abus'd with tears.

*Jul.* The tears have got small victory by that :  
For it was bad enough, before their spite.

*Par.* Thou wrong'st it, more than tears, with that

*Jul.* That is no slander, sir, that is a truth; [report.  
And what I spake, I spake it to my face.

*Par.* Thy face is mine, and thou hast slander'd it.

*Jul.* It may be so, for it is not mine own.—  
Are you at leisure, holy father, now ;  
Or shall I come to you at evening mass?

*Fri.* My leisure serves me, pensive daughter, now :—  
My lord, we must entreat the time alone.

*Par.* God shield, I should disturb devotion!—  
Juliet, on Thursday early will I rouse you :  
Till then, adieu! and keep this holy kiss. [*Exit Paris.*

*Jul.* O, shut the door! and when thou hast done so,  
Come weep with me; Past hope, past cure, past help!

*Fri.* Ah, Juliet, I already know thy grief;  
It strains me past the compass of my wits :  
I hear thou must, and nothing must prorogue it,  
On Thursday next be married to this county.

*Jul.* Tell me not, friar, that thou hear'st of this,  
Unless thou tell me how I may prevent it:  
If, in thy wisdom, thou canst give no help,  
Do thou but call my resolution wise,  
And with this knife I'll help it presently.  
God join'd my heart and Romeo's, thou our hands ;

And ere this hand, by thee to Romeo seal'd,  
Shall be the label to another deed,  
Or my true heart with treacherous revolt  
Turn to another, this shall slay them both :  
Therefore, out of thy long-experienc'd time,  
Give me some present counsel ; or, behold,  
'Twixt my extremes and me this bloody knife  
Shall play the umpire ; arbitrating that  
Which the commission of thy years and art  
Could to no issue of true honour bring.  
Be not so long to speak ; I long to die,  
If what thou speak'st speak not of remedy.

*Fri.* Hold, daughter ; I do spy a kind of hope,  
Which craves as desperate an execution  
As that is desperate which we would prevent.  
If, rather than to marry county Paris,  
Thou hast the strength of will to slay thyself ;  
Then is it likely, thou wilt undertake  
A thing like death to chide away this shame,  
That cop'st with death himself to scape from it ;  
And, if thou dar'st, I'll give thee remedy.

*Jul.* O, bid me leap, rather than marry Paris,  
From off the battlements of yonder tower ;  
Or walk in thievish ways ; or bid me lurk  
Where serpents are ; chain me with roaring bears ;  
Or shut me nightly in a charnel-house,  
O'er-cover'd quite with dead men's rattling bones,  
With reeky shanks, and yellow chapless skulls ;  
Or bid me go into a new-made grave,  
And hide me with a dead man in his shroud ;  
Things that, to hear them told, have made me tremble ;  
And I will do it without fear or doubt,  
To live an unstain'd wife to my sweet love.

*Fri.* Hold, then ; go home, be merry, give consent  
To marry Paris : Wednesday is to-morrow,  
To-morrow night look that thou lie alone,  
Let not thy nurse lie with thee in thy chamber :  
Take thou this phial, being then in bed,  
And this distilled liquor drink thou off :  
When, presently, through all thy veins shall run

A cold and drowsy humour, which shall seize  
 Each vital spirit; for no pulse shall keep  
 His natural progress, but surcease to beat:  
 No warmth, no breath, shall testify thou liv'st;  
 The roses in thy lips and cheeks shall fade  
 To paly ashes; thy eyes' windows fall,  
 Like death, when he shuts up the day of life;  
 Each part, depriv'd of supple government,  
 Shall stiff, and stark, and cold, appear like death:  
 And in this borrow'd likeness of shrunk death  
 Thou shalt remain full two and forty hours,  
 And then awake as from a pleasant sleep.  
 Now when the bridegroom in the morning comes  
 To rouse thee from thy bed, there art thou dead:  
 Then (as the manner of our country is),  
 In thy best robes uncover'd on the bier,  
 Thou shalt be borne to that same ancient vault,  
 Where all the kindred of the Capulets lie.  
 In the mean time, against thou shalt awake,  
 Shall Romeo by my letters know our drift;  
 And hither shall he come; and he and I  
 Will watch thy waking, and that very night  
 Shall Romeo bear thee hence to Mantua,  
 And this shall free thee from this present shame;  
 If no unconstant toy, nor womanish fear,  
 Abate thy valour in the acting it.

*Jul.* Give me, O give me! tell me not of fear.

*Fri.* Hold; get you gone, be strong and prosperous  
 In this resolve: I'll send a friar with speed  
 To Mantua, with my letters to thy lord. [afford.

*Jul.* Love, give me strength! and strength shall help  
 Farewell, dear father! [Exeunt.

*SCENE II. A Room in CAPULET'S House.*

*Enter CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, Nurse, and Servants.*

*Cap.* So many guests invite as here are writ.—

[Exit Servant.

Sirrah, go hire me twenty cunning cooks.

*2 Serv.* You shall have none ill, sir; for I'll try if  
 they can lick their fingers.

*Cap.* How canst thou try them so?

*2 Serv.* Marry, sir, 'tis an ill cook that cannot lick his own fingers: therefore he, that cannot lick his fingers, goes not with me.

*Cap.* Go, be gone. *[Exit Servant.]*

We shall be much unfurnish'd for this time.—

What, is my daughter gone to friar Laurence?

*Nurse.* Ay, forsooth.

*Cap.* Well, he may chance to do some good on her:  
A peevish self-will'd harlotry it is.

*Enter JULIET.*

*Nurse.* See, where she comes from shrift with merry look.

*Cap.* How now, my headstrong? where have you been gadding?

*Jul.* Where I have learn'd me to repent the sin  
Of disobedient opposition

To you, and your behests; and am enjoin'd

By holy Laurence to fall prostrate here,

And beg your pardon:—Pardon, I beseech you!

Henceforward I am ever rul'd by you.

*Cap.* Send for the county; go tell him of this;  
I'll have this knot knit up to-morrow morning.

*Jul.* I met the youthful lord at Laurence' cell;  
And gave him what becomed love I might,  
Not stepping o'er the bounds of modesty.

*Cap.* Why, I am glad on't; this is well,—stand up:  
This is as't should be.—Let me see the county;

Ay, marry, go, I say, and fetch him hither.—

Now, afore God, this reverend holy friar,  
All our whole city is much bound to him.

*Jul.* Nurse, will you go with me into my closet,  
To help me sort such needful ornaments  
As you think fit to furnish me to-morrow?

*Lady C.* No, not till Thursday; there is time enough.

*Cap.* Go, nurse, go with her:—we'll to church to-morrow. *[Exeunt Juliet and Nurse.]*

*Lady C.* We shall be short in our provision;  
'Tis now near night.



*Cap.* Tush! I will stir about,  
 And all things shall be well, I warrant thee, wife :  
 Go thou to Juliet, help to deck up her ;  
 I'll not to bed to-night ;—let me alone ;  
 I'll play the housewife for this once.—What, ho !—  
 They are all forth : Well, I will walk myself  
 To county Paris, to prepare him up  
 Against to-morrow : my heart is wondrous light,  
 Since this same wayward girl is so reclaim'd. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. JULIET's Chamber.

*Enter JULIET and Nurse.*

*Jul.* Ay, those attires are best :—But, gentle nurse,  
 I pray thee, leave me to myself to-night ;  
 For I have need of many orisons  
 To move the heavens to smile upon my state,  
 Which, well thou know'st, is cross and full of sin.

*Enter LADY CAPULET.*

*Lady C.* What, are you busy? do you need my help?

*Jul.* No, madam ; we have cull'd such necessaries  
 As are behoveful for our state to-morrow :  
 So please you, let me now be left alone,  
 And let the nurse this night sit up with you ;  
 For, I am sure, you have your hands full all,  
 In this so sudden business.

*Lady C.* Good night!  
 Get thee to bed, and rest ; for thou hast need.  
 [*Exeunt Lady Capulet and Nurse.*]

*Jul.* Farewell!—God knows, when we shall meet  
 again.

I have a faint cold fear thrills through my veins,  
 That almost freezes up the heat of life :  
 I'll call them back again to comfort me ;—  
 Nurse!—What should she do here?  
 My dismal scene I needs must act alone.—  
 Come, phial.—  
 What if this mixture do not work at all?  
 I of force be married to the county?—

No, no;—this shall forbid it:—lie thou there.—

*[Laying down a Dagger.]*

What if it be a poison, which the friar  
Subtly hath minister'd to have me dead;  
Lest in this marriage he should be dishonour'd,  
Because he married me before to Romeo?  
I fear, it is: and yet, methinks, it should not,  
For he hath still been tried a holy man:  
I will not entertain so bad a thought.—  
How if, when I am laid into the tomb,  
I wake before the time that Romeo  
Come to redeem me? there's a fearful point!  
Shall I not then be stifled in the vault,  
To whose foul mouth no healthsome air breathes in,  
And there die strangled ere my Romeo comes?  
Or, if I live, is it not very like,  
The horrible conceit of death and night,  
Together with the terror of the place,—  
As in a vault, an ancient receptacle,  
Where, for these many hundred years, the bones  
Of all my buried ancestors are pack'd;  
Where bloody Tybalt, yet but green in earth,  
Lies fest'ring in his shroud; where, as they say,  
At some hours in the night spirits resort;—  
Alack, alack! is it not like, that I,  
So early waking,—what with loathsome smells;  
And shrieks like mandrakes' torn out of the earth,  
That living mortals, hearing them, run mad;—  
O! if I wake, shall I not be distraught,  
Environed with all these hideous fears?  
And madly play with my forefathers' joints?  
And pluck the mangled Tybalt from his shroud?  
And, in this rage, with some great kinsman's bone,  
As with a club, dash out my desperate brains?  
O, look! methinks, I see my cousin's ghost  
Seeking out Romeo, that did spit his body  
Upon a rapier's point:—Stay, Tybalt, stay!—  
Romeo, I come! this do I drink to thee.

*[She throws herself on the Bed.]*

## SCENE IV. CAPULET'S Hall.

*Enter LADY CAPULET and Nurse.*

*Lady C.* Hold, take these keys, and fetch more spices, nurse.

*Nurse.* They call for dates and quinces in the pastry.

*Enter CAPULET.*

*Cap.* Come, stir, stir, stir! the second cock hath crow'd,  
The curfeu bell hath rung, 'tis three o'clock :—  
Look to the bak'd meats, good Angelica:  
Spare not for cost.

*Nurse.* Go, go, you cot-quean, go,  
Get you to bed; 'faith, you'll be sick to-morrow  
For this night's watching.

*Cap.* No, not a whit; What! I have watch'd ere now  
All night for lesser cause, and ne'er been sick.

*Lady C.* Ay, you have been a mouse-hunt in your time;  
But I will watch you from such watching now.

*[Exeunt Lady Capulet and Nurse.]*

*Cap.* A jealous-hood, a jealous-hood!—Now, fellow,  
What's there?

*Enter Servants, with Spits, Logs, and Baskets.*

1 *Serv.* Things for the cook, sir; but I know not what.

*Cap.* Make haste, make haste. *[Exit 1 Serv.]*—Sirrah,  
fetch drier logs;

Call Peter, he will show thee where they are.

2 *Serv.* I have a head, sir, that will find out logs,  
And never trouble Peter for the matter. *[Exit.]*

*Cap.* 'Mass, and well said; A merry whoreson! ha,  
Thou shalt be loggerhead.—Good faith, 'tis day:  
The county will be here with music straight,

*[Music within.]*

For so he said he would. I hear him near:—

Nurse!—Wife!—what, ho!—what, nurse, I say!

*Enter Nurse.*

Go, waken Juliet, go, and trim her up;  
I'll go and chat with Paris.—Hie, make haste,  
Make haste! the bridegroom he is come already:  
Make haste, I say!

*[Exeunt.]*

## SCENE V.    JULIET'S Chamber; JULIET on the Bed.

*Enter Nurse.*

*Nurse.* Mistress!—what, mistress!—Juliet!—fast, I warrant her, she:—

Why, lamb!—why, lady!—fie, you slug-a-bed!—

Why, love, I say!—madam! sweetheart!—why, bride!—

What, not a word?—you take your pennyworths now;

Sleep for a week: for the next night, I warrant,

The county Paris hath set up his rest,

That you shall rest but little.—God forgive me,

(Marry, and amen!) how sound is she asleep!

I needs must wake her:—Madam, madam, madam!

Ay, let the county take you in your bed;

He'll fright you up, i'faith.—Will it not be?

What, drest! and in your clothes! and down again!

I must needs wake you: Lady! lady! lady!

Alas! alas!—Help! help! my lady's dead!—

O, well-a-day, that ever I was born!—

Some aqua vitæ, ho!—my lord! my lady!

*Enter LADY CAPULET.*

*Lady C.* What noise is here?

*Nurse.*

O lamentable day!

*Lady C.* What is the matter?

*Nurse.*

Look, look! O heavy day!

*Lady C.* O me, O me!—my child, my only life,

Revive, look up, or I will die with thee!—

Help, help!—call help.

*Enter CAPULET.*

*Cap.* For shame, bring Juliet forth; her lord is come.

*Nurse.* She's dead, deceas'd, she's dead; alack the day!

*Lady C.* Alack the day! she's dead, she's dead, she's dead.

*Cap.* Ha! let me see her:—Out, alas! she's cold;  
Her blood is settled; and her joints are stiff;  
Life and these lips have long been separated:  
Death lies on her, like an untimely frost  
Upon the sweetest flower of all the field.  
Accursed time! unfortunate old man!

*Nurse.* O lamentable day!

*Lady C.*

O woful time!

*Cap.* Death, that hath ta'en her hence to make me wail,  
Ties up my tongue, and will not let me speak.

*Enter FRIAR LAURENCE and PARIS, with Musicians.*

*Fri.* Come, is the bride ready to go to church?

*Cap.* Ready to go, but never to return:

O son, the night before thy wedding-day  
Hath death lain with thy bride:—See, there she lies,  
Flower as she was, deflowered by him.

Death is my son-in-law, death is my heir;  
My daughter he hath wedded! I will die,  
And leave him all; life leaving, all is death's.

*Par.* Have I thought long to see this morning's face,  
And doth it give me such a sight as this?

*Lady C.* Accurs'd, unhappy, wretched, hateful day!  
Most miserable hour, that e'er time saw  
In lasting labour of his pilgrimage!  
But one, poor one, one poor and loving child,  
But one thing to rejoice and solace in,  
And cruel death hath catch'd it from my sight.

*Nurse.* O woe! O woful, woful, woful day!  
Most lamentable day! most woful day,  
That ever, ever, I did yet behold!  
O day! O day! O day! O hateful day!  
Never was seen so black a day as this:  
O woful day, O woful day!

*Par.* Beguil'd, divorced, wronged, spited, slain!  
Most détestable death, by thee beguil'd,  
By cruel cruel thee quite overthrown!—  
O love! O life!—not life, but love in death!

*Cap.* Despis'd, distressed, hated, martyr'd, kill'd!—  
Uncomfortable time, why cam'st thou now  
To murder murder our solemnity?—  
O child! O child!—my soul, and not my child!—  
Dead art thou, dead!—alack! my child is dead;  
And, with my child, my joys are buried!

*Fri.* Peace, ho, for shame! confusion's cure lives not  
In these confusions. Heaven and yourself

Had part in this fair maid ; now heaven hath all,  
And all the better is it for the maid :  
Your part in her you could not keep from death ;  
But heaven keeps his part in eternal life.  
The most you sought was—her promotion ;  
For 'twas your heaven, she should be advanc'd :  
And weep ye now, seeing she is advanc'd,  
Above the clouds, as high as heaven itself ?  
O, in this love, you love your child so ill,  
That you run mad, seeing that she is well :  
She's not well married, that lives married long ;  
But she's best married, that dies married young.  
Dry up your tears, and stick your rosemary  
On this fair corse ; and, as the custom is,  
In all her best array bear her to church :  
For though fond nature bids us all lament,  
Yet nature's tears are reason's merriment.

*Cap.* All things, that we ordained festival,  
Turn from their office to black funeral :  
Our instruments, to melancholy bells ;  
Our wedding cheer, to a sad burial-feast ;  
Our solemn hymns to sullen dirges change ;  
Our bridal flowers serve for a buried corse,  
And all things change them to the contrary.

*Fri.* Sir, go you in,—and, madam, go with him ;—  
And go, sir Paris ;—every one prepare  
To follow this fair corse unto her grave :  
The heavens do lour upon you, for some ill ;  
Move them no more, by crossing their high will.

[*Exeunt Capulet, Lady Capulet, Paris, and Friar.*

*1 Mus.* 'Faith, we may put up our pipes, and be gone.

*Nurse.* Honest good fellows, ah, put up ; put up ;  
For, well you know, this is a pitiful case. [*Exit Nurse.*

*1 Mus.* Ay, by my troth, the case may be amended.

*Enter PETER.*

*Pet.* Musicians, O, musicians, *Heart's ease, heart's ease* ; O, an you will have me live, play—*heart's ease.*

*1 Mus.* Why *heart's ease* ?

*Pet.* O, musicians, because my heart itself plays—

*My heart is full of woe : O, play me some merry dump, to comfort me.*

2 *Mus.* Not a dump we ; 'tis no time to play now.

*Pet.* You will not then?

*Mus.* No.

*Pet.* I will then give it you soundly.

1 *Mus.* What will you give us ?

*Pet.* No money, on my faith ; but the gleek : I will give you the minstrel.

1 *Mus.* Then will I give you the serving-creature.

*Pet.* Then will I lay the serving-creature's dagger on your pate. I will carry no crotchets : I'll *re* you, I'll *fa* you ; Do you note me ?

1 *Mus.* An you *re* us, and *fa* us, you note us.

2 *Mus.* Pray you, put up your dagger, and put out your wit.

*Pet.* Then have at you with my wit ; I will dry-beat you with an iron wit, and put up my iron dagger :— Answer me like men :

*When griping grief the heart doth wound,*

*And doleful dumps the mind oppress,*

*Then music, with her silver sound ;*

Why, silver sound ? why, music with her silver sound ?  
What say you, Simon Catling ?

1 *Mus.* Marry, sir, because silver hath a sweet sound.

*Pet.* Pretty ! What say you, Hugh Rebeck ?

2 *Mus.* I say—*silver sound*, because musicians sound for silver.

*Pet.* Pretty too !—What say you, James Sound-post ?

3 *Mus.* 'Faith, I know not what to say.

*Pet.* O, I cry you mercy ! you are the singer : I will say for you. It is—*music with her silver sound*, because such fellows as you have seldom gold for sounding :—

*Then music with her silver sound,*

*With speedy help doth lend redress.* [*Exit, singing.*

1 *Mus.* What a pestilent knave is this same ?

2 *Mus.* Hang him, Jack ! Come, we'll in here ; tarry for the mourners, and stay dinner. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT V.



### SCENE I. MANTUA. A Street.

*Enter ROMEO.*

*Rom.* If I may trust the flattering eye of sleep,  
My dreams presage some joyful news at hand:  
My bosom's lord sits lightly on his throne;  
And, all this day, an unaccustom'd spirit  
Lifts me above the ground with cheerful thoughts.  
I dreamt, my lady came and found me dead  
(Strange dream! that gives a dead man leave to think);  
And breath'd such life with kisses in my lips,  
That I reviv'd, and was an emperor.  
Ah me! how sweet is love itself possess'd,  
When but love's shadows are so rich in joy!

*Enter BALTHAZAR.*

News from Verona!—How now, Balthazar?  
Dost thou not bring me letters from the friar?  
How doth my lady? Is my father well?  
How fares my Juliet? That I ask again;  
For nothing can be ill, if she be well.



*Bal.* Then she is well, and nothing can be ill;  
Her body sleeps in Capels' monument,  
And her immortal part with angels lives;  
I saw her laid low in her kindred's vault,  
And presently took post to tell it you:  
O pardon me for bringing these ill news,  
Since you did leave it for my office, sir.

*Rom.* Is it even so? then I defy you, stars!—  
Thou know'st my lodging: get me ink and paper,  
And hire post-horses; I will hence to-night.

*Bal.* Pardon me, sir, I will not leave you thus:  
Your looks are pale and wild, and do import  
Some misadventure.

*Rom.* Tush, thou art deceiv'd;  
Leave me, and do the thing I bid thee do:  
Hast thou no letters to me from the friar?

*Bal.* No, my good lord.

*Rom.* No matter: get thee gone,  
And hire those horses; I'll be with thee straight.

[*Exit Balthazar.*]

Well, Juliet, I will lie with thee to-night.  
Let's see for means:—O, mischief, thou art swift  
To enter in the thoughts of desperate men!  
I do remember an apothecary,—  
And hereabouts he dwells,—whom late I noted  
In tatter'd weeds, with overwhelming brows,  
Culling of simples; meagre were his looks,  
Sharp misery had worn him to the bones:  
And in his needy shop a tortoise hung,  
An alligator stuff'd, and other skins  
Of ill-shap'd fishes; and about his shelves  
A beggarly account of empty boxes,  
Green earthen pots, bladders, and musty seeds,  
Remnants of packthread, and old cakes of roses,  
Were thinly scatter'd, to make up a show.  
Noting this penury, to myself I said—  
An if a man did need a poison now,  
Whose sale is present death in Mantua,  
Here lives a caitiff wretch would sell it him.  
O, this same thought did but forerun my need;

**And this same needy man must sell it me. As I remember, this should be the house : Being holiday, the beggar's shop is shut.—What, ho ! apothecary !**

*Enter Apothecary.*

**Ap.** Who calls so loud?

*Rom.* Come hither, man.—I see, that thou art poor ;  
Hold, there is forty ducats : let me have  
A dram of poison ; such soon-speeding gear  
As will disperse itself through all the veins,  
That the life-weary taker may fall dead ;  
And that the trunk may be discharg'd of breath  
As violently, as hasty powder fir'd  
Doth hurry from the fatal cannon's womb.

*Ap.* Such mortal drugs I have ; but Mantua's law  
Is death, to any he that utters them.

*Rom.* Art thou so bare, and full of wretchedness,  
And fear'st to die? famine is in thy cheeks,  
Need and oppression starveth in thy eyes,  
Upon thy back hangs ragged misery,  
The world is not thy friend; nor the world's law :  
The world affords no law to make thee rich ;  
Then be not poor, but break it, and take this.

*Ap.* My poverty, but not my will, consents.

*Rom.* I pay thy poverty, and not thy will.

*Ap.* Put this in any liquid thing you will,  
And drink it off; and if you had the strength  
Of twenty men, it would despatch you straight.

*Rom.* There is thy gold; worse poison to men's souls,  
Doing more murders in this loathsome world,  
Than these poor compounds that thou may'st not sell :  
I sell thee poison, thou hast sold me none.  
Farewell ; buy food, and get thyself in flesh.—  
Come, cordial, and not poison ; go with me  
To Juliet's grave, for there must I use thee. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE II. FRIAR LAURENCE'S Cell.

*Enter* FRIAR JOHN.

*John.* Holy Franciscan friar! brother, ho!

*Enter* FRIAR LAURENCE.

*Lau.* This same should be the voice of friar John.—  
Welcome from Mantua: What says Romeo?  
Or, if his mind be writ, give me his letter.

*John.* Going to find a barefoot brother out,  
One of our order to associate me,  
Here in this city visiting the sick,  
And finding him, the searchers of the town,  
Suspecting that we both were in a house  
Where the infectious pestilence did reign,  
Seal'd up the doors, and would not let us forth;  
So that my speed to Mantua there was stay'd.

*Lau.* Who bare my letter then to Romeo?

*John.* I could not send it,—here it is again,—  
Nor get a messenger to bring it thee,  
So fearful were they of infection.

*Lau.* Unhappy fortune! by my brotherhood,  
The letter was not nice, but full of charge,  
Of dear import; and the neglecting it  
May do much danger: Friar John, go hence;  
Get me an iron crow, and bring it straight  
Unto my cell.

*John.* Brother, I'll go and bring't thee. [Exit.

*Lau.* Now must I to the monument alone:  
Within this three hours will fair Juliet wake;  
She will beshrew me much, that Romeo  
Hath had no notice of these accidents:  
But I will write again to Mantua,  
And keep her at my cell till Romeo come:  
Poor living corse, clos'd in a dead man's tomb! [Exit.

*SCENE III. A Church-yard; in it a Monument  
belonging to the CAPULETS.*

*Enter PARIS; and his Page, bearing Flowers and a Torch.*

*Par.* Give me thy torch, boy: Hence, and stand  
Yet put it out, for I would not be seen. [aloof;—  
Under yon yew-trees lay thee all along,  
Holding thine ear close to the hollow ground;  
So shall no foot upon the church-yard tread  
(Being loose, unfirm, with digging up of graves),  
But thou shalt hear it: whistle then to me,  
As signal that thou hear'st something approach.  
Give me those flowers. Do as I bid thee, go.

*Page.* I am almost afraid to stand alone  
Here in the church-yard; yet I will adventure. [*Retires.*

*Par.* Sweet flower, with flowers I strew thy bridal bed:  
Sweet tomb, that in thy circuit dost contain  
The perfect model of eternity;  
Fair Juliet, that with angels dost remain,  
Accept this latest favour at my hands;  
That living honour'd thee, and, being dead,  
With funeral praises do adorn thy tomb!

[*The Boy whistles.*  
The boy gives warning, something doth approach.  
What cursed foot wanders this way to-night,  
To cross my obsequies, and true-love's rites?  
What, with a torch!—muffle me, night, awhile. [*Retires.*

*Enter ROMEO and BALTHAZAR, with a Torch,  
Mattock, &c.*

*Rom.* Give me that mattock, and the wrenching iron.  
Hold, take this letter; early in the morning  
See thou deliver it to my lord and father.  
Give me the light: Upon thy life I charge thee,  
Whate'er thou hear'st or seest, stand all aloof,  
And do not interrupt me in my course.  
Why I descend into this bed of death,  
Is, partly, to behold my lady's face:  
But, chiefly, to take hence from her dead finger

A precious ring ; a ring, that I must use  
 In dear employment: therefore hence, be gone:—  
 But if thou, jealous, dost return to pry  
 In what I further shall intend to do,  
 By heaven, I will tear thee joint by joint,  
 And strew this hungry church-yard with thy limbs :  
 The time and my intents are savage-wild ;  
 More fierce, and more inexorable far,  
 Than empty tigers, or the roaring sea.

*Bal.* I will be gone, sir, and not trouble you.

*Rom.* So shalt thou show me friendship.— Take thou  
 that :

Live, and be prosperous ; and farewell, good fellow.

*Bal.* For all this same, I'll hide me hereabout ;  
 His looks I fear, and his intents I doubt. [*Retires.*]

*Rom.* Thou détestable maw, thou womb of death  
 Gorg'd with the dearest morsel of the earth,  
 'Thus I enforce thy rotten jaws to open,

[*Breaking open the Door of the Monument.*]

And, in despite, I'll cram thee with more food!

*Par.* This is that banish'd haughty Montague,  
 That murder'd my love's cousin ;—with which grief,  
 It is supposed, the fair creature died ;—  
 And here is come to do some villanous shame  
 To the dead bodies: I will apprehend him.—

[*Advances.*]

Stop thy unhallow'd toil, vile Montague ;  
 Can vengeance be pursu'd further than death ?  
 Condemned villain, I do apprehend thee:  
 Obey, and go with me ; for thou must die.

*Rom.* I must, indeed ; and therefore came I hither.—  
 Good gentle youth, tempt not a desperate man ;  
 Fly hence and leave me ;—think upon these gone ;  
 Let them affright thee.—I beseech thee, youth,  
 Heap not another sin upon my head,  
 By urging me to fury :—O, be gone !  
 By heaven, I love thee better than myself ;  
 For I come hither arm'd against myself :  
 Stay not, be gone ;—live, and hereafter say—  
 A madman's mercy bade thee run away.

*Par.* I do defy thy conjurations,  
And do attach thee as a felon here.

*Rom.* Wilt thou provoke me? then have at thee, boy.

*Page.* O lord! they fight: I will go call the watch. [*They fight.*]

*Par.* O, I am slain!—[*Falls*].—If thou be merciful,  
Open the tomb, lay me with Juliet. [*Exit Page.*]

*Rom.* In faith, I will:—Let me peruse this face;

Mercutio's kinsman, noble county Paris:—

What said my man, when my betossed soul

Did not attend him as we rode? I think,

He told me, Paris should have married Juliet:

Said he not so? or did I dream it so?

Or am I mad, hearing him talk of Juliet,

To think it was so?—O, give me thy hand,

One writ with me in sour misfortune's book!

I'll bury thee in a triumphant grave,—

A grave? O, no; a lantern, slaughter'd youth,

For here lies Juliet, and her beauty makes

This vault a feasting presence full of light.

Death, lie thou there, by a dead man interr'd.

[*Laying Paris in the Monument.*]

How oft when men are at the point of death

Have they been merry? which their keepers call

A lightning before death: O, how may I

Call this a lightning?—O, my love! my wife!

Death, that hath suck'd the honey of thy breath,

Hath had no power yet upon thy beauty:

Thou art not conquer'd; beauty's ensign yet

Is crimson in thy lips, and in thy cheeks,

And death's pale flag is not advanced there.—

Tybalt, liest thou there in thy bloody sheet?

O, what more favour can I do to thee,

Than with that hand that cut thy youth in twain,

To sunder his that was thine enemy?

Forgive me, cousin!—Ah! dear Juliet,

Why art thou yet so fair? Shall I believe

That unsubstantial death is amorous;

And that the lean abhorred monster keeps

Thee here in dark to be his paramour?  
 For fear of that, I will still stay with thee;  
 And never from this palace of dim night  
 Depart again; here, here will I remain  
 With worms that are thy chambermaids; O, here  
 Will I set up my everlasting rest;  
 And shake the yoke of inauspicious stars  
 From this world-wearied flesh.—Eyes, look your last!  
 Arms, take your last embrace! and lips, O you  
 The doors of breath, seal with a righteous kiss  
 A dateless bargain to engrossing death!—  
 Come, bitter conduct, come, unsavoury guide!  
 Thou desperate pilot, now at once run on  
 The dashing rocks thy sea-sick weary bark!  
 Here's to my love!—[*Drinks*] O, true apothecary!  
 Thy drugs are quick.—Thus with a kiss I die. [*Dies.*]

*Enter, at the other end of the Church-yard, FRIAR  
 LAURENCE, with a Lantern, Crow, and Spade.*

*Fri.* Saint Francis be my speed! how oft to-night,  
 Have my old feet stumbled at graves?—Who's there?  
 Who is it, that consorts, so late, the dead?

*Bal.* Here's one, a friend, and one that knows you well.

*Fri.* Bliss be upon you! Tell me, good, my friend,  
 What torch is yond', that vainly lends his light  
 To grubs and eyeless skulls? as I discern,  
 It burneth in the Capels' monument.

*Bal.* It doth so, holy sir; and there's my master,  
 One that you love.

*Fri.* Who is it?

*Bal.* Romeo.

*Fri.* How long hath he been there?

*Bal.* Full half an hour.

*Fri.* Go with me to the vault.

*Bal.* I dare not, sir:

My master knows not, but I am gone hence;  
 And fearfully did menace me with death,  
 If I did stay to look on his intents.

*Fri.* Stay then, I'll go alone:—Fear comes upon me:  
 O, much I fear some ill unlucky thing.

*Bal.* As I did sleep under this yew-tree here,  
I dreamt my master and another fought,  
And that my master slew him.

*Fri.*

Romeo!— [*Advances.*

Alack, alack, what blood is this, which stains  
The stony entrance of this sepulchre?—

What mean these masterless and gory swords  
To lie discolour'd by this place of peace?

[*Enters the Monument.*

Romeo! O, pale!—Who else? what, Paris too?  
And steep'd in blood?—Ah, what an unkind hour  
Is guilty of this lamentable chance!—

The lady stirs.

[*Juliet wakes and stirs.*

*Jul.* O comfortable friar! where is my lord?

I do remember well where I should be,

And there I am:—Where is my Romeo? [*Noise within.*

*Fri.* I hear some noise.—Lady, come from that nest  
Of death, contagion, and unnatural sleep;

A greater power than we can contradict

Hath thwarted our intents; come, come away:

Thy husband in thy bosom there lies dead;

And Paris too. Come, I'll dispose of thee

Among a sisterhood of holy nuns:

Stay not to question, for the watch is coming;

Come, go, good Juliet,—[*Noise again*] I dare stay no  
longer. [*Exit.*

*Jul.* Go, get thee hence, for I will not away.—

What's here? a cup, clos'd in my true love's hand?

Poison, I see, hath been his timeless end:—

O churl! drink all; and leave no friendly drop,

To help me after?—I will kiss thy lips;

Haply, some poison yet doth hang on them,

To make me die with a restorative.

[*Kisses him.*

Thy lips are warm!

*1 Watch.* [*Within*] Lead, boy:—Which way?

*Jul.* Yea, noise?—then I'll be brief.—O happy dagger!

[*Snatching Romeo's Dagger.*

This is thy sheath; [*Stabs herself*] there rust, and let  
me die. [*Falls on Romeo's Body and dies.*



*Enter Watch, with the Page of PARIS.*

*Page.* This is the place ; there, where the torch doth burn. [church-yard :

*1 Watch.* The ground is bloody ; Search about the Go, some of you, whoe'er you find, attach.

[*Exeunt some.*

Pitiful sight ! here lies the county slain ;—

And Juliet bleeding ; warm, and newly dead,

Who here hath lain these two days buried.—

Go, tell the prince,—run to the Capulets,—

Raise up the Montagues,—some others search ;—

[*Exeunt other Watchmen.*

We see the ground whereon these woes do lie ;

But the true ground of all these piteous woes,

We cannot without circumstance descry.

*Enter some of the Watch, with BALTHAZAR.*

*2 Watch.* Here's Romeo's man, we found him in the church-yard. [hither.

*1 Watch.* Hold him in safety, till the prince come

*Enter another Watchman, with FRIAR LAURENCE.*

*3 Watch.* Here is a friar, that trembles, sighs, and We took this mattock and this spade from him, [weeps : As he was coming from this church-yard side.

*1 Watch.* A great suspicion ; Stay the friar too.

*Enter the PRINCE and Attendants.*

*Prince.* What misadventure is so early up,  
That calls our person from our morning's rest ?

*Enter CAPULET, LADY CAPULET, and others.*

*Cap.* What should it be, that they so shriek abroad ?

*Lady C.* The people in the street cry—Romeo,  
Some—Juliet, and some—Paris ; and all run,  
With open outcry, toward our monument.

*Prince.* What fear is this, which startles in our ears ?

*1 Watch.* Sovereign, here lies the county Paris slain ;  
And Romeo dead ; and Juliet, dead before,  
Warm and new kill'd.

*Prince.* Search, seek, and know how this foul murder comes.

*1 Watch.* Here is a friar, and slaughter'd Romeo's man ;  
With instruments upon them, fit to open  
These dead men's tombs.

*Cap.* O, heavens!—O, wife! look how our daughter bleeds!

This dagger hath mista'en,—for, lo! his house  
Is empty on the back of Montague,—  
And is mis-sheathed in my daughter's bosom.

*Lady C.* O me! this sight of death is as a bell,  
That warns my old age to a sepulchre.

*Enter MONTAGUE and others.*

*Prince.* Come, Montague ; for thou art early up,  
To see thy son and heir more early down.

*Mon.* Alas, my liege, my wife is dead to-night ;  
Grief of my son's exile hath stopp'd her breath :  
What further woe conspires against mine age ?

*Prince.* Look, and thou shalt see.

*Mon.* O thou untaught! what manners is in this,  
To press before thy father to a grave ?

*Prince.* Seal up the mouth of outrage for awhile,  
Till we can clear these ambiguities,  
And know their spring, their head, their true descent ;  
And then will I be general of your woes,  
And lead you even to death : Mean time forbear,  
And let mischance be slave to patience.—  
Bring forth the parties of suspicion.

*Fri.* I am the greatest, able to do least,  
Yet most suspected, as the time and place  
Doth make against me of this direful murder ;  
And here I stand, both to impeach and purge  
Myself condemned and myself accus'd.

*Prince.* Then say at once what thou dost know in this.

*Fri.* I will be brief, for my short date of breath  
Is not so long as is a tedious tale.  
Romeo, there dead, was husband to that Juliet ;  
And she, there dead, that Romeo's faithful wife :  
I married them ; and their stolen-marriage-day

Was Tybalt's doomsday, whose untimely death  
Banish'd the new-made bridegroom from this city ;  
For whom, and not for Tybalt, Juliet pin'd.

You—to remove that siege of grief from her,—  
Betroth'd, and would have married her perforce,  
To county Paris:—Then comes she to me ;  
And, with wild looks, bid me devise some means  
To rid her from this second marriage,  
Or, in my cell there would she kill herself.

Then gave I her, so tutor'd by my art,  
A sleeping-potion : which so took effect  
As I intended, for it wrought on her  
The form of death : mean time I writ to Romeo,  
That he should hither come as this dire night,  
To help to take her from her borrow'd grave,  
Being the time the potion's force should cease.

But he which bore my letter, friar John,  
Was staid by accident ; and yesternight  
Return'd my letter back : Then all alone,  
At the prefixed hour of her waking,  
Came I to take her from her kindred's vault ;

Meaning to keep her closely at my cell,  
'Till I conveniently could send to Romeo :  
But when I came (some minute ere the time  
Of her awakening), here untimely lay  
The noble Paris, and true Romeo, dead.

She wakes ; and I entreated her come forth,  
And bear this work of heaven with patience :  
But then a noise did scare me from the tomb ;  
And she, too desperate, would not go with me,  
But (as it seems), did violence on herself.

All this I know ; and to the marriage  
Her nurse is privy : And, if aught in this  
Miscarried by my fault, let my old life  
Be sacrific'd, some hour before his time,  
Unto the rigour of severest law.

*Prince.* We still have known thee for a holy man.—  
Where's Romeo's man? what can he say in this?

*Bal.* I brought my master news of Juliet's death ;  
And then in post he came from Mantua,

To this same place, to this same monument.  
This letter he early bid me give his father ;  
And threaten'd me with death, going in the vault,  
If I departed not, and left him there.

*Prince.* Give me the letter, I will look on it.—  
Where is the county's page, that rais'd the watch?—  
Sirrah, what made your master in this place?

*Page.* He came with flowers to strew his lady's grave ;  
And bid me stand aloof, and so I did :  
Anon, comes one with light to ope the tomb ;  
And, by and by, my master drew on him ;  
And then I ran away to call the watch.

*Prince.* This letter doth make good the friar's words,  
Their course of love, the tidings of her death :  
And here he writes—that he did buy a poison  
Of a poor 'pothecary, and therewithal  
Came to this vault to die, and lie with Juliet.—  
Where be these enemies? Capulet! Montague!—  
See what a scourge is laid upon your hate,  
That heaven finds means to kill your joys with love !  
And I, for winking at your discords too,  
Have lost a brace of kinsmen :—all are punish'd.

*Cap.* O, brother Montague, give me thy hand :  
This is my daughter's jointure, for no more  
Can I demand.

*Mon.* But I can give thee more :  
For I will raise her statue in pure gold ;  
That, while Verona by that name is known,  
There shall no figure at such rate be set,  
As that of true and faithful Juliet.

*Cap.* As rich shall Romeo by his lady lie ;  
Poor sacrifices of our enmity !

*Prince.* A glooming peace this morning with it brings ;  
The sun, for sorrow, will not show his head :  
Go hence, to have more talk of these sad things ;  
Some shall be pardon'd, and some punished :  
For never was a story of more woe,  
'Than this of Juliet and her Romeo.

[*Exeunt.*]

This play is one of the most pleasing of our author's performances. The scenes are busy and various, incidents numerous and important, the catastrophe irresistibly affecting, and the process of the action carried on with such probability, at least with such congruity to popular opinions, as tragedy requires.

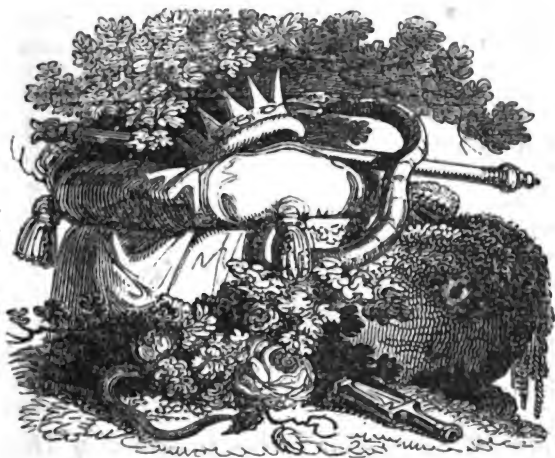
Here is one of the few attempts of Shakspeare to exhibit the conversation of gentlemen, to represent the airy sprightliness of juvenile elegance. Mr. Dryden mentions a tradition, which might easily reach his time, of a declaration made by Shakspeare, that *he was obliged to kill Mercutio in the third act, lest he should have been killed by him.* Yet he thinks him *no such formidable person, but that he might have lived through the play and died in his bed, without danger to the poet.* Dryden well knew, had he been in quest of truth, in a pointed sentence, that more regard is commonly had to the words than the thought, and that it is very seldom to be rigorously understood. Mercutio's wit, gaiety, and courage, will always procure him friends that wish him a longer life; but his death is not precipitated, he has lived out the time allotted him in the construction of the play; nor do I doubt the ability of Shakspeare to have continued his existence, though some of his sallies are perhaps out of the reach of Dryden; whose genius was not very fertile of merriment, nor ductile to humour, but acute, argumentative, comprehensive, and sublime.

The Nurse is one of the characters in which the author delighted: he has, with great subtilty of distinction, drawn her at once loquacious and secret, obsequious and insolent, trusty and dishonest.

His comic scenes are happily wrought, but his pathetic strains are always polluted with some unexpected depravations. His persons, however distressed, *have a conceit left them in their misery, a miserable conceit.*

JOHNSON.

# HAMLET, PRINCE OF DENMARK.



From the Chiswick Press.

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1813.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Claudius, *King of Denmark.*

Hamlet, *Son to the former King, and Nephew to the present King.*

Polonius, *Lord Chamberlain.*

Horatio, *Friend to Hamlet.*

Laertes, *Son to Polonius.*

Voltimand,

Cornelius,

Rosencrantz,

Guildestern,

} *Courtiers.*

Osric, *a Courtier.*

*Another Courtier.*

*A Priest.*

Marcellus,

Bernardo,

} *Officers.*

Francisco, *a Soldier.*

Reynaldo, *Servant to Polonius.*

*A Captain. An Ambassador.*

*Ghost of Hamlet's Father.*

Fortinbras, *Prince of Norway.*

Gertrude, *Queen of Denmark, and Mother of Hamlet.*

Ophelia, *Daughter of Polonius.*

*Lords, Ladies, Officers, Soldiers, Players, Grave-diggers,  
Sailors, Messengers, and other Attendants.*

SCENE, *Elsinore.*

## ACT I.



### SCENE I.

EL SINORE. *A Platform before the Castle.*

FRANCISCO *on his Post.* Enter to him BERNARDO.

Ber. **W**HO's there?

Fran. Nay, answer me: stand, and unfold Yourself.

Ber. Long live the king!

Fran. Bernardo?

Ber. He.

Fran. You come most carefully upon your hour.

Ber. 'Tis now struck twelve; get thee to bed, Francisco.

Fran. For this relief, much thanks: 'tis bitter cold, And I am sick at heart.

Ber. Have you had quiet guard?

Fran. Not a mouse stirring.

Ber. Well, good night.

If you do meet Horatio and Marcellus,  
The rivals of my watch, bid them make haste.



*Enter HORATIO and MARCELLUS.*

*Fran.* I think, I hear them.—Stand, ho! Who is there?

*Hor.* Friends to this ground.

*Mar.* And liegemen to the Dane.

*Fran.* Give you good night.

*Mar.* O, farewell, honest soldier :

Who hath reliev'd you?

*Fran.* Bernardo hath my place.

Give you good night. [*Exit Francisco.*]

*Mar.* Holla! Bernardo!

*Ber.* Say,

What, is Horatio there?

*Hor.* A piece of him.

*Ber.* Welcome, Horatio; welcome, good Marcellus.

*Hor.* What, has this thing appear'd again to-night?

*Ber.* I have seen nothing.

*Mar.* Horatio says, 'tis but our fantasy;  
And will not let belief take hold of him,  
Touching this dreaded sight, twice seen of us;  
Therefore I have entreated him, along  
With us to watch the minutes of this night;  
That, if again this apparition come,  
He may approve our eyes, and speak to it.

*Hor.* Tush! tush! 'twill not appear.

*Ber.* Sit down awhile;

And let us once again assail your ears,  
That are so fortified against our story,  
What we two nights have seen.

*Hor.* Well, sit we down,

And let us hear Bernardo speak of this.

*Ber.* Last night of all,  
When yon same star, that's westward from the pole,  
Had made his course to illume that part of heaven  
Where now it burns, Marcellus, and myself,  
The bell then beating one,—

*Mar.* Peace, break thee off; look, where it comes  
again!

*Enter GHOST.*

*Ber.* In the same figure, like the king that's dead.

*Mar.* Thou art a scholar, speak to it, Horatio.

*Ber.* Looks it not like the king? mark it, Horatio.

*Hor.* Most like:—it harrows me with fear, and wonder.

*Ber.* It would be spoke to.

*Mar.* Speak to it, Horatio.

*Hor.* What art thou, that usurp'st this time of night,  
Together with that fair and warlike form  
In which the majesty of buried Denmark  
Did sometimes march? by heaven I charge thee, speak.

*Mar.* It is offended.

*Ber.* See! it stalks away.

*Hor.* Stay; speak: speak, I charge thee, speak.

[*Exit Ghost.*]

*Mar.* 'Tis gone, and will not answer.

*Ber.* How now, Horatio? you tremble, and look pale:  
Is not this something more than fantasy?  
What think you of it?

*Hor.* Before my God, I might not this believe,  
Without the sensible and true avouch  
Of mine own eyes.

*Mar.* Is it not like the king?

*Hor.* As thou art to thyself:  
Such was the very armour he had on,  
When he the ambitious Norway combated:  
So frown'd he once, when, in an angry parle,  
He smote the sledded Polack on the ice.  
'Tis strange.

*Mar.* Thus, twice before, and jump at this dead hour,  
With martial stalk hath he gone by our watch.

*Hor.* In what particular thought to work, I know  
not;

But, in the gross and scope of mine opinion,  
This bodes some strange eruption to our state.

*Mar.* Good now, sit down, and tell me, he that knows,  
Why this same strict and most observant watch  
So nightly toils the subject of the land;  
And why such daily cast of brazen cannon,  
And foreign mart for implements of war;  
Why such impress of shipwrights, whose sore task  
Does not divide the Sunday from the week:

What might be toward, that this sweaty haste  
Doth make the night joint-labourer with the day :  
Who is't, that can inform me?

*Hor.*

That can I ;

At least, the whisper goes so. Our last king,  
Whose image even but now appear'd to us,  
Was, as you know, by Fortinbras of Norway,  
Thereto prick'd on by a most emulate pride,  
Dar'd to the combat ; in which, our valiant Hamlet  
(For so this side of our known world esteem'd him),  
Did slay this Fortinbras ; who, by a seal'd compact,  
Well ratified by law and heraldry,  
Did forfeit, with his life, all those his lands,  
Which he stood seiz'd of, to the conqueror :  
Against the which, a moiety competent  
Was gaged by our king ; which had return'd  
To the inheritance of Fortinbras,  
Had he been vanquisher ; as, by the same co-mart,  
And carriage of the article design'd,  
His fell to Hamlet : Now, sir, young Fortinbras,  
Of unimproved mettle, hot and full,  
Hath in the skirts of Norway, here and there,  
Shark'd up a list of landless resolute,  
For food and diet, to some enterprise  
That hath a stomach in't : which is no other  
(As it doth well appear unto our state),  
But to recover of us, by strong hand,  
And terms compulsory, those 'foresaid lands  
So by his father lost : And this, I take it,  
Is the main motive of our preparations ;  
The source of this our watch ; and the chief head  
Of this post-haste and romage in the land.

[*Ber.* I think, it be no other, but even so :

Well may it sort, that this portentous figure  
Comes armed through our watch ; so like the king  
That was, and is, the question of these wars.

*Hor.* A mote it is, to trouble the mind's eye.

In the most high and palmy state of Rome,  
A little ere the mightiest Julius fell,  
The graves stood tenantless, and the sheeted dead,

Did squeak and gibber in the Roman streets.

\* \* \* \* \*  
As, stars with trains of fire and dews of blood,  
Disasters in the sun; and the moist star,  
Upon whose influence Neptune's empire stands,  
Was sick almost to doomsday with eclipse.  
And even the like precurse of fierce events,—  
As harbingers preceding still the fates,  
And prologue to the omen coming on,—  
Have heaven and earth together démonstrated  
Unto our climatures and countrymen.—]

*Re-enter GHOST.*

But, soft; behold! lo, where it comes again!  
I'll cross it, though it blast me.—Stay, illusion!  
If thou hast any sound, or use of voice,  
Speak to me:

If there be any good thing to be done,  
That may to thee do ease, and grace to me,  
Speak to me:

If thou art privy to thy country's fate,  
Which, happily, foreknowing may avoid,  
O, speak!

Or, if thou hast uphoarded in thy life  
Extorted treasure in the womb of earth,  
For which, they say, you spirits oft walk in death,

[*Cock crows.*

Speak of it:—stay, and speak.—Stop it, Marcellus.

*Mar.* Shall I strike at it with my partizan?

*Hor.* Do, if it will not stand.

*Ber.*

'Tis here!

*Hor.*

'Tis here!

*Mar.* 'Tis gone!

[*Exit Ghost.*

We do it wrong, being so majestic,  
To offer it the show of violence;  
For it is, as the air, invulnerable,  
And our vain blows malicious mockery.

*Ber.* It was about to speak, when the cock crew.

*Hor.* And then it started, like a guilty thing  
Upon a fearful summons. I have heard,

The cock, that is the trumpet of the morn,  
Doth with his lofty and shrill-sounding throat  
Awake the god of day; and, at his warning,  
Whether in sea or fire, in earth or air,  
The extravagant and erring spirit hies  
To his confine: and of the truth herein  
This present object made probation.

*Mar.* It faded on the crowing of the cock.  
Some say, that ever 'gainst that season comes  
Wherein our Saviour's birth is celebrated,  
This bird of dawning singeth all night long:  
And then, they say, no spirit dares stir abroad;  
The nights are wholesome: then no planets strike,  
No fairy takes, nor witch hath power to charm,  
So hallow'd and so gracious is the time.

*Hor.* So have I heard, and do in part believe it.  
But, look, the morn, in russet mantle clad,  
Walks o'er the dew of yon high eastern hill:  
Break we our watch up; and, by my advice,  
Let us impart what we have seen to-night  
Unto young Hamlet: for, upon my life,  
This spirit, dumb to us, will speak to him:  
Do you consent we shall acquaint him with it,  
As needful in our loves, fitting our duty?

*Mar.* Let's do't, I pray; and I this morning know  
Where we shall find him most convenient. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *The same. A Room of State in the same.*

*Enter the KING, QUEEN, HAMLET, POLONIUS, LAERTES, VOLTIMAND, CORNELIUS, Lords, and Attendants.*

*King.* Though yet of Hamlet our dear brother's death  
The memory be green; and that it us befitted  
To bear our hearts in grief, and our whole kingdom  
To be contracted in one brow of woe;  
Yet so far hath discretion fought with nature,  
That we with wisest sorrow think on him,  
Together with remembrance of ourselves.  
Therefore our sometime sister, now our queen,

The imperial jointress of this warlike state,  
Have we, as 'twere, with a defeated joy,—  
With one auspicious, and one dropping eye;  
With mirth in funeral, and with dirge in marriage,  
In equal scale weighing delight and dole,—  
Taken to wife: nor have we herein barr'd  
Your better wisdoms, which have freely gone  
With this affair along:—For all, our thanks.

Now follows, that you know, young Fortinbras,—  
Holding a weak supposal of our worth;  
Or thinking, by our late dear brother's death,  
Our state to be disjoint and out of frame,  
Colleagu'd with this dream of his advantage,  
He hath not fail'd to pester us with message,  
Importing the surrender of those lands,  
Lost by his father, with all bands of law,  
To our most valiant brother.—So much for him.  
Now for ourself, and for this time of meeting.  
Thus much the business is: We have here writ  
To Norway, uncle of young Fortinbras,—  
Who, impotent and bed-rid, scarcely hears  
Of this his nephew's purpose,—to suppress  
His further gait herein; in that the levies,  
The lists, and full proportions, are all made  
Out of his subject:—and we here despatch  
You, good Cornelius, and you, Voltimand,  
For bearers of this greeting to old Norway;  
Giving to you no further personal power  
To business with the king, more than the scope  
Of these dilated articles allow.

Farewell: and let your haste commend your duty.

*Cor. Vol.* In that, and all things, will we show our duty.

*King.* We doubt it nothing; heartily farewell.

*[Exeunt Voltimand and Cornelius.]*

And now, Laertes, what's the news with you?

You told us of some suit; What is't, Laertes?

You cannot speak of reason to the Dane,

And lose your voice: What wouldst thou beg, Laertes,  
That shall not be my offer, not thy asking?

The head is not more native to the heart,

The hand more instrumental to the mouth,  
Than is the throne of Denmark to thy father.  
What wouldst thou have, Laertes?

*Laer.* My dread lord,  
Your leave and favour to return to France;  
From whence though willingly I came to Denmark,  
To show my duty in your coronation;  
Yet now, I must confess, that duty done,  
My thoughts and wishes bend again toward France,  
And bow them to your gracious leave and pardon.

*King.* Have you your father's leave? What says Polonius?

*Pol.* He hath my lord, [wrung from me my slow leave,  
By laboursome petition; and, at last,  
Upon his will I seal'd my hard consent:]  
I do beseech you, give him leave to go.

*King.* Take thy fair hour, Laertes; time be thine,  
And thy best graces: spend it at thy will.—  
But now, my cousin Hamlet, and my son,—

*Ham.* A little more than kin, and less than kind.

[*Aside.*

*King.* How is it that the clouds still hang on you?

*Ham.* Not so, my lord, I am too much i'the sun.

*Queen.* Good Hamlet, cast thy nighted colour off,  
And let thine eye look like a friend on Denmark.  
Do not, for ever with thy vailed lids  
Seek for thy noble father in the dust:  
Thou know'st, 'tis common; all, that live, must die,  
Passing through nature to eternity.

*Ham.* Ay, madam, it is common.

*Queen.* If it be,

Why seems it so particular with thee?

*Ham.* Seems, madam! nay, it is; I know not seems.  
'Tis not alone my inky cloak, good mother,  
Nor customary suits of solemn black,  
Nor windy suspiration of forc'd breath,  
No, nor the fruitful river in the eye,  
Nor the dejected 'haviour of the visage,  
Together with all forms, modes, shows of grief,  
That can denote me truly: These, indeed, seem,

For they are actions that a man might play :  
But I have that within, which passeth show ;  
These, but the trappings and the suits of woe.

*King.* 'Tis sweet and commendable in your nature,  
To give these mourning duties to your father: [Hamlet,  
But, you must know, your father lost a father ;  
That father lost his ; and the survivor bound  
In filial obligation, for some term  
To do obsequious sorrow: But to perséver  
In obstinate condolement, is a course  
Of impious stubbornness ; 'tis unmanly grief:  
It shows a will most incorrect to heaven ;  
A heart unfortified, or mind impatient ;  
An understanding simple and unschool'd :  
For what, we know, must be, and is as common  
As any the most vulgar thing to sense,  
Why should we, in our peevish opposition,  
Take it to heart? Fie! 'tis a fault to heaven,  
A fault against the dead, a fault to nature,  
To reason most absurd ; whose common theme  
Is death of fathers, and who still hath cried,  
From the first corse, till he that died to-day,  
*This must be so.* We pray you, throw to earth  
This unprevailing woe ; and think of us  
As of a father: for let the world take note,  
You are the most immediate to our throne ;  
And, with no less nobility of love,  
Than that which dearest father bears his son,  
Do I impart toward you. For your intent  
In going back to school in Wittenberg,  
It is most retrograde to our desire :  
And, we beseech you, bend you to remain  
Here, in the cheer and comfort of our eye,  
Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son.

*Queen.* Let not thy mother lose her prayers, Hamlet ;  
I pray thee, stay with us, go not to Wittenberg.

*Ham.* I shall in all my best obey you, madam.

*King.* Why, 'tis a loving and a fair reply ;  
Be as ourself in Denmark.—Madam, come ;  
This gentle and unforc'd accord of Hamlet



Sits smiling to my heart: in grace whereof,  
No jocund health, that Denmark drinks to-day,  
But the great cannon to the clouds shall tell;  
And the king's rouse the heaven shall bruit again,  
Re-speaking earthly thunder. Come away.

[*Exeunt King, Queen, Lords, &c. Pol. and Laer.*]

*Ham.* O, that this too too solid flesh would melt,  
Thaw, and resolve itself into a dew!  
Or that the Everlasting had not fix'd  
His canon 'gainst self-slaughter! O God! O God!  
How weary, stale, flat, and unprofitable,  
Seem to me all the uses of this world!  
Fie on't! O fie! 'tis an unweeded garden,  
That grows to seed; things rank, and gross in nature,  
Possess it merely. That it should come to this!  
But two months dead!—nay, not so much, not two:  
So excellent a king; that was, to this,  
Hyperion to a satyr: so loving to my mother,  
That he might not beteem the winds of heaven  
Visit her face too roughly. Heaven and earth!  
Must I remember? why, she would hang on him,  
As if increase of appetite had grown  
By what it fed on: And yet, within a month,—  
Let me not think on't;—Frailty, thy name is woman!—  
A little month; or ere those shoes were old,  
With which she follow'd my poor father's body,  
Like Niobe, all tears;—why she, even she,—  
O heaven! a beast, that wants discourse of reason,  
Would have mourn'd longer,—married with my uncle,  
My father's brother; but no more like my father,  
Than I to Hercules: Within a month;  
Ere yet the salt of most unrighteous tears  
Had left the flushing in her galled eyes,  
She married:—O most wicked speed, to post  
With such dexterity to incestuous sheets!  
It is not, nor it cannot come to, good;  
But break, my heart: for I must hold my tongue!

*Enter HORATIO, BERNARDO, and MARCELLUS.*

*Hor.* Hail to your lordship.

*Ham.* I am glad to see you well :  
Horatio,—or I do forget myself.

*Hor.* The same, my lord, and your poor servant ever.

*Ham.* Sir, my good friend ; I'll change that name with you.

And what make you from Wittenburg, Horatio?—  
Marcellus?

*Mar.* My good lord,—

*Ham.* I am very glad to see you ; good even, sir.—  
But what, in faith, make you from Wittenberg?

*Hor.* A truant disposition, good, my lord.

*Ham.* I would not hear your enemy say so :  
Nor shall you do mine ear that violence,  
To make it truster of your own report  
Against yourself: I know you are no truant.  
But what is your affair in Elsinore?

We'll teach you to drink deep, ere you depart.

*Hor.* My lord, I came to see your father's funeral.

*Ham.* I pray thee, do not mock me, fellow-student ;  
I think, it was to see my mother's wedding.

*Hor.* Indeed, my lord, it follow'd hard upon.

*Ham.* Thrift, thrift, Horatio! the funeral-bak'd meats  
Did coldly furnish forth the marriage tables.  
'Would I had met my dearest foe in heaven  
Or ever I had seen that day, Horatio!—  
My father,—Methinks, I see my father.

*Hor.* Where,  
My lord?

*Ham.* In my mind's eye, Horatio.

*Hor.* I saw him once, he was a goodly king.

*Ham.* He was a man, take him for all in all;  
I shall not look upon his like again.

*Hor.* My lord, I think I saw him yesternight.

*Ham.* Saw! who?

*Hor.* My lord, the king your father.

*Ham.* The king my father!

*Hor.* Season your admiration for awhile  
With an attent ear; till I may deliver,  
Upon the witness of these gentlemen,  
This marvel to you.

*Ham.* For God's love, let me hear.

*Hor.* Two nights together had these gentlemen,  
 Marcellus and Bernardo, on their watch,  
 In the dead waist and middle of the night,  
 Been thus encounter'd. A figure like your father,  
 Arm'd at point, exactly, cap-à-pié,  
 Appears before them, and, with solemn march,  
 Goes slow and stately by them: thrice he walk'd,  
 By their oppress'd and fear-surprised eyes,  
 Within his truncheon's length; while they, distill'd  
 Almost to jelly with the act of fear,  
 Stand dumb, and speak not to him: This to me,  
 In dreadful secrecy, impart they did;  
 And I with them, the third night, kept the watch:  
 Where, as they had deliver'd, both in time,  
 Form of the thing, each word made true and good,  
 The apparition comes: I knew your father;  
 These hands are not more like.

*Ham.* But where was this?

*Hor.* My lord, upon the platform where we watch'd.

*Ham.* Did you not speak to it?

*Hor.* My lord, I did;

But answer made it none: yet once, methought,  
 It lifted up its head, and did address  
 Itself to motion, like as it would speak:  
 But, even then, the morning cock crew loud;  
 And at the sound it shrunk in haste away,  
 And vanish'd from our sight.

*Ham.* 'Tis very strange.

*Hor.* As I do live, my honour'd lord, 'tis true;  
 And we did think it writ down in our duty,  
 To let you know of it.

*Ham.* Indeed, indeed, sirs, but this troubles me.  
 Hold you the watch to-night?

*All.* We do, my lord.

*Ham.* Arm'd, say you?

*All.* Arm'd, my lord.

*Ham.* From top to toe?

*All.* My lord, from head to foot.

*Ham.* Then saw you not  
 His face.

*Hor.* O yes, my lord; he wore his beaver up.

*Ham.* What, look'd he frowningly?

*Hor.* A countenance more  
In sorrow than in anger.

*Ham.* Pale, or red?

*Hor.* Nay, very pale.

*Ham.* And fix'd his eyes upon you?

*Hor.* Most constantly.

*Ham.* I would, I had been there.

*Hor.* It would have much amaz'd you.

*Ham.* Very like,  
Very like: Stay'd it long?

*Hor.* While one with moderate haste might tell a  
hundred.

*Mar. Ber.* Longer, longer.

*Hor.* Not when I saw it.

*Ham.* His beard was grizzled? no?

*Hor.* It was, as I have seen it in his life,  
A sable silver'd.

*Ham.* I will watch to-night;  
Perchance, 'twill walk again.

*Hor.* I warrant, it will.

*Ham.* If it assume my noble father's person,  
I'll speak to it, though hell itself should gape,  
And bid me hold my peace. I pray you all,  
If you have hitherto conceal'd this sight,  
Let it be tenable in your silence still;  
And whatsoever else shall hap to-night,  
Give it an understanding, but no tongue;  
I will requite your loves: So, fare you well:  
Upon the platform, 'twixt eleven and twelve;  
I'll visit you.

*All.* Our duty to your honour.

*Ham.* Your loves, as mine to you: Farewell.

[*Exeunt Horatio, Marcellus, and Bernardo.*]

My father's spirit in arms! all is not well;  
I doubt some foul play: 'would, the night were come!  
Till then sit still, my soul: Foul deeds will rise,  
Though all the earth o'erwhelm them, to men's eyes.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE III. *A Room in POLONIUS' House.**Enter LAERTES and OPHELIA.*

*Laer.* My necessities are embark'd ; farewell :  
And, sister, as the winds give benefit,  
And convoy is assistant, do not sleep,  
But let me hear from you.

*Oph.* Do you doubt that?

*Laer.* For Hamlet, and the trifling of his favour,  
Hold it a fashion, and a toy in blood ;  
A violet in the youth of primy nature,  
Forward, not permanent, sweet, not lasting,  
The perfume and suppliance of a minute ;  
No more.

*Oph.* No more but so?

*Laer.* Think it no more :  
For nature, crescent, does not grow alone  
In thews, and bulk ; but as this temple waxes,  
The inward service of the mind and soul  
Grows wide withal. Perhaps, he loves you now ;  
And now no soil, nor cautel, doth besmirch  
The virtue of his will : but, you must fear,  
His greatness weigh'd, his will is not his own ;  
For he himself is subject to his birth :  
He may not, as unvalued persons do,  
Carve for himself ; for on his choice depends  
The safety and the health of the whole state ;  
And therefore must his choice be circumscrib'd  
Unto the voice and yielding of that body,  
Whereof he is the head : Then if he says he loves you,  
It fits your wisdom so far to believe it,  
As he in his particular act and place  
May give his saying deed ; which is no further,  
Than the main voice of Denmark goes withal.  
Then weigh what loss your honour may sustain,  
If with too credent ear you list his songs ;  
Or lose your heart ; or your chaste treasure open  
To his unmaster'd importunity.  
Fear it, Ophelia, fear it, my dear sister ;  
And keep you in the rear of your affection,

Out of the shot and danger of desire.  
The chariest maid is prodigal enough,  
If she unmask her beauty to the moon :  
Virtue itself scapes not calumnious strokes :  
The canker galls the infants of the spring,  
Too oft before their buttons be disclos'd ;  
And in the morn and liquid dew of youth  
Contagious blastments are most imminent.  
Be wary then : best safety lies in fear ;  
Youth to itself rebels, though none else near.

*Oph.* I shall the effect of this good lesson keep,  
As watchman to my heart : But, good my brother,  
Do not, as some ungracious pastors do,  
Show me the steep and thorny way to heaven ;  
Whilst, like a puff'd and reckless libertine,  
Himself the primrose path of dalliance treads,  
And recks not his own read.

*Laer.*

O, fear me not.

I stay too long ;—But here my father comes.

*Enter POLONIUS.*

A double blessing is a double grace ;  
Occasion smiles upon a second leave.

*Pol.* Yet here, Laertes ! aboard, aboard, for shame ;  
The wind sits in the shoulder of your sail,  
And you are staid for : There,—my blessing with you ;  
[*Laying his Hand on Laertes' Head.*

And these few precepts in thy memory  
Look thou charácter. Give thy thoughts no tongue,  
Nor any unproportion'd thought his act.  
Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar.  
The friends thou hast, and their adoption tried,  
Grapple them to thy soul with hooks of steel ;  
But do not dull thy palm with entertainment  
Of each new-hatch'd, unfledg'd comrade. Beware  
Of entrance to a quarrel : but, being in,  
Bear it that the opposer may beware of thee.  
Give every man thine ear, but few thy voice :  
Take each man's censure, but reserve thy judgment.  
Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,

But not express'd in fancy ; rich, not gaudy :  
For the apparel oft proclaims the man ;  
And they in France, of the best rank and station,  
Are most select and generous, chief in that.  
Neither a borrower, nor a lender be :  
For loan oft loses both itself and friend ;  
And borrowing dulls the edge of husbandry.  
This above all,—To thine ownself be true :  
And it must follow, as the night the day,  
Thou canst not then be false to any man.  
Farewell ; my blessing season this in thee !

*Laer.* Most humbly do I take my leave, my lord.

*Pol.* The time invites you ; go, your servants tend.

*Laer.* Farewell, Ophelia ; and remember well  
What I have said to you.

*Oph.* 'Tis in my memory lock'd,  
And you yourself shall keep the key of it.

*Laer.* Farewell. [Exit *Laertes*.

*Pol.* What is't, Ophelia, he hath said to you ?

*Oph.* So please you, something touching the lord

*Pol.* Marry, well bethought : [Hamlet.

'Tis told me, he hath very oft of late  
Given private time to you : and you yourself  
Have of your audience been most free and bounteous :  
If it be so (as so 'tis put on me,  
And that in way of caution), I must tell you,  
You do not understand yourself so clearly,  
As it behoves my daughter, and your honour :  
What is between you ? give me up the truth.

*Oph.* He hath, my lord, of late, made many tenders  
Of his affection to me.

*Pol.* Affection ? puh ! you speak like a green girl,  
Unsifted in such perilous circumstance.  
Do you believe his tenders, as you call them ?

*Oph.* I do not know, my lord, what I should think.

*Pol.* Marry, I'll teach you : think yourself a baby ;  
That you have ta'en these tenders for true pay,  
Which are not sterling. Tender yourself more dearly ;  
Or (not to crack the wind of the poor phrase,  
Wrangling it thus), you'll tender me a fool.

*Oph.* My lord, he hath importun'd me with love,  
In honourable fashion.

*Pol.* Ay, fashion you may call it; go to, go to.

*Oph.* And hath given countenance to his speech, my  
With almost all the holy vows of heaven. [lord,

*Pol.* Ay, springes to catch woodcocks. I do know,  
When the blood burns, how prodigal the soul  
Lends the tongue vows: these blazes, daughter,  
Giving more light than heat,—extinct in both,  
Even in their promise, as it is a making,—  
You must not take for fire. From this time,  
Be somewhat scanter of your maiden presence;  
Set your entreatments at a higher rate,  
Than a command to parley. For lord Hamlet,  
Believe so much in him, That he is young;  
And with a larger tether may he walk,  
Than may be given you: In few, Ophelia,  
Do not believe his vows: for they are brokers,  
Not of that die which their investments show,  
But mere implorators of unholy suits,  
Breathing like sanctified and pious bonds,  
The better to beguile. This is for all,—  
I would not, in plain terms, from this time forth,  
Have you so slander any moment's leisure,  
As to give words or talk with the lord Hamlet.  
Look to't, I charge you; come your ways.

*Oph.* I shall obey, my lord.

[*Exeunt.*]

#### SCENE IV. *The Platform.*

*Enter HAMLET, HORATIO, and MARCELLUS.*

*Ham.* The air bites shrewdly; it is very cold.

*Hor.* It is a nipping and an eager air.

*Ham.* What hour now?

*Hor.* I think, it lacks of twelve.

*Mar.* No, it is struck.

*Hor.* Indeed? I heard it not; it then draws near the  
Wherein the spirit held is wont to walk. [season,  
[*A flourish of Trumpets, and Ordnance shot off, within.*  
What does this mean, my lord?



*Ham.* The king doth wake to-night, and takes his rouse,

Keeps wassel, and the swaggering up-spring reels ;  
And, as he drains his draughts of Rhenish down,  
The kettle-drum and trumpet thus bray out  
The triumph of his pledge.

*Hor.* Is it a custom?

*Ham.* Ay, marry, is't :

But to my mind,—though I am native here,  
And to the manner born,—it is a custom  
More honour'd in the breach, than the observance.  
This heavy-headed revel, east and west,  
Makes us traduc'd, and tax'd of other nations :  
They clepe us, drunkards, and with swinish phrase  
Soil our addition ; and, indeed, it takes  
From our achievements, though perform'd at height,  
The pith and marrow of our attribute.  
So, oft it chanches in particular men,  
That, for some vicious mole of nature in them,  
As, in their birth (wherein they are not guilty,  
Since nature cannot choose his origin),  
By the o'ergrowth of some complexion,  
Oft breaking down the pales and forts of reason ;  
Or by some habit, that too much o'er-leavens  
The form of plausible manners ;—that these men,—  
Carrying, I say, the stamp of one defect ;  
Being nature's livery, or fortune's star,—  
Their virtues else (be they as pure as grace,  
As infinite as man may undergo),  
Shall, in the general censure, take corruption  
From that particular fault. 'The dram of base  
Doth all the noble substance often dout,  
To his own scandal.

*Enter GHOST.*

*Hor.* Look, my lord, it comes !

*Ham.* Angels and ministers of grace defend us !—  
Be thou a spirit of health, or goblin damn'd,  
Bring with thee airs from heaven, or blasts from hell,  
Be thy intents wicked, or charitable,

Thou com'st in such a questionable shape,  
That I will speak to thee; I'll call thee, Hamlet,  
King, father, royal Dane: O, answer me:  
Let me not burst in ignorance! but tell,  
Why thy canoniz'd bones, hearsed in death,  
Have burst their cerements! why the sepulchre,  
Wherein we saw thee quietly in-urn'd,  
Hath op'd his ponderous and marble jaws,  
To cast thee up again! What may this mean,  
That thou, dead corse, again, in complete steel,  
Revisit'st thus the glimpses of the moon,  
Making night hideous; and we fools of nature,  
So horribly to shake our disposition,  
With thoughts beyond the reaches of our souls?  
Say, why is this? wherefore? what should we do?

*Hor.* It beckons you to go away with it,  
As if it some impartment did desire  
To you alone.

*Mar.* Look, with what courteous action  
It waves you to a more removed ground:  
But do not go with it.

*Hor.* No, by no means.

*Ham.* It will not speak; then I will follow it.

*Hor.* Do not, my lord.

*Ham.* Why, what should be the fear?  
I do not set my life at a pin's fee;  
And, for my soul, what can it do to that,  
Being a thing immortal as itself?  
It waves me forth again;—I'll follow it.

*Hor.* What, if it tempt you toward the flood, my lord,  
Or to the dreadful summit of the cliff,  
That beetles o'er his base into the sea?  
And there assume some other horrible form,  
Which might deprive your sovereignty of reason,  
And draw you into madness? think of it:  
The very place puts toys of desperation,  
Without more motive, into every brain,  
That looks so many fathoms to the sea,  
And hears it roar beneath.

*Ham.* It waves me still:—  
Go on, I'll follow thee.

*Mar.* You shall not go, my lord.

*Ham.* Hold off your hands.

*Hor.* Be rul'd, you shall not go.

*Ham.* My fate cries out,  
And makes each petty artery in this body  
As hardy as the Némean lion's nerve.—

[*Ghost beckons.*

Still am I call'd;—unhand me, gentlemen;—

[*Breaking from them.*

By heaven, I'll make a ghost of him that lets me:—

I say, away:—Go on, I'll follow thee.

[*Exeunt Ghost and Hamlet.*

*Hor.* He waxes desperate with imagination.

*Mar.* Let's follow; 'tis not fit thus to obey him.

*Hor.* Have after:—To what issue will this come?

*Mar.* Something is rotten in the state of Denmark.

*Hor.* Heaven will direct it.

*Mar.* Nay, let's follow him.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE V. *A more remote Part of the Platform.*

*Re-enter GHOST and HAMLET.*

*Ham.* Whither wilt thou lead me? speak; I'll go no

*Ghost.* Mark me. [further.

*Ham.* I will.

*Ghost.* My hour is almost come,  
When I to sulphurous and tormenting flames  
Must render up myself.

*Ham.* Alas, poor ghost!

*Ghost.* Pity me not, but lend thy serious hearing  
To what I shall unfold.

*Ham.* Speak, I am bound to hear.

*Ghost.* So art thou to revenge, when thou shalt hear.

*Ham.* What?

*Ghost.* I am thy father's spirit;  
Doom'd for a certain term to walk the night;  
And, for the day, confin'd to fast in fires,  
Till the foul crimes, done in my days of nature,  
Are burnt and purg'd away. But that I am forbid  
To tell the secrets of my prison-house,

I could a tale unfold, whose lightest word  
Would harrow up thy soul ; freeze thy young blood ;  
Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their spheres ;  
Thy knotted and combined locks to part,  
And each particular hair to stand an-end,  
Like quills upon the fretful porcupine :  
But this eternal blazon must not be  
To ears of flesh and blood :—List, list, O list!—  
If thou didst ever thy dear father love,——

*Ham.* O heaven!

*Ghost.* Revenge his foul and most unnatural murder.

*Ham.* Murder?

*Ghost.* Murder most foul, as in the best it is ;  
But this most foul, strange, and unnatural.

*Ham.* Haste me to know it ; that I, with wings as swift  
As meditation, or the thoughts of love,  
May sweep to my revenge.

*Ghost.* I find thee apt ;  
And duller shouldst thou be than the fat weed  
That rots itself in ease on Lethe wharf,  
Wouldst thou not stir in this ? Now, Hamlet, hear :  
’Tis given out, that, sleeping in mine orchard,  
A serpent stung me ; so the whole ear of Denmark  
Is, by a forged process of my death,  
Rankly abus’d : but know, thou noble youth,  
The serpent that did sting thy father’s life,  
Now wears his crown.

*Ham.* O, my prophetic soul ! my uncle !

*Ghost.* Ay, that incestuous, that adulterate beast,  
With witchcraft of his wit, with traitorous gifts,  
(O wicked wit, and gifts, that have the power  
So to seduce !) won to his shameful lust  
The will of my most seeming-virtuous queen :  
O, Hamlet, what a falling-off was there !  
From me, whose love was of that dignity,  
That it went hand in hand even with the vow  
I made to her in marriage ; and to decline  
Upon a wretch, whose natural gifts were poor  
To those of mine !  
But virtue, as it never will be mov’d,

Though lewdness court it in a shape of heaven;  
So lust, though to a radiant angel link'd,  
Will sate itself in a celestial bed,  
And prey on garbage.

But, soft! methinks, I scent the morning air;  
Brief let me be:—Sleeping within mine orchard,  
My custom always of the afternoon,  
Upon my secure hour thy uncle stole,  
With juice of cursed hebenon in a vial,  
And in the porches of mine ears did pour  
The leperous distilment: whose effect  
Holds such an enmity with blood of man,  
That, swift as quicksilver, it courses through  
The natural gates and alleys of the body;  
And, with a sudden vigour, it doth posset  
And curd, like eager droppings into milk,  
The thin and wholesome blood: so did it mine;  
And a most instant tetter bark'd about,  
Most lazar-like, with vile and loathsome crust,  
All my smooth body.

Thus was I, sleeping, by a brother's hand,  
Of life, of crown, of queen, at once despatch'd:  
Cut off even in the blossoms of my sin,  
Unhousel'd, disappointed, unanel'd;  
No reckoning made, but sent to my account  
With all my imperfections on my head:  
O, horrible! O, horrible! most horrible!  
If thou hast nature in thee, bear it not;  
Let not the royal bed of Denmark be  
A couch for luxury and damned incest.  
But, howsoever thou pursu'st this act,  
Taint not thy mind, nor let thy soul contrive  
Against thy mother aught; leave her to heaven,  
And to those thorns that in her bosom lodge,  
To prick and sting her. Fare thee well at once!  
The glow-worm shows the matin to be near,  
And 'gins to pale his uneffectual fire:  
Adieu, adieu, adieu! remember me.

[Exit.

*Ham.* O all you host of heaven! O earth! What else?  
And shall I couple hell?—O fie!—Hold, hold, my heart;

And you, my sinews, grow not instant old,  
 But bear me stiffly up!—Remember thee?  
 Ay, thou poor ghost, while memory holds a seat  
 In this distracted globe. Remember thee?  
 Yea, from the table of my memory  
 I'll wipe away all trivial fond records,  
 All saws of books, all forms, all pressures past,  
 That youth and observation copied there;  
 And thy commandment all alone shall live  
 Within the book and volume of my brain,  
 Unmix'd with baser matter: yes, by heaven.  
 O most pernicious woman!  
 O villain, villain, smiling, damned villain!  
 My tablet,—meet it is, I set it down;  
 That one may smile, and smile, and be a villain;  
 At least, I am sure, it may be so in Denmark: [*Writing.*]  
 So, uncle, there you are. Now to my word;  
 It is, *Adieu, adieu! remember me.*  
 I have sworn't.

*Hor.* [*Within*] My lord, my lord,—

*Mar.* [*Within*] Lord Hamlet,—

*Hor.* [*Within*] Heaven secure him!

*Ham.* So be it!

*Mar.* [*Within*] Illo, ho, ho, my lord!

*Ham.* Hillo, ho, ho, boy! come, bird, come.

*Enter HORATIO and MARCELLUS.*

*Mar.* How is't, my noble lord?

*Hor.* What news, my lord?

*Ham.* O wonderful!

*Hor.* Good, my lord, tell it.

*Ham.* No;

You will reveal it.

*Hor.* Not I, my lord, by heaven.

*Mar.* Nor I, my lord.

*Ham.* How say you then? would heart of man once  
 But you'll be secret,— [*think it?*—

*Hor. Mar.* Ay, by heaven, my lord.

*Ham.* There's ne'er a villain, dwelling in all Denmark,  
 But he's an arrant knave.

*Hor.* There needs no ghost, my lord, come from the  
To tell us this. [grave,

*Ham.* Why, right; you are in the right;  
And so, without more circumstance at all,  
I hold it fit, that we shake hands, and part:  
You, as your business, and desire, shall point you;—  
For every man hath business, and desire,  
Such as it is,—and, for my own poor part,  
Look you, I will go pray.

*Hor.* These are but wild and whirling words, my lord.

*Ham.* I am sorry they offend you, heartily; yes,  
'Faith, heartily.

*Hor.* There's no offence, my lord.

*Ham.* Yes, by saint Patrick, but there is, Horatio,  
And much offence too. 'Touching this vision here,—  
It is an honest ghost, that let me tell you;  
For your desire to know what is between us,  
O'er-master it as you may. And now, good friends,  
As you are friends, scholars, and soldiers,  
Give me one poor request.

*Hor.* What is't, my lord?

We will.

*Ham.* Never make known what you have seen to-night.

*Hor. Mar.* My lord, we will not.

*Ham.* Nay, but swear't.

*Hor.* In faith,

My lord, not I.

*Mar.* Nor I, my lord, in faith.

*Ham.* Upon my sword.

*Mar.* We have sworn, my lord, already.

*Ham.* Indeed, upon my sword, indeed.

*Ghost.* [Beneath] Swear.

*Ham.* Ha, ha, boy! say'st thou so? art thou there,  
true-penny?

Come on,—you hear this fellow in the cellarage,—  
Consent to swear.

*Hor.* Propose the oath, my lord.

*Ham.* Never to speak of this that you have seen,  
Swear by my sword.

*Ghost.* [Beneath] Swear.

*Ham.* *Hic et ubique?* then we'll shift our ground :—  
Come hither, gentlemen,  
And lay your hands upon my sword:  
Swear by my sword,  
Never to speak of this that you have heard.

*Ghost.* [*Beneath*] Swear by his sword.

*Ham.* Well said, old mole! canst work i'the earth  
so fast?

A worthy pioneer!—Once more remove, good friends.

*Hor.* O day and night, but this is wondrous strange!

*Ham.* And therefore as a stranger give it welcome.  
There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio,  
Than are dreamt of in your philosophy.

But come;—

Here, as before, never, so help you mercy!

How strange or odd soe'er I bear myself,

As I, perchance, hereafter shall think meet

To put an antic disposition on,—

That you, at such times seeing me, never shall,

With arms encumber'd thus, or this head-shake,

Or by pronouncing of some doubtful phrase,

As, *Well, well, we know*;—or, *We could, an if we  
would*;—or, *If we list to speak*;—or, *There be, an if  
they might*;—

Or such ambiguous giving out, to note

That you know aught of me:—This do you swear,

So grace and mercy at your most need help you!

*Ghost.* [*Beneath*] Swear.

*Ham.* Rest, rest, perturbed spirit! So, gentlemen,  
With all my love I do commend me to you:

And what so poor a man as Hamlet is

May do, to express his love and friending to you,

God willing, shall not lack. Let us go in together;

And still your fingers on your lips, I pray.

The time is out of joint;—O cursed spite,

That ever I was born to set it right!

Nay, come, let's go together.

[*Exeunt.*]



## ACT II.



### SCENE I. *A Room in POLONIUS' House.*

*Enter POLONIUS and REYNALDO.*

*Pol.* Give him this money, and these notes, Reynaldo.

*Rey.* I will, my lord.

*Pol.* You shall do marvellous wisely, good Reynaldo,  
Before you visit him, to make inquiry  
Of his behaviour.

*Rey.* My lord, I did intend it.

*Pol.* Marry, well said : very well said. Look you, sir,  
Inquire me first what Danskers are in Paris ;  
And how, and who, what means, and where they keep,  
What company, at what expense ; and finding,  
By this encompassment and drift of question,  
That they do know my son, come you more nearer  
Than your particular demands will touch it :  
Take you, as 'twere, some distant knowledge of him ;  
As thus,—*I know his father, and his friends,*  
*And, in part, him ;—Do you mark this, Reynaldo ?*

*Rey.* Ay, very well, my lord.

*Pol.* And, in part, him ;—but, you may say, not well :

*But, if't be he I mean, he's very wild ;  
Addicted so and so ; and there put on him  
What forgeries you please ; marry, none so rank  
As may dishonour him ; take heed of that ;  
But, sir, such wanton, wild, and usual slips,  
As are companions noted and most known  
To youth and liberty.*

*Rey.* As gaming, my lord.

*Pol.* Ay, or drinking, fencing, swearing, quarrelling,  
Drabbing :—You may go so far.

*Rey.* My lord, that would dishonour him.

*Pol.* 'Faith, no ; as you may season it in the charge.  
You must not put another scandal on him,  
That he is open to incontinency ;  
That's not my meaning : but breathe his faults so quaintly,  
That they may seem the taints of liberty :  
The flash and out-break of a fiery mind ;  
A savageness in unreclaimed blood,  
Of general assault.

*Rey.* But, my good lord,—

*Pol.* Wherefore should you do this ?

*Rey.*

Ay, my lord,

I would know that.

*Pol.*

Marry, sir, here's my drift ;

And, I believe, it is a fetch of warrant :

You laying these slight sullies on my son,

As 'twere a thing a little soil'd i'the working,

Mark you,

Your party in converse, him you would sound,

Having ever seen in the predominate crimes,

The youth you breathe of, guilty, be assur'd,

He closes with you in this consequence ;

*Good sir, or so ; or friend, or gentleman,—*

According to the phrase, or the addition,

Of man, and country.

*Rey.*

Very good, my lord.

*Pol.* And then, sir, does he this,—He does—What  
was I about to say ?—By the mass, I was about to say  
something :—Where did I leave ?

*Rey.* At, closes in the consequence.

*Pol.* At, closes in the consequence,—*Ay, marry ;*

He closes with you thus:—*I know the gentleman ;  
I saw him yesterday, or t'other day,  
Or then, or then ; with such, or such ; and, as you say,  
There was he gaming ; there o'ertook in his rouse ;  
There falling out at tennis : or, perchance,  
I saw him enter such a house of sale,  
(Videlicet, a brothel), or so forth.—*

See you now ;

Your bait of falsehood takes this carp of truth :

And thus do we of wisdom and of reach,

With windlaces, and with assays of bias,

By indirections find directions out ;

So, by my former lecture and advice,

Shall you my son : You have me, have you not ?

*Rey.* My lord, I have.

*Pol.* God be wi' you ; fare you well.

*Rey.* Good, my lord,——

*Pol.* Observe his inclination in yourself.

*Rey.* I shall, my lord.

*Pol.* And let him ply his music.

*Rey.* Well, my lord.

[Exit.

*Enter OPHELIA.*

*Pol.* Farewell!—How now, Ophelia? what's the matter?

*Oph.* O, my lord, my lord, I have been so affrighted ;

*Pol.* With what, in the name of heaven?

*Oph.* My lord, as I was sewing in my closet,  
Lord Hamlet, with his doublet all unbrac'd ;  
No hat upon his head ; his stockings foul'd,  
Ungarter'd, and down-gyved to his ancle ;  
Pale as his shirt ; his knees knocking each other ;  
And with a look so piteous in purport,  
As if he had been loosed out of hell,  
To speak of horrors,—he comes before me.

*Pol.* Mad for thy love?

*Oph.* My lord, I do not know ;  
But, truly, I do fear it.

*Pol.* What said he?

*Oph.* He took me by the wrist, and held me hard ;  
Then goes he to the length of all his arm ;

And, with his other hand thus o'er his brow,  
He falls to such perusal of my face,  
As he would draw it. Long stay'd he so;  
At last,—a little shaking of mine arm,  
And thrice his head thus waving up and down,—  
He rais'd a sigh so piteous and profound,  
As it did seem to shatter all his bulk,  
And end his being: That done, he lets me go:  
And, with his head over his shoulder turn'd,  
He seem'd to find his way without his eyes;  
For out o'doors he went without their helps,  
And, to the last, bended their light on me.

*Pol.* Come, go with me; I will go seek the king.  
This is the very ecstasy of love;  
Whose violent property foredoes itself,  
And leads the will to desperate undertakings,  
As oft as any passion under heaven,  
That does afflict our natures. I am sorry,—  
What, have you given him any hard words of late?

*Oph.* No, my good lord; but, as you did command,  
I did repel his letters, and denied  
His access to me.

*Pol.* That hath made him mad.  
I am sorry, that with better heed and judgment,  
I had not quoted him: I fear'd, he did but trifle,  
And meant to wreck thee; but, beshrew my jealousy!  
It seems, it is as proper to our age  
To cast beyond ourselves in our opinions,  
As it is common for the younger sort  
To lack discretion. Come, go we to the king:  
This must be known; which, being kept close, might  
More grief to hide, than hate to utter love. [move  
Come. [Exeunt.

## SCENE II. A Room in the Castle.

*Enter KING, QUEEN, ROSENCRANTZ, GUILDENSTERN, and Attendants.*

*King.* Welcome, dear Rosencrantz, and Guildenstern!  
Moreover that we much did long to see you,  
The need we have to use you, did provoke

Our hasty sending. Something have you heard  
 Of Hamlet's transformation ; so I call it,  
 Since not the exterior nor the inward man  
 Resembles that it was : What it should be,  
 More than his father's death, that thus hath put him  
 So much from the understanding of himself,  
 I cannot dream of : I entreat you both,  
 That,—being of so young days brought up with him ;  
 And, since, so neighbour'd to his youth and humour,—  
 That you vouchsafe your rest here in our court  
 Some little time : so by your companies  
 To draw him on to pleasures : and to gather,  
 So much as from occasion you may glean,  
 Whether aught, to us unknown, afflicts him thus,  
 That, open'd, lies within our remedy.

*Queen.* Good gentlemen, he hath much talk'd of you ;  
 And, sure I am, two men there are not living,  
 To whom he more adheres. If it will please you  
 To show us so much gentry, and good will,  
 As to expend your time with us awhile,  
 For the supply and profit of our hope,  
 Your visitation shall receive such thanks  
 As fits a king's remembrance.

*Ros.* Both your majesties  
 Might, by the sovereign power you have of us,  
 Put your dread pleasures more into command  
 Than to entreaty.

*Guil.* But we both obey ;  
 And here give up ourselves, in the full bent,  
 To lay our service freely at your feet,  
 To be commanded.

*King.* Thanks, Rosencrantz, and gentle Guildenstern.

*Queen.* Thanks, Guildenstern, and gentle Rosen-  
 And I beseech you instantly to visit [crantz :  
 My too much changed son.—Go, some of you,  
 And bring these gentlemen where Hamlet is.

*Guil.* Heavens make our presence, and our practices,  
 Pleasant and helpful to him !

*Queen.* Ay, amen !

[*Exeunt Rosencrantz, Guildenstern, and some  
 Attendants.*]

*Enter* POLONIUS.

*Pol.* The ambassadors from Norway, my good lord,  
Are joyfully return'd.

*King.* Thou still hast been the father of good news.

*Pol.* Have I, my lord? Assure you, my good liege,  
I hold my duty, as I hold my soul,  
Both to my God, and to my gracious king:  
And I do think (or else this brain of mine  
Hunts not the trial of policy so sure  
As it hath us'd to do), that I have found  
The very cause of Hamlet's lunacy.

*King.* O, speak of that; that do I long to hear.

*Pol.* Give first admittance to the ambassadors;  
My news shall be the fruit to that great feast.

*King.* Thyself do grace to them, and bring them in.  
[*Exit Polonius.*]

He tells me, my dear Gertrude, he hath found  
The head and source of all your son's distemper.

*Queen.* I doubt, it is no other but the main;  
His father's death, and our o'erhasty marriage.

*Re-enter* POLONIUS, with VOLTIMAND and CORNELIUS.

*King.* Well, we shall sift him.—Welcome, my good friends!

Say, Voltimand, what from our brother Norway?

*Volt.* Most fair return of greetings, and desires.  
Upon our first, he sent out to suppress  
His nephew's levies; which to him appear'd  
To be a preparation 'gainst the Polack;  
But, better look'd into, he truly found  
It was against your highness: Whereat griev'd,—  
That so his sickness, age, and impotence,  
Was falsely borne in hand,—sends out arrests  
On Fortinbras; which he, in brief, obeys;  
Receives rebuke from Norway; and, in fine,  
Makes vow before his uncle, never more  
To give the assay of arms against your majesty  
Whereon old Norway, overcome with joy,  
Gives him three thousand crowns in annual fee;

And his commission, to employ those soldiers,  
So levied as before, against the Polack :  
With an entreaty, herein further shown, [*Gives a Paper.*  
That it might please you to give quiet pass  
Through your dominions, for this enterprise;  
On such regards of safety, and allowance,  
As therein are set down.

*King.* It likes us well :  
And, at our more consider'd time, we'll read,  
Answer, and think upon this business.  
Mean time, we thank you for your well-took labour :  
Go to your rest ; at night we'll feast together :  
Most welcome home ! [*Exeunt Volt. and Cor.*

*Pol.* This business is well ended.  
My liege, and madam, to expostulate  
What majesty should be, what duty is,  
Why day is day, night night, and time is time,  
Were nothing but to waste night, day, and time.  
Therefore,—since brevity is the soul of wit,  
And tediousness the limbs and outward flourishes,—  
I will be brief : Your noble son is mad :  
Mad call I it ; for, to define true madness,  
What is't, but to be nothing else but mad ?  
But let that go.

*Queen.* More matter, with less art.

*Pol.* Madam, I swear I use no art at all.  
That he is mad, 'tis true : 'tis true, 'tis pity ;  
And pity 'tis, 'tis true : a foolish figure ;  
But farewell it, for I will use no art.  
Mad let us grant him then : and now remains,  
That we find out the cause of this effect ;  
Or, rather say, the cause of this defect ;  
For this effect, defective, comes by cause :  
Thus it remains, and the remainder thus.  
Perpend.  
I have a daughter ; have, while she is mine ;  
Who, in her duty and obedience, mark,  
Hath given me this : Now gather, and surmise.  
—*To the celestial, and my soul's idol, the most beautified  
Ophelia,*—

That's an ill phrase, a vile phrase; *beautified* is a vile phrase; but you shall hear.—'Thus:

*In her excellent white bosom, these, &c.*

Queen. Came this from Hamlet to her?

Pol. Good madam, stay awhile; I will be faithful.—

*Doubt thou, the stars are fire;* [Reads.]

*Doubt, that the sun doth move;*

*Doubt truth to be a liar;*

*But never doubt, I love.*

O dear Ophelia, I am ill at these numbers; I have not art to reckon my groans; but that I love thee best, O most best, believe it. Adieu.

*Thine evermore, most dear lady, whilst this  
machine is to him, HAMLET.*

This, in obedience, hath my daughter shown me:  
And more above, hath his solicitings,  
As they fell out by time, by means, and place,  
All given to mine ear.

King.

But how hath she

Receiv'd his love?

Pol.

What do you think of me?

King. As of a man faithful and honourable.

Pol. I would fain prove so. But what might you think,  
When I had seen this hot love on the wing  
(As I perceiv'd it, I must tell you that,  
Before my daughter told me), what might you,  
Or my dear majesty your queen here, think,  
If I had play'd the desk, or table-book;  
Or given my heart a working, mute and dumb;  
Or look'd upon this love with idle sight;  
What might you think? no, I went round to work,  
And my young mistress thus did I bespeak;  
*Lord Hamlet is a prince out of thy sphere;*  
*This must not be:* and then I precepts gave her,  
That she should lock herself from his resort,  
Admit no messengers, receive no tokens.  
Which done, she took the fruits of my advice;  
And he, repulsed (a short tale to make),  
Fell into a sadness; then into a fast;  
Thence to a watch; thence into a weakness;  
Thence to a lightness; and, by this declension,



Into the madness wherein now he raves,  
And all we mourn for.

*King.* Do you think, 'tis this?

*Queen.* It may be, very likely.

*Pol.* Hath there been such a time (I'd fain know that),  
'That I have positively said, 'Tis so,  
When it prov'd otherwise?

*King.* Not that I know.

*Pol.* Take this from this, if this be otherwise:

*[Pointing to his Head and Shoulder.*

If circumstances lead me, I will find  
Where truth is hid, though it were hid indeed  
Within the centre.

*King.* How may we try it further?

*Pol.* You know, sometimes he walks four hours  
Here in the lobby. *[together,*

*Queen.* So he does, indeed.

*Pol.* At such a time I'll loose my daughter to him:  
Be you and I behind an arras then;  
Mark the encounter: if he love her not,  
And be not from his reason fallen thereon,  
Let me be no assistant for a state,  
But keep a farm, and carters.

*King.* We will try it.

*Enter HAMLET, reading.*

*Queen.* But look, where sadly the poor wretch comes  
reading.

*Pol.* Away, I do beseech you, both away;  
I'll board him presently:—O, give me leave.—

*[Exeunt King, Queen, and Attendants.*

How does my good lord Hamlet?

*Ham.* Well, god-'a-mercy.

*Pol.* Do you know me, my lord?

*Ham.* Excellent well; you are a fishmonger.

*Pol.* Not I, my lord.

*Ham.* Then I would you were so honest a man.

*Pol.* Honest, my lord?

*Ham.* Ay, sir; to be honest, as this world goes, is to  
one man picked out of ten thousand.

*Pol.* That's very true, my lord.

*Ham.* For if the sun breed maggots in a dead dog, being a god, kissing carrion,—Have you a daughter?

*Pol.* I have, my lord.

*Ham.* Let her not walk i'the sun: conception is a blessing; but as your daughter may conceive,—friend, look to't.

*Pol.* How say you by that? [*Aside*] Still harping on my daughter:—yet he knew me not at first; he said, I was a fishmonger: He is far gone, far gone: and, truly, in my youth I suffered much extremity for love; very near this. I'll speak to him again.—What do you read, my lord?

*Ham.* Words, words, words!

*Pol.* What is the matter, my lord?

*Ham.* Between who?

*Pol.* I mean, the matter that you read, my lord.

*Ham.* Slanders, sir: for the satirical rogue says here, that old men have grey beards; that their faces are wrinkled; their eyes purging thick amber, and plum-tree gum; and that they have a plentiful lack of wit, together with most weak hams: All of which, sir, though I most powerfully and potently believe, yet I hold it not honesty to have it thus set down; for yourself, sir, shall be as old as I am, if, like a crab, you could go backward.

*Pol.* Though this be madness, yet there's method in it. [*Aside*] Will you walk out of the air, my lord?

*Ham.* Into my grave?

*Pol.* Indeed, that is out o'the air.—How pregnant sometimes his replies are! a happiness that often madness hits on, which reason and sanity could not so prosperously be delivered of. I will leave him, and suddenly contrive the means of meeting between him and my daughter.—My honourable lord, I will most humbly take my leave of you.

*Ham.* You cannot, sir, take from me any thing that I will more willingly part withal; except my life, except my life, except my life.

*Pol.* Fare you well, my lord.

*Ham.* These tedious old fools!

*Enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.*

*Pol.* You go to seek the lord Hamlet; there he is.

*Ros.* God save you, sir! [*To Polonius.—Exit Pol.*]

*Guil.* My honour'd lord!—

*Ros.* My most dear lord!—

*Ham.* My excellent good friends! How dost thou, Guildenstern? Ah, Rosencrantz! Good lads, how do ye both?

*Ros.* As the indifferent children of the earth.

*Guil.* Happy, in that we are not over happy;  
On fortune's cap we are not the very button.

*Ham.* Nor the soles of her shoe?

*Ros.* Neither, my lord.

*Ham.* Then you live about her waist, or in the middle of her favours?

*Guil.* 'Faith, her privates we.

*Ham.* In the secret parts of fortune? O, most true; she is a strumpet. What news?

*Ros.* None, my lord; but that the world is grown honest.

*Ham.* Then is doomsday near: But your news is not true. Let me question more in particular: What have you, my good friends, deserved at the hands of fortune, that she sends you to prison hither?

*Guil.* Prison, my lord!

*Ham.* Denmark's a prison.

*Ros.* Then is the world one.

*Ham.* A goodly one; in which there are many confines, wards, and dungeons; Denmark being one of the worst.

*Ros.* We think not so, my lord.

*Ham.* Why, then 'tis none to you: for there is nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so: to me it is a prison.

*Ros.* Why, then your ambition makes it one; 'tis too narrow for your mind.

*Ham.* O God! I could be bounded in a nut-shell, and count myself a king of infinite space; were it not that I have bad dreams.

*Guil.* Which dreams, indeed, are ambition; for the

very substance of the ambitious is merely the shadow of a dream.

*Ham.* A dream itself is but a shadow.

*Ros.* Truly, and I hold ambition of so airy and light a quality, that it is but a shadow's shadow.

*Ham.* Then are our beggars, bodies; and our monarchs, and outstretch'd heroes, the beggars' shadows: Shall we to the court? for, by my fay, I cannot reason.

*Ros. Guil.* We'll wait upon you.

*Ham.* No such matter: I will not sort you with the rest of my servants; for, to speak to you like an honest man, I am most dreadfully attended. But, in the beaten way of friendship, what make you at Elsinore?

*Ros.* To visit you, my lord; no other occasion.

*Ham.* Beggar that I am, I am even poor in thanks; but I thank you: and sure, dear friends, my thanks are too dear, a halfpenny. Were you not sent for? Is it your own inclining? Is it a free visitation? Come, come; deal justly with me: come, come; nay, speak.

*Guil.* What should we say, my lord?

*Ham.* Any thing—but to the purpose. You were sent for; and there is a kind of confession in your looks, which your modesties have not craft enough to colour: I know, the good king and queen have sent for you.

*Ros.* To what end, my lord?

*Ham.* That you must teach me. But let me conjure you, by the rights of our fellowship, by the consonancy of our youth, by the obligation of our ever-preserved love, and by what more dear a better proposer could charge you withal, be even and direct with me, whether you were sent for, or no?

*Ros.* What say you?

[*To Guildenstern.*

*Ham.* Nay, then I have an eye of you; [*Aside*—if you love me, hold not off.

*Guil.* My lord, we were sent for.

*Ham.* I will tell you why; so shall my anticipation prevent your discovery, and your secrecy to the king and queen moult no feather. I have of late (but, wherefore, I know not), lost all my mirth, forgone all custom of exercises: and, indeed, it goes so heavily with my disposition, that this goodly frame, the earth, seems to

me a steril promontory; this most excellent canopy, the air, look you, this brave o'erhanging firmament, this majestical roof fretted with golden fire, why, it appears no other thing to me, than a foul and pestilent congregation of vapours. What a piece of work is man! How noble in reason! how infinite in faculties! in form, and moving, how express and admirable! in action, how like an angel! in apprehension, how like a god! the beauty of the world! the paragon of animals! And yet, to me, what is this quintessence of dust? man delights not me, nor woman neither; though, by your smiling, you seem to say so.

*Ros.* My lord, there is no such stuff in my thoughts.

*Ham.* Why did you laugh then, when I said, *Man delights not me?*

*Ros.* To think, my lord, if you delight not in man, what lenten entertainment the players shall receive from you: we coted them on the way; and hither are they coming, to offer you service.

*Ham.* He that plays the king, shall be welcome; his majesty shall have tribute of me: the adventurous knight shall use his foil, and target: the lover shall not sigh gratis; the humorous man shall end his part in peace: the clown shall make those laugh, whose lungs are tickled o'the sere; and the lady shall say her mind freely, or the blank verse shall halt for't.—What players are they?

*Ros.* Even those you were wont to take such delight in, the tragedians of the city.

*Ham.* How chances it, they travel? their residence, both in reputation and profit, was better both ways.

*Ros.* I think, their inhibition comes by the means of the late innovation.

*Ham.* Do they hold the same estimation they did when I was in the city? Are they so followed?

*Ros.* No, indeed, they are not.

*Ham.* How comes it? Do they grow rusty?

*Ros.* Nay, their endeavour keeps in the wonted pace: But there is, sir, an aiery of children, little eyases, that cry out on the top of question, and are most tyrannically clapped for't: these are now the fashion; and

so berattle the common stages (so they call them), that many, wearing rapiers, are afraid of goose-quills, and dare scarce come thither.

*Ham.* What, are they children? who maintains them? how are they escorted? Will they pursue the quality no longer than they can sing? will they not say afterwards, if they should grow themselves to common players (as it is most like, if their means are no better), their writers do them wrong, to make them exclaim against their own succession?

*Ros.* 'Faith, there has been much to do on both sides; and the nation holds it no sin, to tarre them on to controversy: there was, for awhile, no money bid for argument, unless the poet and the player went to cuffs in the question.

*Ham.* Is it possible!

*Guil.* O, there has been much throwing about of brains.

*Ham.* Do the boys carry it away?

*Ros.* Ay, that they do, my lord; Hercules and his load too.

*Ham.* It is not very strange: for my uncle is king of Denmark; and those, that would make mouths at him while my father lived, give twenty, forty, fifty, an hundred ducats a-piece, for his picture in little. 'Sblood, there is something in this more than natural, if philosophy could find it out. [*Flourish of Trumpets within.*

*Guil.* There are the players.

*Ham.* Gentlemen, you are welcome to Elsinore. Your hands. Come then: the appurtenance of welcome is fashion and ceremony: let me comply with you in this garb; lest my extent to the players, which, I tell you, must show fairly outward, should more appear like entertainment than yours. You are welcome: but my uncle-father, and aunt-mother, are deceived.

*Guil.* In what, my dear lord?

*Ham.* I am but mad north-north-west: when the wind is southerly, I know a hawk from a hand-saw.

*Enter* POLONIUS.

*Pol.* Well be with you, gentlemen!

*Ham.* Hark you, Guildenstern;—and you too;—at each ear a hearer: that great baby, you see there, is not yet out of his swaddling-clouts.

*Ros.* Happily, he's the second time come to them; for, they say, an old man is twice a child.

*Ham.* I will prophesy, he comes to tell me of the players; mark it.—You say right, sir: o'Monday morning: 'twas then, indeed.

*Pol.* My lord, I have news to tell you.

*Ham.* My lord, I have news to tell you; When Roscius was an actor in Rome,—

*Pol.* The actors are come hither, my lord.

*Ham.* Buz, buz!

*Pol.* Upon my honour,—

*Ham.* Then came each actor on his ass,—

*Pol.* The best actors in the world, either for tragedy, comedy, history, pastoral, pastoral-comical, historical-pastoral [tragical-historical, tragical-comical, historical-pastoral], scene individable, or poem unlimited: Seneca cannot be too heavy, nor Plautus too light. For the law of writ, and the liberty, these are the only men.

*Ham.* O *Jephthah*, judge of *Israel*,—what a treasure hadst thou!

*Pol.* What a treasure had he, my lord?

*Ham.* Why—*One fair daughter, and no more,  
The which he loved passing well.*

*Pol.* Still on my daughter. [Aside.

*Ham.* Am I not i'the right, old *Jephthah*?

*Pol.* If you call me *Jephthah*, my lord, I have a daughter, that I love passing well.

*Ham.* Nay, that follows not.

*Pol.* What follows then, my lord?

*Ham.* Why, *As by lot, God wot*, and then, you know, *It came to pass, As most like it was*,—The first row of the pious chanson will show you more; for look, my abridgment comes.

*Enter four or five Players.*

You are welcome, masters; welcome, all:—I am glad to see thee well:—welcome, good friends.—O, old

friend! Why, thy face is valanced since I saw thee last; Com'st thou to beard me in Denmark?—What! my young lady and mistress! By'r lady, your ladyship is nearer to heaven, than when I saw you last, by the altitude of a chopine. Pray God, your voice, like a piece of uncurrent gold, be not cracked within the ring.—Masters, you are all welcome. We'll e'en to't like French falconers, fly at any thing we see: We'll have a speech straight: Come, give us a taste of your quality; come, a passionate speech.

*1 Play.* What speech, my lord?

*Ham.* I heard thee speak me a speech once,—but it was never acted; or, if it was, not above once: for the play, I remember, pleased not the million; 'twas caviare to the general: but it was (as I received it, and others, whose judgments, in such matters, cried in the top of mine), an excellent play; well digested in the scenes, set down with as much modesty as cunning. I remember, one said, there were no sallads in the lines, to make the matter savoury; nor no matter in the phrase, that might indite the author of affection: but called it, an honest method, as wholesome as sweet, and by very much more handsome than fine. One speech in it I chiefly loved: 'twas Æneas' tale to Dido; and thereabout of it especially, where he speaks of Priam's slaughter: If it live in your memory, begin at this line; let me see, let me see;—

*The rugged Pyrrhus,—like the Hyrcanian beast,—*  
'tis not so; it begins with Pyrrhus.

*The rugged Pyrrhus,—he, whose sable arms,  
Black as his purpose, did the night resemble  
When he lay couched in the ominous horse,—  
Hath now this dread and black complexion smear'd  
With heraldry more dismal; head to foot  
Now is he total gules; horridly trick'd  
With blood of fathers, mothers, daughters, sons;  
Bak'd and impasted with the parching streets,  
That lend a tyrannous and a damned light  
To their lord's murder: Roasted in wrath, and fire,  
And thus o'er-sized with coagulate gore,*



*With eyes like carbuncles, the hellish Pyrrhus  
Old grandsire Priam seeks;—So proceed you.*

*Pol.* 'Fore God, my lord, well spoken; with good accent, and good discretion.

*1 Play.* *Anon he finds him  
Striking too short at Greeks; his antique sword,  
Rebellious to his arm, lies where it falls,  
Repugnant to command: Unequal match'd,  
Pyrrhus at Priam drives; in rage, strikes wide;  
But with the whiff and wind of his fell sword  
The unnerved father falls. Then senseless Ilium,  
Seeming to feel this blow, with flaming top  
Stoops to his base; and with a hideous crash  
Takes prisoner Pyrrhus' ear: for, lo! his sword,  
Which was declining on the milky head  
Of reverend Priam, seem'd i'the air to stick:  
So, as a painted tyrant, Pyrrhus stood;  
And, like a neutral to his will and matter,  
Did nothing.*

*But, as we often see, against some storm,  
A silence in the heavens, the rack stand still,  
The bold winds speechless, and the orb below  
As hush as death; anon the dreadful thunder  
Doth rend the region: So, after Pyrrhus' pause,  
A roused vengeance sets him new a-work;  
And never did the Cyclops' hammers fall  
On Mars' armour, forg'd for proof eterne,  
With less remorse than Pyrrhus' bleeding sword  
Now falls on Priam.—  
Out, out, thou strumpet, Fortune! All you gods,  
In general synod, take away her power;  
Break all the spokes and fellies from her wheel,  
And bowl the round nave down the hill of heaven,  
As low as to the fiends!*

*Pol.* This is too long.

*Ham.* It shall to the barber's, with your beard.—  
Pr'thee, say on:—He's for a jig, or a tale of bawdry, or  
he sleeps:—say on: come to Hecuba.

*1 Play.* *But who, ah woe! had seen the mobled queen—*

*Ham.* The mobled queen?

*Pol.* That's good ; mobled queen is good.

*1 Play.* *Run barefoot up and down, threat'ning the flames*

*With bisson rheum ; a clout upon that head,  
Where late the diadem stood ; and, for a robe,  
About her lank and all o'er-teemed loins,  
A blanket, in the alarm of fear caught up ;  
Who this had seen, with tongue in venom steep'd,  
'Gainst Fortune's state would treason have pronounc'd :  
But if the gods themselves did see her then,  
When she saw Pyrrhus make malicious sport  
In mincing with his sword her husband's limbs ;  
The instant burst of clamour that she made  
(Unless things mortal move them not at all),  
Would have made milch the burning eye of heaven,  
And passion in the gods.*

*Pol.* Look, whether he has not turn'd his colour, and has tears in's eyes.—Pr'ythee, no more.

*Ham.* 'Tis well ; I'll have thee speak out the rest of this soon.—Good, my lord, will you see the players well bestowed ? Do you hear, let them be well used ; for they are the abstract, and brief chronicles, of the time ; After your death you were better have a bad epitaph, than their ill report while you live.

*Pol.* My lord, I will use them according to their desert.

*Ham.* Odd's bodikin, man, much better : Use every man after his desert, and who shall 'scape whipping ? Use them after your own honour and dignity : The less they deserve, the more merit is in your bounty. Take them in.

*Pol.* Come, sirs.

*[Exit Polonius, with some of the Players.]*

*Ham.* Follow him, friends : we'll hear a play to-morrow.—Dost thou hear me, old friend ; can you play the murder of Gonzago ?

*1 Play.* Ay, my lord.

*Ham.* We'll have it to-morrow night. You could, for a need, study a speech of some dozen or sixteen lines, which I would set down, and insert in't ? could you not ?

1 *Play.* Ay, my lord.

*Ham.* Very well.—Follow that lord; and look you mock him not. [*Exit Player*] My good friends, [*To Ros. and Guil.*] I'll leave you till night: you are welcome to Elsinore.

*Ros.* Good my lord!

[*Exeunt Rosencrantz and Guildenstern.*]

*Ham.* Ay, so, God be wi'you:—Now I am alone.

O, what a rogue and peasant slave am I!  
Is it not monstrous, that this player here,  
But in a fiction, in a dream of passion,  
Could force his soul so to his own conceit,  
That, from her working, all his visage wann'd;  
Tears in his eyes, distraction in's aspect,  
A broken voice, and his whole function suiting  
With forms to his conceit? And all for nothing!  
For Hecuba!

What's Hecuba to him, or he to Hecuba,  
That he should weep for her? What would he do,  
Had he the motive and the cue for passion,  
That I have? He would drown the stage with tears,  
And cleave the general ear with horrid speech;  
Make mad the guilty, and appal the free,  
Confound the ignorant; and amaze, indeed,  
The very faculties of eyes and ears.

Yet I,  
A dull and muddy-mettled rascal, peak,  
Like John a-dreams, unpregnant of my cause,  
And can say nothing; no, not for a king,  
Upon whose property, and most dear life,  
A damn'd defeat was made. Am I a coward?  
Who calls me villain? breaks my pate across?  
Plucks off my beard, and blows it in my face?  
Tweaks me by the nose? gives me the lie i'the throat,  
As deep as to the lungs? Who does me this?  
Ha!

Why, I should take it: for it cannot be,  
But I am pigeon-liver'd, and lack gall  
To make oppression bitter; or, ere this,  
I should have fatted all the region kites  
With this slave's offal: Bloody, bawdy villain!

Remorseless, treacherous, lecherous, kindless villain!  
Why, what an ass am I! This is most brave;  
That I, the son of a dear father murder'd,  
Prompted to my revenge by heaven and hell,  
Must, like a whore, unpack my heart with words,  
And fall a cursing, like a very drab,  
A scullion!  
Fie upon't! foh! About my brains! Humph! I have  
    heard,  
That guilty creatures, sitting at a play,  
Have by the very cunning of the scene  
Been struck so to the soul, that presently  
They have proclaim'd their malefactions!  
For murder, though it have no tongue, will speak  
With most miraculous organ. I'll have these players  
Play something like the murder of my father,  
Before mine uncle: I'll observe his looks;  
I'll tent him to the quick; if he do blench,  
I know my course. The spirit, that I have seen,  
May be a devil: and the devil hath power  
To assume a pleasing shape; yea, and, perhaps,  
Out of my weakness, and my melancholy  
(As he is very potent with such spirits),  
Abuses me to damn me: I'll have grounds  
More relative than this: The play's the thing,  
Wherein I'll catch the conscience of the king. [Exit.

## ACT III.



### SCENE I. *A Room in the Castle.*

*Enter* KING, QUEEN, POLONIUS, OPHELIA, ROSENCRANTZ, and GUILDENSTERN.

*King.* And can you by no drift of conference  
Get from him, why he puts on this confusion ;  
Grating so harshly all his days of quiet  
With turbulent and dangerous lunacy ?

*Ros.* He does confess, he feels himself distracted ;  
But from what cause, he will by no means speak.

*Guil.* Nor do we find him forward to be sounded ;  
But, with a crafty madness, keeps aloof,  
When we would bring him on to some confession  
Of his true state.

*Queen.* Did he receive you well ?

*Ros.* Most like a gentleman.

*Guil.* But with much forcing of his disposition.

*Ros.* Niggard of question ; but, of our demands,  
Most free in his reply.

*Queen.* Did you assay him  
To any pastime ?

*Ros.* Madam, it so fell out, that certain players  
We o'er-raught on the way: of these we told him;  
And there did seem in him a kind of joy  
To hear of it: They are about the court;  
And, as I think, they have already order  
This night to play before him.

*Pol.* 'Tis most true:  
And he beseech'd me to entreat your majesties,  
To hear and see the matter.

*King.* With all my heart; and it doth much content  
me  
To hear him so inclin'd.  
Good gentlemen, give him a further edge,  
And drive his purpose on to these delights.

*Ros.* We shall, my lord.

[*Exeunt Rosencrantz and Guildenstern.*]

*King.* Sweet Gertrude, leave us too:  
For we have closely sent for Hamlet hither;  
That he, as 'twere by accident, may here  
Affront Ophelia:  
Her father, and myself (lawful espials),  
Will so bestow ourselves, that seeing, unseen,  
We may of their encounter frankly judge;  
And gather by him, as he is behav'd,  
If't be the affliction of his love, or no,  
That thus he suffers for.

*Queen.* I shall obey you:  
And, for your part, Ophelia, I do wish,  
That your good beauties be the happy cause  
Of Hamlet's wildness: so shall I hope, your virtues  
Will bring him to his wonted way again,  
To both your honours.

*Oph.* Madam, I wish it may.

[*Exit Queen.*]

*Pol.* Ophelia, walk you here:—Gracious, so please  
you,  
We will bestow ourselves:—Read on this book;  
[*To Ophelia.*]  
That show of such an exercise may colour  
Your loneliness.—We are oft to blame in this,—

'Tis too much prov'd, that, with devotion's visage,  
And pious action, we do sugar o'er  
The devil himself.

*King.* O, 'tis too true! how smart  
A lash that speech doth give my conscience!  
The harlot's cheek, beautied with plast'ring art,  
Is not more ugly to the thing that helps it,  
Than is my deed to my most painted word:  
O heavy burden!

*Pol.* I hear him coming; let's withdraw, my lord. [*Aside.*  
[*Exeunt King and Polonius.*

*Enter HAMLET.*

*Ham.* To be, or not to be, that is the question:—  
Whether 'tis nobler in the mind, to suffer  
The slings and arrows of outrageous fortune;  
Or to take arms against a sea of troubles,  
And, by opposing, end them?—To die,—to sleep,—  
No more;—and, by a sleep, to say we end  
The heart-ache, and the thousand natural shocks  
That flesh is heir to,—'tis a consummation  
Devoutly to be wish'd. To die;—to sleep;—  
To sleep! perchance to dream;—ay, there's the rub;  
For in that sleep of death what dreams may come,  
When we have shuffled off this mortal coil,  
Must give us pause: There's the respect,  
That makes calamity of so long life:  
For who would bear the whips and scorns of time,  
The oppressor's wrong, the proud man's contumely,  
The pangs of despis'd love, the law's delay,  
The insolence of office, and the spurns  
That patient merit of the unworthy takes,  
When he himself might his quietus make  
With a bare bodkin? who would fardels bear,  
To grunt and sweat under a weary life;  
But that the dread of something after death,—  
The undiscover'd country, from whose bourn  
No traveller returns,—puzzles the will;  
And makes us rather bear those ills we have,  
Than fly to others that we know not of?

Thus conscience does make cowards of us all;  
And thus the native hue of resolution  
Is sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought;  
And enterprises of great pith and moment,  
With this regard, their currents turn awry,  
And lose the name of action.—Soft you, now!  
The fair Ophelia:—Nymph, in thy orisons  
Be all my sins remember'd.

*Oph.* Good, my lord,  
How does your honour for this many a day?

*Ham.* I humbly thank you; well.

*Oph.* My lord, I have remembrances of yours,  
That I have longed long to re-deliver;  
I pray you, now receive them.

*Ham.* No, not I;  
I never gave you aught.

*Oph.* My honour'd lord, you know right well, you did;  
And, with them, words of so sweet breath compos'd  
As made the things more rich: their perfume lost,  
Take these again; for to the noble mind,  
Rich gifts wax poor, when givers prove unkind.  
There, my lord.

*Ham.* Ha, ha! are you honest?

*Oph.* My lord?

*Ham.* Are you fair?

*Oph.* What means your lordship?

*Ham.* That if you be honest, and fair, you should  
admit no discourse to your beauty.

*Oph.* Could beauty, my lord, have better commerce  
than with honesty?

*Ham.* Ay, truly; for the power of beauty will sooner  
transform honesty from what it is to a bawd, than the  
force of honesty can translate beauty into his likeness;  
this was some time a paradox, but now the time gives  
it proof. I did love you once.

*Oph.* Indeed, my lord, you made me believe so.

*Ham.* You should not have believed me: for virtue  
cannot so inoculate our old stock, but we shall relish of  
it: I loved you not.

*Oph.* I was the more deceived.



*Ham.* Get thee to a nunnery; Why wouldst thou be a breeder of sinners? I am myself indifferent honest; but yet I could accuse me of such things, that it were better my mother had not borne me: I am very proud, revengeful, ambitious; with more offences at my beck, than I have thoughts to put them in, imagination to give them shape, or time to act them in: What should such fellows as I do crawling between earth and heaven? We are arrant knaves all; believe none of us: Go thy ways to a nunnery. Where's your father?

*Oph.* At home, my lord.

*Ham.* Let the doors be shut upon him; that he may play the fool no where but in's own house. Farewell.

*Oph.* O, help him, you sweet heavens!

*Ham.* If thou dost marry, I'll give thee this plague for thy dowry; Be thou as chaste as ice, as pure as snow, thou shalt not escape calumny. Get thee to a nunnery; farewell: Or, if thou wilt needs marry, marry a fool; for wise men know well enough, what monsters you make of them. To a nunnery, go; and quickly too. Farewell.

*Oph.* Heavenly powers, restore him!

*Ham.* I have heard of your paintings too, well enough; God hath given you one face, and you make yourselves another: you jig, you amble, and you lisp, and nickname God's creatures, and make your wantonness your ignorance: Go to; I'll no more of't; it hath made me mad. I say, we will have no more marriages: those that are married already, all but one, shall live; the rest shall keep as they are. To a nunnery, go. [*Exit Hamlet.*]

*Oph.* O, what a noble mind is here o'erthrown!  
The courtier's, soldier's, scholar's, eye, tongue, sword:  
The expectancy and rose of the fair state,  
The glass of fashion, and the mould of form,  
The observ'd of all observers! quite, quite down!  
And I, of ladies most deject and wretched,  
That suck'd the honey of his music vows,  
Now see that noble and most sovereign reason,  
Like sweet bells jangled, out of tune and harsh;  
That unmatch'd form and feature of blown youth,

Blasted with ecstasy : O, woe is me !  
To have seen what I have seen, see what I see !

*Re-enter KING and POLONIUS.*

*King.* Love ! his affections do not that way tend ;  
Nor what he spake, though it lack'd form a little,  
Was not like madness. There's something in his soul,  
O'er which his melancholy sits on brood ;  
And, I do doubt, the hatch and the disclose,  
Will be some danger : Which for to prevent,  
I have, in quick determination,  
Thus set it down ; He shall with speed to England,  
For the demand of our neglected tribute :  
Haply, the seas, and countries different,  
With variable objects, shall expel  
This something-settled matter in his heart ;  
Whereon his brains still beating, puts him thus  
From fashion of himself. What think you on't ?

*Pol.* It shall do well : But yet I do believe,  
The origin and commencement of his grief  
Sprung from neglected love.—How now, Ophelia ?  
You need not tell us what lord Hamlet said ;  
We heard it all.—My lord, do as you please ;  
But, if you hold it fit, after the play,  
Let his queen mother all alone entreat him  
To show his grief ; let her be round with him :  
And I'll be plac'd, so please you, in the ear  
Of all their conference : If she find him not,  
To England send him ; or confine him, where  
Your wisdom best shall think.

*King.* It shall be so :  
Madness in great ones must not unwatch'd go. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A Hall in the same.*

*Enter HAMLET, and certain Players.*

*Ham.* Speak the speech, I pray you, as I pronounced  
it to you, trippingly on the tongue : but if you mouth  
it, as many of our players do, I had as lief the town-  
crier spoke my lines. Nor do not saw the air too

much with your hand, thus: but use all gently; for in the very torrent, tempest, and (as I may say) whirlwind of your passion, you must acquire and beget a temperance, that may give it smoothness. O, it offends me to the soul, to hear a robustious periwig-pated fellow tear a passion to tatters, to very rags, to split the ears of the groundlings; who, for the most part, are capable of nothing but inexplicable dumb shows, and noise: I would have such a fellow whipped for o'erdoing Termagant: it out-herods Herod: Pray you, avoid it.

*1 Play.* I warrant your honour.

*Ham.* Be not too lame neither, but let your own discretion be your tutor: suit the action to the word, the word to the action; with this special observance, that you o'erstep not the modesty of nature: for any thing so overdone is from the purpose of playing, whose end, both at first, and now, was, and is, to hold, as 'twere, the mirror up to nature; to show virtue her own feature, scorn her own image, and the very age and body of time, his form and pressure. Now this, overdone, or come tardy off, though it make the unskilful laugh, cannot but make the judicious grieve: the censure of which one, must, in your allowance, o'er-weigh a whole theatre of others. O, there be players, that I have seen play,—and heard others praise, and that highly,—not to speak it profanely, that, neither having the accent of Christians, nor the gait of Christian, pagan, nor man, have so strutted and bellowed, that I have thought some of nature's journeymen had made men, and not made them well, they imitated humanity so abominably.

*1 Play.* I hope, we have reformed that indifferently with us.

*Ham.* O, reform it altogether. And let those, that play your clowns, speak no more than is set down for them: for there be of them, that will themselves laugh, to set on some quantity of barren spectators to laugh too; though, in the mean time, some necessary question of the play be then to be considered: that's vil-

lanous; and shows a most pitiful ambition in the fool that uses it. Go, make you ready.— [*Exeunt Players.*]

*Enter* POLONIUS, ROSENCRANTZ, and GUILDENSTERN.

How now, my lord? will the king hear this piece of work?

*Pol.* And the queen too, and that presently.

*Ham.* Bid the players make haste.— [*Exit Polonius.*]

Will you two help to hasten them?

*Both.* Ay, my lord. [*Exeunt Ros. and Guil.*]

*Ham.* What, ho; Horatio!

*Enter* HORATIO.

*Hor.* Here, sweet lord, at your service.

*Ham.* Horatio, thou art e'en as just a man  
As e'er my conversation cop'd withal.

*Hor.* O, my dear lord,—

*Ham.* Nay, do not think I flatter :  
For what advancement may I hope from thee,  
That no revenue hast, but thy good spirits,  
To feed, and clothe thee? Why should the poor be  
flatter'd?

No, let the candied tongue lick absurd pomp;  
And crook the pregnant hinges of the knee,  
Where thrift may follow fawning. Dost thou hear?  
Since my dear soul was mistress of her choice,  
And could of men distinguish her election,  
She hath seal'd thee for herself: for thou hast been  
As one, in suffering all, that suffers nothing;  
A man, that fortune's buffets and rewards  
Hast ta'en with equal thanks: and bless'd are those,  
Whose blood and judgment are so well co-mingled,  
That they are not a pipe for fortune's finger  
To sound what stop she please: Give me that man  
That is not passion's slave, and I will wear him  
In my heart's core, ay, in my heart of heart,  
As I do thee.—Something too much of this.—  
There is a play to-night before the king;  
One scene of it comes near the circumstance,

Which I have told thee of my father's death.  
I pr'ythee, when thou seest that act afoot,  
Even with the very comment of thy soul  
Observe my uncle: if his occulted guilt  
Do not itself unkennel in one speech,  
It is a damned ghost that we have seen;  
And my imaginations are as foul  
As Vulcan's stithy. Give him heedful note:  
For I mine eyes will rivet to his face;  
And, after, we will both our judgments join  
In censure of his seeming.

*Hor.* Well, my lord:

If he steal aught, the whilst this play is playing,  
And 'scape detecting, I will pay the theft.

*Ham.* They are coming to the play; I must be idle:  
Get you a place.

*Danish March: a Flourish. Enter KING, QUEEN, POLONIUS, OPHELIA, ROSENCRANTZ, GUILDENSTERN, and others.*

*King.* How fares our cousin Hamlet?

*Ham.* Excellent, i'faith; of the camelion's dish: I eat  
the air, promise-crammed: You cannot feed capons so.

*King.* I have nothing with this answer, Hamlet;  
these words are not mine.

*Ham.* No, nor mine now. My lord,—you played  
once in the university, you say? [*To Polonius.*]

*Pol.* That did I, my lord; and was accounted a good  
actor.

*Ham.* And what did you enact?

*Pol.* I did enact Julius Cæsar: I was killed i'the  
Capitol; Brutus killed me.

*Ham.* It was a brute part of him, to kill so capital a  
calf there.—Be the players ready?

*Ros.* Ay, my lord; they stay upon your patience.

*Queen.* Come hither, my dear Hamlet, sit by me.

*Ham.* No, good mother, here's metal more attractive.

*Pol.* O ho! do you mark that? [*To the King.*]

*Ham.* Lady, shall I lie in your lap?

[*Lying down at Ophelia's Feet.*]

Oph. No, my lord.

Ham. I mean, my head upon your lap?

Oph. Ay, my lord.

Ham. Do you think, I meant country matters?

Oph. I think nothing, my lord.

Ham. That's a fair thought to lie between maid's legs.

Oph. What is, my lord?

Ham. Nothing.

Oph. You are merry, my lord.

Ham. Who, I?

Oph. Ay, my lord.

Ham. O! your only jig-maker. What should a man do, but be merry? for, look you, how cheerfully my mother looks, and my father died within these two hours.

Oph. Nay, 'tis twice two months, my lord.

Ham. So long? Nay, then let the devil wear black, for I'll have a suit of sables. O heavens! die two months ago, and not forgotten yet? Then there's hope, a great man's memory may outlive his life half a year: But, by'r lady, he must build churches then: or else shall he suffer not thinking on, with the hobby-horse; whose epitaph is, *For, O, for, O, the hobby-horse is forgot.*

*Trumpet sounds. The dumb Show follows.*

*Enter a King and a Queen, very lovingly; the Queen embracing him, and he her. She kneels, and makes show of protestation unto him. He takes her up, and declines his Head upon her Neck: lays him down upon a Bank of Flowers; she, seeing him asleep, leaves him. Anon, comes in a Fellow, takes off his Crown, kisses it, and pours poison in the King's Ears, and exit. The Queen returns; finds the King dead, and makes passionate action. The Poisoner, with some two or three Mutes, comes in again, seeming to lament with her. The dead Body is carried away. The Poisoner wooes the Queen with Gifts; she seems loath and unwilling awhile, but, in the end, accepts his Love. [Exeunt.*

Oph. What means this, my lord?

Ham. Marry, this is miching mallecho; it means mischief.

*Oph.* Belike, this show imports the argument of the play.

*Enter Prologue.*

*Ham.* We shall know by this fellow: the players cannot keep counsel; they'll tell all.

*Oph.* Will he tell us what this show meant?

*Ham.* Ay, or any show that you'll show him: Be not you ashamed to show, he'll not shame to tell you what it means.

*Oph.* You are naught, you are naught; I'll mark the play.

*Pro.* For us, and for our tragedy,  
Here stooping to your clemency,  
We beg your hearing patiently.

*Ham.* Is this a prologue, or the posy of a ring?

*Oph.* 'Tis brief, my lord.

*Ham.* As woman's love.

*Enter a King and a Queen.*

*P. King.* Full thirty times hath Phoebus' cart gone round

Neptune's salt wash, and Tellus' orbed ground;  
And thirty dozen moons, with borrow'd sheen,  
About the world have times twelve thirties been;  
Since love our hearts, and Hymen did our hands,  
Unite commutual in most sacred bands.

*P. Queen.* So many journeys may the sun and moon  
Make us again count o'er, ere love be done!

But, woe is me, you are so sick of late,  
So far from cheer, and from your former state,  
That I distrust you. Yet, though I distrust,  
Discomfort you, my lord, it nothing must:  
For women fear too much, even as they love;  
And women's fear and love hold quantity;  
In neither aught, or in extremity.

Now, what my love is, proof hath made you know:  
And as my love is siz'd, my fear is so.

Where love is great, the littlest doubts are fear;  
Where little fears grow great, great love grows there.

*P. King.* 'Faith, I must leave thee, love, and shortly too;

My operant powers their functions leave to do:  
And thou shalt live in this fair world behind,  
Honour'd, belov'd; and, haply, one as kind  
For husband shalt thou——

*P. Queen.*

O, confound the rest!

Such love must needs be treason in my breast:  
In second husband let me be accurst!

None wed the second, but who kill'd the first.

*Ham.* That's wormwood.

*P. Queen.* The instances, that second marriage move,  
Are base respects of thrift, but none of love;  
A second time I kill my husband dead,  
When second husband kisses me in bed.

*P. King.* I do believe, you think what now you speak:

But, what we do determine, oft we break.

Purpose is but the slave to memory;

Of violent birth, but poor validity:

Which now, like fruit unripe, sticks on the tree;

But fall, unshaken, when they mellow be.

Most necessary 'tis, that we forget

To pay ourselves what to ourselves is debt:

What to ourselves in passion we propose,

The passion ending, doth the purpose lose.

The violence of either grief or joy

Their own enactures with themselves destroy:

Where joy most revels, grief doth most lament;

Grief joys, joy grieves, on slender accident.

This world is not for aye; nor 'tis not strange,

That even our loves should with our fortunes change;

For, 'tis a question left us yet to prove,

Whether love lead fortune, or else fortune love.

The great man down, you mark his favourite flies;

The poor advanc'd makes friends of enemies.

And hitherto doth love on fortune tend:

For who not needs, shall never lack a friend;

And who in want a hollow friend doth try,

Directly seasons him his enemy.



But, orderly to end where I begun,—  
Our wills, and fates, do so contrary run,  
That our devices still are overthrown ;  
Our thoughts are ours, their ends none of our own :  
So think thou wilt no second husband wed ;  
But die thy thoughts, when thy first lord is dead.

*P. Queen.* Nor earth to me give food, nor heaven  
light!

Sport and repose lock from me, day and night!  
To desperation turn my trust and hope!  
An anchor's cheer in prison be my scope!  
Each opposite, that blanks the face of joy,  
Meet what I would have well, and it destroy!  
Both here, and hence, pursue me lasting strife,  
If, once a widow, ever I be wife!

*Ham.* If she should break it now,—— [*To Ophelia.*

*P. King.* 'Tis deeply sworn. Sweet, leave me here  
awhile ;

My spirits grow dull, and fain I would beguile  
The tedious day with sleep. [*Sleeps.*

*P. Queen.* Sleep rock thy brain ;  
And never come mischance between us twain! [*Exit.*

*Ham.* Madam, how like you this play?

*Queen.* The lady doth protest too much, methinks.

*Ham.* O, but she'll keep her word.

*King.* Have you heard the argument? Is there no  
offence in't?

*Ham.* No, no, they do but jest, poison in jest ; no  
offence i'the world.

*King.* What do you call the play?

*Ham.* The Mouse-trap. Marry, how? Tropically.  
This play is the image of a murder done in Vienna :  
Gonzago is the duke's name ; his wife, Baptista : you  
shall see anon ; 'tis a knavish piece of work : But what  
of that? your majesty, and we that have free souls, it  
touches us not : Let the galled jade wince, our withers  
are unwrung,—

*Enter Lucianus.*

This is one Lucianus, nephew to the king.

*Oph.* You are as good as a chorus, my lord,

*Ham.* I could interpret between you and your love, if I could see the puppets dallying.

*Oph.* You are keen, my lord, you are keen.

*Ham.* It would cost you a groaning, to take off my edge.

*Oph.* Still better, and worse.

*Ham.* So you mistake your husbands.—Begin, murderer;—leave thy damnable faces, and begin. Come;—

—The croaking raven

Doth bellow for revenge.

*Luc.* Thoughts black, hands apt, drugs fit, and time agreeing;

Confederate season, else no creature seeing;

Thou mixture rank, of midnight weeds collected,

With Hecate's ban thrice blasted, thrice infected,

Thy natural magic and dire property,

On wholesome life usurp immediately.

*[Pours the Poison into the Sleeper's Ears.]*

*Ham.* He poisons him i'the garden for his estate. His name's Gonzago; the story is extant, and written in very choice Italian: You shall see anon, how the murderer gets the love of Gonzago's wife.

*Oph.* The king rises.

*Ham.* What! frightened with false fire?

*Queen.* How fares my lord?

*Pol.* Give o'er the play.

*King.* Give me some light:—away!

*Pol.* Lights, lights, lights!

*[Exeunt all but Hamlet and Horatio.]*

*Ham.* Why, let the stricken deer go weep,

The hart ungalled play:

For some must watch, while some must sleep;

Thus runs the world away.—

Would not this, sir, and a forest of feathers (if the rest of my fortunes turn Turk with me), with two Provencial roses on my razed shoes, get me a fellowship in a cry of players, sir?

*Hor.* Half a share.

*Ham.* A whole one, I.

For thou dost know, O Damon dear,  
This realm dismantled was  
Of Jove himself; and now reigns here  
A very, very—peacock.

*Hor.* You might have rhymed.

*Ham.* O good Horatio, I'll take the ghost's word for  
a thousand pound. Didst perceive?

*Hor.* Very well, my lord.

*Ham.* Upon the talk of the poisoning,—

*Hor.* I did very well note him.

*Ham.* Ah, ha!—Come, some music; come, the re-  
corders.—

For if the king like not the comedy,  
Why then, belike,—he likes it not, perdy.—

*Enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.*

Come, some music.

*Guil.* Good, my lord, vouchsafe me a word with you.

*Ham.* Sir, a whole history.

*Guil.* The king, sir,—

*Ham.* Ay, sir, what of him?

*Guil.* Is, in his retirement, marvellous distempered.

*Ham.* With drink, sir?

*Guil.* No, my lord, with choler.

*Ham.* Your wisdom should show itself more richer,  
to signify this to the doctor; for, for me to put him to his  
purgation, would perhaps plunge him into more choler.

*Guil.* Good, my lord, put your discourse into some  
frame, and start not so wildly from my affair.

*Ham.* I am tame, sir:—pronounce.

*Guil.* The queen, your mother, in most great afflic-  
tion of spirit, hath sent me to you.

*Ham.* You are welcome.

*Guil.* Nay, good, my lord, this courtesy is not of the  
right breed. If it shall please you to make me a whole-  
some answer, I will do your mother's commandment:  
if not, your pardon, and my return, shall be the end of  
my business.

*Ham.* Sir, I cannot.

*Guil.* What, my lord?

*Ham.* Make you a wholesome answer; my wit's diseased: But, sir, such answer as I can make, you shall command; or rather, as you say, my mother: therefore no more, but to the matter: My mother, you say,—

*Ros.* Then thus she says; Your behaviour hath struck her into amazement and admiration.

*Ham.* O wonderful son, that can so astonish a mother!—But is there no sequel at the heels of this mother's admiration? impart.

*Ros.* She desires to speak with you in her closet, ere you go to bed.

*Ham.* We shall obey, were she ten times our mother. Have you any further trade with us?

*Ros.* My lord, you once did love me.

*Ham.* And do still, by these pickers and stealers.

*Ros.* Good, my lord, what is your cause of distemper? you do, surely, but bar the door upon your own liberty, if you deny your griefs to your friend.

*Ham.* Sir, I lack advancement.

*Ros.* How can that be, when you have the voice of the king himself for your succession in Denmark?

*Ham.* Ay, sir, but, *While the grass grows*,—the proverb, is something musty.

*Enter the Players, with Recorders.*

O, the recorders:—let me see one.—To withdraw with you:—Why do you go about to recover the wind of me, as if you would drive me into a toil?

*Guil.* O, my lord, if my duty be too bold, my love is too unmannerly.

*Ham.* I do not well understand that. Will you play upon this pipe?

*Guil.* My lord, I cannot.

*Ham.* I pray you.

*Guil.* Believe me, I cannot.

*Ham.* I do beseech you.

*Guil.* I know no touch of it, my lord.

*Ham.* 'Tis as easy as lying: govern these ventages, with your fingers and thumb, give it breath with your

mouth, and it will discourse most eloquent music. Look you, these are the stops.

*Guil.* But these cannot I command to any utterance of harmony; I have not the skill.

*Ham.* Why, look you now, how unworthy a thing you make of me. You would play upon me; you would seem to know my stops; you would pluck out the heart of my mystery; you would sound me from my lowest note to the top of my compass: and there is much music, excellent voice, in this little organ; yet cannot you make it speak. 'Sblood, do you think, I am easier to be played on than a pipe? Call me what instrument you will, though you can fret me, you cannot play upon me.

*Enter* POLONIUS.

God bless you, sir!

*Pol.* My lord, the queen would speak with you, and presently.

*Ham.* Do you see yonder cloud, that's almost in shape of a camel?

*Pol.* By the mass, and 'tis like a camel, indeed.

*Ham.* Methinks, it is like a weasel.

*Pol.* It is backed like a weasel.

*Ham.* Or, like a whale?

*Pol.* Very like a whale.

*Ham.* Then will I come to my mother by-and-by.—They fool me to the top of my bent.—I will come by-and-by.

*Pol.* I will say so.

[*Exit* Polonius.

*Ham.* By-and-by is easily said.—Leave me, friends.

[*Exeunt* Ros. *Guil.* *Hor.* &c.

'Tis now the very witching time of night;  
When church-yards yawn, and hell itself breathes out  
Contagion to this world: Now could I drink hot blood,  
And do such business as the bitter day  
Would quake to look on. Soft; now to my mother.—  
O, heart, lose not thy nature; let not ever  
The soul of Nero enter this firm bosom:  
Let me be cruel, not unnatural:

I will speak daggers to her, but use none;  
My tongue and soul in this be hypocrites:  
How in my words soever she be shent,  
To give them seals never, my soul, consent!

[Exit.

SCENE III. *A Room in the same.*

Enter KING, ROSENCRANTZ, and GUILDENSTERN.

King. I like him not; nor stands it safe with us,  
To let his madness range. Therefore, prepare you;  
I your commission will forthwith despatch,  
And he to England shall along with you:  
The terms of our estate may not endure  
Hazard so near us, as doth hourly grow  
Out of his lunes.

Guil. We will ourselves provide:  
Most holy and religious fear it is,  
To keep those many many bodies safe,  
That live, and feed, upon your majesty.

Ros. The single and peculiar life is bound,  
With all the strength and armour of the mind,  
To keep itself from 'noyance; but much more  
That spirit, upon whose weal depend and rest  
The lives of many. The cease of majesty  
Dies not alone; but, like a gulf, doth draw  
What's near it, with it: it is a massy wheel,  
Fix'd on the summit of the highest mount,  
To whose huge spokes ten thousand lesser things  
Are mortis'd and adjoin'd; which, when it falls,  
Each small annexment, petty consequence,  
Attends the boist'rous ruin. Never alone  
Did the king sigh, but with a general groan.

King. Arm you, I pray you, to this speedy voyage;  
For we will fetters put upon this fear,  
Which now goes too free-footed.

Ros. Guil.

We will haste us.

[Exeunt Rosencrantz and Guildenstern.

Enter POLONIUS.

Pol. My lord, he's going to his mother's closet;  
Behind the arras I'll convey myself,

To hear the process; I'll warrant, she'll tax him home :  
And, as you said, and wisely was it said,  
'Tis meet, that some more audience, than a mother,  
Since nature makes them partial, should o'erhear  
The speech, of vantage. Fare you well, my liege :  
I'll call upon you ere you go to bed,  
And tell you what I know.

*King.*

Thanks, dear my lord.

*[Exit Polonius.]*

O, my offence is rank, it smells to heaven;  
It hath the primal eldest curse upon't,  
A brother's murder!—Pray can I not,  
Though inclination be as sharp as will;  
My stronger guilt defeats my strong intent;  
And, like a man to double business bound,  
I stand in pause where I shall first begin,  
And both neglect. What if this cursed hand  
Were thicker than itself with brother's blood?  
Is there not rain enough in the sweet heavens,  
To wash it white as snow? Whereto serves mercy,  
But to confront the visage of offence?  
And what's in prayer, but this twofold force,—  
To be forestalled, ere we come to fall,  
Or pardon'd, being down? Then I'll look up;  
My fault is past. But, O, what form of prayer  
Can serve my turn? Forgive me my foul murder!—  
That cannot be; since I am still possess'd  
Of those effects for which I did the murder,  
My crown, mine own ambition, and my queen.  
May one be pardon'd, and retain the offence?  
In the corrupted currents of this world,  
Offence's gilded hand may shove by justice;  
And oft 'tis seen, the wicked prize itself  
Buys out the law: But 'tis not so above:  
There is no shuffling, there the action lies  
In his true nature; and we ourselves compell'd,  
Even to the teeth and forehead of our faults,  
To give in evidence. What then? what rests?  
Try what repentance can: What can it not?  
Yet what can it, when one cannot repent?

O wretched state! O bosom, black as death!  
O limed soul; that, struggling to be free,  
Art more engag'd! Help, angels, make assay!  
Bow, stubborn knees! and, heart, with strings of steel,  
Be soft as sinews of the new-born babe;  
All may be well! *[Retires, and kneels.*

*Enter HAMLET.*

*Ham.* Now might I do it, pat, now he is praying;  
And now I'll do't; and so he goes to heaven:  
And so am I reveng'd? That would be scann'd:  
A villain kills my father; and, for that,  
I, his sole son, do this same villain send  
To heaven.

Why, this is hire and salary, not revenge.  
He took my father grossly, full of bread;  
With all his crimes broad-blown, as flush as May;  
And, how his audit stands, who knows, save heaven?  
But, in our circumstance and course of thought,  
'Tis heavy with him: And am I then reveng'd,  
To take him in the purging of his soul,  
When he is fit and season'd for his passage?  
No.

Up, sword; and know thou a more horrid hent:  
When he is drunk, asleep, or in his rage;  
Or in the incestuous pleasures of his bed;  
At gaming, swearing; or about some act  
That has no relish of salvation in't:  
Then trip him, that his heels may kick at heaven;  
And that his soul may be as damn'd, and black,  
As hell, whereto it goes. My mother stays:  
This physic but prolongs thy sickly days. *[Exit.*

*The KING rises, and advances.*

*King.* My words fly up, my thoughts remain below:  
Words, without thoughts, never to heaven go. *[Exit.*



SCENE IV. *Another Room in the same.**Enter* QUEEN and POLONIUS.*Pol.* He will come straight. Look, you lay home to him:*Tell him, his pranks have been too broad to bear with; And that your grace hath screen'd and stood between Much heat and him. I'll silence me e'en here.**Pray you, be round with him.**Queen.* I'll warrant you;*Fear me not:—withdraw, I hear him coming.**[Polonius hides himself.]**Enter* HAMLET.*Ham.* Now, mother; what's the matter?*Queen.* Hamlet, thou hast thy father much offended.*Ham.* Mother, you have my father much offended.*Queen.* Come, come, you answer with an idle tongue.*Ham.* Go, go, you question with a wicked tongue.*Queen.* Why, how now, Hamlet?*Ham.* What's the matter now?*Queen.* Have you forgot me?*Ham.* No, by the rood, not so:*You are the queen, your husband's brother's wife; And,—'would it were not so!—you are my mother.**Queen.* Nay, then I'll set those to you that can speak.*Ham.* Come, come, and sit you down; you shall not budge;*You go not, till I set you up a glass**Where you may see the inmost part of you.**Queen.* What wilt thou do? thou wilt not murder me? Help, help, ho!*Pol. [Behind]* What, ho! help!*Ham.* How now! a rat?*[Draws.]**Dead, for a ducat, dead.**[Hamlet makes a Pass through the Arras.]**Pol. [Behind]* O, I am slain.*[Falls, and Dies.]**O me, what hast thou done?*

*Ham.* Nay, I know not :  
Is it the king?

*[Lifts up the Arras, and draws forth Polonius.]*

*Queen.* O, what a rash and bloody deed is this!

*Ham.* A bloody deed;—almost as bad, good mother,  
As kill a king, and marry with his brother.

*Queen.* As kill a king!

*Ham.* Ay, lady, 'twas my word.—  
Thou wretched, rash, intruding fool, farewell!

*[To Polonius.]*

I took thee for thy better ; take thy fortune :  
Thou find'st, to be too busy, is some danger.—  
Leave wringing of your hands : Peace ; sit you down,  
And let me wring your heart : for so I shall,  
If it be made of penetrable stuff ;  
If damned custom have not braz'd it so,  
That it be proof and bulwark against sense.

*Queen.* What have I done, that thou dar'st wag thy  
tongue  
In noise so rude against me?

*Ham.* Such an act,  
That blurs the grace and blush of modesty ;  
Calls virtue, hypocrite ; takes off the rose  
From the fair forehead of an innocent love,  
And sets a blister there ; makes marriage-vows  
As false as dicers' oaths : O, such a deed,  
As from the body of contraction plucks  
The very soul ; and sweet religion makes  
A rhapsody of words : Heaven's face doth glow ;  
Yea, this solidity and compound mass,  
With tristful visage, as against the doom,  
Is thought-sick at the act.

*Queen.* Ah me, what act,  
That roars so loud, and thunders in the index?

*Ham.* Look here, upon this picture, and on this ;  
The counterfeit presentment of two brothers.  
See, what a grace was seated on this brow :  
Hyperion's curls ; the front of Jove himself ;  
An eye like Mars, to threaten and command ;

A station like the herald Mercury,  
New-lighted on a heaven-kissing hill ;  
A combination, and a form, indeed,  
Where every god did seem to set his seal,  
To give the world assurance of a man :  
This was your husband.—Look you now, what follows :  
Here is your husband ; like a mildew'd ear,  
Blasting his wholesome brother. Have you eyes?  
Could you on this fair mountain leave to feed,  
And batten on this moor ? Ha ! have you eyes ?  
You cannot call it, love : for, at your age,  
The hey-day in the blood is tame, it's humble,  
And waits upon the judgment ; And what judgment  
Would step from this to this ? Sense, sure, you have,  
Else could you not have motion : But, sure, that sense  
Is apoplex'd : for madness would not err ;  
Nor sense to ecstasy was ne'er so thrall'd,  
But it reserv'd some quantity of choice,  
To serve in such a difference. What devil was't,  
That thus hath cozen'd you at hoodman-blind ?  
Eyes without feeling, feeling without sight,  
Ears without hands or eyes, smelling sans all,  
Or but a sickly part of one true sense  
Could not so mope.  
O shame ! where is thy blush ? Rebellious hell,  
If thou canst mutine in a matron's bones,  
To flaming youth let virtue be as wax,  
And melt in her own fire : proclaim no shame,  
When the compulsive ardour gives the charge ;  
Since frost itself as actively doth burn,  
And reason panders will.

*Queen.* O, Hamlet, speak no more :  
Thou turn'st mine eyes into my very soul ;  
And there I see such black and grained spots,  
As will not leave their tinct.

*Ham.* Nay, but to live  
In the rank sweat of an enseamed bed ;  
Stew'd in corruption ; honeying, and making love  
Over the nasty sty ;—

*Queen.* O, speak to me no more ;  
These words, like daggers, enter in mine ears :  
No more, sweet Hamlet.

*Ham.* A murderer, and a villain :  
A slave, that is not twentieth part the tythe  
Of your precedent lord :—a vice of kings :  
A cutpurse of the empire and the rule ;  
That from a shelf the precious diadem stole,  
And put it in his pocket !

*Queen.* No more.

*Enter GHOST.*

*Ham.* A king  
Of shreds and patches :—  
Save me, and hover o'er me with your wings,  
You heavenly guards !—What would your gracious  
*Queen.* Alas, he's mad. [figure?

*Ham.* Do you not come your tardy son to chide,  
That, laps'd in time and passion, let's go by  
The important acting of your dread command ?  
O, say !

*Ghost.* Do not forget : This visitation  
Is but to whet thy almost blunted purpose.  
But, look ! amazement on thy mother sits :  
O, step between her and her fighting soul ;  
Conceit in weakest bodies strongest works ;  
Speak to her, Hamlet.

*Ham.* How is it with you, lady ?

*Queen.* Alas, how is't with you,  
That you do bend your eye on vacancy,  
And with the incorporal air do hold discourse ?  
Forth at your eyes your spirits wildly peep ;  
And, as the sleeping soldiers in the alarm,  
Your bedded hair, like life in excrements,  
Starts up, and stands on end. O gentle son,  
Upon the heat and flame of thy distemper  
Sprinkle cool patience. Whereon do you look ?

*Ham.* On him ! on him !—Look you, how pale he  
glares !  
His form and cause conjoin'd, preaching to stones,

Would make them capable.—Do not look upon me ;  
Lest, with this piteous action, you convert  
My stern effects : then what I have to do  
Will want true colour ; tears, perchance, for blood.

*Queen.* To whom do you speak this?

*Ham.* Do you see nothing there?

*Queen.* Nothing at all ; yet all, that is, I see.

*Ham.* Nor did you nothing hear?

*Queen.* No, nothing, but ourselves.

*Ham.* Why, look you there ! look, how it steals away !  
My father, in his habit as he liv'd !  
Look, where he goes, even now, out at the portal !

[*Exit Ghost.*]

*Queen.* This is the very coinage of your brain :  
This bodiless creation ecstasy  
Is very cunning in.

*Ham.* Ecstasy !

My pulse, as yours, doth temperately keep time,  
And makes as healthful music : It is not madness,  
That I have utter'd : bring me to the test,  
And I the matter will re-word ; which madness  
Would gambol from. Mother, for love of grace,  
Lay not that flattering unction to your soul,  
That not your trespass, but my madness, speaks :  
It will but skin and film the ulcerous place ;  
Whiles rank corruption, mining all within,  
Infects unseen. Confess yourself to heaven ;  
Repent what's past ; avoid what is to come ;  
And do not spread the compost on the weeds,  
To make them ranker. Forgive me this my virtue :  
For in the fatness of these porsy times,  
Virtue itself of vice must pardon beg ;  
Yea, curb and woo, for leave to do him good.

*Queen.* O Hamlet ! thou hast cleft my heart in twain.

*Ham.* O, throw away the worser part of it,  
And live the purer with the other half.  
Good night : but go not to my uncle's bed ;  
Assume a virtue, if you have it not.  
That monster, custom, who all sense doth eat  
Of habit's devil, is angel yet in this ;

That to the use of actions fair and good  
He likewise gives a frock, or livery,  
That aptly is put on: Refrain to-night;  
And that shall lend a kind of easiness  
To the next abstinence: the next more easy:  
For use almost can change the stamp of nature,  
And either curb the devil, or throw him out  
With wondrous potency. Once more, good night;  
And when you are desirous to be bless'd,  
I'll blessing beg of you.—For this same lord,  
[Pointing to Polonius.

I do repent: But heaven hath pleas'd it so,—  
To punish me with this, and this with me,  
That I must be their scourge and minister.  
I will bestow him, and will answer well  
The death I gave him. So, again, good night!—  
I must be cruel, only to be kind:  
Thus bad begins, and worse remains behind.—  
But one word more, good lady.

*Queen.*

What shall I do?

*Ham.* Not this, by no means, that I bid you do:  
Let the bloat king tempt you again to bed;  
Pinch wanton on your cheek; call you, his mouse;  
And let him, for a pair of reechy kisses,  
Or paddling in your neck with his damn'd fingers,  
Make you to ravel all this matter out,  
That I essentially am not in madness,  
But mad in craft. 'Twere good, you let him know:  
For who, that's but a queen, fair, sober, wise,  
Would from a paddock, from a bat, a gib,  
Such dear concernings hide? who would do so?  
No, in despite of sense, and secrecy,  
Unpeg the basket on the house's top,  
Let the birds fly; and, like the famous ape,  
To try conclusions, in the basket creep,  
And break your own neck down.

*Queen.* Be thou assur'd, if words be made of breath,  
And breath of life, I have no life to breathe  
What thou hast said to me.

*Ham.* I must to England; you know that?

*Queen.*

*Alack,*

I had forgot; 'tis so concluded on.

*Ham.* There's letters seal'd: and my two school-fellows,—

Whom I will trust, as I will adders fang'd,—  
They bear the mandate; they must sweep my way,  
And marshal me to knavery: Let it work;  
For 'tis the sport, to have the engineer  
Hoist with his own petar: and it shall go hard,  
But I will delve one yard below their mines,  
And blow them at the moon: O, 'tis most sweet,  
When in one line two crafts directly meet.—  
This man shall set me packing.  
I'll lug the guts into the neighbour room:—  
Mother, good night.—Indeed, this counsellor  
Is now most still, most secret, and most grave,  
Who was in life a foolish prating knave.  
Come, sir, to draw toward an end with you:  
Good night, mother.

*[Exeunt severally; Hamlet dragging in Polonius.]*

## ACT IV.



### SCENE I. *The same.*

*Enter KING, QUEEN, ROSENCRANTZ, and GUILDENSTERN.*

*King.* There's matter in these sighs; these profound heaves;  
You must translate: 'tis fit we understand them:  
Where is your son?

*Queen.* Bestow this place on us a little while.—  
[*To Rosencrantz and Guildenstern, who go out.*  
Ah, my good lord, what have I seen to-night!

*King.* What, Gertrude? How does Hamlet?

*Queen.* Mad as the sea, and wind, when both contend  
Which is the mightier: In his lawless fit,  
Behind the arras hearing something stir,  
Whips out his rapier, cries, *A rat! a rat!*  
And, in this brainish apprehension, kills  
The unseen good old man.

*King.*

O heavy deed!



It had been so with us, had we been there :  
His liberty is full of threats to all ;  
To you yourself, to us, to every one.  
Alas ! how shall this bloody deed be answer'd ?  
It will be laid to us, whose providence  
Should have kept short, restrain'd, and out of haunt,  
This mad young man : but, so much was our love,  
We would not understand what was most fit ;  
But, like the owner of a foul disease,  
To keep it from divulging, let it feed  
Even on the pith of life. Where is he gone ?

*Queen.* To draw apart the body he hath kill'd :  
O'er whom his very madness, like some ore,  
Among a mineral of metals base,  
Shows itself pure ; he weeps for what is done.

*King.* O, Gertrude, come away !  
The sun no sooner shall the mountains touch,  
But we will ship him hence : and this vile deed  
We must, with all our majesty and skill,  
Both countenance and excuse.—Ho ! Guildenstern !

*Enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.*

Friends both, go join you with some further aid :  
Hamlet in madness hath Polonius slain,  
And from his mother's closet hath he dragg'd him :  
Go, seek him out ; speak fair, and bring the body  
Into the chapel. I pray you, haste in this.

*[Exeunt Rosencrantz and Guildenstern.]*

Come, Gertrude, we'll call up our wisest friends ;  
And let them know, both what we mean to do,  
And what's untimely done : so, haply, slander,—  
Whose whisper o'er the world's diameter,  
As level as the cannon to his blank,  
Transports his poison'd shot,—may miss our name,  
And hit the woundless air.—O, come away !  
My soul is full of discord, and dismay.

*[Exeunt.]*

SCENE II *Another Room in the same.**Enter HAMLET.*

*Ham.* —Safely stowed,—[*Ros. &c. within.* Hamlet! lord Hamlet!] But soft,—what noise? who calls on Hamlet? O; here they come.

*Enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.*

*Ros.* What have you done, my lord, with the dead body?

*Ham.* Compounded it with dust, whereto 'tis kin.

*Ros.* Tell us where 'tis; that we may take it thence, And bear it to the chapel.

*Ham.* Do not believe it.

*Ros.* Believe what?

*Ham.* That I can keep your counsel, and not mine own. Besides, to be demanded of a sponge!—what replication should be made by the son of a king?

*Ros.* Take you me for a sponge, my lord?

*Ham.* Ay, sir; that soaks up the king's countenance, his rewards, his authorities. But such officers do the king best service in the end: He keeps them, like an ape, in the corner of his jaw; first mouthed, to be last swallowed: When he needs what you have gleaned, it is but squeezing you, and, sponge, you shall be dry again.

*Ros.* I understand you not, my lord.

*Ham.* I am glad of it: A knavish speech sleeps in a foolish ear.

*Ros.* My lord, you must tell us where the body is, and go with us to the king.

*Ham.* The body is with the king, but the king is not with the body. The king is a thing—

*Guil.* A thing, my lord?

*Ham.* Of nothing: bring me to him. Hide fox, and all after. [Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *Another Room in the same.**Enter KING, attended.*

*King.* I have sent to seek him, and to find the body. How dangerous is it, that this man goes loose!

Yet must not we put the strong law on him :  
He's lov'd of the distracted multitude,  
Who like not in their judgment, but their eyes ;  
And, where 'tis so, the offender's scourge is weigh'd,  
But never the offence. To bear all smooth and even,  
This sudden sending him away must seem  
Deliberate pause : Diseases, desperate grown,  
By desperate appliance are reliev'd,

*Enter ROSENCRANTZ.*

Or not at all.—How now? what hath befallen?

*Ros.* Where the dead body is bestow'd, my lord,  
We cannot get from him.

*King.* But where is he?

*Ros.* Without, my lord ; guarded, to know your  
pleasure.

*King.* Bring him before us.

*Ros.* Ho, Guildenstern! bring in my lord.

*Enter HAMLET and GUILDENSTERN.*

*King.* Now, Hamlet, where's Polonius?

*Ham.* At supper.

*King.* At supper? Where?

*Ham.* Not where he eats, but where he is eaten : a  
certain convocation of politic worms are e'en at him.  
Your worm is your only emperor for diet : we fat all  
creatures else, to fat us ; and we fat ourselves for mag-  
gots : Your fat king, and your lean beggar, is but  
variable service ; two dishes, but to one table ; that's  
the end.

*King.* Alas, alas!

*Ham.* A man may fish with the worm that hath eat  
of a king ; and eat of the fish that hath fed of that  
worm.

*King.* What dost thou mean by this?

*Ham.* Nothing, but to show you how a king may go  
a progress through the guts of a beggar.

*King.* Where is Polonius?

*Ham.* In heaven ; send thither to see : if your mes-  
senger find him not there, seek him i'the other place  
yourself. But, indeed, if you find him not within this

month, you shall nose him as you go up the stairs into the lobby.

*King.* Go seek him there. [*To some Attendants.*]

*Ham.* He will stay till you come.

[*Exeunt Attendants.*]

*King.* Hamlet, this deed, for thine especial safety,—  
Which we do tender, as we deeply grieve  
For that which thou hast done,—must send thee hence  
With fiery quickness: 'Therefore, prepare thyself;  
'The bark is ready, and the wind at help,  
'The associates tend, and every thing is bent  
For England.

*Ham.* For England?

*King.* Ay, Hamlet.

*Ham.* Good.

*King.* So is it, if thou knew'st our purposes.

*Ham.* I see a cherub, that sees them.—But, come;  
for England!—Farewell, dear mother.

*King.* Thy loving father, Hamlet.

*Ham.* My mother: Father and mother is man and  
wife; man and wife is one flesh; and so, my mother.  
Come, for England. [*Exit.*]

*King.* Follow him at foot; tempt him with speed  
aboard;

Delay it not, I'll have him hence to-night:

Away; for every thing is seal'd and done

That else leans on the affair: Pray you, make haste.

[*Exeunt Rosencrantz and Guildenstern.*]

And, England, if my love thou hold'st at aught  
(As my great power thereof may give thee sense;  
Since yet thy cicatrice looks raw and red  
After the Danish sword, and thy free awe  
Pays homage to us), thou may'st not coldly set  
Our sovereign process; which imports at full,  
By letters conjuring to that effect,  
The present death of Hamlet. Do it, England;  
For like the hectic in my blood he rages,  
And thou must cure me: Till I know 'tis done,  
Howe'er my haps, my joys will ne'er begin.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE IV. *A Plain in DENMARK.*

*Enter FORTINBRAS and Forces, marching.*

*For.* Go, captain, from me greet the Danish king;  
Tell him, that, by his licence, Fortinbras  
Craves the conveyance of a promis'd march  
Over his kingdom. You know the rendezvous.  
If that his majesty would aught with us,  
We shall express our duty in his eye,  
And let him know so.

*Cap.* I will do't, my lord.

*For.* Go softly on. [*Exeunt Fortinbras and Forces.*]

*Enter HAMLET, ROSENCRANTZ, GUILDENSTERN, &c.*

*Ham.* Good sir, whose powers are these?

*Cap.* They are of Norway, sir.

*Ham.* How purpos'd, sir,

I pray you?

*Cap.* Against some part of Poland.

*Ham.* Who

Commands them, sir?

*Cap.* The nephew to old Norway, Fortinbras.

*Ham.* Goes it against the main of Poland, sir,  
Or for some frontier?

*Cap.* Truly to speak, sir, and with no addition,  
We go to gain a little patch of ground,  
That hath in it no profit but the name.

To pay five ducats, five, I would not farm it;  
Nor will it yield to Norway, or the Pole,  
A ranker rate, should it be sold in fee.

*Ham.* Why, then the Polack never will defend it.

*Cap.* Yes, 'tis already garrison'd.

*Ham.* Two thousand souls, and twenty thousand  
ducats,

Will not debate the question of this straw:  
This is the imposthume of much wealth and peace;  
That inward breaks, and shows no cause without  
Why the man dies.—I humbly thank you, sir.

*Cap.* God be wi'you, sir. [*Erit Captain.*]

*Ros.* Will't please you go, my lord?

*Ham.* I will be with you straight. Go a little before.

[*Exeunt Ros. and Guil.*]

How all occasions do inform against me,  
And spur my dull revenge! What is a man,  
If his chief good, and market of his time,  
Be but to sleep, and feed? a beast, no more.  
Sure, he, that made us with such large discourse,  
Looking before, and after, gave us not  
That capability and godlike reason  
To fust in us unus'd. Now, whether it be  
Bestial oblivion, or some craven scruple  
Of thinking too precisely on the event,—  
A thought, which, quarter'd, hath but one part wisdom,  
And, ever, three parts coward,—I do not know  
Why yet I live to say, *This thing's to do*;  
Sith I have cause, and will, and strength, and means,  
To do't. Examples, gross as earth, exhort me:  
Witness, this army, of such mass, and charge,  
Led by a delicate and tender prince;  
Whose spirit, with divine ambition puff'd,  
Makes mouths at the invisible event;  
Exposing what is mortal, and unsure,  
To all that fortune, death, and danger, dare,  
Even for an egg-shell. Rightly to be great,  
Is, not to stir without great argument;  
But greatly to find quarrel in a straw,  
When honour's at the stake. How stand I then,  
That have a father kill'd, a mother stain'd,  
Excitements of my reason, and my blood,  
And let all sleep? while, to my shame, I see  
The imminent death of twenty thousand men,  
That, for a fantasy, and trick of fame,  
Go to their graves like beds; fight for a plot  
Whereon the numbers cannot try the cause,  
Which is not tomb enough, and continent,  
To hide the slain?—O, from this time forth,  
My thoughts be bloody, or be nothing worth! [Exit.]

SCENE V. EL SINORE. *A Room in the Castle.**Enter QUEEN and HORATIO.**Queen.* —I will not speak with her.*Hor.* She is importunate; indeed, distract;  
Her mood will needs be pitied.*Queen.* What would she have?*Hor.* She speaks much of her father; says, she hears,  
There's tricks i' the world; and hems, and beats her heart;  
Spurns enviously at straws; speaks things in doubt,  
That carry but half sense: her speech is nothing,  
Yet the unshaped use of it doth move  
The hearers to collection; they aim at it,  
And botch the words up fit to their own thoughts;  
Which, as her winks, and nods, and gestures, yield them,  
Indeed would make one think, there might be thought,  
Though nothing sure, yet much unhappily.*Queen.* 'Twere good she were spoken with; for she  
may strew

Dangerous conjectures in ill-breeding minds:

Let her come in.

[*Exit Horatio.*]To my sick soul, as sin's true nature is,  
Each toy seems prologue to some great amiss:  
So full of artless jealousy is guilt,  
It spills itself in fearing to be spilt.*Re-enter HORATIO, with OPHELIA.**Oph.* Where is the beauteous majesty of Denmark?*Queen.* How now, Ophelia?*Oph.* How should I your true-love know  
From another one?

By his cockle hat and staff,

And his sandal shoon.

[*Singing.*]*Queen.* Alas, sweet lady, what imports this song?*Oph.* Say you? nay, pray you, mark.

He is dead and gone, lady,

[*Sings.*]

He is dead and gone;

At his head a grass-green turf,

At his heels a stone.

ho!

Queen. Nay, but Ophelia,—

Oph.

Pray you, mark.

*White his shroud as the mountain snow, [Sings.*

*Enter KING.*

Queen. Alas, look here, my lord.

Oph. *Larded all with sweet flowers ;*

*Which bewept to the grave did go,*

*With true-love showers.*

King. How do you, pretty lady?

Oph. Well, God 'ield you! They say, the owl was a baker's daughter. Lord, we know what we are, but know not what we may be. God be at your table!

King. Conceit upon her father.

Oph. Pray, let us have no words of this ; but when they ask you what it means, say you this :

*Good morrow, 'tis saint Valentine's day,*

*All in the morning betime,*

*And I a maid at your window,*

*To be your Valentine:*

*Then up he rose, and don'd his clothes,*

*And dupp'd the chamber door ;*

*Let in the maid, that out a maid*

*Never departed more.*

King. Pretty Ophelia!

Oph. Indeed, without an oath, I'll make an end on't :

*By Gis, and by saint Charity,*

*Alack, and fie, for shame !*

*Young men will do't, if they come to't ;*

*By cock, they are to blame.*

*Quoth she, Before you tumbled me,*

*You promis'd me to wed :*

*[ He answers. ]*

*So would I ha' done, by yonder sun,*

*An thou hadst not come to my bed.*

King. How long hath she been thus?

Oph. I hope, all will be well. We must be patient : but I cannot choose but weep, to think, they should lay



him i'the cold ground : My brother shall know of it, and so I thank you for your good counsel. Come, my coach ! Good night, ladies ; good night, sweet ladies : good night, good night. *[Exit.*

*King.* Follow her close ; give her good watch, I pray you. *[Exit Horatio.*

O ! this is the poison of deep grief ; it springs  
All from her father's death : And now behold,  
O Gertrude, Gertrude,  
When sorrows come, they come not single spies,  
But in battalions ! First, her father slain ;  
Next, your son gone ; and he most violent author  
Of his own just remove : The people muddied,  
Thick and unwholesome in their thoughts and whispers,  
For good Polonius' death ; and we have done but greenly,  
In hugger-mugger to inter him : Poor Ophelia  
Divided from herself, and her fair judgment ;  
Without the which we are pictures, or mere beasts.  
Last, and as much containing as all these,  
Her brother is in secret come from France :  
Feeds on his wonder, keeps himself in clouds,  
And wants not buzzers to infect his ear  
With pestilent speeches of his father's death ;  
Wherein necessity, of matter beggar'd,  
Will nothing stick our person to arraign  
In ear and ear. O my dear Gertrude, this,  
Like to a murdering piece, in many places  
Gives me superfluous death ! *[A Noise within.*

*Queen.*

Alack ! what noise is this ?

*Enter a Gentleman.*

*King.* Attend.

Where are my Switzers ? Let them guard the door :  
What is the matter ?

*Gent.*

Save yourself, my lord ;  
The ocean, overpeering of his list,  
Eats not the flats with more impetuous haste,  
Than young Laertes, in a riotous head,  
O'erbears your officers ! The rabble call him, lord ;  
And, as the world were now but to begin,

Antiquity forgot, custom not known,  
The ratifiers and props of every word,  
They cry, *Choose we ; Laertes shall be king !*  
Caps, hands, and tongues, applaud it to the clouds,  
*Laertes shall be king, Laertes king !*

*Queen.* How cheerfully on the false trail they cry !  
O, this is counter, you false Danish dogs.

*King.* The doors are broke. *[Noise within.]*

*Enter LAERTES, armed ; Danes following.*

*Laer.* Where is this king?—Sirs, stand you all without.

*Dan.* No, let's come in.

*Laer.* I pray you, give me leave.

*Dan.* We will, we will.

*[They retire without the Door.]*

*Laer.* I thank you :—keep the door.—O thou vile king,  
Give me my father.

*Queen.* Calmly, good Laertes.

*Laer.* That drop of blood, that's calm, proclaims me  
bastard ;

Cries, cuckold, to my father ; brands the harlot  
Even here, between the chaste unsmirched brow  
Of my true mother.

*King.* What is the cause, Laertes,  
That thy rebellion looks so giant-like?—  
Let him go, Gertrude ; do not fear our person ;  
There's such divinity doth hedge a king,  
That treason can but peep to what it would,  
Acts little of his will.—Tell me, Laertes,  
Why thou art thus incens'd ;—Let him go, Gertrude ;—  
Speak, man.

*Laer.* Where is my father ?

*King.* Dead.

*Queen.* But not by him.

*King.* Let him demand his fill.

*Laer.* How came he dead ? I'll not be juggled with :  
To hell, allegiance ! vows, to the blackest devil !  
Conscience, and grace, to the profoundest pit !  
I dare damnation : To this point I stand,—

That both the worlds I give to negligence,  
Let come what comes; only I'll be reveng'd  
Most thoroughly for my father.

*King.* Who shall stay you?

*Laer.* My will, not all the world's:  
And, for my means, I'll husband them so well,  
They shall go far with little.

*King.* Good Laertes,  
If you desire to know the certainty  
Of your dear father's death, is't writ in your revenge,  
That, sweepstake, you will draw both friend and foe,  
Winner and loser?

*Laer.* None but his enemies.

*King.* Will you know them then?

*Laer.* To his good friends thus wide I'll ope my  
arms;  
And, like the kind life-rend'ring pelican,  
Repast them with my blood.

*King.* Why, now you speak  
Like a good child, and a true gentleman.  
That I am guiltless of your father's death,  
And am most sensible in grief for it,  
It shall as level to your judgment 'pear,  
As day does to your eye.

*Danes.* [*Within*] Let her come in.

*Laer.* How now! what noise is that?

*Enter OPHELIA, fantastically dressed with Straws and  
Flowers.*

O heat, dry up my brains! tears, seven times salt,  
Burn out the sense and virtue of mine eye!  
By heaven, thy madness shall be paid with weight,  
Till our scale turn the beam. O rose of May!  
Dear maid, kind sister, sweet Ophelia!—  
O heavens! is't possible, a young maid's wits  
Should be as mortal as an old man's life?  
Nature is fine in love: and, where 'tis fine,  
It sends some precious instance of itself  
After the thing it loves.

*Oph.* They bore him barefac'd on the bier ;

*Hey no nonny, nonny hey nonny :*

*And in his grave rain'd many a tear ;—*

Fare you well, my dove !

*Laer.* Hadst thou thy wits, and didst persuade revenge,

It could not move thus.

*Oph.* You must sing, *Down a-down, an you call him a-down-a.* O, how the wheel becomes it ! It is the false steward, that stole his master's daughter.

*Laer.* This nothing's more than matter.

*Oph.* There's rosemary, that's for remembrance ; pray you, love, remember : and there is pansies, that's for thoughts.

*Laer.* A document in madness ; thoughts and remembrance fitted.

*Oph.* There's fennel for you, and columbines :—there's rue for you ; and here's some for me :—we may call it, herb of grace o'Sundays :—you may wear your rue with a difference.—There's a daisy :—I would give you some violets ; but they withered all, when my father died :—They say, he made a good end,——

*For bonny sweet Robin is all my joy,——* [Sings.

*Laer.* Thought and affliction, passion, hell itself, She turns to favour, and to prettiness.

*Oph.* And will he not come again ?

[Sings.

*And will he not come again ?*

*No, no, he is dead.*

*Go to thy death-bed,*

*He never will come again.*

*His beard was as white as snow,*

*All flaxen was his poll :*

*He is gone, he is gone,*

*And we cast away moan ;*

*God 'a mercy on his soul !*

And of all Christian souls ! I pray God. God be wi'you ! [Exit Ophelia.

*Laer.* Do you see this, O God ?

*King.* Laertes, I must commune with your grief,

Or you deny me right. Go but apart,  
 Make choice of whom your wisest friends you will,  
 And they shall hear and judge 'twixt you and me :  
 If by direct or by collateral hand  
 They find us touch'd, we will our kingdom give,  
 Our crown, our life, and all that we call ours,  
 To you in satisfaction ; but, if not,  
 Be you content to lend your patience to us,  
 And we shall jointly labour with your soul,  
 To give it due content.

*Laer.*

Let this be so ;

His means of death, his obscure funeral,—  
 No trophy, sword, nor hatchment, o'er his bones,  
 No noble rite, nor formal ostentation,—  
 Cry to be heard, as 'twere from heaven to earth,  
 That I must call't in question.

*King.*

So you shall ;

And, where the offence is, let the great axe fall.

I pray you, go with me.

[*Exeunt.*]

*SCENE VI. Another Room in the same.*

*Enter HORATIO and a Servant.*

*Hor.* What are they, that would speak with me?

*Serv.*

Sailors, sir ;

They say, they have letters for you.

*Hor.*

Let them come in.—

[*Exit Servant.*]

I do not know from what part of the world  
 I should be greeted, if not from lord Hamlet.

*Enter Sailors.*

*1 Sail.* God bless you, sir.

*Hor.* Let him bless thee too.

*1 Sail.* He shall, sir, an't please him. There's a letter  
 for you, sir : it comes from the ambassador that was  
 bound for England ; if your name be Horatio, as I am  
 let to know it is.

*Hor.* [*Reads*] Horatio, when thou shalt have over-  
 looked this, give these fellows some means to the king ;

*they have letters for him. Ere we were two days old at sea, a pirate of very warlike appointment gave us chase: Finding ourselves too slow of sail, we put on a compelled valour; and in the grapple I boarded them: on the instant they got clear of our ship; so I alone became their prisoner. They have dealt with me, like thieves of mercy; but they knew what they did; I am to do a good turn for them. Let the king have the letters I have sent; and repair thou to me with as much haste as thou wouldst fly death. I have words to speak in thine ear, will make thee dumb; yet are they much too light for the bore of the matter. These good fellows will bring thee where I am. Rosencrantz and Guildenstern hold their course for England: of them I have much to tell thee. Farewell.*

*He that thou knowest thine, HAMLET.*

Come, I will give you way for these your letters;

And do't the speedier, that you may direct me

To him from whom you brought them. [Exeunt:

SCENE VII. *Another Room in the same.*

*Enter KING and LAERTES.*

*King.* Now must your conscience my acquittance  
seal,

And you must put me in your heart for friend;

Sith you have heard, and with a knowing ear,

That he, which hath your noble father slain,

Pursu'd my life.

*Laer.*

It well appears:—But tell me,

Why you proceeded not against these feats,

So crimeful and so capital in nature,

As by your safety, greatness, wisdom, all things else,

You mainly were stirr'd up?

*King.*

O, for two special reasons;

Which may to you, perhaps, seem much unsinew'd,

But yet to me they are strong. The queen, his mother,

Lives almost by his looks; and for myself

(My virtue, or my plague, be it either which),

She is so conjunctive to my life and soul,

That, as the star moves not but in his sphere,  
 I could not but by her. The other motive,  
 Why to a public count I might not go,  
 Is, the great love the general gender bear him :  
 Who, dipping all his faults in their affection,  
 Work like the spring that turneth wood to stone,  
 Convert his gyves to graces ; so that my arrows,  
 Too slightly timber'd for so loud a wind,  
 Would have reverted to my bow again,  
 And not where I had aim'd them.

*Laer.* And so have I a noble father lost ;  
 A sister driven into desperate terms ;  
 Whose worth, if praises may go back again,  
 Stood challenger on mount of all the age  
 For her perfections :—But my revenge will come.

*King.* Break not your sleeps for that : you must not  
 think,  
 That we are made of stuff so flat and dull,  
 That we can let our beard be shook with danger,  
 And think it pastime. You shortly shall hear more :  
 I loved your father, and we love ourself ;  
 And that, I hope, will teach you to imagine,—  
 How now ? what news ?

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Mess.* Letters, my lord, from Hamlet :  
 This to your majesty ; this to the queen.

*King.* From Hamlet ! who brought them ?

*Mess.* Sailors, my lord, they say : I saw them not ;  
 They were given me by Claudio ; he received them  
 Of him that brought them.

*King.* Laertes, you shall hear them :—  
 Leave us. *[Exit Messenger.]*

*[Reads]* High and mighty, you shall know, I am set  
 naked on your kingdom. To-morrow shall I beg leave to  
 see your kingly eyes : when I shall, first asking your  
 pardon thereunto, recount the occasion of my sudden  
 and more strange return.

HAMLET.

What should this mean ? Are all the rest come back ?  
 Or is it some abuse, and no such thing ?

*Laer.* Know you the hand?

*King.* 'Tis Hamlet's character. *Naked,—*  
And, in a postscript here, he says, *alone:*  
Can you advise me?

*Laer.* I am lost in it, my lord. But let him come;  
It warms the very sickness in my heart,  
That I shall live and tell him to his teeth,  
*Thus diddest thou.*

*King.* If it be so, Laertes,  
As how should it be so?—how otherwise?—  
Will you be rul'd by me?

*Laer.* Ay, my lord;  
So you will not o'er-rule me to a peace.

*King.* To thine own peace. If he be now return'd,—  
As checking at his voyage, and that he means  
No more to undertake it,—I will work him  
To an exploit, now ripe in my device,  
Under the which he shall not choose but fall;  
And for his death no wind of blame shall breathe;  
But even his mother shall uncharge the practice,  
And call it, accident.

*Laer.* My lord, I will be rul'd;  
The rather, if you could devise it so,  
That I might be the organ.

*King.* It falls right.  
You have been talk'd of since your travel much,  
And that in Hamlet's hearing, for a quality,  
Wherein, they say, you shine: your sum of parts  
Did not together pluck such envy from him,  
As did that one; and that, in my regard,  
Of the unworthiest siege.

*Laer.* What part is that, my lord?

*King.* A very ribband in the cap of youth,  
Yet needful too; for youth no less becomes  
The light and careless livery that it wears,  
Than settled age his sables, and his weeds,  
Importing health and graveness.—Two months since,  
Here was a gentleman of Normandy,—  
I have seen myself, and serv'd against, the French,  
And they can well on horseback: but this gallant



Had witchcraft in't; he grew unto his seat;  
And to such wond'rous doing brought his horse,  
As he had been incorps'd and demi-natur'd  
With the brave beast: so far he topp'd my thought,  
That I, in forgery of shapes and tricks,  
Come short of what he did.

*Laer.* A Norman, was't?

*King.* A Norman.

*Laer.* Upon my life, Lamord.

*King.* The very same.

*Laer.* I know him well: he is the brooch, indeed,  
And gem of all the nation.

*King.* He made confession of you;  
And gave you such a masterly report,  
For art and exercise in your defence,  
And for your rapier most especial,  
That he cried out, 'twould be a sight indeed,  
If one could match you: the scrimers of their nation,  
He swore, had neither motion, guard, nor eye,  
If you oppos'd them: Sir, this report of his  
Did Hamlet so envenom with his envy,  
That he could nothing do, but wish and beg  
Your sudden coming o'er, to play with you.  
Now, out of this,—

*Laer.* What out of this, my lord?

*King.* Laertes, was your father dear to you?  
Or are you like the painting of a sorrow,  
A face without a heart?

*Laer.* Why ask you this?

*King.* Not that I think, you did not love your father;  
But that I know, love is begun by time;  
And that I see, in passages of proof,  
Time qualifies the spark and fire of it.  
There lives within the very flame of love  
A kind of wick, or snuff, that will abate it;  
And nothing is at a like goodness still;  
For goodness, growing to a pleurisy,  
Dies in his own too-much: That we would do,  
We should do when we would; for this *would* changes,  
And hath abatements and delays as many,

As there are tongues, are hands, are accidents;  
And then this *should* is like a spendthrift sigh,  
That hurts by easing. But, to the quick o'the ulcer:  
Hamlet comes back; What would you undertake,  
To show yourself in deed your father's son  
More than in words?

*Laer.* To cut his throat i'the church.

*King.* No place, indeed, should murder sanctuarize:  
Revenge should have no bounds. But, good Laertes,  
Will you do this, keep close within your chamber:  
Hamlet, return'd, shall know you are come home:  
We'll put on those shall praise your excellence,  
And set a double varnish on the fame  
The Frenchman gave you; bring you, in fine, together,  
And wager o'er your heads: he, being remiss,  
Most generous, and free from all contriving,  
Will not peruse the foils; so that, with ease,  
Or with a little shuffling, you may choose  
A sword unbated, and, in a pass of practice,  
Requite him for your father.

*Laer.*

I will do't:

And, for the purpose, I'll anoint my sword.  
I bought an unction of a mountebank,  
So mortal, that, but dip a knife in it,  
Where it draws blood, no cataplasm so rare,  
Collected from all simples that have virtue  
Under the moon, can save the thing from death,  
That is but scratch'd withal: I'll touch my point  
With this contagion; that, if I gall him slightly,  
It may be death.

*King.*

Let's further think of this;

Weigh, what convenience, both of time and means,  
May fit us to our shape: if this should fail,  
And that our drift look through our bad performance,  
'Twere better not assay'd: therefore, this project  
Should have a back, or second, that might hold,  
If this should blast in proof. Soft;—let me see:—  
We'll make a solemn wager on your cunnings,—  
I ha't:

When in your motion you are hot and dry  
(As make your bouts more violent to that end), . .

And that he calls for drink, I'll have preferr'd him  
A chalice for the nonce; whereon but sipping,  
If he by chance escape your venom'd stuck,  
Our purpose may hold there. But stay, what noise?

*Enter QUEEN.*

How now, sweet queen?

*Queen.* One woe doth tread upon another's heel,  
So fast they follow:—Your sister's drown'd, Laertes.

*Laer.* Drown'd! O, where?

*Queen.* There is a willow grows ascaunt the brook,  
That shows his hoar leaves in the glassy stream;  
Therewith fantastic garlands did she make  
Of crow-flowers, nettles, daisies, and long purples,  
That liberal shepherds give a grosser name,  
But our cold maids do dead men's fingers call them:  
There, on the pendent boughs her coronet weeds  
Clambering to hang, an envious sliver broke;  
When down her weedy trophies, and herself,  
Fell in the weeping brook. Her clothes spread wide;  
And, mermaid-like, awhile they bore her up:  
Which time, she chanted snatches of old tunes;  
As one incapable of her own distress,  
Or like a creature native and indu'd  
Unto that element: but long it could not be,  
Till that her garments, heavy with their drink,  
Pull'd the poor wretch from her melodious lay  
To muddy death.

*Laer.* Alas then, she is drown'd?

*Queen.* Drown'd, drown'd.

*Laer.* Too much of water hast thou, poor Ophelia,  
And therefore I forbid my tears: But yet  
It is our trick; nature her custom holds,  
Let shame say what it will: when these are gone,  
The woman will be out.—Adieu, my lord!  
I have a speech of fire, that fain would blaze,  
But that this folly drowns it.

[*Exit.*

*King.*

Let's follow, Gertrude;

How much I had to do to calm his rage!  
Now fear I, this will give it start again;  
Therefore, let's follow.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT V.



### SCENE I. A Church-yard.

*Enter two Clowns, with Spades, &c.*

**1 Clo.** Is she to be buried in Christian burial, that wilfully seeks her own salvation?

**2 Clo.** I tell thee, she is; therefore make her grave straight; the crowner hath set on her, and finds it Christian burial.

**1 Clo.** How can that be, unless she drowned herself in her own defence?

**2 Clo.** Why, 'tis found so.

**1 Clo.** It must be *se offendendo*; it cannot be else. For here lies the point: If I drown myself wittingly, it argues an act: and an act hath three branches; it is, to act, to do, and to perform: Argal, she drowned herself wittingly.

**2 Clo.** Nay, but hear you, goodman delver.

**1 Clo.** Give me leave. Here lies the water; good: here stands the man; good: if the man go to this water, and drown himself, it is, will he, nill he, he goes; mark you that: but if the water come to him, and drown

him, he drowns not himself; Argal, he, that is not guilty of his own death, shortens not his own life.

2 *Clo.* But is this law?

1 *Clo.* Ay, marry is't; crowner's-quest law.

2 *Clo.* Will you ha' the truth on't? If this had not been a gentlewoman, she should have been buried out of Christian burial.

1 *Clo.* Why, there thou say'st: And the more pity; that great folks shall have countenance in this world to drown or hang themselves, more than their even Christian. Come, my spade. There is no ancient gentlemen but gardeners, ditchers, and grave-makers; they hold up Adam's profession.

2 *Clo.* Was he a gentleman?

1 *Clo.* He was the first that ever bore arms.

2 *Clo.* Why, he had none.

1 *Clo.* What, art a heathen? How dost thou understand the Scripture? the Scripture says, Adam digged; Could he dig without arms? I'll put another question to thee: if thou answerest me not to the purpose, confess thyself——

2 *Clo.* Go to.

1 *Clo.* What is he, that builds stronger than either the mason, the shipwright, or the carpenter?

2 *Clo.* The gallows-maker; for that frame outlives a thousand tenants.

1 *Clo.* I like thy wit well, in good faith; the gallows does well: But how does it well? it does well to those that do ill: now thou dost ill, to say, the gallows is built stronger than the church; argal, the gallows may do well to thee. To't again; come.

2 *Clo.* Who builds stronger than a mason, a shipwright, or a carpenter?

1 *Clo.* Ay, tell me that, and unyoke.

2 *Clo.* Marry, now I can tell.

1 *Clo.* To't.

2 *Clo.* Mass, I cannot tell.

*Enter HAMLET and HORATIO, at a distance.*

1 *Clo.* Cudgel thy brains no more about it; for your all ass will not mend his pace with beating: and, when

you are asked this question next, say, a grave-maker ; the houses that he makes, last till doomsday. Go, get thee to Yaughan, and fetch me a stoup of liquor.

[Exit 2 Clown.

1 Clown digs and sings.

*In youth, when I did love, did love,*

*Methought, it was very sweet,*

*To contract, O, the time, for, ah, my behove,*

*O, methought, there was nothing meet.*

Ham. Has this fellow no feeling of his business? he sings at grave-making.

Hor. Custom hath made it in him a property of easiness.

Ham. 'Tis e'en so: the hand of little employment hath the daintier sense.

1 Clo. *But age, with his stealing steps,*

*Hath claw'd me in his clutch,*

*And hath shipped me into the land,*

*As if I had never been such.*

[Throws up a Scull.

Ham. That scull had a tongue in it, and could sing once: How the knave jowls it to the ground, as if it were Cain's jaw-bone, that did the first murder! This might be the pate of a politician, which this ass now o'er-reaches; one that would circumvent God, might it not?

Hor. It might, my lord.

Ham. Or of a courtier; which would say, *Good morrow, sweet lord! How dost thou, good lord?* This might be my lord such-a-one, that praised my lord such-a-one's horse, when he meant to beg it; might it not?

Hor. Ay, my lord.

Ham. Why, e'en so: and now my lady Worm's; chapless, and knocked about the mazzard with a sexton's spade: Here's fine revolution, an we had the trick to see't. Did these bones cost no more the breeding, but to play at loggats with them? mine ache to think on't.

1 Clo. *A pickaxe, and a spade, a spade,* [Sings.  
*For—and a shrouding sheet :*  
*O, a pit of clay for to be made.*  
*For such a guest is meet.*

[Throws up a Scull.

Ham. There's another: Why may not that be the scull of a lawyer? Where be his quiddits now, his quillets, his cases, his tenures, and his tricks? why does he suffer this rude knave now to knock him about the sconce with a dirty shovel, and will not tell him of his action of battery? Humph! This fellow might be in's time a great buyer of land, with his statutes, his recognizances, his fines, his double vouchers, his recoveries: Is this the fine of his fines, and the recovery of his recoveries, to have his fine pate full of fine dirt? will his vouchers vouch him no more of his purchases, and double ones too, than the length and breadth of a pair of indentures? The very conveyances of his lands will hardly lie in this box; and must the inheritor himself have no more? ha?

Hor. Not a jot more, my lord.

Ham. Is not parchment made of sheep-skins?

Hor. Ay, my lord, and of calves-skins too.

Ham. They are sheep, and calves, which seek out assurance in that. I will speak to this fellow:—Whose grave's this, sirrah?

1 Clo. Mine, sir.—

*O, a pit of clay for to be made* [Sings.  
*For such a guest is meet.*

Ham. I think it be thine, indeed; for thou liest in't.

1 Clo. You lie out on't, sir, and therefore it is not yours: for my part, I do not lie in't, yet it is mine.

Ham. Thou dost lie in't, to be in't, and say it is thine: 'tis for the dead, not for the quick; therefore thou liest.

1 Clo. 'Tis a quick lie, sir; 'twill away again, from me to you.

Ham. What man dost thou dig it for?

1 Clo. For no man, sir.

Ham. What woman then?

1 *Clo.* For none neither.

*Ham.* Who is to be buried in't?

1 *Clo.* One, that was a woman, sir; but, rest her soul, she's dead.

*Ham.* How absolute the knave is! we must speak by the card, or equivocation will undo us. By the lord, Horatio, these three years I have taken note of it; the age is grown so picked, that the toe of the peasant comes so near the heel of the courtier, he galls his kibe.—How long hast thou been a grave-maker?

1 *Clo.* Of all the days i'the year, I came to't that day that our last king Hamlet overcame Fortinbras.

*Ham.* How long's that since?

1 *Clo.* Cannot you tell that? every fool can tell that: It was that very day that young Hamlet was born: he that is mad, and sent into England.

*Ham.* Ay, marry, why was he sent into England?

1 *Clo.* Why, because he was mad: he shall recover his wits there; or, if he do not, 'tis no great matter there.

*Ham.* Why?

1 *Clo.* 'Twill not be seen in him there; there the men are as mad as he.

*Ham.* How came he mad?

1 *Clo.* Very strangely, they say.

*Ham.* How strangely?

1 *Clo.* 'Faith, e'en with losing his wits.

*Ham.* Upon what ground?

1 *Clo.* Why, here in Denmark; I have been sexton here, man and boy, thirty years.

*Ham.* How long will a man lie i'the earth ere he rot?

1 *Clo.* 'Faith, if he be not rotten before he die (as we have many pocky corses now-a-days, that will scarce hold the laying in), he will last you some eight year, or nine year: a tanner will last you nine year.

*Ham.* Why he more than another?

1 *Clo.* Why, sir, his hide is so tanned with his trade, that he will keep out water a great while; and your water is a sore decayer of your whoreson dead body. Here's a scull now hath lain you i'the earth three-and-twenty years.



*Ham.* Whose was it?

*1 Clo.* A whoreson mad fellow's it was: Whose do you think it was?

*Ham.* Nay, I know not.

*1 Clo.* A pestilence on him for a mad rogue! he poured a flagon of Rhenish on my head once. This same scull, sir, was Yorick's scull, the king's jester.

*Ham.* This? *[Takes the Scull.]*

*1 Clo.* E'en that.

*Ham.* Alas! poor Yorick!—I knew him, Horatio; a fellow of infinite jest; of most excellent fancy: he hath borne me on his back a thousand times; and now, how abhorred in my imagination it is! my gorge rises at it. Here hung those lips, that I have kissed I know not how oft. Where be your gibes now? your gambols? your songs? your flashes of merriment, that were wont to set the table on a roar? Not one now, to mock your own grinning? quite chap-fallen? Now get you to my lady's chamber, and tell her, let her paint an inch thick, to this favour she must come; make her laugh at that. Pr'ythee, Horatio, tell me one thing.

*Hor.* What's that, my lord?

*Ham.* Dost thou think, Alexander looked o'this fashion i'the earth?

*Hor.* E'en so.

*Ham.* And smelt so? pah! *[Throws down the Scull.]*

*Hor.* E'en so, my lord.

*Ham.* To what base uses we may return, Horatio! Why may not imagination trace the noble dust of Alexander, till he find it stopping a bung-hole?

*Hor.* 'Twere to consider too curiously, to consider so.

*Ham.* No, faith, not a jot; but to follow him thither with modesty enough, and likelihood to lead it: As thus; Alexander died, Alexander was buried, Alexander returneth to dust; the dust is earth; of earth we make loam: And why of that loam, whereto he was converted, might they not stop a beer-barrel?

Imperious Cæsar, dead, and turn'd to clay,  
Might stop a hole to keep the wind away:

O, that the earth, which kept the world in awe,  
Should patch a wall to expel the winter's flaw!  
But soft! but soft! aside:—Here comes the king.

*Enter Priests, &c. in Procession; the Corpse of OPHELIA;  
LAERTES and Mourners following; KING, QUEEN,  
their Trains, &c.*

The queen, the courtiers: Who is this they follow?  
And with such maimed rites! This doth betoken,  
The corse, they follow, did with desperate hand  
Fordo its own life. 'Twas of some estate:  
Couch we awhile, and mark. [*Retiring with Horatio.*]

*Laer.* What ceremony else?

*Ham.*

That is Laertes,

A very noble youth: Mark.

*Laer.* What ceremony else?

*1 Priest.* Her obsequies have been as far enlarg'd  
As we have warranty: Her death was doubtful;  
And, but that great command o'ersways the order,  
She should in ground unsanctified have lodg'd,  
Till the last trumpet; for charitable prayers,  
Shards, flints, and pebbles, should be thrown on her:  
Yet here she is allow'd her virgin crants,  
Her maiden strewments, and the bringing home  
Of bell and burial.

*Laer.* Must there no more be done?

*1 Priest.*

No more be done!

We should profane the service of the dead,  
To sing a *requiem*, and such rest to her  
As to peace-parted souls.

*Laer.*

Lay her i'the earth;—

And from her fair and unpolluted flesh,  
May violets spring!—I tell thee, churlish priest,  
A minist'ring angel shall my sister be,  
When thou liest howling.

*Ham.*

What, the fair Ophelia!

*Queen.* Sweets to the sweet: Farewell!

[*Scattering Flowers.*]

I hop'd, thou shouldst have been my Hamlet's wife;  
I thought, thy bride-bed to have deck'd, sweet maid  
And not have strew'd thy grave.

*Laer.*

O, treble woe

Fall ten times treble on that cursed head,  
Whose wicked deed thy most ingenious sense  
Depriv'd thee of!—Hold off the earth awhile,  
Till I have caught her once more in mine arms:

[*Leaps into the Grave.*]

Now pile your dust upon the quick and dead;  
Till of this flat a mountain you have made  
To o'er-top old Pelion, or the skyish head  
Of blue Olympus.

*Ham.* [*Advancing*] What is he, whose grief  
Bears such an emphasis? whose phrase of sorrow  
Conjures the wand'ring stars, and makes them stand  
Like wonder-wounded hearers? this is I,  
Hamlet the Dane.

[*Leaps into the Grave.*]

*Laer.*

The devil take thy soul!

[*Grappling with him.*]

*Ham.* 'Thou pray'st not well.

I pr'ythee, take thy fingers from my throat;  
For, though I am not splenetic and rash,  
Yet have I in me something dangerous,  
Which let thy wisdom fear: Hold off thy hand.

*King.* Pluck them asunder.

*Queen.*

Hamlet, Hamlet!

*All.* Gentlemen,—

*Hor.*

Good, my lord, be quiet.

[*The Attendants part them, and they come out of the Grave.*]

*Ham.* Why, I will fight with him upon this theme,  
Until my eyelids will no longer wag.

*Queen.* O my son! what theme?

*Ham.* I lov'd Ophelia; forty thousand brothers  
Could not, with all their quantity of love,  
Make up my sum.—What wilt thou do for her?

*King.* O, he is mad, Laertes.

*Queen.* For love of God, forbear him.

*Ham.* 'Zounds, show me what thou'lt do:

Woul't weep? woul't fight? woul't fast? woul't tear  
thyself?

Woul't drink up Esil? eat a crocodile?

'Il do't.—Dost thou come here to whine?

To outface me with leaping in her grave?  
Be buried quick with her, and so will I:  
And, if thou prate of mountains, let them throw  
Millions of acres on us; till our ground,  
Singeing his pate against the burning zone,  
Make Ossa like a wart! Nay, an thou'lt mouth,  
I'll rant as well as thou.

*Queen.* This is mere madness:  
And thus awhile the fit will work on him;  
Anon, as patient as the female dove,  
When that her golden couplets are disclos'd,  
His silence will sit drooping.

*Ham.* Hear you, sir;  
What is the reason that you use me thus?  
I lov'd you ever: But it is no matter;  
Let Hercules himself do what he may,  
The cat will mew, and dog will have his day. [*Exit.*

*King.* I pray thee, good Horatio, wait upon him.—  
[*Exit Horatio.*  
Strengthen your patience in our last night's speech;  
[*To Laertes.*

We'll put the matter to the present push.—  
Good Gertrude, set some watch over your son.—  
This grave shall have a living monument:  
An hour of quiet shortly shall we see;  
Till then, in patience our proceeding be. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE II. A Hall in the Castle.

*Enter HAMLET and HORATIO.*

*Ham.* So much for this, sir: now shall you see the  
other;—

You do remember all the circumstance?

*Hor.* Remember it, my lord!

*Ham.* Sir, in my heart there was a kind of fighting,  
That would not let me sleep: methought, I lay  
Worse than the mutines in the bilboes. Rashly,  
And prais'd be rashness for it.—Let us know,  
Our indiscretion sometimes serves us well,  
When our deep plots do pall: and that should teach us,

'There's a divinity that shapes our ends,  
Rough hew them how we will.

*Hor.*

That is most certain.

*Ham.* Up from my cabin,  
My sea-gown scarf'd about me, in the dark  
Grop'd I to find out them: had my desire;  
Finger'd their packet; and, in fine, withdrew  
To mine own room again: making so bold,  
My fears forgetting manners, to unseal  
Their grand commission; where I found, Horatio,  
A royal knavery; an exact command,—  
Larded with many several sorts of reasons,  
Importing Denmark's health, and England's too,  
With, ho! such bugs and goblins in my life,—  
That, on the supervise, no leisure bated,  
No, not to stay the grinding of the axe,  
My head should be struck off.

*Hor.*

Is't possible?

*Ham.* Here's the commission; read it at more  
leisure.

But wilt thou hear now how I did proceed?

*Hor.* Ay, 'beseech you.

*Ham.* Being thus benetted round with villanies,  
Or I could make a prologue to my brains,  
They had begun the play:—I sat me down;  
Devis'd a new commission; wrote it fair:  
I once did hold it, as our statists do,  
A baseness to write fair, and labour'd much  
How to forget that learning; but, sir, now  
It did me yeoman's service: Wilt thou know  
The effect of what I wrote?

*Hor.*

Ay, good, my lord.

*Ham.* An earnest conjuration from the king,—  
As England was his faithful tributary;  
As love between them, like the palm, might flourish;  
As peace should still her wheaten garland wear,  
And stand a comma 'tween their amities;  
And many such like as's of great charge,—  
That, on the view and knowing of these contents,  
Without debatement further, more or less,

He should the bearers put to sudden death,  
Not shriving-time allow'd.

*Hor.* How was this seal'd?

*Ham.* Why, even in that was heaven ordinant;  
I had my father's signet in my purse,  
Which was the model of that Danish seal:  
Folded the writ up in form of the other;  
Subscrib'd it; gave't the impression; plac'd it safely,  
The changeling never known: Now, the next day  
Was our sea-fight; and what to this was sequent  
Thou know'st already.

*Hor.* So Guildenstern and Rosencrantz go to't.

*Ham.* Why, man, they did make love to this employment;

They are not near my conscience; their defeat  
Does by their own insinuation grow:  
'Tis dangerous, when the baser nature comes  
Between the pass and fell incensed points  
Of mighty opposites.

*Hor.* Why, what a king is this!

*Ham.* Does it not, think thee, stand me now upon?  
He that hath kill'd my king, and whor'd my mother;  
Popp'd in between the election and my hopes;  
Thrown out his angle for my proper life,  
And with such cozenage; is't not perfect conscience,  
To quit him with this arm? and is't not to be damn'd,  
To let this canker of our nature come  
In further evil?

*Hor.* It must be shortly known to him from England,

What is the issue of the business there.

*Ham.* It will be short: the interim is mine;  
And a man's life's no more than to say, one.  
But I am very sorry, good Horatio,  
That to Laertes I forgot myself;  
For by the image of my cause, I see  
The portraiture of his: I'll count his favours:  
But, sure, the bravery of his grief did put me  
Into a towering passion.

*Hor.* Peace; who comes here?

*Enter OSRIC.*

*Osr.* Your lordship is right welcome back to Denmark.

*Ham.* I humbly thank you, sir.—Dost know this water-fly?

*Hor.* No, my good lord.

*Ham.* Thy state is the more gracious ; for 'tis a vice to know him: He hath much land, and fertile: let a beast be lord of beasts, and his crib shall stand at the king's mess: 'Tis a chough ; but, as I say, spacious in the possession of dirt.

*Osr.* Sweet lord, if your lordship were at leisure, I should impart a thing to you from his majesty.

*Ham.* I will receive it, sir, with all diligence of spirit: Your bonnet to his right use ; 'tis for the head.

*Osr.* I thank your lordship, 'tis very hot.

*Ham.* No, believe me, 'tis very cold ; the wind is northerly.

*Osr.* It is indifferent cold, my lord, indeed.

*Ham.* But yet, methinks, it is very sultry and hot ; or my complexion—

*Osr.* Exceedingly, my lord ; it is very sultry,—as 'twere,—I cannot tell how.—My lord, his majesty bade me signify to you, that he has laid a great wager on your head : Sir, this is the matter,—

*Ham.* I beseech you, remember—

[*Hamlet moves him to put on his Hat.*

*Osr.* Nay, good, my lord ; for my ease, in good faith. Sir, here is newly come to court, Laertes: believe me, an absolute gentleman, full of most excellent differences, of very soft society, and great showing : Indeed, to speak feelingly of him, he is the card or calendar of gentry, for you shall find in him the continent of what part a gentleman would see.

*Ham.* Sir, his definement suffers no perdition in you ;—though, I know, to divide him inventorially, would dizzy the arithmetic of memory ; and yet but raw neither, in respect of his quick sail. But, in the verity of extolment, I take him to be a soul of great article ; and his infusion of such dearth and rareness, as,

to make true diction of him, his semblable is his mirror; and, who else would trace him, his umbrage, nothing more.

*Osr.* Your lordship speaks most infallibly of him.

*Ham.* The concernancy, sir? why do we wrap the gentleman in our more rawer breath?

*Osr.* Sir?

*Hor.* Is't not possible to understand in another tongue? You will do't, sir, really.

*Ham.* What imports the nomination of this gentleman?

*Osr.* Of Laertes?

*Hor.* His purse is empty already; all his golden words are spent.

*Ham.* Of him, sir.

*Osr.* I know, you are not ignorant——

*Ham.* I would you did, sir; yet, in faith, if you did, it would not much approve me;—Well, sir.

*Osr.* You are not ignorant of what excellence Laertes is——

*Ham.* I dare not confess that, lest I should compare with him in excellence; but, to know a man well, were to know himself.

*Osr.* I mean, sir, for his weapon; but in the imputation laid on him by them, in his meed he's unfellowed.

*Ham.* What's his weapon?

*Osr.* Rapier and dagger.

*Ham.* That's two of his weapons: but, well.

*Osr.* The king, sir, hath wagered with him six Barbary horses: against the which he has impawned, as I take it, six French rapiers, and poniards, with their assigns, as girdle, hangers, and so: Three of the carriages, in faith, are very dear to fancy, very responsive to the hilts, most delicate carriages, and of very liberal conceit.

*Ham.* What call you the carriages?

*Hor.* I knew, you must be edified by the margent, ere you had done.

*Osr.* The carriages, sir, are the hangers.

*Ham.* The phrase would be more german to the



matter, if we could carry a cannon by our sides ; I would it might be hangers till then. But on : Six Barbary horses against six French swords, their assigns, and three liberal conceited carriages ; that's the French bet against the Danish : Why is this impawned, as you call it?

*Osr.* The king, sir, hath laid, that in a dozen passes between yourself and him, he shall not exceed you three hits ; he hath laid, on twelve for nine ; and it would come to immediate trial, if your lordship would vouchsafe the answer.

*Ham.* How, if I answer, no?

*Osr.* I mean, my lord, the opposition of your person in trial.

*Ham.* Sir, I will walk here in the hall : If it please his majesty, it is the breathing time of day with me : let the foils be brought, the gentleman willing, and the king hold his purpose, I will win for him, if I can ; if not, I will gain nothing but my shame, and the odd hits.

*Osr.* Shall I deliver you so?

*Ham.* To this effect, sir ; after what flourish your nature will.

*Osr.* I commend my duty to your lordship. [*Exit.*]

*Ham.* Yours, yours.—He does well to commend it himself ; there are no tongues else for's turn.

*Hor.* This lapwing runs away with the shell on his head.

*Ham.* He did comply with his dug, before he sucked it. Thus has he (and many more of the same breed, that, I know, the drossy age dotes on), only got the tune of the time, and outward habit of encounter ; a kind of yesty collection, which carries them through and through the most fond and winnowed opinions ; and do but blow them to their trial, the bubbles are out.

*Enter a Lord.*

*Lord.* My lord, his majesty commended him to you by young Osric, who brings back to him, that you attend him in the hall : He sends to know if your plea-

sure hold to play with Laertes, or that you will take longer time.

*Ham.* I am constant to my purposes, they follow the king's pleasure: if his fitness speaks, mine is ready; now, or whensoever, provided I be so able as now.

*Lord.* The king, and queen, and all are coming down.

*Ham.* In happy time.

*Lord.* The queen desires you, to use some gentle entertainment to Laertes, before you fall to play.

*Ham.* She well instructs me. *[Exit Lord.]*

*Hor.* You will lose this wager, my lord.

*Ham.* I do not think so; since he went into France, I have been in continual practice; I shall win at the odds, but thou wouldst not think, how ill all's here about my heart: but it is no matter.

*Hor.* Nay, good, my lord,—

*Ham.* It is but foolery; but it is such a kind of gain-giving, as would, perhaps, trouble a woman.

*Hor.* If your mind dislike any thing, obey it: I will forestal their repair hither, and say, you are not fit.

*Ham.* Not a whit, we defy augury; there is a special providence in the fall of a sparrow. If it be now, 'tis not to come; if it be not to come, it will be now; if it be not now, yet it will come: the readiness is all: Since no man, of aught he leaves, knows, what is't to leave betimes? Let be.

*Enter KING, QUEEN, LAERTES, Lords, OSRIC, and Attendants, with Foils, &c.*

*King.* Come, Hamlet, come, and take this hand from me.

*[The King puts the Hand of Laertes into that of Hamlet.]*

*Ham.* Give me your pardon, sir: I have done you wrong;

But pardon it, as you are a gentleman.

This presence knows, and you must needs have heard,  
How I am punish'd with a sore distraction.

What I have done,

That might your nature, honour, and exception,

Roughly awake, I here proclaim was madness.  
 Was't Hamlet wrong'd Laertes? Never, Hamlet :  
 If Hamlet from himself be ta'en away,  
 And, when he's not himself, does wrong Laertes,  
 Then Hamlet does it not, Hamlet denies it.  
 Who does it then? His madness; If't be so,  
 Hamlet is of the faction that is wrong'd;  
 His madness is poor Hamlet's enemy.  
 Sir, in this audience,  
 Let my disclaiming from a purpos'd evil  
 Free me so far in your most generous thoughts,  
 That I have shot my arrow o'er the house,  
 And hurt my brother.

*Laer.* I am satisfied in nature,  
 Whose motive, in this case, should stir me most  
 To my revenge: but in my terms of honour,  
 I stand aloof; and will no reconciliation,  
 Till by some elder masters, of known honour,  
 I have a voice and precedent of peace,  
 To keep my name ungor'd: but till that time,  
 I do receive your offer'd love like love,  
 And will not wrong it.

*Ham.* I embrace it freely;  
 And will this brother's wager frankly play.—  
 Give us the foils; come on.

*Laer.* Come, one for me.

*Ham.* I'll be your foil, Laertes; in mine ignorance  
 Your skill shall, like a star i'the darkest night,  
 Stick fiery off indeed.

*Laer.* You mock me, sir.

*Ham.* No, by this hand.

*King.* Give them the foils, young Osric.—Cousin  
 You know the wager? [Hamlet,

*Ham.* Very well, my lord;  
 Your grace hath laid the odds o'the weaker side.

*King.* I do not fear it: I have seen you both:—  
 But since he's better'd, we have therefore odds.

*Laer.* This is too heavy, let me see another.

*Ham.* This likes me well: These foils have all a  
 length? [They prepare to play.]

*Osr.* Ay, my good lord.

*King.* Set me the stoups of wine upon that table :—  
If Hamlet give the first or second hit,  
Or quit in answer of the third exchange,  
Let all the battlements their ordnance fire;  
The king shall drink to Hamlet's better breath;  
And in the cup an union shall he throw,  
Richer than that which four successive kings  
In Denmark's crown have worn; Give me the cups;  
And let the kettle to the trumpet speak,  
The trumpet to the cannoneer without,  
The cannons to the heavens, the heaven to earth,  
*Now the king drinks to Hamlet.*—Come, begin;—  
And you, the judges, bear a wary eye.

*Ham.* Come on, sir.

*Laer.* Come, my lord. [*They play.*]

*Ham.* One.

*Laer.* No.

*Ham.* Judgment.

*Osr.* A hit, a very palpable hit.

*Laer.* Well,—again.

*King.* Stay, give me drink: Hamlet, this pearl is  
thine;

Here's to thy health.—Give him the cup.

[*Trumpets sound; and Cannon shot off within.*]

*Ham.* I'll play this bout first, set it by awhile.

Come.—Another hit; What say you? [*They play.*]

*Laer.* A touch, a touch, I do confess.

*King.* Our son shall win.

*Queen.* He's fat, and scant of breath.—

Here, Hamlet, take my napkin, rub thy brows:

The queen carouses to thy fortune, Hamlet.

*Ham.* Good madam,—

*King.* Gertrude, do not drink.

*Queen.* I will, my lord;—I pray you, pardon me.

*King.* It is the poison'd cup; it is too late. [*Aside.*]

*Ham.* I dare not drink yet, madam; by and by.

*Queen.* Come, let me wipe thy face.

*Laer.* My lord, I'll hit him now.

*King.* I do not think it.

*Laer.* And yet it is almost against my conscience.

*Ham.* Come, for the third, Laertes: You do but dally; *[Aside.]*

I pray you, pass with your best violence;

I am afeard, you make a wanton of me.

*Laer.* Say you so? come on.

*[They play.]*

*Osr.* Nothing neither way.

*Laer.* Have at you now.

*[Laertes wounds Hamlet; then, in scuffling, they change Rapiers, and Hamlet wounds Laertes.]*

*King.* Part them, they are incens'd,

*Ham.* Nay, come again. *[The Queen falls.]*

*Osr.* Look to the queen there, ho!

*Hor.* They bleed on both sides:—How is it, my lord?

*Osr.* How is't, Laertes?

*Laer.* Why, as a woodcock to my own springe, Osrice;  
I am justly kill'd with mine own treachery.

*Ham.* How does the queen?

*King.* She swoons to see them bleed.

*Queen.* No, no, the drink, the drink,—O my dear Hamlet!—

The drink, the drink;—I am poison'd! *[Dies.]*

*Ham.* O villany!—Ho! let the door be lock'd:

Treachery! seek it out. *[Laertes falls.]*

*Laer.* It is here, Hamlet: Hamlet, thou art slain;

No medicine in the world can do thee good,

In thee there is not half an hour's life;

The treacherous instrument is in thy hand,

Unbated, and envenom'd: the foul practice

Hath turn'd itself on me; lo, here I lie,

Never to rise again: Thy mother's poison'd;

I can no more; the king, the king's to blame.

*Ham.* The point

Envenom'd too!—Then, venom, to thy work.

*[Stabs the King.]*

*Osr. and Lords.* Treason! treason!

*King.* O, yet defend me, friends, I am but hurt.

*Ham.* Here, thou incestuous, murd'rous, damned  
Drink off this potion:—Is the union here? [*Dane,*  
Follow my mother. [*King dies.*

*Laer.* He is justly serv'd ;  
It is a poison temper'd by himself.—  
Exchange forgiveness with me, noble Hamlet :  
Mine and my father's death come not upon thee ;  
Nor thine on me ! [*Dies.*

*Ham.* Heaven make thee free of it ! I follow thee.  
I am dead, Horatio :—Wretched queen, adieu !—  
You that look pale and tremble at this chance,  
That are but mutes or audience to this act,  
Had I but time (as this fell sergeant, death,  
Is strict in his arrest), O, I could tell you,—  
But let it be:—Horatio, I am dead ;  
Thou liv'st ; report me and my cause aright  
To the unsatisfied.

*Hor.* Never believe it ;  
I am more an antique Roman than a Dane,  
Here's yet some liquor left.

*Ham.* As thou'rt a man,—  
Give me the cup ; let go ; by heaven, I'll have it.—  
O God!—Horatio, what a wounded name,  
Things standing thus unknown, shall live behind me ?  
If thou didst ever hold me in thy heart,  
Absent thee from felicity awhile,  
And in this harsh world draw thy breath in pain,  
To tell my story.— [*March afar off, and shot within.*  
What warlike noise is this?

*Osr.* Young Fortinbras, with conquest come from  
Poland,  
To the ambassadors of England gives  
This warlike volley.

*Ham.* O, I die, Horatio ;  
The potent poison quite o'er-crows my spirit ;  
I cannot live to hear the news from England :  
But I do prophesy, the election lights  
On Fortinbras ; he has my dying voice ;  
So tell him, with the occurrents, more or less,  
Which have solicited.—The rest is silence. [*Dies.*

*Hor.* Now cracks a noble heart ;—Good night, sweet prince ;  
And flights of angels sing thee to thy rest !  
Why does the drum come hither ? [March within.

*Enter FORTINBRAS, the English Ambassadors, and others.*

*Fort.* Where is this sight ?

*Hor.* What is it, you would see ?  
If aught of woe, or wonder, cease your search.

*Fort.* This quarry cries on havoc !—O proud death !  
What feast is toward in thine eternal cell,  
'That thou so many princes, at a shot,  
So bloodily hast struck ?

1 *Amb.* The sight is dismal ;  
And our affairs from England come too late :  
The ears are senseless, that should give us hearing,  
To tell him, his commandment is fulfill'd,  
'That Rosencrantz and Guildenstern are dead :  
Where should we have our thanks ?

*Hor.* Not from his mouth,  
Had it the ability of life to thank you ;  
He never gave commandment for their death.  
But since, so jump upon this bloody question,  
You from the Polack wars, and you from England,  
Are here arriv'd ; give order, that these bodies  
High on a stage be placed to the view ;  
And let me speak, to the yet unknowing world,  
How these things come about : So shall you hear  
Of carnal, bloody, and unnatural acts ;  
Of accidental judgments, casual slaughters ;  
Of deaths put on by cunning, and forc'd cause ;  
And, in this upshot, purposes mistook  
Fall'n on the inventors' heads : all this can I  
Truly deliver.

*Fort.* Let us haste to hear it,  
And call the noblest to the audience.  
For me, with sorrow I embrace my fortune ;  
I have some rights of memory in this kingdom,  
Which now to claim my vantage doth invite me.

*Hor.* Of that I shall have also cause to speak,  
And from his mouth whose voice will draw no more :  
But let this same be presently perform'd,  
Even while men's minds are wild ; lest more mischance,  
On plots and errors, happen.

*Fort.* Let four captains  
Bear Hamlet, like a soldier, to the stage ;  
For he was likely, had he been put on,  
To have prov'd most royally : and, for his passage,  
The soldier's music, and the rites of war,  
Speak loudly for him.—  
Take up the bodies :—Such a sight as this  
Becomes the field, but here shows much amiss.  
Go, bid the soldiers shoot. [*A dead March.*  
[*Exeunt, bearing off the dead Bodies ; after which,*  
*a Peal of Ordnance is shot off.*

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If the dramas of Shakspeare were to be characterised, each by the particular excellence which distinguishes it from the rest, we must allow to the tragedy of Hamlet the praise of variety. The incidents are so numerous, that the argument of the play would make a long tale. The scenes are interchangeably diversified with merriment and solemnity : with merriment that includes judicious and instructive observations ; and solemnity not strained by poetical violence above the natural sentiments of man. New characters appear from time to time in continual succession, exhibiting various forms of life, and particular modes of conversation. The pretended madness of Hamlet causes much mirth, the mournful distraction of Ophelia fills the heart with tenderness, and every personage produces the effect intended, from the apparition that, in the first act, chills the blood with horror, to the fop in the last, that exposes affectation to just contempt.

The conduct is, perhaps, not wholly secure against objections. The action is, indeed, for the most part, in continual progression ; but there are some scenes



which neither forward nor retard it. Of the feigned madness of Hamlet there appears no adequate cause, for he does nothing which he might not have done with the reputation of sanity. He plays the madman most, when he treats Ophelia with so much rudeness, which seems to be useless and wanton cruelty.

Hamlet is, through the whole piece, rather an instrument than an agent. After he has, by the stratagem of the play, convicted the king, he makes no attempt to punish him; and his death is at last effected by an incident which Hamlet had no part in producing.

The catastrophe is not very happily produced; the exchange of weapons is rather an expedient of necessity, than a stroke of art. A scheme might easily be formed, to kill Hamlet with the dagger, and Laertes with the bowl.

The poet is accused of having shown little regard to poetical justice, and may be charged with equal neglect of poetical probability. The apparition left the regions of the dead to little purpose: the revenge which he demands is not obtained, but by the death of him that was required to take it; and the gratification, which would arise from the destruction of an usurper and a murderer, is abated by the untimely death of Ophelia, the young, the beautiful, the harmless, and the pious.

JOHNSON.

# OTHELLO, THE MOOR OF VENICE.



From the Chiswick Press.

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1813.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Duke of Venice.

Brabantio, a Senator.

Two other Senators.

Gratiano, Brother to Brabantio.

Lodovico, Kinsman to Brabantio.

Othello, the Moor.

Cassio, his Lieutenant.

Iago, his Ancient.

Roderigo, a Venetian Gentleman.

Montano, Othello's Predecessor in the Government of  
Cyprus.

Clown, Servant to Othello.

Herald.

Desdemona, Daughter to Brabantio, and Wife to  
Othello.

Emilia, Wife to Iago.

Bianca, a Courtesan, Mistress to Cassio.

Officers, Gentlemen, Messengers, Musicians, Sailors,  
Attendants, &c.

SCENE, for the first Act, in Venice; during the rest  
of the Play, at a Seaport in Cyprus.

# ACT I.



## SCENE I. VENICE. A Street.

*Enter RODERIGO and IAGO.*

*Rod.* **T**USH, never tell me, I take it much unkindly,  
That thou, Iago,—who hast had my purse,  
As if the strings were thine,—shouldst know of this.

*Iago.* 'Sblood, but you will not hear me:—  
If ever I did dream of such a matter,  
Abhor me.

*Rod.* Thou told'st me, thou didst hold him in thy hate.

*Iago.* Despise me, if I do not. Three great ones of the  
In personal suit to make me his lieutenant, [city,  
Oft capp'd to him;—and, by the faith of man,  
I know my price, I am worth no worse a place:  
But he, as loving his own pride and purposes,  
Evades them, with a bombast circumstance,  
Horribly stuff'd with epithets of war;  
And, in conclusion, nonsuits  
My mediators; for certes, says he,  
*I have already chose my officer.*  
And what was he?

Forsooth, a great arithmetician,  
One Michael Cassio, a Florentine,  
A fellow almost damn'd in a fair wife;  
That never set a squadron in the field,  
Nor the division of a battle knows  
More than a spinster; unless the bookish theoric,  
Wherein the toged consuls can propose  
As masterly as he: mere prattle, without practice,  
Is all his soldiership. But he, sir, had the election:  
And I,—of whom his eyes had seen the proof,  
At Rhodes, at Cyprus; and on other grounds  
Christian and heathen,—must be be-lee'd and calm'd  
By debtor and creditor, this counter-caster:  
He, in good time, must his lieutenant be,  
And I, (God bless the mark!) his moorship's ancient.

*Rod.* By heaven, I rather would have been his hang-man.

*Iago.* But there's no remedy, 'tis the curse of service;  
Preferment goes by letter, and affection,  
Not by the old gradation, where each second  
Stood heir to the first. Now, sir, be judge yourself,  
Whether I in any just term am affin'd  
To love the Moor.

*Rod.* I would not follow him then.

*Iago.* O, sir, content you;  
I follow him to serve my turn upon him:  
We cannot all be masters, nor all masters  
Cannot be truly follow'd. You shall mark  
Many a duteous and knee-crooking knave,  
That, doting on his own obsequious bondage,  
Wears out his time, much like his master's ass,  
For nought but provender; and, when he's old, cashier'd;  
Whip me such honest knaves: Others there are,  
Who, trimm'd in forms and visages of duty,  
Keep yet their hearts attending on themselves;  
And, throwing but shows of service on their lords,  
Do well thrive by them, and, when they have lin'd their  
coats,  
Do themselves homage: these fellows have some soul;  
And such a one do I profess myself.  
For, sir,

It is as sure as you are Roderigo,  
Were I the Moor, I would not be Iago :  
In following him, I follow but myself;  
Heaven is my judge, not I for love and duty,  
But seeming so, for my peculiar end :  
For when my outward action doth demonstrate  
The native act and figure of my heart  
In compliment extern, 'tis not long after  
But I will wear my heart upon my sleeve  
For daws to peck at : I am not what I am.

*Rod.* What a full fortune does the thick-lips owe,  
If he can carry't thus !

*Iago.* Call up her father,  
Rouse him : make after him, poison his delight,  
Proclaim him in the streets ; incense her kinsmen,  
And, though he in a fertile climate dwell,  
Plague him with flies : though that his joy be joy,  
Yet throw such changes of vexation on't,  
As it may lose some colour.

*Rod.* Here is her father's house ; I'll call aloud.

*Iago.* Do ; with like timorous accent, and dire yell,  
As when, by night and negligence, the fire  
Is spied in populous cities.

*Rod.* What ho ! Brabantio ! signior Brabantio, ho !

*Iago.* Awake ! what, ho ! Brabantio ! thieves ! thieves !  
thieves !

Look to your house, your daughter, and your bags !  
Thieves ! thieves !

*BRABANTIO, above, at a Window.*

*Bra.* What is the reason of this terrible summons ?  
What is the matter there ?

*Rod.* Signior, is all your family within ?

*Iago.* Are your doors lock'd ?

*Bra.* Why ? wherefore ask you this ?

*Iago.* Zounds, sir, you are robb'd ; for shame, put on  
your gown :

Your heart is burst, you have lost half your soul ;  
Even now, very now, an old black ram  
Is tupping your white ewe. Arise, arise ;

Awake the snorting citizens with the bell,  
Or else the devil will make a grandsire of you:  
Arise, I say.

*Bra.* What, have you lost your wits?

*Rod.* Most reverend signior, do you know my voice?

*Bra.* Not I; What are you?

*Rod.* My name is—Roderigo.

*Bra.* The worse welcome:

I have charg'd thee, not to haunt about my doors:  
In honest plainness thou hast heard me say,  
My daughter is not for thee; and now, in madness,  
Being full of supper, and distempering draughts,  
Upon malicious bravery, dost thou come  
To start my quiet.

*Rod.* Sir, sir, sir, sir,——

*Cru.* But thou must needs be sure,

My spirit, and my place, have in them power  
To make this bitter to thee.

*Rod.* Patience, good sir.

*Bra.* What tell'st thou me of robbing? this is Venice;  
My house is not a grange.

*Rod.* Most grave Brabantio,

In simple and pure soul I come to you.

*Iago.* Zounds, sir, you are one of those, that will not  
serve God, if the devil bid you. Because we come to  
do you service, you think we are ruffians: You'll have  
your daughter covered with a Barbary horse; you'll  
have your nephews neigh to you: you'll have coursers  
for cousins, and gennets for germans.

*Bra.* What profane wretch art thou?

*Iago.* I am one, sir, that comes to tell you, your  
daughter and the Moor are now making the beast with  
two backs.

*Bra.* Thou art a villain.

*Iago.* You are—a senator.

*Bra.* This thou shalt answer: I know thee, Roderigo.

*Rod.* Sir, I will answer any thing. But I beseech you,  
If't be your pleasure, and most wise consent  
(As partly, I find, it is), that your fair daughter,  
At this odd-even and dull watch o'the night,

Transported—with no worse nor better guard,  
But with a knave of common hire, a gondolier,—  
To the gross clasps of a lascivious Moor,—  
If this be known to you, and your allowance,  
We then have done you bold and saucy wrongs;  
But, if you know not this, my manners tell me,  
We have your wrong rebuke. Do not believe,  
That, from the sense of all civility,  
I thus would play and trifle with your reverence:  
Your daughter,—if you have not given her leave,—  
I say again, hath made a gross revolt;  
Tying her duty, beauty, wit, and fortunes,  
In an extravagant and wheeling stranger,  
Of here and every where: Straight satisfy yourself:  
If she be in her chamber, or your house,  
Let loose on me the justice of the state  
For thus deluding you.

*Bra.* Strike on the tinder, ho!  
Give me a taper;—call up all my people:  
This accident is not unlike my dream,  
Belief of it oppresses me already:  
Light, I say! light! [*Exit from above,*  
*Iago.* Farewell; for I must leave you:

It seems not meet, nor wholesome to my place,  
To be produc'd (as, if I stay, I shall)  
Against the Moor: For, I do know, the state,—  
However this may gall him with some check,—  
Cannot with safety cast him; for he's embark'd  
With such loud reason to the Cyprus' wars  
(Which even now stand in act), that, for their souls,  
Another of his fathom they have not,  
To lead their business: in which regard,  
Though I do hate him as I do hell-pains,  
Yet, for necessity of present life,  
I must show out a flag and sign of love, [*him,*  
Which is indeed but sign. That you shall surely find  
Lead to the Sagittary the rais'd search;  
And there will I be with him. So, farewell. [*Exit.*

*Enter, below, BRABANTIO and Servants, with Torches.*

*Bra.* It is too true an evil: gone she is;



And what's to come of my despised time,  
Is nought but bitterness.—Now, Roderigo,  
Where didst thou see her?—O, unhappy girl!—  
With the Moor, say'st thou?—Who would be a father?—  
How didst thou know 'twas she? O, thou deceiv'st me  
Past thought!—What said she to you?—Get more tapers;  
Raise all my kindred.—Are they married think you?

*Rod.* Truly, I think, they are. [blood!—

*Bra.* O heaven!—How got she out!—O treason of the  
Fathers, from hence trust not your daughters' minds  
By what you see them act.—Are there not charms,  
By which the property of youth and maidhood  
May be abus'd? Have you not read, Roderigo,  
Of some such thing?

*Rod.* Yes, sir; I have, indeed.

*Bra.* Call up my brother!—O, that you had had her!—  
Some one way, some another.—Do you know  
Where we may apprehend her and the Moor?

*Rod.* I think, I can discover him; if you please  
To get good guard, and go along with me.

*Bra.* Pray you, lead on. At every house I'll call;  
I may command at most;—Get weapons, ho!  
And raise some special officers of night.—  
On, good Roderigo;—I'll deserve your pains. [*Exeunt.*

*SCENE II. The same. Another Street.*

*Enter OTHELLO, IAGO, and Attendants.*

*Iago.* Though in the trade of war I have slain men,  
Yet do I hold it very stuff o'the conscience,  
To do no contriv'd murder; I lack iniquity  
Sometimes, to do me service: Nine or ten times  
I had thought to have yerkd him here under the ribs.

*Oth.* 'Tis better as it is.

*Iago.* Nay, but he prated,  
And spoke such scurvy and provoking terms  
Against your honour,  
That, with the little godliness I have,  
I did full hard forbear him. But, I pray, sir,  
Are you fast married? for, be sure of this,—  
‡ thee magnifico is much belov'd;

And hath, in his effect, a voice potential  
As double as the duke's: he will divorce you;  
Or put upon you what restraint and grievance  
The law (with all his might, to enforce it on),  
Will give him cable.

*Oth.* Let him do his spite:  
My services, which I have done the signiory,  
Shall out-tongue his complaints. 'Tis yet to know  
(Which, when I know that boasting is an honour,  
I shall promulgate), I fetch my life and being  
From men of royal siege; and my demerits  
May speak, unbonnetted, to as proud a fortune  
As this that I have reach'd: For know, Iago,  
But that I love the gentle Desdemona,  
I would not my unhoused free condition  
Put into circumscription and confine  
For the sea's worth. But, look! what lights come yonder?

*Enter CASSIO, at a distance, and certain Officers with Torches.*

*Iago.* These are the raised father, and his friends:  
You were best go in.

*Oth.* Not I: I must be found;  
My parts, my title, and my perfect soul,  
Shall manifest me rightly. Is it they?

*Iago.* By Janus, I think no.

*Oth.* The servants of the duke, and my lieutenant.  
The goodness of the night upon you, friends!  
What is the news?

*Cas.* The duke does greet you, general;  
And he requires your haste-post-haste appearance,  
Even on the instant.

*Oth.* What is the matter, think you?

*Cas.* Something from Cyprus, as I may divine;  
It is a business of some heat: the galleys  
Have sent a dozen sequent messengers  
This very night, at one another's heels;  
And many of the consuls, rais'd, and met, [for;  
Are at the duke's already: You have been hotly call'd  
When, being not at your lodging to be found,

The senate hath sent about three several quests,  
To search you out.

*Oth.* 'Tis well I am found by you.  
I will but spend a word here in the house,  
And go with you. [*Erit.*

*Cas.* Ancient, what makes he here?

*Iago.* 'Faith, he to-night hath boarded a land carac;  
If it prove lawful prize, he's made for ever.

*Cas.* I do not understand.

*Iago.* He's married.

*Cas.* To who?

*Re-enter OTHELLO.*

*Iago.* Marry, to—Come, captain, will you go?

*Oth.* Have with you.

*Cas.* Here comes another troop to seek for you.

*Enter BRABANTIO, RODERIGO, and Officers of Night,  
with Torches and Weapons.*

*Iago.* It is Brabantio:—general, be advis'd;  
He comes to bad intent.

*Oth.* Holla! stand there!

*Rod.* Signior, it is the Moor.

*Bra.* Down with him, thief!  
[*They Draw on both sides.*

*Iago.* You, Roderigo! come, sir, I am for you.

*Oth.* Keep up your bright swords, for the dew will  
rust them.—

Good signior, you shall more command with years,  
Than with your weapons. [*daughter?*

*Bra.* O thou foul thief, where hast thou stow'd my  
Damn'd as thou art, thou hast enchanted her;  
For I'll refer me to all things of sense,  
If she in chains of magic were not bound,  
Whether a maid—so tender, fair, and happy;  
So opposite to marriage, that she shunn'd  
The wealthy curled darlings of our nation,—  
Would ever have, to incur a general mock,  
Run from her guardage to the sooty bosom  
Of such a thing as thou: to fear, not to delight.  
Judge me the world, if 'tis not gross in sense,

That thou hast practis'd on her with foul charms;  
Abus'd her delicate youth with drugs, or minerals,  
That waken motion :—I'll have it disputed on :  
'Tis probable, and palpable to thinking.  
I therefore apprehend and do attach thee,  
For an abuser of the world, a practiser  
Of arts inhibited and out of warrant :—  
Lay hold upon him ; if he do resist,  
Subdue him at his peril.

*Oth.* Hold your hands,  
Both you of my inclining, and the rest :  
Were it my cue to fight, I should have known it  
Without a prompter.—Where will you that I go  
To answer this your charge?

*Bra.* To prison : till fit time  
Of law, and course of direct session,  
Call thee to answer.

*Oth.* What if I do obey?  
How may the duke be therewith satisfied ;  
Whose messengers are here about my side,  
Upon some present business of the state,  
To bring me to him?

*Off.* 'Tis true, most worthy signior,  
The duke's in council ; and your noble self,  
I am sure, is sent for.

*Bra.* How ! the duke in council !  
In this time of the night !—Bring him away :  
Mine's not an idle cause ; the duke himself,  
Or any of my brothers of the state,  
Cannot but feel this wrong, as 'twere their own :  
For if such actions may have passage free,  
Bond-slaves, and pagans, shall our statesmen be.  
[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The same. A Council-chamber.*

*The DUKE and Senators, sitting at a Table ; Officers attending.*

*Duke.* There is no composition in these news,  
That gives them credit.

1 Sen. Indeed, they are disproportion'd;  
My letters say, a hundred and seven galleys.

Duke. And mine, a hundred and forty.

2 Sen. And mine, two hundred:  
But though they jump not on a just account  
(As in these cases, where the aim reports,  
'Tis oft with difference), yet do they all confirm  
A Turkish fleet, and bearing up to Cyprus.

Duke. Nay, it is possible enough to judgment;  
I do not so secure me in the error,  
But the main article I do approve  
In fearful sense.

Sail. [*Within*] What ho! what ho! what ho!

*Enter an Officer, with a Sailor.*

Off. A messenger from the galleys.

Duke. Now? the business?

Sail. The Turkish preparation makes for Rhodes;  
So was I bid report here to the state,  
By signior Angelo.

Duke. How say you by this change?

1 Sen. This cannot be,  
By no assay of reason; 'tis a pageant,  
To keep us in false gaze: When we consider  
The importancy of Cyprus to the Turk;  
And let ourselves again but understand,  
That, as it more concerns the Turk than Rhodes,  
So may he with more facile question bear it,  
For that it stands not in such warlike brace,  
But altogether lacks the abilities  
That Rhodes is dress'd in:—if we make thought of this,  
We must not think, the Turk is so unskilful,  
To leave that latest which concerns him first;  
Neglecting an attempt of ease and gain,  
To wake, and wage, a danger profitless.

Duke. Nay, in all confidence, he's not for Rhodes,

Off. Here is more news.

*Enter a Messenger.*

Mess. The Ottomites, reverend and gracious,

Steering with due course toward the isle of Rhodes,  
Have there injointed them with an after-fleet.

1 *Sen.* Ay, so I thought:—How many, as you guess?

*Mess.* Of thirty sail: and now do they re-stem  
Their backward course, bearing with frank appearance  
Their purposes towards Cyprus.—Signior Montano,  
Your trusty and most valiant servitor,  
With his free duty, recommends you thus,  
And prays you to believe him.

*Duke.* 'Tis certain then for Cyprus.—  
Marcus Lucchesé, is he not in town?

1 *Sen.* He's now in Florence. [patch.

*Duke.* Write from us: wish him post-post-haste: des-

1 *Sen.* Here comes Brabantio, and the valiant Moor.

*Enter* BRABANTIO, OTHELLO, IAGO, RODERIGO, and  
*Officers.*

*Duke.* Valiant Othello, we must straight employ you  
Against the general enemy Ottoman.

I did not see you; welcome, gentle signior; [*To Bra.*  
We lack'd your counsel and your help to-night:

*Bra.* So did I yours: Good, your grace, pardon me;  
Neither my place, nor aught I heard of business,  
Hath rais'd me from my bed; nor doth the general care  
Take hold on me; for my particular grief  
Is of so flood-gate and o'erbearing nature,  
That it engulfs and swallows other sorrows,  
And it is still itself.

*Duke.* Why, what's the matter?

*Bra.* My daughter! O, my daughter!

*Sen.* Dead?

*Bra.* Ay, to me;

She is abus'd, stolen from me, and corrupted  
By spells and medicines bought of mountebanks:  
For nature so preposterously to err,  
Being not deficient, blind, or lame of sense,  
Sans witchcraft could not—

*Duke.* Whoe'er he be, that, in this foul proceeding,  
Hath thus beguil'd your daughter of herself,  
And you of her, the bloody book of law

You shall yourself read in the bitter letter,  
After your own sense; yea, though our proper son  
Stood in your action.

*Bra.* Humbly I thank your grace.  
Here is the man, this Moor; whom now, it seems,  
Your special mandate, for the state affairs,  
Hath hither brought.

*Duke and Sen.* We are very sorry for it.

*Duke.* What, in your own part, can you say to this?  
[*To Othello.*

*Bra.* Nothing, but this is so.

*Oth.* Most potent, grave, and reverend signiors,  
My very noble and approv'd good masters,—  
That I have ta'en away this old man's daughter,  
It is most true; true, I have married her;  
The very head and front of my offending  
Hath this extent, no more. Rude am I in my speech,  
And little bless'd with the set phrase of peace;  
For since these arms of mine had seven years' pith,  
Till now some nine moons wasted, they have us'd  
Their dearest action in the tented field;  
And little of this great world can I speak,  
More than pertains to feats of broil and battle;  
And therefore little shall I grace my cause,  
In speaking for myself: Yet, by your gracious patience,  
I will a round unvarnish'd tale deliver  
Of my whole course of love; what drugs, what charms,  
What conjuration, and what mighty magic  
(For such proceeding I am charg'd withal),  
I won his daughter with.

*Bra.* A maiden never bold;  
Of spirit so still and quiet, that her motion  
Blush'd at herself; And she,—in spite of nature,  
Of years, of country, credit, every thing,—  
To fall in love with what she fear'd to look on?  
It is a judgment maim'd, and most imperfect,  
That will confess—perfection so could err  
Against all rules of nature; and must be driven  
To find out practices of cunning hell,  
Why this should be. I therefore vouch again,

That with some mixtures powerful o'er the blood,  
Or with some dram conjur'd to this effect,  
He wrought upon her.

*Duke.* To vouch this, is no proof;  
Without more certain and more overt test,  
Than these thin habits, and poor likelihoods  
Of modern seeming, do prefer against him.

*1 Sen.* But, Othello, speak ;—  
Did you by indirect and forced courses  
Subdue and poison this young maid's affections?  
Or came it by request, and such fair question  
As soul to soul affordeth?

*Oth.* I do beseech you,  
Send for the lady to the Sagittary,  
And let her speak of me before her father :  
If you do find me foul in her report,  
The trust, the office, I do hold of you,  
Not only take away, but let your sentence  
Even fall upon my life.

*Duke.* Fetch Desdemona hither.

*Oth.* Ancient, conduct them; you best know the  
place.— [*Exeunt Iago and Attendants.*]  
And, till she come, as truly as to heaven  
I do confess the vices of my blood,  
So justly to your grave ears I'll present  
How I did thrive in this fair lady's love,  
And she in mine.

*Duke.* Say it, Othello.

*Oth.* Her father lov'd me; oft invited me;  
Still question'd me the story of my life,  
From year to year; the battles, sieges, fortunes,  
That I have pass'd.  
I ran it through, even from my boyish days,  
To the very moment that he bade me tell it.  
Wherein I spoke of most disastrous chances,  
Of moving accidents, by flood, and field;  
Of hair-breadth scapes i'the imminent deadly breach;  
Of being taken by the insolent foe,  
And sold to slavery; of my redemption thence,  
And portance in my travel's history:



Wherein of antres vast, and deserts idle, [heaven,  
Rough quarries, rocks, and hills whose heads touch  
It was my hint to speak, such was the process ;  
And of the Cannibals that each other eat,  
The Anthropophagi, and men whose heads  
Do grow beneath their shoulders. These things to hear,  
Would Desdemona seriously incline :  
But still the house-affairs would draw her thence ;  
Which ever as she could with haste despatch,  
She'd come again, and with a greedy ear  
Devour up my discourse : Which I observing,  
Took once a pliant hour ; and found good means,  
To draw from her a prayer of earnest heart,  
That I would all my pilgrimage dilate,  
Whereof by parcels she had something heard,  
But not intentively : I did consent ;  
And often did beguile her of her tears,  
When I did speak of some distressful stroke,  
That my youth suffer'd. My story being done,  
She gave me for my pains a world of sighs :  
She swore—In faith, 'twas strange, 'twas passing strange ;  
'Twas pitiful, 'twas wondrous pitiful :  
She wish'd, she had not heard it ; yet she wish'd  
That heaven had made her such a man : she thank'd me ;  
And bade me, if I had a friend that lov'd her,  
I should but teach him how to tell my story,  
And that would woo her. Upon this hint I spake :  
She lov'd me for the dangers I had pass'd ;  
And I lov'd her, that she did pity them.  
This only is the witchcraft I have us'd ;  
Here comes the lady, let her witness it.

*Enter DESDEMONA, IAGO, and Attendants.*

*Duke.* I think, this tale would win my daughter too.—  
Good Brabantio,  
Take up this mangled matter at the best :  
Men do their broken weapons rather use,  
Than their bare hands.

*Bra.* I pray you, hear her speak ;  
If she confess, that she was half the wooer,

Destruction on my head, if my bad blame  
Light on the man!—Come hither, gentle mistress;  
Do you perceive, in all this noble company,  
Where most you owe obedience?

*Des.*

My noble father,

I do perceive here a divided duty:  
To you, I am bound for life, and education;  
My life, and education, both do learn me  
How to respect you; you are the lord of duty,  
I am hitherto your daughter. But here's my husband;  
And so much duty as my mother show'd  
To you, preferring you before her father,  
So much I challenge that I may profess  
Due to the Moor, my lord.

*Bra.*

God be with you!—I have done:—

Please it your grace, on to the state-affairs;  
I had rather to adopt a child, than get it.—  
Come hither, Moor:

I here do give thee that with all my heart  
Which, but thou hast already, with all my heart  
I would keep from thee.—For your sake, jewel,  
I am glad at soul I have no other child;  
For thy escape would teach me tyranny,  
To hang ologs on them.—I have done, my lord.

*Duke.* Let me speak like yourself; and lay a sentence,  
Which, as a grise, or step, may help these lovers  
Into your favour.

When remedies are past, the griefs are ended,  
By seeing the worst, which late on hopes depended.  
To mourn a mischief that is past and gone,  
Is the next way to draw new mischief on.  
What cannot be preserv'd, when fortune takes,  
Patience her injury a mockery makes.

The robb'd, that smiles, steals something from the  
thief;

He robs himself, that spends a bootless grief.

*Bra.* So let the Turk of Cyprus us beguile;  
We lose it not, so long as we can smile.

He bears the sentence well, that nothing bears  
But the free comfort which from thence he hears:

But he bears both the sentence and the sorrow,  
That, to pay grief, must of poor patience borrow.

These sentences, to sugar, or to gall,

Being strong on both sides, are equivocal:

But words are words; I never yet did hear,

That the bruis'd heart was pierced through the ear:

I humbly beseech you, proceed to the affairs of state.

*Duke.* The Turk with a most mighty preparation  
makes for Cyprus;—Othello, the fortitude of the place  
is best known to you: And though we have there a  
substitute of most allowed sufficiency, yet opinion, a  
sovereign mistress of effects, throws a more safer voice  
on you: you must therefore be content to slubber the  
gloss of your new fortunes with this more stubborn and  
boisterous expedition.

*Oth.* The tyrant custom, most grave senators,

Hath made the flinty and steel couch of war

My thrice-driven bed of down: I do agnize

A natural and prompt alacrity,

I find in hardness; and do undertake

These present wars against the Ottomites.

Most humbly therefore bending to your state,

I crave fit disposition for my wife;

Due reference of place, and exhibition;

With such accommodation, and besort,

As levels with her breeding.

*Duke.*

If you please,

Be't at her father's.

*Bra.*

I'll not have it so.

*Oth.* Nor I.

*Des.*

Nor I; I would not there reside,

To put my father in impatient thoughts,

By being in his eye. Most gracious duke,

To my unfolding lend a gracious ear;

And let me find a charter in your voice,

To assist my simpleness.

*Duke.* What would you, Desdemona?

*Des.* That I did love the Moor to live with him,  
My downright violence and storm of fortunes  
May trumpet to the world; my heart's subdu'd  
Even to the very quality of my lord:

I saw Othello's visage in his mind ;  
And to his honours, and his valiant parts,  
Did I my soul and fortunes consecrate.  
So that, dear lords, if I be left behind,  
A moth of peace, and he go to the war,  
The rites, for which I love him, are bereft me,  
And I a heavy interim shall support  
By his dear absence: Let me go with him.

*Oth.* Your voices, lords :—beseech you, let her will  
Have a free way.

Vouch with me, heaven ; I therefore beg it not,  
To please the palate of my appetite ;  
Nor to comply with heat, the young affects,  
In my distinct and proper satisfaction ;  
But to be free and bounteous to her mind :  
And heaven defend your good souls, that you think  
I will your serious and great business scant,  
For she is with me: No, when light-wing'd toys  
Of feather'd Cupid seel with wanton dulness  
My speculative and active instruments,  
That my disports corrupt and taint my business,  
Let housewives make a skillet of my helm,  
And all indign and base adversities  
Make head against my estimation !

*Duke.* Be it as you shall privately determine,  
Either for her stay, or going: the affair cries—haste,  
And speed must answer it; you must hence to-night.

*Des.* To night, my lord?

*Duke.*

This night.

*Oth.*

With all my heart

*Duke.* At nine i'the morning here we'll meet again.  
Othello, leave some officer behind,  
And he shall our commission bring to you ;  
With such things else of quality and respect,  
As doth import you.

*Oth.* Please your grace, my ancient ;  
A man he is of honesty and trust:  
To his conveyance I assign my wife,  
With what else needful your good grace shall think  
To be sent after me.

*Duke.* Let it be so.—  
Good night to every one.—And, noble signior,  
[*To Brabantio.*

If virtue no delighted beauty lack,  
Your son-in-law is far more fair than black.

*1 Sen.* Adieu, brave Moor! use Desdemona well.

*Bra.* Look to her, Moor; have a quick eye to see;  
She has deceiv'd her father, and may thee.

[*Exeunt Duke, Senators, Officers, &c.*

*Oth.* My life upon her faith.—Honest Iago,  
My Desdemona must I leave to thee:  
I pr'ythee, let thy wife attend on her;  
And bring them after in the best advantage.—  
Come, Desdemona; I have but an hour  
Of love, of worldly matters and direction,  
To spend with thee: we must obey the time.

[*Exeunt Othello and Desdemona.*

*Rod. Iago.*

*Iago.* What say'st thou, noble heart?

*Rod.* What will I do, thinkest thou?

*Iago.* Why, go to bed, and sleep.

*Rod.* I will incontinently drown myself.

*Iago.* Well, if thou dost, I shall never love thee after  
it. Why, thou silly gentleman!

*Rod.* It is silliness to live, when to live is a torment:  
and then have we a prescription to die, when death is  
our physician.

*Iago.* O villanous! I have looked upon the world for  
four times seven years; and since I could distinguish  
between a benefit and an injury, I never found a man  
that knew how to love himself. Ere I would say, I  
would drown myself for the love of a guinea-hen, I  
would change my humanity with a baboon.

*Rod.* What should I do? I confess, it is my shame  
to be so fond; but it is not in virtue to amend it.

*Iago.* Virtue? a fig! 'tis in ourselves that we are thus,  
or thus. Our bodies are our gardens; to the which  
our wills are gardeners: so that if we will plant nettles,  
or sow lettuce; set hyssop, and weed up thyme; supply  
it with one gender of herbs, or distract it with many;

either to have it steril with idleness, or manured with industry; why, the power and corrigible authority of this lies in our wills. If the balance of our lives had not one scale of reason to poise another of sensuality, the blood and baseness of our natures would conduct us to most preposterous conclusions: But we have reason to cool our raging motions, our carnal stings, our unbitted lusts; whereof I take this, that you call—love, to be a sect, or scion.

*Rod.* It cannot be.

*Iago.* It is merely a lust of the blood, and a permission of the will. Come, be a man: Drown thyself? drown cats, and blind puppies. I have professed me thy friend, and I confess me knit to thy deserving with cables of perdurable toughness; I could never better stead thee than now. Put money in thy purse; follow these wars; defeat thy favour with an usurped beard; I say, put money in thy purse. It cannot be, that Desdemona should long continue her love to the Moor,—put money in thy purse;—nor he his to her: it was a violent commencement, and thou shalt see an answerable sequestration;—put but money in thy purse.—These Moors are changeable in their wills;—fill thy purse with money: the food that to him now is as luscious as locusts, shall be to him shortly as bitter as coloquintida. She must change for youth: when she is sated with his body, she will find the error of her choice.—She must have change, she must: therefore put money in thy purse.—If thou wilt needs damn thyself, do it a more delicate way than drowning. Make all the money thou canst: If sanctimony and a frail vow, betwixt an erring barbarian and a supersubtle Venetian, be not too hard for my wits, and all the tribe of hell, thou shalt enjoy her; therefore make money. A pox of drowning thyself! it is clean out of the way; seek thou rather to be hanged in compassing thy joy, than to be drowned, and go without her.

*Rod.* Wilt thou be fast to my hopes, if I depend on the issue?

*Iago.* Thou art sure of me;—Go, make money:—I

have told thee often, and I re-tell thee again and again, I hate the Moor: My cause is hearted: thine hath no less reason: Let us be conjunctive in our revenge against him: if thou canst cuckold him, thou dost thyself a pleasure, and me a sport. There are many events in the womb of time, which will be delivered. Traverse; go; provide thy money. We will have more of this to-morrow. Adieu.

*Rod.* Where shall we meet i'the morning?

*Iago.* At my lodging.

*Rod.* I'll be with thee betimes.

*Iago.* Go to; farewell. Do you hear, Roderigo?

*Rod.* What say you?

*Iago.* No more of drowning, do you hear?

*Rod.* I am changed. I'll sell all my land.

*Iago.* Go to; farewell: put money enough in your purse. [Exit Roderigo.]

Thus do I ever make my fool my purse:

For I mine own gain'd knowledge should profane,

If I would time expend with such a snipe,

But for my sport and profit. I hate the Moor;

And it is thought abroad, that 'twixt my sheets

He has done my office: I know not, if't be true;

But I, for mere suspicion in that kind,

Will do, as if for surety. He holds me well;

The better shall my purpose work on him.

Cassio's a proper man: Let me see now;

To get his place, and to plume up my will;

A double knavery,—How? how?—Let me see:—

After some time, to abuse Othello's ear,

That he is too familiar with his wife:—

He hath a person, and a smooth dispose,

To be suspected; fram'd to make women false.

The Moor is of a free and open nature,

That thinks men honest, that but seem to be so;

And will as tenderly be led by the nose,

As asses are.

I have't;—it is engender'd:—Hell and night

Must bring this monstrous birth to the world's light.

[Exit.]

## ACT II.



### SCENE 1. *A Seaport Town in CYPRUS. A Platform.*

*Enter MONTANO and two Gentlemen.*

*Mon.* What from the cape can you discern at sea?

*1 Gent.* Nothing at all: it is a high-wrought flood;  
I cannot, 'twixt the heaven and the main,  
Descry a sail.

*Mon.* Methinks, the wind hath spoke aloud at land:  
A fuller blast ne'er shook our battlements:  
If it hath ruffian'd so upon the sea,  
What ribs of oak, when mountains melt on them,  
Can hold the mortise? what shall we hear of this?

*2 Gent.* A segregation of the Turkish fleet:  
For do but stand upon the foaming shore,  
The chiding billow seems to pelt the clouds;  
The wind-shak'd surge, with high and monstrous main,  
Seems to cast water on the burning bear,  
And quench the guards of the ever-fixed pole:  
I never did like molestation view  
On th' enchain'd flood.

*Mon.* If that the Turkish fleet



Be not insbelter'd and embay'd, they are drown'd;  
It is impossible they bear it out.

*Enter a third Gentleman.*

3 *Gent.* News, lords! our wars are done;  
The desperate tempest hath so bang'd the Turks,  
That their designment halts: A noble ship of Venice  
Hath seen a grievous wreck and sufferance  
On most part of their fleet.

*Mon.* How! is this true?

3 *Gent.* The ship is here put in,  
A Veronesé; Michael Cassio,  
Lieutenant to the warlike Moor, Othello,  
Is come on shore: the Moor himself's at sea,  
And is in full commission here for Cyprus.

*Mon.* I am glad on't; 'tis a worthy governor.

3 *Gent.* But this same Cassio,—though he speak of  
comfort,  
Touching the Turkish loss,—yet he looks sadly,  
And prays the Moor be safe; for they were parted  
With foul and violent tempest.

*Mon.* 'Pray heaven he be;  
For I have serv'd him, and the man commands  
Like a full soldier. Let's to the sea-side, ho!  
As well to see the vessel that's come in,  
As throw out our eyes for brave Othello;  
Even till we make the main, and the aerial blue,  
An indistinct regard.

3 *Gent.* Come, let's do so;  
For every minute is expectancy  
Of more arrivance.

*Enter CASSIO.*

*Cas.* Thanks to the valiant of this warlike isle,  
That so approve the Moor; O let the heavens  
Give him defence against the elements,  
For I have lost him on a dangerous sea!

*Mon.* Is he well shipp'd?

*Cas.* His bark is stoutly timber'd, and his pilot  
very expert and approv'd allowance;

Therefore my hopes, not surfeited to death,  
Stand in bold cure.

[*Within*]

A sail, a sail, a sail!

*Enter another Gentleman.*

Cas. What noise?

4 *Gent.* The town is empty : on the brow o'the sea  
Stand ranks of people, and they cry—a sail.

Cas. My hopes do shape him for the governor.

2 *Gent.* They do discharge their shot of courtesy ;  
[*Guns heard.*]

Our friends, at least.

Cas. I pray you, sir, go forth,  
And give us truth who 'tis that is arriv'd.

2 *Gent.* I shall.

[*Exit.*]

Mon. But, good lieutenant, is your general wiv'd?

Cas. Most fortunately : he hath achiev'd a maid  
That paragon's description, and wild fame ;  
One that excels the quirks of blazoning pens,  
And, in the essential vesture of creation,  
Does bear all excellency.—How now? who has put in?

*Re-enter second Gentleman.*

2 *Gent.* 'Tis one Iago, ancient to the general.

Cas. He has had most favourable and happy speed :  
Tempests themselves, high seas, and howling winds,  
The gutter'd rocks, and congregated sands,—  
Traitors ensteep'd to clog the guiltless keel,—  
As having sense of beauty, do omit  
Their mortal natures, letting go safely by  
The divine Desdemona.

Mon.

What is she?

Cas. She that I spake of, our great captain's captain,  
Left in the conduct of the bold Iago ;  
Whose footing here anticipates our thoughts,  
A se'nnight's speed.—Great Jove, Othello guard,  
And swell his sail with thine own powerful breath ;  
That he may bless this bay with his tall ship,  
Make love's quick pants in Desdemona's arms,  
Give renewed fire to our extincted spirits,  
And bring all Cyprus comfort !—O, behold,

*Enter DESDEMONA, EMILIA, IAGO, RODERIGO, and Attendants.*

The riches of the ship is come on shore!  
Ye men of Cyprus, let her have your knees;—  
Hail to thee, lady! and the grace of heaven,  
Before, behind thee, and on every hand,  
Enwheel thee round!

*Des.* I thank you, valiant Cassio.  
What tidings can you tell me of my lord?

*Cas.* He is not yet arriv'd; nor know I aught  
But that he's well, and will be shortly here.

*Des.* O, but I fear;—How lost you company?

*Cas.* The great contention of the sea and skies  
Parted our fellowship: But, hark! a sail.

*[Cry within, A sail, a sail! Then Guns heard.]*

*2 Gent.* They give their greeting to the citadel;  
This likewise is a friend.

*Cas.* See for the news.—

*[Exit Gentleman.]*

Good ancient, you are welcome;—Welcome, mistress:—

*[To Emilia.]*

Let it not gall your patience, good Iago,  
That I extend my manners; 'tis my breeding  
That gives me this bold show of courtesy. *[Kissing her.]*

*Iago.* Sir, would she give you so much of her lips,  
As of her tongue she oft bestows on me,  
You'd have enough.

*Des.* Alas, she has no speech.

*Iago.* In faith, too much;  
I find it still, when I have list to sleep:  
Marry, before your ladyship, I grant,  
She puts her tongue a little in her heart,  
And chides with thinking.

*Emil.* You have little cause to say so.

*Iago.* Come on, come on; you are pictures out of doors,  
Bells in your parlours, wild cats in your kitchens,  
Saints in your injuries, devils being offended, *[beds.]*  
Players in your housewifery, and housewives in your

*Des.* O, fie upon thee, slanderer!

*Iago.* Nay, it is true, or else I am a Turk;  
—You rise to play, and go to bed to work.

*Emil.* You shall not write my praise.

*Iago.* No, let me not.

*Des.* What wouldst thou write of me, if thou shouldst

*Iago.* O gentle lady, do not put me to't; [praise me?  
For I am nothing, if not critical.

*Des.* Come on, assay:—There's one gone to the harbour?

*Iago.* Ay, madam.

*Des.* I am not merry; but I do beguile  
The thing I am, by seeming otherwise.—  
Come, how wouldst thou praise me?

*Iago.* I am about it; but, indeed, my invention  
Comes from my pate, as birdlime does from frize,  
It plucks out brains and all: But my muse labours,  
And thus she is deliver'd.

If she be fair and wise,—fairness, and wit,  
The one's for use, the other useth it.

*Des.* Well prais'd! How if she be black and witty?

*Iago.* If she be black, and thereto have a wit,  
She'll find a white that shall her blackness fit.

*Des.* Worse and worse.

*Emil.* How, if fair and foolish?

*Iago.* She never yet was foolish that was fair;  
For even her folly help'd her to an heir.

*Des.* These are old fond paradoxes, to make fools  
laugh i'the alehouse. What miserable praise hast thou  
for her that's foul and foolish?

*Iago.* There's none so foul, and foolish thereunto,  
But does foul pranks which fair and wise ones do.

*Des.* O heavy ignorance!—thou praisest the worst  
best. But what praise couldst thou bestow on a deserv-  
ing woman indeed? one, that, in the authority of her  
merit, did justly put on the vouch of very malice itself?

*Iago.* She that was ever fair, and never proud;  
Had tongue at will, and yet was never loud;  
Never lack'd gold, and yet went never gay;  
Fled from her wish, and yet said,—*now I may*;  
She that, being anger'd, her revenge being nigh,  
Bade her wrong stay, and her displeasure fly;  
She, that in wisdom never was so frail,  
To change the cod's head for the salmon's tail;

She that could think, and ne'er disclose her mind,  
See suitors following, and not look behind ;  
She was a wight,—if ever such wight were,—

*Des.* To do what?

*Iago.* To suckle fools, and chronicle small beer.

*Des.* O most lame and impotent conclusion!—Do  
not learn of him, Emilia, though he be thy husband.—  
How say you, Cassio? is he not a most profane and  
liberal counsellor?

*Cas.* He speaks home, madam ; you may relish him  
more in the soldier, than in the scholar.

*Iago.* [*Aside*] He takes her by the palm : Ay, well  
said, whisper : with as little a web as this, will I ensnare  
as great a fly as Cassio. Ay, smile upon her, do ; I will  
gyve thee in thine own courtship. You say true ; 'tis  
so, indeed : if such tricks as these strip you out of  
your lieutenantry, it had been better you had not kissed  
your three fingers so oft, which now again you are  
most apt to play the sir in. Very good ; well kissed !  
an excellent courtesy ! 'tis so, indeed. Yet again, your  
fingers to your lips? would they were clyster-pipes,  
for your sake.—[*Trumpet*] The Moor,—I know his  
trumpet.

*Cas.* 'Tis truly so.

*Des.* Let's meet him, and receive him.

*Cas.* Lo, where he comes !

*Enter OTHELLO and Attendants.*

*Oth.* O my fair warrior !

*Des.* My dear Othello !

*Oth.* It gives me wonder great as my content,  
To see you here before me. O my soul's joy !  
If after every tempest come such calms,  
May the winds blow till they have waken'd death !  
And let the labouring bark climb hills of seas,  
Olympus-high ; and duck again as low  
As hell's from heaven ! If it were now to die,  
'Twere now to be most happy ; for, I fear,  
My soul hath her content so absolute,  
'That not another comfort like to this  
Succeeds in unknown fate.

*Des.* The heavens forbid,  
But that our loves and comforts should increase,  
Even as our days do grow!

*Oth.* Amen to that, sweet powers!—  
I cannot speak enough of this content,  
It stops me here; it is too much of joy:  
And this, and this, the greatest discords be,  
[*Kissing her.*

That e'er our hearts shall make!

*Iago.* O, you are well tun'd now!  
But I'll set down the pegs that make this music,  
As honest as I am. [*Aside.*

*Oth.* Come, let's to the castle.—  
News, friends; our wars are done, the Turks are drown'd.  
How do our old acquaintance of this isle?—  
Honey, you shall be well desir'd in Cyprus,  
I have found great love amongst them. O my sweet,  
I prattle out of fashion, and I dote  
In mine own comforts.—I pr'ythee, good Iago,  
Go to the bay, and disembark my coffers:  
Bring thou the master to the citadel;  
He is a good one, and his worthiness  
Does challenge much respect.—Come, Desdemona,  
Once more well met at Cyprus.

[*Exeunt Othello, Desdemona, and Attendants.*

*Iago.* Do thou meet me presently at the harbour.  
Come hither. If thou be'st valiant,—as (they say) base  
men, being in love, have then a nobility in their natures  
more than is native to them,—list me. The lieutenant  
to-night watches on the court of guard:—First, I must  
tell thee this—Desdemona is directly in love with  
him.

*Rod.* With him? why, 'tis not possible.

*Iago.* Lay thy finger—thus, and let thy soul be in-  
structed. Mark me, with what violence she first loved  
the Moor, but for bragging, and telling her fantastical  
lies: And will she love him still for prating? let not  
thy discreet heart think it. Her eye must be fed; and  
what delight shall she have to look on the devil? When  
the blood is made dull with the act of sport, there  
should be,—again to inflame it, and to give satiety a

fresh appetite,—loveliness in favour; sympathy in years, manners, and beauties; all which the Moor is defective in: Now, for want of these required conveniences, her delicate tenderness will find itself abused, begin to heave the gorge, disrelish and abhor the Moor; very nature will instruct her in it, and compel her to some second choice. Now, sir, this granted (as it is a most pregnant and unforced position), who stands so eminently in the degree of this fortune, as Cassio does? a knave very voluble; no further conscionable, than in putting on the mere form of civil and humane seeming, for the better compassing of his salt and most hidden loose affection? why, none; why, none: A slippery and subtle knave; a finder out of occasions; that has an eye can stamp and counterfeit advantages, though true advantage never present itself: A devilish knave! besides, the knave is handsome, young; and hath all those requisites in him, that folly and green minds look after: A pestilent complete knave; and the woman hath found him already.

*Rod.* I cannot believe that in her; she is full of most blessed condition.

*Iago.* Blessed fig's end! the wine she drinks is made of grapes: if she had been blessed, she would never have loved the Moor: Blessed pudding! Didst thou not see her paddle with the palm of his hand? didst not mark that?

*Rod.* Yes, that I did; but that was but courtesy.

*Iago.* Lechery, by this hand; an index, and obscure prologue to the history of lust and foul thoughts. They met so near with their lips, that their breaths embraced together. Villanous thoughts, Roderigo! when these mutualities so marshal the way, hard at hand comes the master and main exercise, the incorporate conclusion: Pish!—But, sir, be you ruled by me: I have brought you from Venice. Watch you to-night; for the command, I'll lay't upon you: Cassio knows you not;—I'll not be far from you: Do you find some occasion to anger Cassio, either by speaking too loud, or tainting his discipline; or from what other course you please, which the time shall more favourably minister.

*Rod.* Well.

*Iago.* Sir, he is rash, and very sudden in choler; and, haply, with his truncheon, may strike at you: Provoke him, that he may: for, even out of that, will I cause these of Cyprus to mutiny; whose qualification shall come into no true taste again, but by the displanting of Cassio. So shall you have a shorter journey to your desires, by the means I shall then have to prefer them; and the impediment most profitably removed, without the which there were no expectation of our prosperity.

*Rod.* I will do this, if I can bring it to any opportunity.

*Iago.* I warrant thee. Meet me by and by at the citadel: I must fetch his necessaries ashore. Farewell.

*Rod.* Adieu.

[Exit.

*Iago.* That Cassio loves her, I do well believe it; That she loves him, 'tis apt, and of great credit: The Moor—howbeit that I endure him not— Is of a constant, loving, noble nature; And, I dare think, he'll prove to Desdemona A most dear husband. Now I do love her too; Not out of absolute lust (though, peradventure, I stand accountant for as great a sin), But partly led to diet my revenge, For that I do suspect the lusty Moor Hath leap'd into my seat: the thought whereof Doth, like a poisonous mineral, gnaw my inwards; And nothing can or shall content my soul, Till I am even with him, wife for wife; Or, failing so, yet that I put the Moor At least into a jealousy so strong That judgment cannot cure. Which thing to do,— If this poor trash of Venice, whom I trash For his quick hunting, stand the putting on, I'll have our Michael Cassio on the hip; Abuse him to the Moor in the rank garb,— For I fear Cassio with my night-cap too; Make the Moor thank me, love me, and reward me, For making him egregiously an ass,



And practising upon his peace and quiet  
 Even to madness. 'Tis here, but yet confus'd;  
 Knavery's plain face is never seen, till us'd. [Exit.

SCENE II. A Street.

*Enter a Herald, with a Proclamation; People following.*

*Her.* It is Othello's pleasure, our noble and valiant general, that, upon certain tidings now arrived, importing the mere perdition of the Turkish fleet, every man put himself into triumph; some to dance, some to make bonfires, each man to what sport and revel his addiction leads him; for, besides these beneficial news, it is the celebration of his nuptials: So much was his pleasure should be proclaimed. All offices are open; and there is full liberty of feasting, from this present hour of five, till the bell hath told eleven. Heaven bless the isle of Cyprus, and our noble general, Othello. [Exeunt.

SCENE III. A Hall in the Castle.

*Enter OTHELLO, DESDEMONA, CASSIO, and Attendants.*

*Oth.* Good Michael, look you to the guard to-night: Let's teach ourselves that honourable stop, Not to out-sport discretion.

*Cas.* Iago hath direction what to do;  
 But, notwithstanding, with my personal eye  
 Will I look to't.

*Oth.* Iago is most honest.  
 Michael, good night: To-morrow, with our earliest,  
 Let me have speech with you.—Come, my dear love,  
 The purchase made, the fruits are to ensue;  
 [To Desdemona.  
 That profit's yet to come 'twixt me and you.—  
 Good night. [Exeunt Oth. Des. and Attend.

*Enter IAGO.*

*Cas.* Welcome, Iago: We must to the watch.

*Iago.* Not this hour, lieutenant; 'tis not yet ten o'clock: Our general cast us thus early, for the love of

his Desdemona: whom let us not therefore blame; he hath not yet made wanton the night with her; and she is sport for Jove.

*Cas.* She's a most exquisite lady.

*Iago.* And, I'll warrant her, full of game.

*Cas.* Indeed, she is a most fresh and delicate creature.

*Iago.* What an eye she has! methinks, it sounds a parley of provocation.

*Cas.* An inviting eye; and yet, methinks, right modest.

*Iago.* And, when she speaks, is it not an alarm to love?

*Cas.* She is, indeed, perfection.

*Iago.* Well, happiness to their sheets! Come, lieutenant, I have a stoop of wine; and here without are a brace of Cyprus gallants, that would fain have a measure to the health of the black Othello.

*Cas.* Not to-night, good Iago; I have very poor and unhappy brains for drinking: I could well wish courtesy would invent some other custom of entertainment.

*Iago.* O, they are our friends; but one cup: I'll drink for you.

*Cas.* I have drunk but one cup to-night, and that was craftily qualified too, and, behold, what innovation it makes here: I am unfortunate in the infirmity, and dare not task my weakness with any more.

*Iago.* What, man! 'tis a night of revels; the gallants desire it.

*Cas.* Where are they?

*Iago.* Here at the door; I pray you, call them in.

*Cas.* I'll do't; but it dislikes me. [Exit Cassio.]

*Iago.* If I can fasten but one cup upon him,  
With that which he hath drunk to-night already,  
He'll be as full of quarrel and offence [Iago,  
As my young mistress' dog. Now, mysick fool, Rode-  
Whom love has turn'd almost the wrong side outward,  
To Desdemona hath to-night carous'd  
Potations pottle-deep; and he's to watch:  
Three lads of Cyprus,—noble swelling spirits,  
That hold their honours in a wary distance,  
The very elements of this warlike isle,—  
Have I to-night fluster'd with flowing cups,

And they watch too. Now, 'mongst this flock of  
Am I to put our Cassio in some action [drunkards,  
That may offend the isle:—But here they come:  
If consequence do but approve my dream,  
My boat sails freely, both with wind and stream.

*Re-enter CASSIO; with him MONTANO and Gentlemen.*

*Cas.* 'Fore heaven, they have given me a rouse already.

*Mon.* Good faith, a little one; not past a pint, as I  
am a soldier.

*Iago.* Some wine, ho!

*And let me the canakin clink, clink; [Sings.*

*And let me the canakin clink:*

*A soldier's a man;*

*A life's but a span;*

*Why then, let a soldier drink.*

Some wine, boys!

*[Wine brought in.*

*Cas.* 'Fore heaven, an excellent song.

*Iago.* I learned it in England, where (indeed) they  
are most potent in potting: your Dane, your German,  
and your swag-bellied Hollander,—Drink, ho!—are  
nothing to your English.

*Cas.* Is your Englishman so expert in his drinking?

*Iago.* Why, he drinks you, with facility, your Dane  
dead drunk; he sweats not to overthrow your Almain;  
he gives your Hollander a vomit, ere the next pottle  
can be filled.

*Cas.* To the health of our general.

*Mon.* I am for it, lieutenant; and I'll do you justice.

*Iago.* O sweet England!

*King Stephen was a worthy peer,*

*His breeches cost him but a crown;*

*He held them sixpence all too dear,*

*With that he call'd the tailor—lown.*

*He was a wight of high renown,*

*And thou art but of low degree:*

*'Tis pride that pulls the country down,*

*Then take thine auld cloak about thee.*

Some wine, ho!

*Cas.* Why, this is a more exquisite song than the other.

*Iago.* Will you hear it again?

*Cas.* No; for I hold him to be unworthy of his place, that does those things.—Well,—Heaven's above all; and there be souls that must be saved, and there be souls must not be saved.

*Iago.* It's true, good lieutenant.

*Cas.* For mine own part,—no offence to the general, or any man of quality,—I hope to be saved.

*Iago.* And so do I too, lieutenant.

*Cas.* Ay, but, by your leave, not before me; the lieutenant is to be saved before the ancient. Let's have no more of this; let's to our affairs.—Forgive us our sins!—Gentlemen, let's look to our business. Do not think, gentlemen, I am drunk; this is my ancient;—this is my right hand, and this is my left hand:—I am not drunk now; I can stand well enough, and speak well enough.

*All.* Excellent well.

*Cas.* Why, very well, then: you must not think then that I am drunk. [Exit.]

*Mon.* To the platform, masters; come, let's set the watch.

*Iago.* You see this fellow, that is gone before;—  
He is a soldier, fit to stand by Cæsar  
And give direction: and do but see his vice;  
'Tis to his virtue a just equinox,  
The one as long as the other: 'tis pity of him.  
I fear, the trust Othello puts him in,  
On some odd time of his infirmity,  
Will shake this island.

*Mon.* But is he often thus?

*Iago.* 'Tis evermore the prologue to his sleep:  
He'll watch the horologe a double set,  
If drink rock not his cradle.

*Mon.* It were well,  
The general were put in mind of it.  
Perhaps, he sees it not; or his good nature  
Prizes the virtue that appears in Cassio,  
And looks not on his evils; Is not this true?

*Enter RODERIGO.*

*Iago.* How now, Roderigo? *[Aside.*  
I pray you, after the lieutenant; go. *[Exit Roderigo.*

*Mon.* And 'tis great pity, that the noble Moor  
Should hazard such a place, as his own second,  
With one of an ingraft infirmity:  
It were an honest action, to say  
So to the Moor.

*Iago.* Not I, for this fair island:  
I do love Cassio well; and would do much  
To cure him of this evil. But, hark! what noise?  
*[Cry within.—Help! Help!*

*Re-enter CASSIO, driving in RODERIGO.*

*Cas.* You rogue! you rascal!

*Mon.* What's the matter, lieutenant?

*Cas.* A knave!—teach me my duty!  
I'll beat the knave into a twiggen bottle.

*Rod.* Beat me!

*Cas.* Dost thou prate, rogue?  
*[Striking Roderigo.*  
*Mon.* Nay, good lieutenant;  
*[Staying him.*

I pray you, sir, hold your hand.

*Cas.* Let me go, sir,  
Or I'll knock you o'er the mazzard.

*Mon.* Come, come, you're drunk.

*Cas.* Drunk! *[They fight.*

*Iago.* Away, I say! go out, and cry—a mutiny!  
*[Aside to Rod. who goes out.*

Nay, good lieutenant,—alas, gentlemen,—  
Help, ho!—Lieutenant,—sir,—Montano,—sir;—  
Help, masters!—Here's a goodly watch, indeed!  
*[Bell rings.*

Who's that that rings the bell?—Diablo, ho!  
The town will rise; God's will, lieutenant! hold;  
You will be sham'd for ever.

*Enter OTHELLO and Attendants.*

*Oth.* What is the matter here?

*Mon.* I bleed still, I am hurt to the death;—he dies.

*Oth.* Hold, for your lives.

*Iago.* Hold, hold, lieutenant,—sir, Montano,—gentle—  
Have you forgot all sense of place and duty? [men,—  
Hold, hold! the general speaks to you; hold, for shame!

*Oth.* Why, how now, ho? from whence ariseth this?  
Are we turn'd Turks; and to ourselves do that,  
Which heaven hath forbid the Ottomites?

For Christian shame, put by this barbarous brawl:

He that stirs next to carve for his own rage,  
Holds his soul light; he dies upon his motion.—

Silence that dreadful bell, it frights the isle  
From her propriety.—What is the matter, masters?—

Honest Iago, that look'st dead with grieving,  
Speak, who began this? on thy love, I charge thee.

*Iago.* I do not know;—friends all but now, even now,  
In quarter, and in terms like bride and groom  
Divesting them for bed: and then, but now

(As if some planet had unwitting men),  
Swords out, and tilting one at other's breast,  
In opposition bloody. I cannot speak

Any beginning to this peevish odds;  
And 'would in action glorious I had lost  
These legs, that brought me to a part of it!

*Oth.* How comes it, Michael, you are thus forgot?

*Cas.* I pray you, pardon me, I cannot speak.

*Oth.* Worthy Montano, you were wont be civil;  
The gravity and stillness of your youth

The world hath noted, and your name is great  
In mouths of wisest censure; What's the matter,

That you unlace your reputation thus,  
And spend your rich opinion, for the name  
Of a night-brawler? give me answer to it.

*Mon.* Worthy Othello, I am hurt to danger;  
Your officer, Iago, can inform you—  
While I spare speech, which something now offends me—  
Of all that I do know: nor know I aught,  
By me that's said or done amiss this night;  
Unless self-charity be sometime a vice;  
And to defend ourselves it be a sin,  
When violence assails us.

*Oth.* Now, by heaven,  
My blood begins my safer guides to rule ;  
And passion, having my best judgment collied,  
Assays to lead the way : if once I stir,  
Or do but lift this arm, the best of you  
Shall sink in my rebuke. Give me to know  
How this foul rout began, who set it on ;  
And he that is approv'd in this offence,  
Though he had twinn'd with me, both at a birth,  
Shall lose me.—What! in a town of war,  
Yet wild, the people's hearts brimful of fear,  
To manage private and domestic quarrel,  
In night, and on the court and guard of safety !  
'Tis monstrous.—Iago, who began it?

*Mon.* If partially affin'd, or leagu'd in office,  
Thou dost deliver more or less than truth,  
Thou art no soldier.

*Iago.* Touch me not so near :  
I had rather have this tongue cut from my mouth,  
Than it should do offence to Michael Cassio ;  
Yet, I persuade myself, to speak the truth  
Shall nothing wrong him.—Thus it is, general.  
Montano and myself being in speech,  
There comes a fellow, crying out for help ;  
And Cassio following him with determin'd sword,  
To execute upon him : Sir, this gentleman  
Steps in to Cassio, and entreats his pause ;  
Myself the crying fellow did pursue,  
Lest, by his clamour (as it so fell out),  
The town might fall in fright : he, swift of foot,  
Outran my purpose ; and I return'd the rather  
For that I heard the clink and fall of swords,  
And Cassio high in oath ; which, till to-night,  
I ne'er might say before : When I came back  
(For this was brief), I found them close together,  
At blow, and thrust ; even as again they were,  
When you yourself did part them.  
More of this matter can I not report :—  
But men are men ; the best sometimes forget :—  
Though Cassio did some little wrong to him,—

As men in rage strike those that wish them best,—  
Yet, surely, Cassio, I believe, receiv'd,  
From him that fled, some strange indignity,  
Which patience could not pass.

*Oth.* I know, Iago,  
Thy honesty and love doth mince this matter,  
Making it light to Cassio:—Cassio, I love thee;  
But never more be officer of mine.—

*Enter DESDEMONA, attended.*

Look, if my gentle love be not rais'd up;—  
I'll make thee an example.

*Des.* What's the matter, dear?

*Oth.* All's well now, sweeting; Come away to bed.  
Sir, for your hurts,  
Myself will be your surgeon: Lead him off.

*[To Montano, who is led off.]*

Iago, look with care about the town;  
And silence those whom this vile brawl distracted.—  
Come, Desdemona; 'tis the soldiers' life,  
To have their balmy slumbers wak'd with strife.

*[Exeunt all but Iago and Cassio.]*

*Iago.* What, are you hurt, lieutenant?

*Cas.* Ay, past all surgery.

*Iago.* Marry, heaven forbid!

*Cas.* Reputation, reputation, reputation! O, I have  
lost my reputation! I have lost the immortal part, sir,  
of myself, and what remains is bestial.—My reputation,  
Iago, my reputation.

*Iago.* As I am an honest man, I thought you had  
received some bodily wound; there is more offence in  
that, than in reputation. Reputation is an idle and  
most false imposition; oft got without merit, and lost  
without deserving: You have lost no reputation at all,  
unless you repute yourself such a loser. What, man!  
there are ways to recover the general again: You are  
but now cast in his mood, a punishment more in policy  
than in malice; even so as one would beat his offence-  
less dog, to affright an imperious lion: sue to him  
again, and he's yours.



*Cas.* I will rather sue to be despised, than to deceive so good a commander, with so slight, so drunken, and so indiscreet an officer. Drunk? and speak parrot? and squabble? swagger? swear? and discourse fustian with one's own shadow?—O thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no name to be known by, let us call thee—devil!

*Iago.* What was he that you followed with your sword? What had he done to you?

*Cas.* I know not.

*Iago.* Is it possible?

*Cas.* I remember a mass of things, but nothing distinctly; a quarrel, but nothing wherefore.—O, that men should put an enemy in their mouths, to steal away their brains! that we should, with joy, revel, pleasure, and applause, transform ourselves into beasts!

*Iago.* Why, but you are now well enough: How came you thus recovered?

*Cas.* It hath pleased the devil, drunkenness, to give place to the devil, wrath: one unperfectness shows me another, to make me frankly despise myself.

*Iago.* Come, you are too severe a moralist: As the time, the place, and the condition of this country stands, I could heartily wish this had not befallen; but, since it is as it is, mend it for your own good.

*Cas.* I will ask him for my place again; he shall tell me, I am a drunkard! Had I as many mouths as Hydra, such an answer would stop them all. To be now a sensible man, by and by a fool, and presently a beast! O strange!—Every inordinate cup is unblessed, and the ingredient is a devil.

*Iago.* Come, come, good wine is a good familiar creature, if it be well-used; exclaim no more against it. And, good lieutenant, I think, you think I love you.

*Cas.* I have well approved it, sir.—I drunk!

*Iago.* You, or any man living, may be drunk at some time, man. I'll tell you what you shall do. Our general's wife is now the general;—I may say so in this respect, for that he hath devoted and given up himself to the contemplation, mark, and denotement of her

parts and graces :—confess yourself freely to her ; importune her ; she'll help to put you in your place again : she is of so free, so kind, so apt, so blessed a disposition, that she holds it a vice in her goodness, not to do more than she is requested : This broken joint, between you and her husband, entreat her to splinter ; and, my fortunes against any lay worth naming, this crack of your love shall grow stronger than it was before.

*Cas.* You advise me well.

*Iago.* I protest, in the sincerity of love, and honest kindness.

*Cas.* I think it freely ; and, betimes in the morning, I will beseech the virtuous Desdemona to undertake for me : I am desperate of my fortunes, if they check me here.

*Iago.* You are in the right. Good night, lieutenant ; I must to the watch.

*Cas.* Good night, honest Iago. [Exit Cassio.]

*Iago.* And what's he then, that says,—I play the villain ? When this advice is free, I give, and honest, Probal to thinking, and (indeed) the course To win the Moor again ? For, 'tis most easy The inclining Desdemona to subdue In any honest suit ; she's fram'd as fruitful As the free elements. And then for her To win the Moor,—were't to renounce his baptism, All seals and symbols of redeemed sin,— His soul is so enfetter'd to her love, That she may make, unmake, do what she list, Even as her appetite shall play the god With his weak function. How am I then a villain, To counsel Cassio to this parallel course, Directly to his good ? Divinity of hell ! When devils will their blackest sins put on, They do suggest at first with heavenly shows, As I do now : For, while this honest fool Plies Desdemona to repair his fortunes, And she for him pleads strongly to the Moor, I'll pour this pestilence into his ear,— That she repeals him for her body's lust ;

And, by how much she strives to do him good,  
She shall undo her credit with the Moor.  
So will I turn her virtue into pitch;  
And out of her own goodness make the net,  
That shall enmesh them all.—How now, Roderigo?

*Enter RODERIGO.*

*Rod.* I do follow here in the chase, not like a hound that hunts, but one that fills up the cry. My money is almost spent; I have been to-night exceedingly well cudgelled; and, I think, the issue will be—I shall have so much experience for my pains: and so, with no money at all, and a little more wit, return to Venice.

*Iago.* How poor are they, that have not patience!—What wound did ever heal, but by degrees?

Thou know'st we work by wit, and not by witchcraft;  
And wit depends on dilatory time.

Does't not go well? Cassio hath beaten thee,  
And thou, by that small hurt, hast cashier'd Cassio:  
Though other things grow fair against the sun,  
Yet fruits, that blossom first, will first be ripe:  
Content thyself awhile.—By the mass, 'tis morning;  
Pleasure, and action, make the hours seem short.—

Retire thee; go where thou art billeted:

Away, I say; thou shalt know more hereafter:

Nay, get thee gone. [*Exit Rod.*] Two things are to be done,—

My wife must move for Cassio to her mistress;  
I'll set her on;

Myself, the while, to draw the Moor apart,  
And bring him jump when he may Cassio find  
Soliciting his wife:—Ay, that's the way;  
Dull not device by coldness and delay.

[*Exit.*]

## ACT III.



### SCENE I. Before the Castle.

*Enter CASSIO and some Musicians.*

*Cas.* Masters, play here, I will content your pains.  
Something that's brief; and bid—good morrow, general,  
[*Music.*

*Enter Clown.*

*Clo.* Why, masters, have your instruments been at Naples, that they speak i'the nose thus?

*1 Mus.* How, sir, how?

*Clo.* Are these, I pray you, called wind instruments?

*1 Mus.* Ay, marry, are they, sir.

*Clo.* O, thereby hangs a tail.

*1 Mus.* Whereby hangs a tale, sir?

*Clo.* Marry, sir, by many a wind instrument that I know. But, masters, here's money for you: and the general so likes your music, that he desires you, of all loves, to make no more noise with it.

*1 Mus.* Well, sir, we will not.

*Clo.* If you have any music that may not be heard,

to't again : but, as they say, to hear music, the general does not greatly care.

1 *Mus.* We have none such, sir.

*Clo.* Then put up your pipes in your bag, for I'll away : Go, vanish into air ; away. [*Exeunt Musicians.*

*Cas.* Dost thou hear, my honest friend ?

*Clo.* No, I hear not your honest friend ; I hear you.

*Cas.* Pr'ythee, keep up thy quillets. There's a poor piece of gold for thee : if the gentlewoman that attends the general's wife, be stirring, tell her, there's one Cassio entreats her a little favour of speech : Wilt thou do this ?

*Clo.* She is stirring, sir ; if she will stir hither, I shall seem to notify unto her. [*Exit.*

*Enter IAGO.*

*Cas.* Do, good, my friend.—In happy time, Iago.

*Iago.* You have not been abed then ?

*Cas.* Why, no ; the day had broke  
Before we parted. I have made bold, Iago,  
To send in to your wife : My suit to her  
Is, that she will to virtuous Desdemona  
Procure me some access.

*Iago.* I'll send her to you presently ;  
And I'll devise a mean to draw the Moor  
Out of the way, that your converse and business  
May be more free. [*Exit.*

*Cas.* I humbly thank you for't. I never knew  
A Florentine more kind and honest.

*Enter EMILIA.*

*Emil.* Good morrow, good lieutenant : I am sorry  
For your displeasure ; but all will soon be well.  
The general, and his wife, are talking of it ;  
And she speaks for you stoutly : The Moor replies,  
That he, you hurt, is of great fame in Cyprus,  
And great affinity ; and that, in wholesome wisdom,  
He might not but refuse you : but, he protests, he loves  
And needs no other suitor, but his likings, [you ;  
To take the saf'st occasion by the front,  
To bring you in again.

*Cas.* Yet, I beseech you,—  
If you think fit, or that it may be done,—  
Give me advantage of some brief discourse  
With Desdemona alone.

*Emil.* Pray you, come in ;  
I will bestow you where you shall have time  
To speak your bosom freely.

*Cas.* I am much bound to you.  
[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A Room in the Castle.*

*Enter OTHELLO, IAGO, and Gentlemen.*

*Oth.* These letters give, Iago, to the pilot ;  
And, by him, do my duties to the state :  
That done, I will be walking on the works,  
Repair there to me.

*Iago.* Well, my good lord, I'll do't.

*Oth.* This fortification, gentlemen,—shall we see't?

*Gent.* We'll wait upon your lordship. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *Before the Castle.*

*Enter DESDEMONA, CASSIO, and EMILIA.*

*Des.* Be thou assur'd, good Cassio, I will do  
All my abilities in thy behalf.

*Emil.* Good madam, do ; I know it grieves my hus-  
As if the case were his. [band,

*Des.* O, that's an honest fellow.—Do not doubt, Cassio,  
But I will have my lord and you again  
As friendly as you were.

*Cas.* Bounteous madam,  
Whatever shall become of Michael Cassio,  
He's never any thing but your true servant.

*Des.* O, sir, I thank you: You do love my lord:  
You have known him long: and be you well assur'd,  
He shall in strangeness stand no further off  
Than in a politic distance.

*Cas.* Ay, but lady,  
That policy may either last so long,  
Or feed upon such nice and waterish diet,

Or breed itself so out of circumstance,  
That, I being absent, and my place supplied,  
My general will forget my love and service.

*Des.* Do not doubt that; before Emilia here,  
I give thee warrant of thy place: assure thee,  
If I do vow a friendship, I'll perform it  
To the last article: my lord shall never rest;  
I'll watch him tame, and talk him out of patience;  
His bed shall seem a school, his board a shrift;  
I'll intermingle every thing he does  
With Cassio's suit: Therefore be merry, Cassio;  
For thy solicitor shall rather die,  
Than give thy cause away.

*Enter OTHELLO and IAGO, at a distance.*

*Emil.* Madam, here comes  
My lord.

*Cus.* Madam, I'll take my leave.

*Des.* Why, stay,  
And hear me speak.

*Cas.* Madam, not now; I am very ill at ease,  
Unfit for mine own purposes.

*Des.* Well, well,  
Do your discretion. *[Exit Cassio.]*

*Iago.* Ha! I like not that.

*Oth.* What dost thou say?

*Iago.* Nothing, my lord: or if—I know not what.

*Oth.* Was not that Cassio, parted from my wife?

*Iago.* Cassio, my lord? No, sure, I cannot think it,  
That he would steal away so guilty-like,  
Seeing you coming.

*Oth.* I do believe 'twas he.

*Des.* How now, my lord?  
I have been talking with a suitor here,  
A man that languishes in your displeasure.

*Oth.* Who is't you mean?

*Des.* Why, your lieutenant, Cassio. Good, my lord,  
If I have any grace, or power to move you,  
His present reconciliation take;  
For, if he be not one that truly loves you,

That errs in ignorance, and not in cunning,  
I have no judgment in an honest face :  
I pr'ythee, call him back.

*Oth.* Went he hence now ?

*Des.* Ay, sooth ; so humbled,  
That he hath left part of his grief with me ;  
I suffer with him. Good love, call him back.

*Oth.* Not now, sweet Desdemona ; some other time.

*Des.* But shall't be shortly ?

*Oth.* The sooner, sweet, for you.

*Des.* Shall't be to-night at supper ?

*Oth.* No, not to-night.

*Des.* To-morrow dinner then ?

*Oth.* I shall not dine at home ;  
I meet the captains at the citadel.

*Des.* Why then, to-morrow night ; or Tuesday morn ;  
Or Tuesday noon, or night ; or Wednesday morn ;—  
I pray thee, name the time ; but let it not  
Exceed three days : in faith he's penitent ;  
And yet his trespass, in our common reason  
(Save that, they say, the wars must make examples  
Out of their best), is not almost a fault  
To incur a private check : When shall he come ?  
Tell me, Othello. I wonder in my soul,  
What you could ask me, that I should deny,  
Or stand so mammering on. What ? Michael Cassio,  
That came a wooing with you ; and many a time,  
When I have spoke of you dispraisingly,  
Hath ta'en your part ; to have so much to do  
To bring him in ! Trust me, I could do much,—

*Oth.* Pr'ythee, no more : let him come when he will ;  
I will deny thee nothing.

*Des.* Why, this is not a boon ;  
'Tis as I should entreat you wear your gloves,  
Or feed on nourishing dishes, or keep you warm ;  
Or sue to you to do peculiar profit  
To your own person : Nay, when I have a suit,  
Wherein I mean to touch your love indeed,  
It shall be full of poize and difficulty,  
And fearful to be granted.

*Oth.* I will deny thee nothing :



Whereon, I do beseech thee, grant me this,  
To leave me but a little to myself.

*Des.* Shall I deny you? no: Farewell, my lord.

*Oth.* Farewell, my Desdemona: I will come to thee  
straight.

*Des.* Emilia, come:—Be it as your fancies teach you;  
Whate'er you be, I am obedient. [*Exit, with Emilia.*]

*Oth.* Excellent wretch! Perdition catch my soul,  
But I do love thee! and when I love thee not,  
Chaos is come again.

*Iago.* My noble lord,—

*Oth.* What dost thou say, Iago?

*Iago.* Did Michael Cassio, when you woo'd my lady,  
Know of your love?

*Oth.* He did, from first to last: Why dost thou ask?

*Iago.* But for a satisfaction of my thought;  
No further harm.

*Oth.* Why of thy thought, Iago?

*Iago.* I did not think he had been acquainted with her.

*Oth.* O, yes; and went between us very oft.

*Iago.* Indeed?

*Oth.* Indeed! ay, indeed:—Discern'st thou aught in  
that?

Is he not honest?

*Iago.* Honest, my lord?

*Oth.*

Ay, honest.

*Iago.* My lord, for aught I know.

*Oth.* What dost thou think?

*Iago.*

Think, my lord?

*Oth.*

Think, my lord!

By heaven, he echoes me,

As if there were some monster in his thought

Too hideous to be shown.—Thou dost mean something.

I heard thee say but now,—Thou lik'dst not that,

When Cassio left my wife; What didst not like?

And, when I told thee—he was of my counsel

In my whole course of wooing, thou cry'dst, *Indeed?*

And didst contract and purse thy brow together,

As if thou then hadst shut up in thy brain

Some horrible conceit: If thou dost love me,

Show me thy thought.

*Iago.* My lord, you know I love you.

*Oth.* I think thou dost:

And,—for I know thou art full of love and honesty,  
And weigh'st thy words before thou giv'st them breath,—  
Therefore these stops of thine fright me the more:  
For such things, in a false disloyal knave,  
Are tricks of custom; but, in a man that's just,  
They are close denotements, working from the heart,  
That passion cannot rule.

*Iago.* For Michael Cassio,—

I dare be sworn, I think that he is honest.

*Oth.* I think so too.

*Iago.* Men should be what they seem;  
Or, those that be not, 'would they might seem none!

*Oth.* Certain, men should be what they seem.

*Iago.* Why then,

I think that Cassio is an honest man.

*Oth.* Nay, yet there's more in this:

I pray thee, speak to me as to thy thinkings,  
As thou dost ruminate; and give thy worst of thoughts  
The worst of words.

*Iago.* Good, my lord, pardon me;  
Though I am bound to every act of duty,  
I am not bound to that all slaves are free to.  
Utter my thoughts? Why, say, they are vile and false,—  
As where's that palace, whereinto foul things  
Sometimes intrude not? who has a breast so pure,  
But some uncleanly apprehensions  
Keep leets, and law-days, and in session sit,  
With meditations lawful?

*Oth.* Thou dost conspire against thy friend, Iago,  
If thou but think'st him wrong'd, and mak'st his ear  
A stranger to thy thoughts.

*Iago.* I do beseech you,—  
Though I, perchance, am viscious in my guess,  
As, I confess, it is my nature's plague  
To spy into abuses; and, oft, my jealousy  
Shapes faults that are not,—I entreat you then,  
From one that so imperfectly coniects,  
You'd take no notice; nor build yourself a trouble.

Out of his scattering and unsure observance:—  
It were not for your quiet, nor your good,  
Nor for my manhood, honesty, or wisdom,  
To let you know my thoughts.

*Oth.* What dost thou mean?

*Iago.* Good name, in man, and woman, dear my lord,  
Is the immediate jewel of their souls: [nothing;  
Who steals my purse, steals trash; 'tis something,  
'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to thousands:  
But he, that filches from me my good name,  
Robs me of that, which not enriches him,  
And makes me poor indeed.

*Oth.* By heaven, I'll know thy thought.

*Iago.* You cannot, if my heart were in your hand;  
Nor shall not, whilst 'tis in my custody.

*Oth.* Ha!

*Iago.* O, beware, my lord, of jealousy;  
It is the green-ey'd monster, which doth mock  
The meat it feeds on: That cuckold lives in bliss,  
Who, certain of his fate, loves not his wronger;  
But, O, what damned minutes tells he o'er,  
Who dotes, yet doubts; suspects, yet strongly loves!

*Oth.* O misery!

*Iago.* Poor, and content, is rich, and rich enough;  
But riches, fineless, is as poor as winter,  
To him that ever fears he shall be poor:—  
Good heaven, the souls of all my tribe defend  
From jealousy!

*Oth.* Why? why is this?

Think'st thou, I'd make a life of jealousy,  
To follow still the changes of the moon  
With fresh suspicions? No: to be once in doubt,  
Is—once to be resolv'd: Exchange me for a goat,  
When I shall turn the business of my soul  
To such exsufflicate and blown surmises,  
Matching thy inference. 'Tis not to make me jealous,  
To say—my wife is fair, feeds well, loves company,  
Is free of speech, sings, plays, and dances well;  
Where virtue is, these are more virtuous:  
Nor from mine own weak merits will I draw

'The smallest fear, or doubt of her revolt;  
For she had eyes, and chose me: No, Iago;  
I'll see, before I doubt; when I doubt, prove;  
And, on the proof, there is no more but this,—  
Away at once with love, or jealousy.

*Iago.* I am glad of this; for now I shall have reason  
To show the love and duty that I bear you  
With franker spirit: therefore, as I am bound,  
Receive it from me:—I speak not yet of proof.  
Look to your wife; observe her well with Cassio;  
Wear your eye—thus, not jealous, nor secure:  
I would not have your free and noble nature,  
Out of self bounty, be abus'd; look to't:  
I know our country disposition well;  
In Venice they do let heaven see the pranks  
They dare not show their husbands; their best conscience  
Is—not to leave undone, but keep unknown.

*Oth.* Dost thou say so?

*Iago.* She did deceive her father, marrying you;  
And, when she seem'd to shake, and fear your looks,  
She lov'd them most.

*Oth.* And so she did.

*Iago.* Why, go to, then;  
She that, so young, could give out such a seeming,  
To seal her father's eyes up, close as oak,—  
He thought, 'twas witchcraft:—But I am much to blame;  
I humbly do beseech you of your pardon,  
For too much loving you.

*Oth.* I am bound to thee for ever.

*Iago.* I see, this hath a little dash'd your spirits.

*Oth.* Not a jot, not a jot.

*Iago.* Trust me, I fear it has:  
I hope, you will consider what is spoke  
Comes from my love;—But, I do see you are mov'd:—  
I am to pray you, not to strain my speech  
To grosser issues, nor to larger reach,  
Than to suspicion.

*Oth.* I will not.

*Iago.* Should you do so, my lord,  
My speech should fall into such vile success

As my thoughts aim not at. Cassio's my worthy friend :—  
My lord, I see you are mov'd.

*Oth.*

No, not much mov'd :—

I do not think but Desdemona's honest.

*Iago.* Long live she so! and long live you to think so!

*Oth.* And yet, how nature erring from itself,—

*Iago.* Ay, there's the point :—As,—to be bold with  
Not to affect many proposed matches, [you,—

Of her own clime, complexion, and degree ;

Whereto, we see, in all things nature tends :

Foh! one may smell, in such, a will most rank,

Foul disproportion, thoughts unnatural.—

But pardon me ; I do not, in position,

Distinctly speak of her: though I may fear,

Her will, recoiling to her better judgment,

May fall to match you with her country forms,

And (happily) repent.

*Oth.*

Farewell, farewell :

If more thou dost perceive, let me know more ;

Set on thy wife to observe: Leave me, Iago.

*Iago.* My lord, I take my leave.

[*Going.*

*Oth.* Why did I marry?—This honest creature, doubt-  
less,

Sees and knows more, much more, than he unfolds.

*Iago.* My lord, I would, I might entreat your honour  
To scan this thing no further ; leave it to time :

And though it be fit that Cassio have his place

(For, sure, he fills it up with great ability),

Yet, if you please to hold him off awhile,

You shall by that perceive him and his means :

Note, if your lady strain his entertainment

With any strong or vehement opportunity ;

Much will be seen in that. In the mean time,

Let me be thought too busy in my fears

(As worthy cause I have, to fear—I am),

And hold her free, I do beseech your honour.

*Oth.* Fear not my government.

*Iago.* I once more take my leave.

[*Exit*

*Oth.* This fellow's of exceeding honesty,  
And knows all qualities, with a learned spirit,

Of human dealings: If I do prove her haggard,  
Though that her jesses were my dear heart-strings,  
I'd whistle her off, and let her down the wind,  
To prey at fortune. Haply, for I am black;  
And have not those soft parts of conversation  
That chamberers have;—Or, for I am declin'd  
Into the vale of years;—yet that's not much;—  
She's gone; I am abus'd; and my relief  
Must be—to loath her. O curse of marriage,  
That we can call these delicate creatures ours,  
And not their appetites! I had rather be a toad,  
And live upon the vapour of a dungeon,  
Than keep a corner in the thing I love,  
For others' uses. Yet, 'tis the plague of great ones;  
Prerogativ'd are they less than the base:  
'Tis destiny unshunnable, like death;  
Even then this forked plague is fated to us,  
When we do quicken. Desdemona comes:

*Enter DESDEMONA and EMILIA.*

If she be false, O, then heaven mocks itself!—  
I'll not believe it.

*Des.* How now, my dear Othello?  
Your dinner, and the generous islanders  
By you invited, do attend your presence.

*Oth.* I am to blame.

*Des.* Why is your speech so faint? are you not well?

*Oth.* I have a pain upon my forehead here.

*Des.* Faith, that's with watching; 'twill away again:  
Let me but bind it hard, within this hour  
It will be well.

*Oth.* Your napkin is too little;

[*He puts the Handkerchief from him, and it drops.*]  
Let it alone. Come, I'll go in with you.

*Des.* I am very sorry that you are not well.

[*Exeunt Othello and Desdemona.*]

*Emil.* I am glad I have found this napkin;  
This was her first remembrance from the Moor:  
My wayward husband hath a hundred times  
Woo'd me to steal it: but she so loves the token  
(For he conjur'd her, she would ever keep it),

That she reserves it evermore about her,  
 To kiss, and talk to. I'll have the work ta'en out,  
 And give it Iago:  
 What he'll do with it, heaven knows, not I;  
 I nothing, but to please his fantasy.

*Enter IAGO.*

*Iago.* How now! what do you here alone?

*Emil.* Do not you chide; I have a thing for you.

*Iago.* A thing for me?—it is a common thing,—

*Emil.* Ha!

*Iago.* To have a foolish wife.

*Emil.* O, is that all? What will you give me now  
 For that same handkerchief?

*Iago.* What handkerchief?

*Emil.* What handkerchief?

Why, that the Moor first gave to Desdemona;  
 That which so often you did bid me steal.

*Iago.* Hast stolen it from her?

*Emil.* No, faith; she let it drop by negligence;  
 And, to the advantage, I, being here, took't up.  
 Look, here it is.

*Iago.* A good wench: give it me.

*Emil.* What will you do with it, that you have been  
 To have me filch it? [so earnest

*Iago.* Why, what's that to you? [Snatching it.

*Emil.* If it be not for some purpose of import,  
 Give it me again: Poor lady! she'll run mad,  
 When she shall lack it.

*Iago.* Be not you known of't; I have use for it.  
 Go, leave me. [Exit Emilia.

I will in Cassio's lodging lose this napkin,  
 And let him find it: Trifles, light as air,  
 Are, to the jealous, confirmations strong  
 As proofs of holy writ. This may do something.  
 The Moor already changes with my poison:  
 Dangerous conceits are, in their natures, poisons,  
 Which, at the first, are scarce found to distaste;  
 But, with a little act upon the blood,  
 Burn like the mines of sulphur.—I did say so:—

*Enter OTHELLO.*

Look, where he comes! Not poppy, nor mandragora,  
Nor all the drowsy syrups of the world,  
Shall ever medicine thee to that sweet sleep  
Which thou ow'dst yesterday.

*Oth.*

Ha! ha! false to me?

To me?

*Iago.* Why, how now, general? no more of that.

*Oth.* Avaunt! be gone! thou hast set me on the  
I swear, 'tis better to be much abus'd, [rack:—  
Than but to know a little.

*Iago.*

How now, my lord?

*Oth.* What sense had I of her stolen hours of lust?  
I saw it not, thought it not, it harm'd not me:  
I slept the next night well, was free and merry;  
I found not Cassio's kisses on her lips:  
He that is robb'd, not wanting what is stolen,  
Let him not know it, and he's not robb'd at all.

*Iago.* I am sorry to hear this.

*Oth.* I had been happy, if the general camp,  
Pioneers and all, had tasted her sweet body,  
So I had nothing known: O now, for ever,  
Farewell the tranquil mind! farewell content!  
Farewell the plumed troop, and the big wars,  
That make ambition virtue! O, farewell!  
Farewell the neighing steed, and the shrill trump,  
The spirit-stirring drum, the ear-piercing fife,  
The royal banner; and all quality,  
Pride, pomp, and circumstance of glorious war!  
And O you mortal engines, whose rude throats  
The immortal Jove's dread clamours counterfeit,  
Farewell! Othello's occupation's gone!

*Iago.* Is it possible?—My lord,——

*Oth.* Villain, be sure thou prove my love a whore;  
Be sure of it; give me the ocular proof;

[*Taking him by the Throat.*

Or, by the worth of mine eternal soul,  
Thou hadst been better have been born a dog,  
Than answer my wak'd wrath.

*Iago*

Is it come to this?

*Oth.* Make me to see it; or (at the least) so pro



That the probation bear no hinge, nor loop,  
To hang a doubt on : or, woe upon thy life!

*Iago.* My noble lord,—

*Oth.* If thou dost slander her, and torture me,  
Never pray more : abandon all remorse ;  
On horrors head horrors accumulate :  
Do deeds to make heaven weep, all earth amaz'd,  
For nothing canst thou to damnation add,  
Greater than that.

*Iago.* O grace! O heaven defend me!  
Are you a man? have you a soul, or sense?—  
God be wi' you ; take mine office.—O wretched fool,  
That liv'st to make thine honesty a vice!—  
O monstrous world! Take note, take note, O world,  
'To be direct and honest, is not safe.—  
I thank you for this profit ; and, from hence,  
I'll love no friend, since love breeds such offence.

*Oth.* Nay, stay :—Thou shouldst be honest.

*Iago.* I should be wise ; for honesty's a fool,  
And loses that it works for.

*Oth.* By the world,  
I think my wife be honest, and think she is not ;  
I think that thou art just, and think thou art not ;  
I'll have some proof: Her name, that was as fresh  
As Dian's visage, is now begrim'd and black  
As mine own face.—If there be cords, or knives,  
Poison, or fire, or suffocating streams,  
I'll not endure it.—Would, I were satisfied!

*Iago.* I see, sir, you are eaten up with passion :  
I do repent me, that I put it to you.  
You would be satisfied?

*Oth.* Would? nay, I will.

*Iago.* And may : but, how? how satisfied, my lord?  
Would you, the supervisor, grossly gape on?  
Behold her tupp'd?

*Oth.* Death and damnation! O!

*Iago.* It were a tedious difficulty, I think,  
To bring them to that prospect: Damn them then,  
If ever mortal eyes do see them bolster,  
More than their own! What then? how then?  
What shall I say? Where's satisfaction?

It is impossible, you should see this,  
Were they as prime as goats, as hot as monkeys,  
As salt as wolves in pride, and fools as gross  
As ignorance made drunk. But yet, I say,  
If imputation, and strong circumstances,—  
Which lead directly to the door of truth,—  
Will give you satisfaction, you may have it.

*Oth.* Give me a living reason she's disloyal.

*Iago.* I do not like the office :

But, sith I am enter'd in this cause so far,—  
Prick'd to it by foolish honesty and love,—  
I will go on. I lay with Cassio lately ;  
And, being troubled with a raging tooth,  
I could not sleep.

There are a kind of men so loose of soul,  
That in their sleeps will mutter their affairs ;  
One of this kind is Cassio :

In sleep I heard him say,—*Sweet Desdemona,*  
*Let us be wary, let us hide our loves !*

And then, sir, would he gripe, and wring my hand,  
Cry,—*O, sweet creature !* and then kiss me hard,  
As if he pluck'd up kisses by the roots,  
That grew upon my lips : then laid his leg  
Over my thigh, and sigh'd, and kiss'd ; and then  
Cry'd,—*Cursed fate ! that gave thee to the Moor !*

*Oth.* O monstrous ! monstrous !

*Iago.* Nay, this was but his dream.

*Oth.* But this denoted a foregone conclusion ;  
'Tis a shrewd doubt, though it be but a dream.

*Iago.* And this may help to thicken other proofs,  
That do demonstrate thinly.

*Oth.* I'll tear her all to pieces.

*Iago.* Nay, but be wise : yet we see nothing done ;  
She may be honest yet. 'Tell me but this,—  
Have you not sometimes seen a handkerchief,  
Spotted with strawberries, in your wife's hand ?

*Oth.* I gave her such a one ; 'twas my first gift.

*Iago.* I know not that : but such a handkerchief,  
(I am sure, it was your wife's), did I to-day  
See Cassio wipe his beard with.

*Oth.*

If it be that,—

*Iago.* If it be that, or any that was hers,  
It speaks against her, with the other proofs.

*Oth.* O, that the slave had forty thousand lives;  
One is too poor, too weak for my revenge!  
Now do I see 'tis true.—Look here, Iago;  
All my fond love thus I do blow to heaven:  
'Tis gone.—

Arise, black vengeance, from thy hollow cell!  
Yield up, O love, thy crown, and hearted throne,  
'To tyrannous hate! swell, bosom, with thy fraught,  
For 'tis of aspic's tongues!

*Iago.* Pray, be content.

*Oth.* O, blood, Iago, blood!

*Iago.* Patience, I say; your mind, perhaps, may change.

*Oth.* Never, Iago. Like to the Pontic sea,  
Whose icy current and compulsive course  
Ne'er feels retiring ebb, but keeps due on  
To the Propontic, and the Hellespont;  
Even so my bloody thoughts, with violent pace,  
Shall ne'er look back, ne'er ebb to humble love,  
'Till that a capable and wide revenge  
Swallow them up.—Now, by yond' marble heaven,  
In the due reverence of a sacred vow [Kneels.  
I here engage my words.

*Iago.* Do not rise yet.— [Kneels.

Witness, you ever-burning lights above!  
You elements that clip us round about!  
Witness, that here Iago doth give up  
The execution of his wit, hands, heart,  
To wrong'd Othello's service! let him command,  
And to obey shall be in me remorse,  
What bloody work soever.

*Oth.* I greet thy love,  
Not with vain thanks, but with acceptance bounteous,  
And will upon the instant put thee to't:  
Within these three days let me hear thee say,  
That Cassio's not alive.

*Iago.* My friend is dead; 'tis done, at your request:  
But let her live.

*Oth.* Damn her, lewd minx! O, damn her!  
Come, go with me apart; I will withdraw,

To furnish me with some swift means of death  
For the fair devil. Now art thou my lieutenant.

*Iago.* I am your own for ever. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *The same.*

*Enter DESDEMONA, EMILIA, and Clown.*

*Des.* Do you know, sirrah, where lieutenant Cassio lies?

*Clo.* I dare not say, he lies any where.

*Des.* Why, man?

*Clo.* He is a soldier; and for me to say a soldier lies, is stabbing.

*Des.* Go to; Where lodges he?

*Clo.* To tell you where he lodges, is to tell you where I lie.

*Des.* Can any thing be made of this?

*Clo.* I know not where he lodges; and for me to devise a lodging, and say—he lies here, or he lies there, were to lie in my own throat.

*Des.* Can you inquire him out, and be edified by report?

*Clo.* I will catechise the world for him; that is, make questions, and by them answer.

*Des.* Seek him, bid him come hither: tell him, I have moved my lord in his behalf, and hope, all will be well.

*Clo.* To do this, is within the compass of man's wit; and therefore I will attempt the doing it. [*Exit.*]

*Des.* Where should I lose that handkerchief, Emilia?

*Emil.* I know not, madam.

*Des.* Believe me, I had rather have lost my purse  
Full of crusadoes. And, but my noble Moor  
Is true of mind, and made of no such baseness  
As jealous creatures are, it were enough  
To put him to ill-thinking.

*Emil.* Is he not jealous?

*Des.* Who, he? I think, the sun, where he was born,  
Drew all such humours from him.

*Emil.* Look, where he comes.

*Des.* I will not leave him now, till Cassio  
Be call'd to him.—How is't with you, my lord?

*Enter OTHELLO.*

*Oth.* Well, my good lady:—[*Aside*] O, hardness to  
How do you, Desdemona? [dissemble!—

*Des.* Well, my good lord.

*Oth.* Give me your hand: This hand is moist, my lady.

*Des.* It yet has felt no age, nor known no sorrow.

*Oth.* This argues fruitfulness, and liberal heart;—  
Hot, hot, and moist: This hand of yours requires  
A sequester from liberty, fasting and prayer,  
Much castigation, exercise devout;  
For here's a young and sweating devil here,  
'That commonly rebels. 'Tis a good hand,  
A frank one.

*Des.* You may, indeed, say so;  
For 'twas that hand that gave away my heart.

*Oth.* A liberal hand: The hearts, of old, gave hands;  
But our new heraldry is—hands, not hearts.

*Des.* I cannot speak of this. Come now, your pro-

*Oth.* What promise, chuck? [misc.

*Des.* I have sent to bid Cassio come speak with you.

*Oth.* I have a salt and sullen rheum offends me;  
Lend me thy handkerchief.

*Des.* Here, my lord.

*Oth.* That which I gave you.

*Des.* I have it not about me.

*Oth.* Not?

*Des.* No, indeed, my lord.

*Oth.* That is a fault:

That handkerchief

Did an Egyptian to my mother give;

She was a charmer, and could almost read

The thoughts of people: she told her, while she kept it,  
'Twould make her amiable, and subdue my father

Entirely to her love; but if she lost it,

Or made a gift of it, my father's eye

Should hold her loathly, and his spirits should hunt

After new fancies: She, dying, gave it me;

And bid me, when my fate would have me wive,

To give it her. I did so: and take heed of't,

Make it a darling like your precious eye;

To lose or give't away, were such perdition,  
As nothing else could match.

*Des.* Is it possible?

*Oth.* 'Tis true; there's magic in the web of it:  
A sibyl, that had number'd in the world  
The sun to make two hundred compasses,  
In her prophetic fury sew'd the work:  
The worms were hallow'd, that did breed the silk;  
And it was died in mummy, which the skilful  
Conserv'd of maidens' hearts.

*Des.* Indeed! is't true?

*Oth.* Most veritable; therefore look to't well.

*Des.* Then 'would to heaven, that I had never seen it.

*Oth.* Ha! wherefore?

*Des.* Why do you speak so startingly and rash?

*Oth.* Is't lost? is't gone? speak, is it out of the way?

*Des.* Heaven bless us!

*Oth.* Say you?

*Des.* It is not lost; But what an if it were?

*Oth.* Ha!

*Des.* I say, it is not lost.

*Oth.* Fetch't, let me see it.

*Des.* Why, so I can, sir; but I will not now:

This is a trick, to put me from my suit;

I pray, let Cassio be receiv'd again.

*Oth.* Fetch me that handkerchief; my mind misgives.

*Des.* Come, come;

You'll never meet a more sufficient man.

*Oth.* The handkerchief,——

*Des.* I pray, talk to me of Cassio.

*Oth.* The handkerchief,——

*Des.* A man that, all his time,

Hath founded his good fortune on your love;

Shar'd dangers with you;——

*Oth.* The handkerchief,——

*Des.* In sooth,

You are to blame.

*Oth.* Away!

[Exit Othello.

*Emil.* Is not this man jealous?

*Des.* I ne'er saw this before.

Sure, there's some wonder in this handkerchief :  
I am most unhappy in the loss of it.

*Emil.* 'Tis not a year or two shows us a man :  
They are all but stomachs, and we all but food ;  
They eat us hungerly, and when they are full,  
They belch us. Look you ! Cassio, and my husband.

*Enter IAGO and CASSIO.*

*Iago.* There is no other way ; 'tis she must do't ;  
And, lo, the happiness ! go, and importune her. [you ?

*Des.* How now ? good Cassio ? what's the news with

*Cas.* Madam, my former suit : I do beseech you,  
That, by your virtuous means, I may again  
Exist, and be a member of his love,  
Whom I, with all the duty of my heart,  
Entirely honour ; I would not be delay'd :  
If my offence be of such mortal kind,  
'That neither service past, nor present sorrows,  
Nor purpos'd merit in futurity,  
Can ransom me into his love again,  
But to know so must be my benefit ;  
So shall I clothe me in a forc'd content,  
And shut myself up in some other course,  
To fortune's alms.

*Des.* Alas ! thrice-gentle Cassio,  
My advocacy is not now in tune ;  
My lord is not my lord ; nor should I know him,  
Were he in favour, as in humour, alter'd.  
So help me, every spirit sanctified,  
As I have spoken for you all my best ;  
And stood within the blank of his displeasure,  
For my free speech ! You must awhile be patient :  
What I can do, I will ; and more I will,  
Than for myself I dare : let that suffice you.

*Iago.* Is my lord angry ?

*Emil.* He went hence but now,  
And, certainly, in strange unquietness.

*Iago.* Can he be angry ? I have seen the cannon,  
When it hath blown his ranks into the air ;  
And, like the devil, from his very arm

Puff'd his own brother ;—And can he be angry ?  
Something of moment, then : I will go meet him ;  
'There's matter in't indeed, if he be angry.

*Des.* I pr'ythee, do so.—Something, sure, of state.—  
[*Exit Iago.*]

Either from Venice ; or some unhatch'd practice,  
Made démonstrable here in Cyprus to him,—  
Hath puddled his clear spirit : and, in such cases,  
Men's natures wrangle with inferior things,  
Though great ones are their object. 'Tis even so ;  
For let our finger ache, and it indues  
Our other healthful members ev'n to that sense  
Of pain : Nay, we must think, men are not gods ;  
Nor of them look for such observances  
As fit the bridal.—Beshrew me much, Emilia,  
I was (unhandsome warrior as I am),  
Arraigning his unkindness with my soul ;  
But now I find, I had suborn'd the witness,  
And he's indited falsely.

*Emil.* Pray heaven, it be state matters, as you think ;  
And no conception, nor no jealous toy,  
Concerning you.

*Des.* Alas, the day ! I never gave him cause.

*Emil.* But jealous souls will not be answer'd so ;  
They are not ever jealous for the cause,  
But jealous for they are jealous : 'tis a monster,  
Begot upon itself, born on itself.

*Des.* Heaven keep that monster from Othello's mind !

*Emil.* Lady, amen.

*Des.* I will go seek him.—Cassio, walk hereabout :  
If I do find him fit, I'll move your suit,  
And seek to effect it to my uttermost.

*Cas.* I humbly thank your ladyship.

[*Exeunt Desdemona and Emilia.*]

*Enter BIANCA.*

*Bian.* Save you, friend Cassio !

*Cas.* What make you from home ?  
How is it with you, my most fair Bianca ?  
I'faith, sweet love, I was coming to your house.



*Bian.* And I was going to your lodging, Cassio.  
What! keep a week away? seven days and nights?  
Eight score eight hours? and lovers' absent hours,  
More tedious than the dial eight score times?  
O weary reckoning!

*Cas.* Pardon me, Bianca;  
I have this while with leaden thoughts been press'd;  
But I shall, in a more continue time,  
Strike off this score of absence. Sweet Bianca,  
[Giving her Desdemona's Handkerchief.  
Take me this work out.

*Bian.* O, Cassio, whence came this?  
This is some token from a newer friend.  
To the felt absence now I feel a cause:  
Is it come to this? Well, well.

*Cas.* Woman, go to!  
Throw your vile guesses in the devil's teeth,  
From whence you have them. You are jealous now;  
That this is from some mistress, some remembrance:  
No, in good troth, Bianca.

*Bian.* Why, whose is it?

*Cas.* I know not, sweet: I found it in my chamber.  
I like the work well; ere it be demanded  
(As like enough it will), I'd have it copied:  
Take it, and do't; and leave me for this time.

*Bian.* Leave you! wherefore?

*Cas.* I do attend here on the general;  
And think it no addition, nor my wish,  
To have him see me woman'd.

*Bian.* Why, I pray you?

*Cas.* Not that I love you not.

*Bian.* But that you do not love me.  
I pray you, bring me on the way a little;  
And say, if I shall see you soon at night.

*Cas.* 'Tis but a little way, that I can bring you,  
For I attend here: but I'll see you soon.

*Bian.* 'Tis very good; I must be circumstanc'd.

[Exeunt.

## ACT IV.



### SCENE 1. *The same.*

*Enter OTHELLO and IAGO.*

*Iago.* Will you think so?

*Oth.* Think so, Iago?

*What,*

*Iago*  
To kiss in private?

*Oth.* An unauthoriz'd kiss.

*Iago.* Or to be naked with her friend abed,  
An hour, or more, not meaning any harm?

*Oth.* Naked abed, Iago, and not mean harm?  
It is hypocrisy against the devil:

They that mean virtuously, and yet do so,  
The devil their virtue tempts, and they tempt heaven..

*Iago.* So they do nothing, 'tis a venial slip:  
But if I give my wife a handkerchief,—

*Oth.* What then?

*Iago.* Why, then 'tis hers, my lord; and, being hers,  
She may, I think, bestow't on any man.

*Oth.* She is protectress o' her honour too;  
May she give that?

*Iago.* Her honour is an essence that's not seen ;  
They have it very oft, that have it not :  
But, for the handkerchief,—

*Oth.* By heaven, I would most gladly have forgot it :—  
Thou said'st,—O, it comes o'er my memory,  
As doth the raven o'er the infected house,  
Boding to all,—he had my handkerchief.

*Iago.* Ay, what of that?

*Oth.* That's not so good, now.

*Iago.* What, if I had said, I had seen him do you wrong?  
Or heard him say,—As knaves be such abroad,  
Who having, by their own importunate suit,  
Or voluntary dotage of some mistress,  
Convinced or supplied them, cannot choose  
But they must blab—

*Oth.* Hath he said any thing?

*Iago.* He hath, my lord ; but be you well assur'd,  
No more than he'll unswear.

*Oth.* What hath he said?

*Iago.* 'Faith, that he did,—I know not what he did.

*Oth.* What? what?

*Iago.* Lie—

*Oth.* With her?

*Iago.* With her, on her ; what you will.

*Oth.* Lie with her! lie on her!—We say, lie on her,  
when they belie her: Lie with her! that's fulsome.—  
Handkerchief,—confessions,—handkerchief.—To confess,  
and be hanged for his labour.—First to be hanged,  
and then to confess:—I tremble at it. Nature would  
not invest herself in such shadowing passion, without  
some instruction. It is not words, that shake me thus:  
—Pish!—Noses, ears, and lips:—Is it possible?—Confess!  
—Handkerchief!—O devil!— [*Falls in a Trance.*]

*Iago.* Work on,  
My medicine, work! Thus credulous fools are caught;  
And many worthy and chaste dames, even thus,  
All guiltless meet reproach,—What, ho! my lord!

*Enter CASSIO.*

My lord, I say! Othello!—How now, Cassio?

*Cas.* What is the matter?

*Iago.* My lord is fallen into an epilepsy;  
This is his second fit; he had one yesterday.

*Cas.* Rub him about the temples.

*Iago.* No, forbear:  
The lethargy must have his quiet course:  
If not, he foams at mouth; and, by and by,  
Breaks out to savage madness. Look, he stirs:  
Do you withdraw yourself a little while,  
He will recover straight; when he is gone,  
I would on great occasion speak with you.—

[*Exit Cassio.*]

How is it, general? have you not hurt your head?

*Oth.* Dost thou mock me?

*Iago.* I mock you! no, by heaven:  
'Would you would bear your fortunes like a man.

*Oth.* A horned man's a monster, and a beast.

*Iago.* There's many a beast then in a populous city,  
And many a civil monster.

*Oth.* Did he confess it?

*Iago.* Good sir, be a man;  
Think, every bearded fellow, that's but yok'd,  
May draw with you: there's millions now alive,  
That nightly lie in those unproper beds,  
Which they dare swear peculiar; your case is better.  
O, 'tis the spite of hell, the fiend's arch-mock,  
To lip a wanton in a secure couch,  
And to suppose her chaste! No, let me know;  
And, knowing what I am, I know what she shall be.

*Oth.* O, thou art wise; 'tis certain.

*Iago.* Stand you awhile apart;  
Confinè yourself but in a patient list.  
Whilst you were here, ere while mad with your grief  
(A passion most unsuited such a man),  
Cassio came hither: I shifted him away,  
And laid good 'scuse upon your ecstasy;  
Bade him anon return, and here speak with me;  
The which he promis'd. Do but encave yourself,  
And mark the fleers, the gibes, and notable scorns,  
'That dwell in every region of his face:

For I will make him tell the tale anew,—  
Where, how, how oft, how long ago, and when  
He hath, and is again to cope your wife;  
I say, but mark his gesture. Marry, patience;  
Or I shall say, you are all in all in spleen,  
And nothing of a man.

*Oth.* Dost thou hear, Iago?  
I will be found most cunning in my patience;  
But (dost thou hear?) most bloody.

*Iago.* That's not amiss;  
But yet keep time in all. Will you withdraw?  
[*Othello withdraws.*]

Now will I question Cassio of Bianca,  
A housewife, that, by selling her desires,  
Buys herself bread and clothes: it is a creature,  
That dotes on Cassio,—as 'tis the strumpet's plague,  
To beguile many, and be beguil'd by one;—  
He, when he hears of her, cannot refrain  
From the excess of laughter:—Here he comes:—

*Re-enter CASSIO.*

As he shall smile, Othello shall go mad;  
And his unbookish jealousy must construe  
Poor Cassio's smiles, gestures, and light behaviour,  
Quite in the wrong.—How do you now, lieutenant?

*Cas.* The worser, that you give me the addition,  
Whose want even kills me.

*Iago.* Ply Desdemona well, and you are sure of't.  
Now, if this suit lay in Bianca's power,

[*Speaking lower.*]

How quickly should you speed.

*Cas.* Alas, poor caitiff!

*Oth.* Look, how he laughs already! [*Aside.*]

*Iago.* I never knew a woman love man so.

*Cas.* Alas, poor rogue! I think, i'faith, she loves me.

*Oth.* Now he denies it faintly, and laughs it out.

[*Aside.*]

*Iago.* Do you hear, Cassio?

*Oth.* Now he importunes him  
tell it o'er: Go to; well said, well said. [*Aside.*]

*Iago.* She gives it out, that you shall marry her:  
Do you intend it?

*Cas.* Ha, ha, ha!

*Oth.* Do you triumph, Roman? do you triumph?

*Cas.* I marry her!—what? a customer! I pr'ythee,  
hear some charity to my wit; do not think it so un-  
wholesome. Ha, ha, ha! [*Aside.*]

*Oth.* So, so, so, so: They laugh that win. [*Aside.*]

*Iago.* 'Faith, the cry goes, that you shall marry her.

*Cas.* Pr'ythee, say true.

*Iago.* I am a very villain else.

*Oth.* Have you scored me? Well. [*Aside.*]

*Cas.* This is the monkey's own giving out: she is  
persuaded I will marry her, out of her own love and  
flattery, not out of my promise.

*Oth.* Iago beckons me; now he begins the story.

*Cas.* She was here even now; she haunts me in every  
place. I was, the other day, talking on the sea-bank  
with certain Venetians; and thither comes this bauble;  
by this hand, she falls thus about my neck;—  
[*Aside.*]

*Oth.* Crying, O dear Cassio! as it were: his gesture  
imports it. [*Aside.*]

*Cas.* So hangs, and lolls, and weeps upon me; so  
hales, and pulls me: ha, ha, ha!—

*Oth.* Now he tells, how she pluck'd him to my cham-  
ber: O, I see that nose of yours, but not that dog I  
shall throw it to. [*Aside.*]

*Cas.* Well, I must leave her company.

*Iago.* Before me! look, where she comes.

*Enter BIANCA.*

*Cas.* 'Tis such another fitchew! marry, a perfumed  
one.—What do you mean by this haunting of me?

*Bian.* Let the devil and his dam haunt you! What  
did you mean by that same handkerchief, you gave me  
even now? I was a fine fool to take it. I must take  
out the whole work?—A likely piece of work, that you  
should find it in your chamber, and not know who left

it there! This is some minx's token, and I must take out the work? There,—give it your hobby-horse: wheresoever you had it, I'll take out no work on't.

*Cas.* How now, my sweet Bianca? how now? how now?

*Oth.* By heaven, that should be my handkerchief! [*Aside.*

*Bian.* An you'll come to supper to-night, you may: an you will not, come when you are next prepared for. [*Exit.*

*Iago.* After her, after her.

*Cas.* 'Faith I must, she'll rail in the street else.

*Iago.* Will you sup there?

*Cas.* 'Faith, I intend so.

*Iago.* Well, I may chance to see you; for I would very fain speak with you.

*Cas.* Pr'ythee, come; Will you?

*Iago.* Go to; say no more. [*Exit Cassio.*

*Oth.* How shall I murder him, Iago?

*Iago.* Did you perceive how he laughed at his vice?

*Oth.* O, Iago!

*Iago.* And did you see the handkerchief?

*Oth.* Was that mine?

*Iago.* Yours, by this hand: and to see how he prizes the foolish woman, your wife! she gave it him, and he hath given it his whore.

*Oth.* I would have him nine years a killing:—  
A fine woman! a fair woman! a sweet woman!

*Iago.* Nay, you must forget that.

*Oth.* Ay, let her rot, and perish, and be damned to-night; for she shall not live: No, my heart is turned to stone; I strike it, and it hurts my hand. O, the world hath not a sweeter creature: she might lie by an emperor's side, and command him tasks.

*Iago.* Nay, that's not your way.

*Oth.* Hang her! I do but say what she is:—So delicate with her needle!—An admirable musician! O, she will sing the savageness out of a bear!—Of so high and plenteous wit and invention!—

*Iago.* She's the worse for all this.

*Oth.* O, a thousand, a thousand times;—And then,  
of so gentle a condition!—

*Iago.* Ay, too gentle.

*Oth.* Nay, that's certain: But yet the pity of it,  
*Iago!*—O, *Iago*, the pity of it, *Iago!*

*Iago.* If you are so fond over her iniquity, give her  
patent to offend; for, if it touch not you, it comes near  
nobody.

*Oth.* I will chop her into messes:—Cuckold me!

*Iago.* O, 'tis foul in her!

*Oth.* With mine officer!

*Iago.* That's fouler.

*Oth.* Get me some poison, *Iago*; this night:—I'll not  
expostulate with her, lest her body and beauty unpro-  
vide my mind again:—this night, *Iago*.

*Iago.* Do it not with poison; strangle her in her bed,  
even the bed she hath contaminated.

*Oth.* Good, good: the justice of it pleases; very  
good.

*Iago.* And, for Cassio,—let me be his undertaker:  
You shall hear more by midnight. [*A Trumpet within.*]

*Oth.* Excellent good.—What trumpet is that same?

*Iago.* Something from Venice, sure. 'Tis Lodovico,  
Come from the duke: and, see, your wife is with him.

*Enter* LODOVICO, DESDEMONA, and Attendants.

*Lod.* 'Save you, worthy general!

*Oth.* With all my heart, sir.

*Lod.* The duke and senators of Venice greet you.

[*Gives him a Packet.*]

*Oth.* I kiss the instrument of their pleasures.

[*Opens the Packet, and reads.*]

*Des.* And what's the news, good cousin Lodovico?

*Iago.* I am very glad to see you, signior;  
Welcome to Cyprus.

*Lod.* I thank you: How does lieutenant Cassio?

*Iago.* Lives, sir.

*Des.* Cousin, there's fallen between him and my lord  
An unkind breach: but you shall make all well.

*Oth.* Are you sure of that?

*Des.* My lord?



*Oth.* This fail you not to do, as you will—  
[Reads.]

*Lod.* He did not call: he's busy in the paper.  
Is there division 'twixt thy lord and Cassio?

*Des.* A most unhappy one; I would do much  
To atone them, for the love I bear to Cassio.

*Oth.* Fire and brimstone!

*Des.* My lord?

*Oth.* Are you wise?

*Des.* What, is he angry?

*Lod.* 'May be, the letter mov'd him;  
For, as I think, they do command him home,  
Deputing Cassio in his government.

*Des.* By my troth, I am glad on't.

*Oth.* Indeed.

*Des.* My lord?

*Oth.* I am glad to see you mad.

*Des.* How, sweet Othello?

*Oth.* Devil! [Striking her.]

*Des.* I have not deserv'd this.

*Lod.* My lord, this would not be believ'd in Venice,  
Though I should swear I saw it: 'Tis very much;  
Make her amends, she weeps.

*Oth.* O devil, devil!

If that the earth could teem with woman's tears,  
Each drop she falls would prove a crocodile:—  
Out of my sight!

*Des.* I will not stay to offend you.

[Going.]

*Lod.* Truly, an obedient lady:—  
I do beseech your lordship, call her back.

*Oth.* Mistress,——

*Des.* My lord?

*Oth.* What would you with her, sir?

*Lod.* Who, I, my lord?

*Oth.* Ay; you did wish, that I would make her turn:  
Sir, she can turn, and turn, and yet go on,  
And turn again; and she can weep, sir, weep:  
And she's obedient, as you say,—obedient,—  
Very obedient;—Proceed you in your tears.—  
Concerning this, sir,—O well-painted passion!

I am commanded home:—Get you away ;  
I'll send for you anon.—Sir, I obey the mandate,  
And will return to Venice;—Hence, avaunt!

[*Exit Desdemona.*]

Cassio shall have my place. And,—sir, to-night,  
I do entreat that we may sup together.  
You are welcome, sir, to Cyprus.—Goats and monkeys!

[*Exit.*]

*Lod.* Is this the noble Moor, whom our full senate  
Call—all-in-all sufficient?—This the noble nature  
Whom passion could not shake? whose solid virtue  
The shot of accident, nor dart of chance,  
Could neither graze nor pierce?

*Iago.* He is much chang'd.

*Lod.* Are his wits safe? is he not light of brain?

*Iago.* He is that he is; I may not breathe my censure.  
What he might be,—if, what he might, he is not,—  
I would to heaven, he were.

*Lod.* What, strike his wife!

*Iago.* 'Faith, that was not so well; Yet 'would I knew,  
That stroke would prove the worst.

*Lod.* Is it his use?

Or did the letters work upon his blood,  
And new-create this fault?

*Iago.* Alas, alas!

It is not honesty in me, to speak  
What I have seen and known. You shall observe him;  
And his own courses will denote him so,  
That I may save my speech: Do but go after,  
And mark how he continues.

*Lod.* I am sorry, that I am deceiv'd in him. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE II. A Room in the Castle.

*Enter OTHELLO and EMILIA.*

*Oth.* You have seen nothing then?

*Emil.* Nor ever heard; nor ever did suspect.

*Oth.* Yes, you have seen Cassio and she together.

*Emil.* But then I saw no harm: and then I heard  
Each syllable, that breath made up between them.

*Oth.* What, did they never whisper?

*Emil.*

Never, my lord.

*Oth.* Nor send you out o'the way?

*Emil.*

Never.

*Oth.* To fetch her fan, her gloves, her mask, nor

*Emil.* Never, my lord.

[nothing?

*Oth.*

That's strange.

*Emil.* I durst, my lord, to wager she is honest,  
Lay down my soul at stake: if you think other,  
Remove your thought; it doth abuse your bosom.  
If any wretch hath put this in your head,  
Let heaven requite it with the serpent's curse!  
For, if she be not honest, chaste, and true,  
'There's no man happy; the purest of their wives  
Is foul as slander.

*Oth.*

Bid her come hither:—go.—

[*Exit Emilia.*

She says enough:—yet she's a simple bawd,  
That cannot say as much. This is a subtle whore,  
A closet-lock-and-key of villanous secrets:  
And yet she'll kneel, and pray; I have seen her do't.

*Re-enter EMILIA, with DESDEMONA.*

*Des.* My lord, what is your will?

*Oth.*

Pray, chuck, come hither.

*Des.* What is your pleasure?

*Oth.*

Let me see your eyes;

Look in my face.

*Des.*

What horrible fancy's this?

*Oth.* Some of your function, mistress; [*To Emilia.*

Leave procreants alone, and shut the door;

Cough, or cry—hem, if any body come:

Your mystery, your mystery;—nay, despatch.

[*Exit Emilia.*

*Des.* Upon my knees, what doth your speech import?  
I understand a fury in your words,  
But not the words.

*Oth.* Why, what art thou?

*Des.*

Your wife, my lord; your true  
And loyal wife.

*Oth.*

Come, swear it, damn thyself;  
Nay, being like one of heaven, the devils themselves

Should fear to seize thee : therefore be double-damn'd,  
Swear—thou art honest.

*Des.* Heaven doth truly know it.

*Oth.* Heaven truly knows, that thou art false as hell.

*Des.* To whom, my lord? With whom? How am I false?

*Oth.* O Desdemona!—away! away! away!

*Des.* Alas, the heavy day?—Why do you weep?

Am I the occasion of these tears, my lord?

If, haply, you my father do suspect,

An instrument of this your calling back,

Lay not your blame on me; if you have lost him,

Why, I have lost him too.

*Oth.* Had it pleas'd heaven

To try me with affliction; had he rain'd

All kinds of sores, and shames, on my bare head;

Steep'd me in poverty to the very lips;

Given to captivity me and my utmost hopes;

I should have found in some part of my soul

A drop of patience: but (alas!) to make me

A fixed figure, for the time of scorn

To point his slow unmoving finger at,—

O! O!

Yet could I bear that too; well, very well:

But there, where I have garner'd up my heart;

Where either I must live, or bear no life;

The fountain from the which my current runs,

Or else dries up; to be discarded thence!

Or keep it as a cistern, for foul toads

To knot and gender in!—turn thy complexion there!

Patience, thou young and rose-lipp'd cherubim;

Ay, there, look grim as hell!

*Des.* I hope, my noble lord esteems me honest.

*Oth.* O, ay; as summer flies are in the shambles,

That quicken even with blowing. O thou weed,

Who art so lovely fair, and smell'st so sweet,

That the sense aches at thee.—'Would, thou hadst ne'er  
been born!

*Des.* Alas, what ignorant sin have I committed?

*Oth.* Was this fair paper, this most goodly book,  
Made to write whore upon? What committed!

Committed!—O thou public commoner!  
 I should make very forges of my cheeks,  
 That would to cinders burn up modesty,  
 Did I but speak thy deeds.—What committed!  
 Heaven stops the nose at it, and the moon winks;  
 The bawdy wind, that kisses all it meets,  
 Is hush'd within the hollow mine of earth,  
 And will not hear it: What committed!—  
 Impudent strumpet!

*Des.* By heaven, you do me wrong.

*Oth.* Are not you a strumpet?

*Des.* No, as I am a Christian:  
 If to preserve this vessel for my lord,  
 From any other foul unlawful touch,  
 Be—not to be a strumpet, I am none.

*Oth.* What, not a whore?

*Des.* No, as I shall be saved.

*Oth.* Is it possible?

*Des.* O, heaven forgive us!

*Oth.* I cry you mercy, then;  
 I took you for that cunning whore of Venice,  
 That married with Othello.—You, mistress,

*Re-enter EMILIA.*

That have the office opposite to saint Peter,  
 And keep the gate of hell; You! you! ay, you!  
 We have done our course; there's money for your pains;  
 I pray you, turn the key, and keep our counsel. [*Exit.*]

*Emil.* Alas, what does this gentleman conceive?—  
 How do you, madam? how do you, my good lady?

*Des.* 'Faith, half asleep.

*Emil.* Good madam, what's the matter with my lord?

*Des.* With who?

*Emil.* Why, with my lord, madam.

*Des.* Who is thy lord?

*Emil.* He that is yours, sweet lady.

*Des.* I have none: Do not talk to me, Emilia;  
 I cannot weep; nor answer I have none,  
 But what should go by water. Pr'ythee, to-night  
 Lay on my bed my wedding sheets,—remember;—  
 I call thy husband hither.

*Emil.* Here is a change, indeed! [*Exit.*]

*Des.* 'Tis meet I should be us'd so, very meet.  
How have I been behav'd, that he might stick  
The small'st opinion on my great'st abuse?

*Re-enter EMILIA, with IAGO.*

*Iago.* What is your pleasure, madam? How is it  
with you?

*Des.* I cannot tell. Those, that do teach young babes,  
Do it with gentle means, and easy tasks:  
He might have chid me so; for, in good faith,  
I am a child to chiding.

*Iago.* What's the matter, lady?

*Emil.* Alas, Iago, my lord hath so bewhor'd her,  
Thrown such despite and heavy terms upon her,  
As true hearts cannot bear.

*Des.* Am I that name, Iago?

*Iago.* What name, fair lady?

*Des.* Such as, she says, my lord did say I was.

*Emil.* He call'd her, whore; a beggar, in his drink,  
Could not have laid such terms upon his callet.

*Iago.* Why did he so?

*Des.* I do not know; I am sure, I am none such.

*Iago.* Do not weep, do not weep; Alas, the day!

*Emil.* Has she forsook so many noble matches,  
Her father, and her country, and her friends,  
To be call'd—whore? would it not make one weep?

*Des.* It is my wretched fortune.

*Iago.* Beshrew him for it!

How comes this trick upon him?

*Des.* Nay, heaven doth know.

*Emil.* I will be hang'd, if some eternal villain,  
Some busy and insinuating rogue,  
Some cogging cozening slave, to get some office,  
Have not devis'd this slander; I'll be hang'd else.

*Iago.* Fie, there is no such man: it is impossible.

*Des.* If any such there be, heaven pardon him!

*Emil.* A halter pardon him! and hell gnaw his bones!  
Why should he call her, whore? who keeps her company?  
What place? what time? what form? what likelihood?

The Moor's abus'd by some most villanous knave,  
Some base notorious knave, some scurvy fellow :—  
O, heaven, that such companions thou'dst unfold ;  
And put in every honest hand a whip,  
To lash the rascal naked through the world,  
Even from the east to the west!

*Iago.* Speak within door.

*Emil.* O, fie upon him! some such 'squire he was,  
That turn'd your wit the seamy side without,  
And made you to suspect me with the Moor.

*Iago.* You are a fool; go to.

*Des.*

O good Iago,

What shall I do to win my lord again?

Good friend, go to him; for, by this light of heaven,  
I know not how I lost him. Here I kneel :—

If e'er my will did trespass 'gainst his love,  
Either in discourse of thought, or actual deed ;

Or that mine eyes, mine ears, or any sense,  
Delighted them in any other form ;

Or that I do not yet, and ever did,

And ever will,—though he do shake me off  
To beggarly divorcement,—love him dearly,  
Comfort forswear me! Unkindness may do much ;

And his unkindness may defeat my life,  
But never taint my love. I cannot say, whore ;

It does abhor me, now I speak the word ;

To do the act that might the addition earn,

Not the world's mass of vanity could make me.

*Iago.* I pray you, be content; 'tis but his humour ;  
The business of the state does him offence,  
And he does chide with you.

*Des.*

If 'twere no other,—

*Iago.* It is but so, I warrant you. [Trumpets.  
Hark, how these instruments summon to supper!

And the great messengers of Venice stay :

Go in, and weep not; all things shall be well.

[Exeunt Desdemona and Emilia.]

Enter RODERIGO.

How now, Roderigo?

*Rod.* I do not find, that thou deal'st justly with me.

*Iago.* What in the contrary?

*Rod.* Every day thou doff'st me with some device, Iago; and rather (as it seems to me now), keep'st from me all conveniency, than suppliest me with the least advantage of hope. I will, indeed, no longer endure it: Nor am I yet persuaded, to put up in peace what already I have foolishly suffered.

*Iago.* Will you hear me, Roderigo?

*Rod.* 'Faith, I have heard too much; for your words and performances are no kin together.

*Iago.* You charge me most unjustly.

*Rod.* With nought but truth. I have wasted myself out of my means. The jewels you have had from me, to deliver to Desdemona, would half have corrupted a votarist: You have told me—she has received them, and returned me expectations and comforts of sudden respect and acquittance; but I find none.

*Iago.* Well; go to; very well.

*Rod.* Very well! go to! I cannot go to, man; nor 'tis not very well: By this hand, I say, it is very scurvy: and begin to find myself fobbed in it.

*Iago.* Very well.

*Rod.* I tell you, 'tis not very well. I will make myself known to Desdemona: If she will return me my jewels, I will give over my suit, and repent my unlawful solicitation; if not, assure yourself, I will seek satisfaction of you.

*Iago.* You have said now.

*Rod.* Ay, and I have said nothing, but what I protest intendment of doing.

*Iago.* Why, now I see there's mettle in thee; and even, from this instant, do build on thee a better opinion than ever before. Give me thy hand, Roderigo: Thou hast taken against me a most just exception; but, yet, I protest, I have dealt most directly in thy affair.

*Rod.* It hath not appeared.

*Iago.* I grant, indeed, it hath not appeared; and your suspicion is not without wit and judgment. But, Re-



derigo, if thou hast that within thee indeed, which I have greater reason to believe now than ever,—I mean, purpose, courage, and valour,—this night show it: if thou the next night following enjoyest not Desdemona, take me from this world with treachery, and devise engines for my life.

*Rod.* Well, what is it? is it within reason and compass?

*Iago.* Sir, there is especial commission come from Venice, to depute Cassio in Othello's place.

*Rod.* Is that true? why, then Othello and Desdemona return again to Venice.

*Iago.* O, no; he goes into Mauritania, and takes away with him the fair Desdemona, unless his abode be lingered here by some accident; wherein none can be so determinate, as the removing of Cassio.

*Rod.* How do you mean—removing of him?

*Iago.* Why, by making him incapable of Othello's place; knocking out his brains.

*Rod.* And that you would have me do?

*Iago.* Ay, if you dare do yourself a profit, and a right. He sups to-night with a harlot, and thither will I go to him;—he knows not yet of his honourable fortune: if you will watch his going thence (which I will fashion to fall out between twelve and one), you may take him at your pleasure; I will be near to second your attempt, and he shall fall between us. Come, stand not amazed at it, but go along with me; I will show you such a necessity in his death, that you shall think yourself bound to put it on him. It is now high supper-time, and the night grows to waste: about it.

*Rod.* I will hear further reason for this.

*Iago.* And you shall be satisfied.

[*Exeunt.*]

*SCENE III. Another Room in the Castle.*

*Enter OTHELLO, LODOVICO, DESDEMONA, EMILIA, and Attendants.*

*Lod.* I do beseech you, sir, trouble yourself no further.

*Oth.* O, pardon me; 'twill do me good to walk.

*Lod.* Madam, good night; I humbly thank your  
*Des.* Your honour is most welcome. [ladyship.

*Oth.* Will you walk, sir?—

O,—Desdemona,—

*Des.* My lord?

*Oth.* Get you to bed on the instant, I will be returned  
forthwith: dismiss your attendant there; look, it be  
done.

*Des.* I will, my lord.

[*Exeunt Othello, Lodovico, and Attendants.*

*Emil.* How goes it now? he looks gentler than he did.

*Des.* He says, he will return incontinent;  
He hath commanded me to go to bed,  
And bade me to dismiss you.

*Emil.* Dismiss me!

*Des.* It was his bidding; therefore, good Emilia,  
Give me my nightly wearing, and adieu:  
We must not now displease him.

*Emil.* I would, you had never seen him!

*Des.* So would not I; my love doth so approve him,  
That even his stubbornness, his checks, and frowns,—  
Pr'ythee, unpin me,—have grace and favour in them.

*Emil.* I have laid those sheets you bade me on the bed.

*Des.* All's one:—Good father! how foolish are our  
If I do die before thee, pr'ythee, shroud me [minds!—  
In one of those same sheets.

*Emil.* Come, come, you talk.

*Des.* My mother had a maid, call'd—Barbara;  
She was in love; and he, she lov'd, prov'd mad,  
And did forsake her: she had a song of—willow,  
An old thing 'twas, but it express'd her fortune,  
And she died singing it: That song, to-night,  
Will not go from my mind; I have much to do,  
But to go hang my head all at one side,  
And sing it like poor Barbara. Pr'ythee, despatch.

*Emil.* Shall I go fetch your night-gown?

*Des.* No, unpin me here.—  
This Lodovico is a proper man.

*Emil.* A very handsome man.

*Des.*

And he speaks well!

*Emil.* I know a lady in Venice, who would have walked barefoot to Palestine, for a touch of his nether lip.

## I.

*Des.* *The poor soul sat sighing by a sycamore tree,  
Sing all a green willow;* [Singing.  
*Her hand on her bosom, her head on her knee,  
Sing willow, willow, willow:  
The fresh streams ran by her, and murmur'd her moans;  
Sing willow, &c.  
Her salt tears fell from her, and soften'd the stones;*  
*Lay by these:*  
*Sing willow, willow, willow;*  
*Pr'ythee, hie thee; he'll come anon.—*  
*Sing all a green willow must be my garland.*

## II.

*Let nobody blame him, his scorn I approve,—*  
*Nay, that's not next.—Hark! who is it that knocks?*  
*Emil.* It is the wind.  
*Des.* *I call'd my love, false love; but what said he then?*  
*Sing willow, &c.*  
*If I court mo women, you'll couch with mo men.*  
*So, get thee gone; good night. Mine eyes do itch;*  
*Doth that bode weeping?*  
*Emil.* 'Tis neither here nor there.  
*Des.* I have heard it said so.—O, these men, these men!—  
*Dost thou in conscience think,—tell me, Emilia,*  
*That there be women do abuse their husbands*  
*In such gross kind?*  
*Emil.* There be some such, no question.  
*Des.* Wouldst thou do such a deed for all the world?  
*Emil.* Why, would not you?  
*Des.* No, by this heavenly light!  
*Emil.* Nor I neither by this heavenly light;  
*I might do't as well i'the dark.*  
*Des.* Wouldst thou do such a deed for all the world?  
*Emil.* The world is a huge thing: 'Tis a great price  
For a small vice.

*Des.* Good troth, I think thou wouldst not.

*Emil.* By my troth, I think I should; and undo't, when I had done. Marry, I would not do such a thing for a joint-ring; nor for measures of lawn; nor for gowns, petticoats, nor caps, nor any petty exhibition: but, for the whole world.—Why, who would not make her husband a cuckold, to make him a monarch? I should venture purgatory for't.

*Des.* Beshrew me, if I would do such a wrong for the whole world.

*Emil.* Why, the wrong is but a wrong i'the world; and, having the world for your labour, 'tis a wrong in your own world, and you might quickly make it right.

*Des.* I do not think there is any such woman.

*Emil.* Yes, a dozen; and as many  
To the vantage, as would store the world they play'd for.  
But, I do think, it is their husbands' faults,  
If wives do fall: Say, that they slack their duties,  
And pour our treasures into foreign laps;  
Or else break out in peevish jealousies,  
Throwing restraint upon us; or, say, they strike us,  
Or scant our former having in despite;  
Why, we have galls; and, though we have some grace,  
Yet we have some revenge. Let husbands know,  
Their wives have sense like them: they see, and smell,  
And have their palates both for sweet and sour,  
As husbands have. What is it that they do,  
When they change us for others? Is it sport?  
I think it is; And doth affection breed it?  
I think, it doth; Is't frailty, that thus errs?  
It is so too: And have not we affections?  
Desires for sport? and frailty, as men have?  
Then, let them use us well: else, let them know,  
The ills we do, their ills instruct us to. [send,

*Des.* Good night, good night: Heaven me such usage  
Not to pick bad from bad; but, by bad, mend!

[Exeunt.

## ACT V.



### SCENE I. - A Street.

*Enter IAGO and RODERIGO.*

*Iago.* Here, stand behind this bulk; straight will he  
Wear thy good rapier bare, and put it home; [come:  
Quick, quick; fear nothing; I'll be at thy elbow:  
It makes us, or it mars us: think on that,  
And fix most firm thy resolution.

*Rod.* Be near at hand; I may miscarry in't.

*Iago.* Here, at thy hand; be bold, and take thy sword.  
[Retires to a little distance.

*Rod.* I have no great devotion to the deed;  
And yet he has given me satisfying reasons:—  
'Tis but a man gone:—forth, my sword; he dies.

[Goes to his Stand.

*Iago.* I have rubb'd this young quat almost to the sense,  
And he grows angry. Now, whether he kill Cassio,  
Or Cassio him, or each do kill the other,  
Every way makes my gain: Live Roderigo,  
He calls me to a restitution large

Of gold, and jewels, that I bobb'd from him,  
As gifts to Desdemona;  
It must not be: if Cassio do remain,  
He hath a daily beauty in his life,  
That makes me ugly; and, besides, the Moor  
May unfold me to him; there stand I in much peril:  
No, he must die:—But so, I hear him coming.

*Enter CASSIO.*

*Rod.* I know his gait, 'tis he;—Villain, thou diest.

*[Rushes from his Post, and makes a Pass at Cassio.]*

*Cas.* That thrust had been mine enemy indeed,  
But that my coat is better than thou think'st;  
I will make proof of thine.

*[Draws, and wounds Roderigo.]*

*Rod.* O, I am slain!

*[Iago rushes from his Post, cuts Cassio behind  
in the Leg, and exit.]*

*Cas.* I am maim'd for ever:—Help, ho! murder;  
murder! *[Falls.]*

*Enter OTHELLO, at a distance.*

*Oth.* The voice of Cassio:—Iago keeps his word.

*Rod.* O, villain that I am!

*Oth.* Hark! 'tis even so.

*Cas.* O, help! ho! light! a surgeon!

*Oth.* 'Tis he;—O brave Iago, honest, and just,  
That hast such noble sense of thy friend's wrong!  
Thou teachest me,—Minion, your dear lies dead,  
And your fate hies apace:—Strumpet, I come:  
Forth of my heart those charms, thine eyes, are blotted;  
Thy bed, lust-stain'd, shall with lust's blood be spotted.  
*[Exit Othello.]*

*Enter LODOVICO and GRATIANO, at a distance.*

*Cas.* What, ho! no watch? no passage? murder!  
murder!

*Gra.* 'Tis some mischance; the cry is very direful.

*Cas.* O, help!

*Lod.* Hark!

*Rod.* O wretched villain!

*Lod.* Two or three groans;—it is a heavy night;  
These may be counterfeits; let's think't unsafe  
To come in to the cry, without more help.

*Rod.* Nobody come? then shall I bleed to death.

*Enter IAGO, with a Light.*

*Lod.* Hark! [weapons.

*Gra.* Here's one comes in his shirt, with light and

*Iago.* Who's there? whose noise is this, that cries on

*Lod.* We do not know. [murder?

*Iago.* Did you not hear a cry?

*Cas.* Here, here; for heaven's sake, help me.

*Iago.* What's the matter?

*Gra.* This is Othello's ancient, as I take it.

*Lod.* The same, indeed; a very valiant fellow.

*Iago.* What are you here, that cry so grievously?

*Cas.* Iago? O, I am spoil'd, undone by villains!

Give me some help.

*Iago.* O me, lieutenant! what villains have done this?

*Cas.* I think, that one of them is hereabout,  
And cannot make away.

*Iago.* O treacherous villains!—  
What are you there? come in, and give some help.

[*To Lodovico and Gratiano.*

*Rod.* O, help me here!

*Cas.* That's one of them.

*Iago.* O murderous slave! O villain;  
[*Iago stabs Roderigo.*

*Rod.* O damn'd Iago! O inhuman dog!—  
O! O! O! [thieves?

*Iago.* Kill men i'the dark;—Where be these bloody  
How silent is this town!—Ho! murder! murder!

What may you be? are you of good, or evil?

*Lod.* As you shall prove us, praise us.

*Iago.* Signior Lodovico?

*Lod.* He, sir.

*Iago.* I cry you mercy; Here's Cassio hurt  
By villains.

*Gra.* Cassio?

*Iago.* How is it, brother?

*Cas.* My leg is cut in two.

*Iago.* Marry, heaven forbid!—  
Light, gentlemen; I'll bind it with my shirt.

*Enter BIANCA.*

*Bian.* What is the matter, ho? who is't that cry'd?

*Iago.* Who is't that cry'd?

*Bian.* O my dear Cassio! my sweet Cassio!  
O Cassio! Cassio! Cassio!

*Iago.* O notable strumpet!—Cassio, may you suspect  
Who they should be, that have thus mangled you?

*Cas.* No. [you.]

*Gra.* I am sorry to find you thus: I have been to seek

*Iago.* Lend me a garter: So.—O, for a chair,  
To bear him easily hence!

*Bian.* Alas, he faints:—O Cassio! Cassio! Cassio!

*Iago.* Gentlemen all, I do suspect this trash  
To be a party in this injury.—  
Patience awhile, good Cassio.—Come, come;  
Lend me a light.—Know we this face, or no?  
Alas! my friend; and my dear countryman,  
Roderigo? no:—Yes, sure; O heaven! Roderigo.

*Gra.* What, of Venice?

*Iago.* Even he, sir; did you know him?

*Gra.* Know him? ay.

*Iago.* Signior Gratiano? I cry you gentle pardon;  
These bloody accidents must excuse my manners,  
'That so neglected you.

*Gra.* I am glad to see you.

*Iago.* How do you, Cassio?—O, a chair, a chair!

*Gra.* Roderigo!

*Iago.* He, he, 'tis he:—O, that's well said;—the  
chair:— [A Chair brought in.]  
Some good man bear him carefully from hence;  
I'll fetch the general's surgeon.—For you, mistress,  
[To Bianca.]

Save you your labour.—He that lies slain here, Cassio,  
Was my dear friend: What malice was between you?

*Cas.* None in the world; nor do I know the man.

*Iago.* [To Bian.] What, look you pale?—O, bear him  
out o'the air.— [Cas. and Rod. are borne off.]



Stay you, good gentlemen:—Look you pale, mistress?  
 Do you perceive the gastness of her eye?—  
 Nay, if you stare, we shall hear more anon:—  
 Behold her well; I pray you, look upon her;  
 Do you see, gentlemen? nay, guiltiness will speak,  
 'Though tongues were out of use.

*Enter EMILIA.*

*Emil.* 'Las, what's the matter; what's the matter, husband?

*Iago.* Cassio hath here been set on in the dark,  
 By Roderigo, and fellows that are scap'd;  
 He's almost slain, and Roderigo dead.

*Emil.* Alas, good gentleman! alas, good Cassio!

*Iago.* This is the fruit of whoring.—Pr'ythee, Emilia,  
 Go know of Cassio where he supp'd to-night:—  
 What, do you shake at that? [not.

*Bian.* He supp'd at my house; but I therefore shake

*Iago.* O, did he so? I charge you, go with me.

*Emil.* Fie, fie upon thee, strumpet!

*Bian.* I am no strumpet; but of life as honest,  
 As you that thus abuse me.

*Emil.* As I? foh! fie upon thee!

*Iago.* Kind gentlemen, let's go see poor Cassio  
 dress'd:—

Come, mistress, you must tell us another tale.—

*Emilia,* run you to the citadel,

And tell my lord and lady what has happ'd.—

Will you go on, I pray?—This is the night, [Aside.  
 That either makes me, or fordoes me quite. [Exeunt.

SCENE II. A Bedchamber: DESDEMONA in Bed  
 asleep. A Light burning.

*Enter OTHELLO.*

*Oth.* It is the cause, it is the cause, my soul,—  
 Let me not name it to you, you chaste stars!—  
 It is the cause.—Yet I'll not shed her blood;  
 Nor scar that whiter skin of hers than snow,  
 And smooth as monumental alabaster.

[Takes off his Sword.

Yet she must die, else she'll betray more men.  
Put out the light, and then put out the light :  
If I quench thee, thou flaming minister,  
I can again thy former light restore,  
Should I repent me :—but once put out thine,  
Thou cunning'st pattern of excelling nature,  
I know not where is that Promethean heat,  
That can thy light relume. When I have pluck'd thy rose,  
I cannot give it vital growth again,  
It needs must wither :—I'll smell it on the tree.—

[Kissing her.]

O balmy breath, that dost almost persuade  
Justice to break her sword !—One more, one more.—  
Be thus when thou art dead, and I will kill thee,  
And love thee after :—One more, and this the last :  
So sweet was ne'er so fatal. I must weep,  
But they are cruel tears : This sorrow's heavenly ;  
It strikes, where it doth love.—She wakes—

*Des.* Who's there? Othello?

*Oth.* Ay, Desdemona.

*Des.* Will you come to bed, my lord?

*Oth.* Have you pray'd to-night, Desdemona?

*Des.* Ay, my lord.

*Oth.* If you bethink yourself of any crime,  
Unreconcil'd as yet to heaven and grace,  
Solicit for it straight.

*Des.* Alas, my lord, what may you mean by that?

*Oth.* Well, do it, and be brief; I will walk by :  
I would not kill thy unprepared spirit ;  
No,—Heaven forbid !—I would not kill thy soul.

*Des.* Talk you of killing?

*Oth.* Ay, I do.

*Des.* Then, heaven  
Have mercy on me!

*Oth.* Amen, with all my heart!

*Des.* If you say so, I hope you will not kill me.

*Oth.* Humph!

*Des.* And yet I fear you : for you are fatal then,  
When your eyes roll so : Why I should fear, I know not,  
Since guiltiness I know not ; but yet, I feel, I fear.

*Oth.* Think on thy sins.

*Des.* They are loves I bear to you.

*Oth.* Ay, and for that thou diest.

*Des.* That death's unnatural, that kills for loving.—

Alas, why gnaw you so your nether lip?

Some bloody passion shakes your very frame:

These are portents; but yet, I hope, I hope,

They did not point on me.

*Oth.* Peace, and be still.

*Des.* I will so: What's the matter?

*Oth.* That handkerchief, which I so lov'd, and gave  
Thou gav'st to Cassio. [thee,

*Des.* No, by my life and soul;  
Send for the man, and ask him.

*Oth.* Sweet soul, take heed,  
Take heed of perjury; thou'rt on thy death-bed.

*Des.* Ay, but not yet to die.

*Oth.* Yes, presently:  
Therefore confess thee freely of thy sin;  
For to deny each article with oath,  
Cannot remove, nor choke, the strong conception,  
That I do groan withal. Thou art to die.

*Des.* Then, Lord have mercy on me!

*Oth.* I say, amen.

*Des.* And have you mercy too!—I never did  
Offend you in my life; never lov'd Cassio,  
But with such general warranty of heaven  
As I might love: I never gave him token.

*Oth.* By heaven, I saw my handkerchief in his hand.  
O perjur'd woman! thou dost stone my heart,  
And mak'st me call, what I intend to do,—  
A murder, which I thought a sacrifice:  
I saw the handkerchief.

*Des.* He found it then;  
I never gave it him:—Send for him hither,  
And let him confess a truth.

*Oth.* He hath confess'd.

*Des.* What, my lord?

*Oth.* That he hath—us'd thee.

*Des.* How? unlawfully?

*Oth.* Ay.

*Des.* He'll not say so.

*Oth.* No, his mouth is stopp'd;  
Honest Iago hath ta'en order for't.

*Des.* My fear interprets then,—What, is he dead?

*Oth.* Had all his hairs been lives, my great revenge  
Had stomach for them all.

*Des.* Alas! he is betray'd, and I undone.

*Oth.* Out, strumpet! Weep'st thou for him to my face?

*Des.* O, banish me, my lord, but kill me not.

*Oth.* Down, strumpet!

*Des.* Kill me to-morrow, let me live to-night.

*Oth.* Nay, if you strive,—

*Des.* But half an hour.

*Oth.* Being done,  
There is no pause.

*Des.* But while I say one prayer.

*Oth.* It is too late. [*He smothers her.*]

*Emil.* [*Within*] My lord, my lord! what ho! my lord!  
my lord!

*Oth.* What noise is this?—Not dead? not yet quite  
I, that am cruel, am yet merciful; [dead?  
I would not have thee linger in thy pain.—  
So, so.

*Emil.* [*Within*] What ho! my lord, my lord!

*Oth.* Who's there?

*Emil.* [*Within*] O, good, my lord, I would speak a  
word with you.

*Oth.* Yes;—'tis Emilia:—by and by.—She's dead.  
'Tis like she comes to speak of Cassio's death:  
The noise was high.—Ha! no more moving?  
Still as the grave. Shall she come in? Were't good?  
I think, she stirs again:—No.—What's the best?  
If she come in, she'll sure speak to my wife:—  
My wife! my wife! what wife?—I have no wife:  
O, insupportable! O heavy hour!  
Methinks, it should be now a huge eclipse  
Of sun and moon; and that the affrighted globe  
Should yawn at alteration.

*Emil.* [*Within*] I do beseech you, I may speak with  
O, good, my lord! [you,

*Oth.* I had forgot thee: O, come in, Emilia:—

Soft,—by and by:—Let me the curtains draw.—

Where art thou? What's the matter with thee now?

[Unlocks the Door.]

Enter EMILIA.

Emil. O, good, my lord, yonder's foul murder done.

Oth. What? now?

Emil. But now, my lord!

Oth. It is the very error of the moon;  
She comes more near the earth than she was wont,  
And makes men mad.

Emil. Cassio, my lord, has kill'd a young Venetian,  
Call'd—Roderigo.

Oth. Roderigo kill'd?  
And Cassio kill'd?

Emil. No, Cassio is not kill'd.

Oth. Not Cassio kill'd? Then murder's out of tune,  
And sweet revenge grows harsh.

Des. O falsely, falsely murder'd!

Emil. Alas! what cry is that?

Oth. That! what?

Emil. Out, and alas! that was my lady's voice:—  
Help! help, ho! help!—O lady, speak again!  
Sweet Desdemona! O, sweet mistress, speak!

Des. A guiltless death I die.

Emil. O, who hath done  
This deed?

Des. Nobody; I myself; farewell:  
Commend me to my kind lord; O, farewell. [Dies.]

Oth. Why, how should she be murder'd?

Emil. Alas, who knows?

Oth. You heard her say herself, it was not I.

Emil. She said so; I must needs report the truth.

Oth. She's, like a liar, gone to burning hell;  
'Twas I that kill'd her.

Emil. O, the more angel she,  
And you the blacker devil!

Oth. She turn'd to folly, and she was a whore.

Emil. Thou dost belie her, and thou art a devil.

Oth. She was false as water.

*Emil.* 'Thou art rash as fire, to say  
That she was false; O, she was heavenly true!

*Oth.* Cassio did tup her; ask thy husband else.  
O, I were damn'd beneath all depth in hell,  
But that I did proceed upon just grounds  
To this extremity; thy husband knew it all.

*Emil.* My husband?

*Oth.* Thy husband.

*Emil.* That she was false to wedlock?

*Oth.* Ay, with Cassio.

Nay, had she been true,  
If heaven would make me such another world  
Of one entire and perfect chrysolite,  
I'd not have sold her for it.

*Emil.* My husband?

*Oth.* Ay, 'twas he that told me first;  
An honest man he is, and hates the slime  
That sticks on filthy deeds.

*Emil.* My husband?

*Oth.* What needs this iterance, woman? I say, thy  
husband.

*Emil.* O mistress, villany hath made mocks with  
My husband say, that she was false? [love!—

*Oth.* He, woman;

I say, thy husband: Dost understand the word?  
My friend, thy husband, honest, honest Iago.

*Emil.* If he say so, may his pernicious soul  
Rot half a grain a day! he lies to the heart;  
She was too fond of her most filthy bargain.

*Oth.* Ha!

*Emil.* Do thy worst:  
This deed of thine is no more worthy heaven,  
Than thou wast worthy her.

*Oth.* Peace, you were best.

*Emil.* 'Thou hast not half the power to do me harm,  
As I have to be hurt. O gull! O dolt!  
As ignorant as dirt! thou hast done a deed,—  
I care not for thy sword; I'll make thee known,  
Though I lost twenty lives:—Help! help, ho! help!  
The Moor has kill'd my mistress; Murder! murder!

*Enter MONTANO, GRATIANO, and IAGO.*

*Mon.* What is the matter?—How now, general?

*Emil.* O, are you come, Iago? you have done well,  
That men must lay their murders on your neck.

*Gra.* What is the matter?

*Emil.* Disprove this villain, if thou be'st a man :  
He says, thou told'st him that his wife was false :  
I know, thou didst not, thou'rt not such a villain ;  
Speak, for my heart is full.

*Iago.* I told him what I thought ; and told no more  
Than what he found himself was apt and true.

*Emil.* But did you ever tell him she was false?

*Iago.* I did.

*Emil.* You told a lie ; an odious, damned lie ;  
Upon my soul, a lie ; a wicked lie :—  
She false with Cassio!—Did you say, with Cassio?

*Iago.* With Cassio, mistress ; Go to, charm your tongue.

*Emil.* I will not charm my tongue ; I am bound to speak ;  
My mistress here lies murder'd in her bed.

*All.* O heavens forfend !

*Emil.* And your reports have set the murder on.

*Oth.* Nay, stare not, masters ; it is true, indeed.

*Gra.* 'Tis a strange truth.

*Mon.* O monstrous act !

*Emil.* Villany, villany, villany!—  
I think upon't,—I think,—I smell't ;—O villany !  
I thought so then ;—I'll kill myself for grief.—  
O villany, villany !

*Iago.* What, are you mad? I charge you, get you home.

*Emil.* Good gentlemen, let me have leave to speak ;  
'Tis proper I obey him, but not now :—  
Perchance, Iago, I will ne'er go home.

*Oth.* O! O! O! [*Hanging over his Wife.*

*Emil.* Nay, lay thee down, and roar ;  
For thou hast kill'd the sweetest innocent,  
That e'er did lift up eye.

*Oth.* O, she was foul!— [*Rising.*  
I scarce did know you, uncle : There lies your niece,  
Whose breath, indeed, these hands have newly stopp'd :  
I know, this act shows horrible and grim.

*Gra.* Poor Desdemona ! I am glad thy father's dead ;

Thy match was mortal to him, and pure grief  
Shore his old thread in twain: did he live now,  
This sight would make him do a desperate turn,  
Yea, curse his better angel from his side,  
And fall to reprobation.

*Oth.* 'Tis pitiful: but yet Iago knows,  
That she with Cassio hath the act of shame  
A thousand times committed; Cassio confess'd it:  
And she did gratify his amorous works  
With that recognizance and pledge of love  
Which I first gave her: I saw it in his hand;  
It was a handkerchief, an antique token  
My father gave my mother.

*Emil.* O heaven! O heavenly powers!

*Iago.* Come, hold your peace.

*Emil.* 'Twill out, 'twill out:—I hold my peace, sir?  
No, I will speak as liberal as the air; [no;  
Let heaven, and men, and devils, let them all,  
All, all, cry shame against me, yet I'll speak.

*Iago.* Be wise, and get you home.

*Emil.*

I will not.

[*Iago offers to stab his Wife.*

*Gra.*

Fie!

Your sword upon a woman? [speak'st of,

*Emil.* O thou dull Moor! that handkerchief thou  
I found by fortune, and did give my husband;  
For often, with a solemn earnestness  
(More than, indeed, belong'd to such a trifle),  
He begg'd of me to steal it.

*Iago.*

Villanous whore!

*Emil.* She gave it Cassio! no, alas; I found it,  
And I did give't my husband.

*Iago.*

Filth, thou liest.

*Emil.* By heaven, I do not; I do not, gentlemen:  
O murd'rous coxcomb! what should such a fool  
Do with so good a wife? [*Iago stabs Emil. then runs out.*

*Oth.* Are there no stones in heaven,  
But what serve for the thunder?—Precious villain!

*Gra.* The woman falls; sure he has kill'd his wife.

*Emil.* Ay, ay; O, lay me by my mistress' side!

*Gra.* He's gone; but his wife's kill'd.



*Mon.* 'Tis a notorious villain. Take you this weapon,  
Which I have here recover'd from the Moor:  
Come, guard the door without; let him not pass,  
But kill him rather; I'll after that same villain;  
For 'tis a damned slave. [*Exeunt Mon. and Gra.*]

*Oth.* I am not valiant neither,  
But every puny whipster gets my sword:—  
But why should honour outlive honesty?  
Let it go all.

*Emil.* What did thy song bode, lady?  
Hark, canst thou hear me? I will play the swan,  
And die in music;—*Willow, willow, willow.*—  
Moor, she was chaste; she lov'd thee, cruel Moor:  
So come my soul to bliss, as I speak true;  
So speaking as I think, I die,—I die. [*Dies.*]

*Oth.* I have another weapon in this chamber,  
It is a sword of Spain, the ice-brook's temper;—  
O, here it is:—Uncle, I must come forth.

*Gra.* [*Within*] If thou attempt it, it will cost thee dear;  
Thou hast no weapon, and perforce must suffer.

*Oth.* Look in upon me then, and speak with me,  
Or, naked as I am, I will assault thee.

*Re-enter GRATIANO.*

*Gra.* What is the matter?

*Oth.* Behold! I have a weapon;  
A better never did itself sustain  
Upon a soldier's thigh: I have seen the day,  
That, with this little arm, and this good sword,  
I have made my way through more impediments  
Than twenty times your stop:—But, O vain boast!  
Who can control his fate? 'tis not so now.—  
Be not afraid, though you do see me weapon'd;  
Here is my journey's end, here is my butt,  
And very sea-mark of my utmost sail.  
Do you go back dismay'd? 'tis a lost fear;  
Man but a rush against Othello's breast,  
And he retires;—Where should Othello go?—  
Now, how dost thou look now? O ill-starr'd wench!  
'Tale as thy smock! when we shall meet at compt,  
This look of thine will hurl my soul from heaven,

And fiends will snatch at it. Cold, cold, my girl?  
 Even like thy chastity.—  
 O cursed, cursed slave?—Whip me, ye devils,  
 From the possession of this heavenly sight!  
 Blow me about in winds! roast me in sulphur!  
 Wash me in steep-down gulfs of liquid fire!—  
 O Desdemona! Desdemona! dead?  
 Dead? O! O! O!

*Enter* LODOVICO, MONTANO, CASSIO, *carried in a*  
*Chair, and Officers, with* IAGO, *Prisoner.*

*Lod.* Where is this rash and most unfortunate man?

*Oth.* That's he, that was Othello; here I am.

*Lod.* Where is that viper? bring the villain forth.

*Oth.* I look down towards his feet;—but that's a fable:  
 If that thou be'st a devil, I cannot kill thee.

*[Othello wounds Iago.]*

*Lod.* Wrench his sword from him.

*Iago.* I bleed, sir; but not kill'd.

*Oth.* I am not sorry neither; I'd have thee live;  
 For, in my sense, 'tis happiness to die.

*Lod.* O thou Othello, that was once so good,  
 Fall'n in the practice of a cursed slave,  
 What shall be said to thee?

*Oth.* Why, any thing:  
 An honourable murderer, if you will;  
 For nought I did in hate, but all in honour.

*Lod.* This wretch hath part confess'd his villany:  
 Did you and he consent in Cassio's death?

*Oth.* Ay.

*Cas.* Dear general, I never gave you cause.

*Oth.* I do believe it, and I ask your pardon.  
 Will you, I pray you, demand that demi-devil,  
 Why he hath thus ensnar'd my soul and body?

*Iago.* Demand me nothing: What you know, you  
 From this time forth I never will speak word. *[know:]*

*Lod.* What? not to pray?

*Gra.* Torments will ope your lips.

*Oth.* Well, thou dost best.

*Lod.* Sir, you shall understand what hath befall'n,

Which, as I think, you know not: Here is a letter,  
Found in the pocket of the slain Roderigo;  
And here, another: the one of them imports  
The death of Cassio to be undertook  
By Roderigo.

*Oth.* O villain!

*Cas.* Most heathenish, and most gross!

*Lod.* Now here's another discontented paper,  
Found in his pocket too; and this, it seems,  
Roderigo meant to have sent this damned villain;  
But that, belike, Iago in the interim  
Came in and satisfied him.

*Oth.* O the pernicious caitiff!—  
How came you, Cassio, by that handkerchief  
That was my wife's?

*Cas.* I found it in my chamber:  
And he himself confess'd, but even now,  
That there he dropp'd it, for a special purpose,  
Which wrought to his desire.

*Oth.* O fool! fool! fool!

*Cas.* There is, besides, in Roderigo's letter,—  
How he upbraids Iago, that he made him  
Brave me on the watch; whereon it came  
That I was cast: And even but now he spake,  
After long seeming dead,—Iago hurt him,  
Iago set him on.

*Lod.* You must forsake this room, and go with us;  
Your power and your command is taken off,  
And Cassio rules in Cyprus. For this slave,—  
If there be any cunning cruelty,  
That can torment him much, and hold him long,  
It shall be his. You shall close prisoner rest,  
Till that the nature of your fault be known  
To the Venetian state:—Come, bring him away.

*Oth.* Soft you; a word or two, before you go.  
I have done the state some service, and they know it;  
No more of that:—I pray you, in your letters,  
When you shall these unlucky deeds relate,  
Speak of me as I am; nothing extenuate,  
Nor set down aught in malice: then must you speak  
Of one, that lov'd not wisely, but too well;

Of one, not easily jealous, but, being wrought,  
Perplex'd in the extreme; of one, whose hand,  
Like the base Judean, threw a pearl away,  
Richer than all his tribe; of one, whose subdu'd eyes,  
Albeit unus'd to the melting mood,  
Drop tears as fast as the Arabian trees  
Their medicinal gum: Set you down this:  
And say, besides,—that in Aleppo once,  
Where a malignant and a turban'd Turk  
Beat a Venetian, and traduc'd the state,  
I took by the throat the circumcised dog,  
And smote him—thus. [Stabs himself.]

*Lod.* O bloody period!

*Gra.*

All, that's spoke, is marr'd.

*Oth.* I kiss'd thee, ere I kill'd thee;—No way but this,

[Falling upon Desdemona.]

Killing myself, to die upon a kiss. [Dies.]

*Cas.* This did I fear, but thought he had no weapon;  
For he was great of heart.

*Lod.*

O Spartan dog,

More fell than anguish, hunger, or the sea!

Look on the tragic loading of this bed; [To Iago.]

This is thy work: the object poisons sight;—

Let it be hid.—Gratiano, keep the house,

And seize upon the fortunes of the Moor,

For they succeed to you.—To you, lord governor,

Remains the censure of this hellish villain;

The time, the place, the torture,—O enforce it!

Myself will straight aboard; and, to the state,

This heavy act with heavy heart relate. [Exeunt.]

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The beauties of this play impress themselves so strongly upon the attention of the reader, that they can draw no aid from critical illustration. The fiery openness of Othello, magnanimous, artless, and credulous, boundless in his confidence, ardent in his affection, inflexible in his resolution, and obdurate in his revenge; the cool malignity of Iago, silent in his resentment, subtle in his designs, and studious at once of his interest and his vengeance; the soft simplicity of Des-

demonia, confident of merit, and conscious of innocence, her artless perseverance in her suit, and her slowness to suspect that she can be suspected, are such proofs of Shakspeare's skill in human nature, as, I suppose, it is vain to seek in any modern writer. The gradual progress which Iago makes in the Moor's conviction, and the circumstances which he employs to inflame him, are so artfully natural, that, though it will, perhaps, not be said of him as he says of himself, that he is *a man not easily jealous*, yet we cannot but pity him, when at last we find him *perplexed in the extreme*.

There is always danger, lest wickedness, conjoined with abilities, should steal upon esteem, though it misses of approbation; but the character of Iago is so conducted, that he is from the first scene to the last hated and despised.

Even the inferior characters of this play would be very conspicuous in any other piece, not only for their justness, but their strength. Cassio is brave, benevolent, and honest, ruined only by his want of stubbornness to resist an insidious invitation. Roderigo's suspicious credulity, and impatient submission to the cheats which he sees practised upon him, and which, by persuasion, he suffers to be repeated, exhibit a strong picture of a weak mind betrayed, by unlawful desires, to a false friend; and the virtue of Emilia is such as we often find, worn loosely, but not cast off, easy to commit small crimes, but quickened and alarmed at atrocious villanies.

The scenes from the beginning to the end are busy, varied by happy interchanges, and regularly promoting the progression of the story; and the narrative in the end, though it tells but what is known already, yet is necessary to produce the death of Othello.

Had the scene opened in Cyprus, and the preceding incidents been occasionally related, there had been little wanting to a drama of the most exact and scrupulous regularity.

JOHNSON.

# GLOSSARY.

- ABJECTS**, the most servile and lowest of subjects.
- Aby**, to pay dear for, to suffer.
- Abysm**, abyss, from the French *abysme*, now *abime*.
- Accite**, to call or summons.
- Aconitum**, wolfsbane.
- Adam**, the name of an outlaw, noted for his skill in archery. *Much Ado*.
- Adam Cupid**, an allusion to the same person. *Rom. and Jul.*
- Adrest**, ready, prepared.
- Advertising**, attentive.
- Aery** or **Aiery**, a nest.
- Affect the letter**, to practise alliteration. *Love's Lab.*
- Affects**, affections or passions.
- Affered**, a law-term for confirmed.
- Affied**, betrothed.
- Affined**, joined by affinity.
- Affront**, sometimes, to face or confront.
- Affy**, to betroth in marriage.
- Aglet-baby**, a diminutive being, not exceeding in size the tag of a point; from *aiguillettes*.
- Agnize**, acknowledge, confess, avow.
- Aiery**, a hawk's or eagle's nest. *Rich. III.*
- Airy fame**, verbal eulogium.
- Alder-liefert**, preferred to all things; from *leve* or *lese*, dear, and *alder*, of all.
- A'life**, at life.
- Amazonian chin**, a chin without a beard.
- Ames-ace**, the lowest chance of the dice.
- Amort**, sunk, dispirited.
- Ancient**, an ensign, or standard-bearer.
- Angle**, a fishing-rod. *Winter's Tale*.
- Antres**, caves and dens.
- Appeach**, to impeach.
- Apple-John**, species of apple that will keep for two years; in French, *deux-ans*.
- Approof**, approbation, or sometimes proof, confirmation.
- Aqua vita**, probably, usquebaugh. *Mer. Wiv.*
- Arabian bird**, the phoenix.
- Argentine goddess**, regent of the silver moon.
- Argier**, Algiers.
- Argosies**, ships of great burthen.
- Aroint**, avaunt, or be gone.
- Ascapart**, a giant.
- Ascaunt**, askew, aside, sideways.
- Aspersion**, sprinkling. *Temp.*
- Assay**, to take the assay, applied to those who tasted wine for princes. *Ham.—Test. Oth.*
- Assinego**, an ass driver, a foolish fellow.
- Astringer**, a gentleman falconer; from *austercus*, a goshawk.
- As point**, completely armed.
- Atomies**, minute particles discernible when the sun breaks into a darkened room.
- Attasked**, taken to task, censured.
- Attent**, attentive.
- Baccare**, a proverbial word, of doubtful meaning; perhaps from *baccalare*, arrogant.
- Bail**, bane, ruin, misfortune. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Baldrick**, a belt.
- Balker**, either bathed, or piled up. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Bandog**, i. e. band-dog, a village dog, or mastiff.
- Bandy**, a metaphor from tennis playing, to exchange smartly.



## GLOSSARY.

- Banning**, cursing, commonly used in Scotland.
- Bars**, curses.
- Barbason**, the name of a dæmon.
- Barbe**, a kind of veil.
- Barber-monger**, one who consorts with barbers, a low fellow.
- Barm**, yeast; used in the midland counties, and in Ireland and Scotland.
- Barnacles**, a kind of shell-fish, growing on the bottom of ships.
- Barne**, a child.
- Barrful**, full of impediments.
- Bases**, a kind of loose breeches.
- Per.*
- Basta**, 'tis enough. *Ital. and Span.*
- Bate**, strife or contention. *Mer. Wives.*
- Batlet**, the instrument with which washers beat their coarse clothes.
- Batten**, to grow fat.
- Bavin**, brushwood, which, fired, burns fiercely, but is soon out.
- Bawcock**, perhaps from *beau* and *coq*, a jolly cock, or cock of the game.
- Bay curtal**, a bay docked horse.
- Bay windows**, bow-windows.
- Beadsmen**, chaplains, or persons maintained by charity to pray for their benefactor.
- Bear a brain**, to have a perfect remembrance.
- Beck**, a salutation made with the head; in the North, it means curtsying.
- Becomed**, becoming. *Rom. and Jul.*
- Behests**, commands.
- Behowl**, to howl at.
- Beldame**, ancient mother. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Be-lee'd**, becalmed.
- Belongings**, endowments.
- Be-mete**, bemeasure.
- Bemoiled**, bedraggled, bemired.
- Besmirch**, to foul or dirty.
- Bestraught**, distracted.
- Beteem**, to give or bestow, or to permit, deign, or suffer. *Ham.*
- Bevy**, a company, or number, originally applied to larks.
- Bewray**, betray, discover.
- Bezonian**, a term of reproach; from *bisognoso*, a needy person.
- Bias cheek**, swelling out like the bias of a bowl.
- Bid the base**, to challenge in a contest. *Two Gent.*
- Biggin**, a kind of cap, worn now only by children.
- Bilberry**, the whurtle-berry.
- Bilbo**, a Spanish blade, flexible and elastic; the best of which are made at Bilboa.
- Bilboes**, a bar of iron, with fetters annexed to it, by which mutinous sailors were anciently linked together; derived from Bilboa, which was famous for the manufacture of instruments of steel. The bilboes may be seen in the Tower of London, among the spoils of the Spanish armada.
- Bill**, articles of accusation. *Hen. VI. 1st Part.*
- Bill**, the old weapon of English infantry, still used by the watchmen in some towns.
- Bin**, is. *Cym.*
- Bird-bolt**, a short thick arrow without a point, used to kill rooks, and shot from a cross-bow.
- Bisson**, blind.
- Black cornered night**, night which is as obscure as a dark corner.
- Blacks**, mourning made of stuffs of different colours dyed black.
- Blaze**, i. e. of youth, the spring of early life. *All's Well.*
- Blank**, i. e. of the eye, the white, or the white mark at which arrows are discharged.
- Blank and level**, mark and aim, terms of gunnery.
- Blench**, to start off, to fly off.
- Blent**, blended, mixed together.
- Blind-worms**, the Cæcilia, or slow-worm.
- Block**, the thing on which a hat is formed.

# GLOSSARY.

**Blurted**, or **blurt**, an expression of contempt.  
**Bobbed**, fooled out of, cheated.  
**Bodge**, to botch, or to budge.  
*Hen. VI. 3d. Part.*  
**Boitier**, a box to hold salve, or simples.  
**Bolds**, emboldens.  
**Boltered**, bedaubed, begrimed.  
**Bolting-hutch**, a wooden receptacle into which the meat is bolted.  
**Bombard**, a barrel. *Hen. IV. 1st Part. Temp.*  
**Bona-robas**, ladies of pleasure.  
**Bores**, stabs, or wounds.  
**Borne in hand**, deceived, imposed upon.  
**Bosky**, woody; bosky acres, are fields divided by hedge-rows; from *boscus* and *bosquet*.  
**Bots**, worms in the stomach of a horse.—*A bots light upon*, an imprecation.  
**Bottled spider**, a large bloated, glossy spider.  
**Bouted**, sifted, or refined.  
**Bourn**, boundary, or rivulet dividing land.  
**Bow**, yoke. *As you.*  
**Bower**, chamber. *Cor.*  
**Bowlins**, or **bowlines**, ropes by which the sails of a ship are governed when the wind is unfavourable.  
**Bowling**, or the smoothness of a bowling-green. *Wint. Tale.*  
**Bowstrings**, i. e. *hold* or *cut*, at all events. *Mid. Night.*  
**Brace**, the armour for the arm: *warlike brace*, state of defence.  
**Brach**, a kind of hound; or used as a term of contempt. *Troil. and Cres.*  
**Brack**, to salt.  
**Braid**, crafty or deceitful.  
**Brain's-flow**, tears.  
**Brake**, an instrument of torture, or a thicket or furze-bush.  
**Brands**, a part of the andirons, on which the wood for the fire was supported.  
**Brasier**, a manufacturer in brass, or a reservoir for charcoal. *Hen. VIII.*

**Brave**, to make fine; bravery was the old term for elegance of dress.  
**Bravely**, splendidly, or gallantly.  
**Bravery**, finery.  
**Brawl**, a kind of dance. *Love's Lab.*  
**Braying**, an epithet applied to the sound of the trumpet, harsh, grating. *K. John.*  
**Break**, to begin. *Tit. And.*  
**Break up**, to carve.  
**Break with**, to break the matter to.  
**Breast**, voice. *Twel. Night.*  
**Breath**, speech. *K. John. Timon*—Exercise, *Troilus and Cres.*—A slight exercise of arms, *ibid.*  
**Breathing-courtesy**, verbal compliment.  
**Breeched**, foully sheathed, or mired. *Mac.*  
**Breeching**, liable to school discipline. *Tam. Shrew.*  
**Bribe-buck**, a buck sent for a bribe.  
**Bridal**, a nuptial feast; a word yet used in the North.  
**Brief**, a short account, a contract hastily performed.—*Now-born brief*, is the *breve originale* of the feudal times. *All's Well.*  
**Bring**, attend or accompany. *Hen. V.*  
**Bring out**, bring forth. *Tim.*  
**Brize**, the gad, or horse-fly.  
**Broach**, to put on the spit, to transfix.  
**Brock**, the badger.  
**Brogues**, a kind of shoes.  
**Broken**, communicated.  
**Broken mouth**, a mouth that has lost part of its teeth.  
**Broken tears**, tears which are interrupted.  
**Broker**, a matchmaker, a procuress.  
**Broker**, deals as a broker.  
**Brooch**, a trinket with a pin fixed to it.  
**Brooched**, adorned.  
**Brought**, attended. *Jul. Cas.*  
**Brow**, i. e. of youth, the height of youth.



# GLOSSARY.

- Brown bill*, a kind of battle-ax affixed to a stick.
- Brownist*, a follower of Brown, a sectarian.
- Bruising irons*, an allusion to the ancient mace. *Rich. III.*
- Bruit*, noise, or report.
- Brush*, i. e. of time, decay by time. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Buckle*, to bend, or yield to pressure.
- Bug*, bugbear.
- Bugle*, hunting-horn.
- Bulk*, body.
- Bumbard*, a large vessel for holding drink.
- Bung*, a cut-purse.
- Bunting*, the name of a bird.
- Burgonet*, a helmet.
- Burst*, to break, or broken.
- Busky*, woody.
- Butt-shaft*, an arrow to shoot at butts with.
- Buzom*, under good command, obedient. *Hen. V.*
- Caddis-garter*, a kind of worsted garter.
- Caddises*, worsted lace.
- Cade*, a barrel.
- Cadent*, falling.
- Cage*, a prison. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Cain-coloured*, yellow; Cain was represented of that colour in old pictures.
- Caitiff*, a prisoner, slave, or scoundrel.
- Calculate*, to foretel or prophesy. *Jul. Cas.*
- Caliver*, a light kind of musket.
- Callet*, a bad woman, or witch.
- Calling*, appellation. *As you.*
- Camelot*, a place where king Arthur is supposed to have kept his court.
- Canaries*, the name of a brisk, light dance.
- Canker*, the canker-rose, dog-rose, or hip. *Much Ado.*
- Canstick*, candlestick.
- Cantle*, a corner, or piece of any thing.
- Cantons*, used for cantos. *Twel. Night.*
- Canvas-climber*, one who climbs the mast to furl the canvas, a ship-boy.
- Capped*, saluted by taking off the cap.
- Capable impressure*, hollow mark. *As you.*
- Capocchia*, a sot, or dull, heavy gull, from the Italian *capocchio*.
- Capricious*, lascivious. *As you.*
- Captious*, for capacious. *All's Well.*
- Carack*, a vessel of great bulk.
- Caracts*, characters.
- Carbonado*, a piece of meat cut crossways for the gridiron.
- Card*, sea-chart. *Mac. Ham.*
- Carded*, mixed.
- Carieres*, i. e. to pass the carieres, a military phrase. *Mer. Wiv.* Means that the common bounds of good behaviour were overpassed.
- Carkanet*, a kind of necklace or chain.
- Carl*, clown, husbandman.
- Carlot*, a peasant or churl; from *carl*.
- Carnal*, sanguinary. *Rich. III. Ham.*
- Carowes*, drinks.
- Carpet knight*, a term of reproach, spoken of one knighted in time of peace, and on a carpet, on some festive occasion. *Twel. Night.*
- Carriage*, import. *Ham.*
- Case*, skin. *Twel. Night.* outside.
- Case of lives*, a set of lives, or pair of any thing.
- Cased lion*, a lion irritated by confinement. *K. John.*
- Casques*, helmets.
- Cassock*, a horseman's loose coat.
- Cast*, to empty. *Mea. for Mea.* to throw or reject.
- Cast lips*, left-off lips.
- Cast the water*, to find out disorders by inspecting the urine. *Mac.*
- Cataian*, a liar; the first adventurers who visited Cataia, or China, were notorious liars, as Paulo and Mandeville.

## GLOSSARY.

- Catling**, a small lute-string made of catgut.
- Cavalero-justice**, a cant term.
- Cavalero**, an airy, sprightly, irregular fellow.
- Caviare**, too good for, or foreign to.
- Caviare**, a luxurious Russian dish made of the roe of the sturgeon.
- Cautel**, subtlety, or deceit.
- Cautelous**, artful, or insidious.
- Cauterizing**, burning, or blistering.
- Cearment**, the wrapping of an embalmed body.
- Cease**, decease, die. *All's Well.*
- Censer**, brasier.
- Certes**, certainly.
- Cess**, measure, tax, or subsidy.
- Chaliced**, i. e. flowers, with cups, from *calix*.
- Challenge**, law-term, the right of refusing a jurymen. *Hen. VIII.*
- Chamber**, London was anciently called the king's chamber. *Rich. III.*
- Chamber**, a piece of ordnance. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*
- Chamberers**, men of intrigue.
- Changeling**, a child substituted for one stolen.
- Channel**, kennel. *Hen. VI. 3d Part.*
- Chantry**, little chapel in a cathedral.
- Character**, hand-writing. *Much Ado. Lear.*
- Characts**, characters.
- Charactery**, the matter of which characters are made.
- Chares**, tash-wort.
- Charge-house**, free-school.
- Chariest**, from *chary*, the most cautious.
- Chariness**, caution.
- Charles-wain**, vulgar name for the constellation called the Bear.
- Charneco**, a kind of sweet wine.
- Chases**, a term in tennis. *Hen. V.*
- Chaudron**, entrails.
- Cheater**, for escheatour, an officer in the Exchequer.
- Check**, command, control. *Cym. Troil. and Cres.*
- Cheer**, countenance. *Midsum. Night's, and al.*
- Cherry-pit**, pitching cherry-stones into a little hole.
- Cheveril**, kid-skin, soft leather.
- Chewet**, or *chuet*, a pie, a noisy, chattering bird, or a fat pudding. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Chide**, resound, re-echo. *Hen. V. Mid. Night.*
- Child**, sometimes applied to knights and heroes. *Lear.*
- Childing**, pregnant.
- Choppine**, a high shoe or clog.
- Chopping**, jabbering, talking glibly.
- Chough**, a bird of the jackdaw kind.
- Christom**, or *chrisom*, a christened child.
- Chrystals**, eyes.
- Chuck**, chicken, a term of endearment.
- Chuffs**, rich, avaricious people.
- Circummured**, walled round.
- Circumstance**, circumlocution. *Oth.*
- Circumstanced**, treated according to circumstances. *Ibid.*
- Cital**, recital.
- Clack-dish**, a beggar's dish.
- Clamour**, when bells are at the height, in order to cease them, the repetition of the strokes becomes much quicker than before, which is called *clam-mouring* them. *Wint. Tale.*
- Clap in**, fall to. *Mea. for Mea.*
- Clapped i' the clout**, hit the white mark.
- Claw**, to flatter.
- Clean kam**, awry.
- Clearest**, purest. *Lear.*
- Clepe**, to call.
- Clerkly**, like a scholar.
- Cling**, to dry or shrink up. *Mac.*
- Clinquant**, glittering, shining.
- Clipi**, twined around, embraced. *Temp. Ant. and Cleo. &c.*
- Clout**, the white mark at which archers took their aim.
- Clouted**, strengthened with clout, or hobnails.

# GLOSSARY.

- Clutch*, to clasp, or grasp.  
*Coasting*, conciliating, inviting.  
*Troil. and Cres.*  
*Cob-loaf*, a crusty, uneven, gibbous-loaf.  
*Cock and pye*, a popular adjuration.  
*Cockshut-time*, twilight.  
*Cockle*, a weed which grows up with corn.  
*Cockled*, like the fish called a cockle.  
*Cockle-hat*, cockle-shell hat, such as pilgrims wore.  
*Cockney*, a well-known term of reproach.  
*Coddling*, amorous.  
*Codpiece*, a piece of dress.  
*Coffin*, ancient term for the raised crust of a pie. *Tam. Shrew. Tit. And.*  
*Cog*, to falsify the dice, to lie.  
*Cogging*, lying.  
*Coigne of vantage*, convenient corner.  
*Coignes*, corners.  
*Coil*, bustle, stir.  
*Collection*, consequence or corollary. *Cym. Ham.*  
*Collied*, black, smutted with coal, discoloured.  
*Collier*, a term of reproach, from the impositions of coal-dealers.  
*Comart*, a bargain.  
*Combrinate*, betrothed.  
*Comforting*, abetting. *Wint. Tale.*  
*Commend*, commit. *Mac. &c.*  
*Committed*, lain with. *Oth.*  
*Commodity*, self-interest. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*  
*Commony*, a comedy.  
*Companies*, companions. *Hen. V.*  
*Compassed*, round. *Tam. Shrew.*  
*Composture*, composition.  
*C'oncupy*, a cant word from concupiscence.  
*Conduct*, conductor. *Temp. &c.*  
*Coney-catched*, deceived, cheated.  
*Conject*, conjecture.  
*Consent*, used sometimes for will. *Mac.*  
*Continent*, that which contains or incloses.  
*Contraction*, marriage, contract.  
*Control*, confute. *Temp.*  
*Convents*, agrees, is convenient.  
*Convented*, summoned.  
*Converitite*, a convert.  
*Convey*, steal, conveyance, theft. *Mer. Wiv. and Hen. VI. 1st Part.*  
*Conveyers*, thieves. *Ibid.*  
*Conveyed himself*, derived his title.  
*Convicted*, overpowered, baffled, destroyed.  
*Convive*, to feast.  
*Copatain hat*, a hat with a conical crown.  
*Copped*, rising to a top or head.  
*Coragio*, an exclamation of encouragement.  
*Corky*, dry, or withered.  
*Corollary*, surplus, one more than enough. *Temp.*  
*Corporal*, corporeal.  
*Corrigible*, corrected. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Costard*, a head.  
*Coster-monger*, a dealer in costers, or costards, a kind of apples.  
*Cote*, to overtake. *Ham.*  
*Couch*, to lie with. *Oth.*  
*Counter-caster*, one who reckons by counters.  
*Countercheck*, an old term in the game of chess.  
*Counterfeit*, sometimes used for a portrait.  
*Counterpoints*, counterpanes.  
*County*, ancient term for a nobleman. *Much Ado. Rom. and Jul.*  
*Courser's-hair*, alluding to the notion that the hair of a horse, dropt into corrupted water, will turn to an animal. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Courses*, the mainsail and foresail. *Temp.*  
*Court-cupboard*, sideboard.  
*Cowed*, restrained, or made cowardly.  
*Cower*, to sink by bending the hams.  
*Cowlstaff*, a staff for carrying a large tub or basket with two handles.

# GLOSSARY.

- Coyed*, condescended reluctantly.  
*Coystril*, a coward cock, a paltry fellow.  
*Cozier*, a taylor, from *cousu*; or a cobbler, or sowter.  
*Crack*, a child. *Hen. IV. 2d Part. Cor.*  
*Crack of doom*, dissolution of nature. *Mac.*  
*Cranking*, *crankling*, applied to the rush of a river.  
*Cranks*, windings.  
*Crare*, a small trading vessel.  
*Crash*, to be merry over.  
*Craven*, a degenerate, dispirited cock. Cowardly, to make cowardly.  
*Credent*, creditable, probable.  
*Cressets*, a light set upon a beacon, from *croisette*.  
*Crisp*, curling, winding; or for *crypt*, vaulted. *Tim.*  
*Crone*, old worn-out woman.  
*Cross-gartered*, an article of puritanical dress.  
*Crow-keeper*, a scare-crow.  
*Crownet*, last purpose. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Cruel*, worsted. *Lear.* applied to garters.  
*Crush*, to drink. *Rom. and Jul.*  
*Crusado*, a Portuguese coin.  
*Cry*, a pack or troop. *Cor. Ham.*  
*Cub-drawn*, i. e. bear, one whose dugs are drawn dry.  
*Cuisses*, armour for the thighs, *cuisses*, Fr.  
*Cunning*, knowing, skilful, in a good meaning.  
*Curb*, to bend and truckle, from *courber*. *Ham.*  
*Curled*, ostentatiously dressed. *Oth. Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Curious*, scrupulous. *Tam. Shrew. Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Currents*, occurrences. *Hen. VI. 1st Part.*  
*Curst*, shrewd, mischievous.  
*Curtail-dog*, one which misses the game.  
*Curtle-axe*, a cutlass, broadsword.  
*Customer*, a common woman. *Oth. &c.* or one who visits such.
- Cut*, horse. *Twel. Night. Hen. IV. 1st Part.*  
*Cut and long tail*, a phrase from dogs, poor or rich.  
*Cuttle*, a knife used by sharpers.  
*Daff*, or *Doff*, to put off.  
*Damn*, condemn. *Jul. Cas.*  
*Dank*, wet, rotten.  
*Darkling*, in the dark.  
*Darraign*, range, put in order.  
*Dauberry*, counterfeit, disguise.  
*Day-bed*, a couch.  
*Dealt*, fought by proxy. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Dear*, sometimes means immediate, consequential.  
*Dearn*, direful, lone, solitary.  
*Deboshed*, debauched.  
*Dock*, of cards, a pack. *Hen. VI. 3d Part.*  
*Decked*, sprinkled.  
*Decline*, as in grammar, to run through from first to last. *Rich. III. &c.*  
*Deem*, opinion, surmise. *Troil. and Cres.*  
*Default* (in the) at a need. *All's Well.*  
*Defeat*, to free, to disembarass. *All's Well.*  
*Defeature*, alteration of features.  
*Defence*, the art of fencing. *As you.*  
*Deftly*, adroitly, dexterously.  
*Delighted*, spirit, accustomed to delight. *Mea. for Mea.*  
*Demise*, grant. *Rich. III.*  
*Denay*, denial.  
*Denayed*, denied.  
*Denotements*, indications, discoveries.  
*Denude*, strip, divest.  
*Depart and part*, often synonymous.  
*Deprive*, disinherit. *Lear.*  
*Deracinate*, force up by the roots.  
*Derogate*, degraded. *Lear.*  
*Descant*, a term in music, or to harangue upon.  
*Deserved*, deserving. *Cor.*  
*Despatched*, bereft.  
*Detected*, suspected or charged. *Mea. for Mea.*

# GLOSSARY.

- Determined*, sometimes for concluded.
- Dibble*, an instrument in gardening.
- Dickon*, Richard.
- Diet*, to put under a regimen, to oblige to fast, or to loath.
- Diffused*, wild, irregular, extravagant.
- Digression*, transgression. *Love's Lab.*
- Dildos*, the burthen of a song.
- Directitude*, discredit, or discredit.
- Disable*, undervalue. *As you.*
- Disappointed*, unappointed, unprepared. *Ham.*
- Discandy*, to melt the sweets, to dissolve.
- Discourse*, reason. *Twel. Night.*
- Dishabited*, dislodged.
- Dismes*, Fr. tenths.
- Disnatured*, wanting natural affection.
- Dispark*, to throw down the hedges.
- Disperge*, to sprinkle.
- Dispose*, to make terms. *Ant. and Cleo.*
- Disputable*, disputations. *As you.*
- Dispute*, talk over, reason upon, account for.
- Disseat*, displace.
- Distained*, unstained. *Com. Er.*
- Distate*, to corrupt. *Troil. and Cres.*
- Distemperature*, perturbation.
- Distraught*, distracted.
- Diverted*, turned out of the course of nature. *As you.*
- Division*, phrase in music, the parts of it. *Rom. and Jul. Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Doff*. See *Daff*.
- Dole*, alms, or distribution.
- Don*, to do on, put on.
- Dout*, do out, extinguish.
- Dowl*, a feather.
- Down-gyved*, hanging down like the loose cincture which confines the fetters round the ancle.
- Draught*, the jakes. *Tim.*
- Draw*. sometimes used for with
- Drawn*, swords drawn. *Temp.*
- A drawn fox*, one which is trailed over the ground, and deceives the hounds.
- Dressings*, semblances or habiliments of virtue. *Mea. for Mea.*
- Driven bed*, one for which the feathers are selected by driving with a fan.
- Dumble*, to act as confused and stupid.
- Ducdame*, *duc ad me*, the supposed burthen of a song.
- Dudgeon*, the haft or handle of a dagger.
- Dull*, gentle soothing. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*
- Dullard*, a person stupidly unconcerned.
- Dumbs*, makes silent.
- Dump*, a mournful elegy.
- Dung*, an obscene word, probably part of a proverb. *Rom. and Jul.*
- Dungy*, of dung, earthy.
- Dupped*, did up, put up, opened.
- Durance*, some lasting kind of stuff. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Eager*, sour, harsh. *Hen. VI. 3d Part.*
- Eanlings*, lambs just dropt.
- Ear*, to plough. *Ant. and Cle.*
- Ear-kissing*, whispering.
- Easy*, slight, inconsiderable. *Hen. VI. 2d Part. Cor.*
- Eche*, eke out.
- Ecstasy*, alienation of mind. *Temp. Much Ado. Mac.*
- Edward shovel-boards*, Edward VIth's shillings, used at shuffle-board.
- Effects*, affects, affections. *Mea. for Mea. Actions. Ham.*
- Eftest*, or *Deftest*, readiest.
- Eld*, old person or persons. *Mer. Wiv. Decrepitude. Mea. for Mea.*
- Element*, initiation, previous practice. *Hen. VIII.*
- Elf*, done by elves or fairies.
- Elvish marked*, marked by elves.
- Emballing*, being distinguished by the ball, the emblem of royalty.



## GLOSSARY.

- Embare*, expose, display to view.  
*Embarquements*, impediments, hindrances. *Cor.*  
*Embossed*, inclosed; when a deer is run hard, and foams at the mouth, he is said to be embossed. *All's Well.* Swollen, puffy.  
*Empericutick*, of an empirical kind, quackish.  
*Empery*, dominion, sovereign command.  
*Emulous*, often used in a bad sense for envious.  
*Enactures*, laws.  
*Encave*, hide.  
*End*, still an end, generally.  
*Enseoff*, to invest with possession.  
*Engaged*, delivered as an hostage. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*  
*Engross*, to fatten or pamper. *Rich. III.*  
*Engrossments*, accumulations. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*  
*Enkindle*, or kindle, to stimulate. *Mac. As you.*  
*Enmesh*, inclose them all, from taking birds or fishes with meshes.  
*Enmew*, to force to lie in cover; a term in falconry.  
*Enridged*, bordered, or perhaps for enraged. *Lear.*  
*Ensconce*, to secure in a safe place.  
*Enseamed*, greasy.  
*Enshield*, concealed, masked.  
*Entsteeped*, immersed.  
*Entertainment*, pay. *Cor. Oth.*  
*Receive into service.* *Jul. Cæs.*  
*Entreatments*, favours, or objects of entreaty.  
*Envy*, often used for aversion, malice.  
*Ephesian*, a cant term, perhaps for a toper.  
*Erewhile*, a little while ago.  
*Erring*, wandering, errant. *Oth.*  
*Escape*, illegitimate child. *Tit. And.*  
*Escoted*, paid; from *escot*, shot, or reckoning.  
*Esil*, or *Eisel*, a river. *Ham.*  
*Esperance*, the motto of the Percy family.  
*Espials*, spies.  
*Essential*, real, existent. *Oth.*  
*Estimable*, i. e. wonder, esteeming wonder, or esteem and wonder.  
*Estimate*, the rate at which I value. *Cor.*  
*Estimation*, conjecture. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*  
*Estridges*, ostriches.  
*Eterne*, eternal.  
*Even*, to make even, or represent plain. *Lear.*  
*Even Christian*, fellow Christian. *Mac.*  
*Evils*, jakes. *Mea. for Mea. Hen. VIII.*  
*Examined*, disputed or doubted. *All's Well.*  
*Excellent differences*, distinguished excellencies.  
*Excrement*, the beard. *Lov. Lab. Mer. Ven. Wint. Tale. Ham.*  
*Execute*, sometimes for to use, or employ.  
*Executors*, executioners. *Hen. V.*  
*Exempt*, independent, not under the control of. *Com Er.*  
*Exercise*, exhortation, lecture. *Rich. III.*  
*Exhale*, breathe your last. *Hen. V.*  
*Exhibition*, allowance. *Two Gent. Oth. Lear.*  
*Exigent*, end.  
*Exorcism*, in Shakspeare, generally means the raising of spirits.  
*Expect*, expectation. *Troil. and Cres.*  
*Expedience*, expedition. *Hen. IV. 1st Part, &c.*  
*Expedient*, often for *expeditions*.  
*Expediently*, expeditiously.  
*Expostulate*, inquire or discuss. *Ham.*  
*Exsufflicate*, bubble-like.  
*Extacy*, a degree of madness. *Ham.*  
*Extend*, to seize. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Extent*, violence. *Twel. Night.*  
*Extern*, outward.  
*Extremity*, calamity. *Per. Lear.*  
*Eyas-musket*, a troublesome puppy, infant Lilliputian.

# GLOSSARY.

- Eyas and musket*, are young hawks.
- Eyases*, young nestlings. *Ham.*
- Eye*, a shade. *Temp.*
- Eyliads*, eyes; from *æillades*. *Fr.*
- Eyne*, eyes.
- Face-royal*, a face not to be meddled with. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*
- Faced*, turned up with facings. *Tam. Shrew.*
- Facinorous*, wicked.
- Factionous*, active. *Jul. Cæs.*
- Faculty*, exercise of power. *Mac.*
- Fadge*, to suit or fit.
- Fadings*, a dance.
- Fain*, fond. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Fair*, sometimes for fairness, beauty.
- Faitors*, traitors, rascals.
- Fall*, often used as an active verb: *At fall*, at an ebb. *Tim.*
- Falsing*, a thing that's falsified, or false. *Com. Er.*
- Falsely*, illegally, illegitimately. *Mea. for Mea.* Dishonestly, treacherously.
- Familiar*, a demon. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Fancies and Goodnights*, little poems so called.
- Fancy*, often used for love.
- Fang*, to seize, or gripe.
- Fantastical*, of fancy, or imagination. *Mac.*
- Fantasticoes*, affected, foolish fellows.
- Fap*, beaten, or drunk.
- Far*, extensively. *Cym.*
- Far off guilty*, guilty in a remote degree.
- Farced*, stuffed.
- Farthel*, or *fardel*, a bundle, a burthen.
- Fashions*, the farcens, or farcy. *Tam. Shrew.*
- Favour*, often for countenance.
- Favours*, features.
- Fear*, sometimes to affright.
- Fear*, danger.
- Feat*, to form, to model.
- Feat*, ready, dexterous.
- Federacy*, a confederate.
- Fee-farm*, a kiss in *fee-farm*, a long and unbounded kiss, from a law phrase.
- Feeders*, low debauched servants.
- Feeding*, substance, or maintenance. *Wint. Tale.*
- Feere*, a companion, a husband.
- Fell*, skin.
- Fell of hair*, hairy part. *Mac.*
- Fence*, skill in fencing. *Much Ado. Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Feodary*, an accomplice. *Mea. for Mea. Cym.*
- Festinatedly*, hastily.
- Festival terms*, splendid phraseology.
- Fet*, fetched, derived.
- Fico*, a fig, or *figo*.
- Fielded*, in the field.
- Fig*, to insult.
- File*, or list. *Mac. &c.*
- Filed*, defiled. *Mac.*
- Finch egg*, a term of reproach: a finch's egg is remarkably gaudy.
- Fine*, to make showy or specious. *Hen. V.*
- Finer*, for final. *Hen. V.*
- Fine issues*, great consequences.
- Fineless*, unbounded, endless.
- Fire-drake*, a serpent, a will-o'-the-wisp, a firework.
- Fire-new*, just off the irons, quite new.
- Firk*, to chastise. *Hen. V.*
- First house*, chief branch of the family.
- Firstlings*, first produce.
- Fit o'the face*, a grimace.
- Fits o'the season*, its disorders.
- Fixure*, position.
- Flap dragon*, an inflammable substance swallowed by toppers.
- Flap jack*, a kind of pancake.
- Flaw*, a sudden gust of wind. *Hen. IV. 2d Part, &c.*
- Flecked*, spotted, dappled, streaked.
- Fleet*, for float. *Ant. and Cleo.*
- Fleshment*, performance. A young soldier fleshes his sword when he first draws blood with it.
- Flewed*, deep-mouthed, applied to hounds.

## GLOSSARY.

- Flibbertigibbet*, a fiend.  
*Flickering*, fluttering, undulation, the motion of flame.  
*Flote*, wave.  
*Flourish*, to ornament, sanction. *Mea. for Mea.*  
*Flout*, to wave idly, to wave in mockery.  
*Flush youth*, youth ripened to manhood.  
*Foeman*, an enemy in war.  
*Foin*, to make a thrust in fencing.  
*Foison*, plenty.  
*Foison plenty*, plenty, to the utmost abundance. *Fr.*  
*Fond*, valued, prized, sometimes foolish, indiscreet.  
*Fond done*, foolishly done.  
*Foot*, to grasp. *Cym.*  
*Forage*, to range abroad. *K. John.*  
*Fordone*, overcome or destroyed.  
*Foredoomed*, anticipated their doom. *Lear.*  
*Forefended*, prohibited, forbid.  
*Foreslow*, to be dilatory.  
*Forgetive*, from forge, inventive, imaginative.  
*Forked plague*, an allusion to the cuckold's horns. *Oth.*  
*Formal capacity*, not de-arranged, or out of form. *Twel. Night.*  
*Former*, sometimes for foremost. *Jul. Cæs. Lear.*  
*Forspoken*, contradicted, spoken against. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Forwearied*, worn out.  
*Frampold*, fretful, peevish.  
*Frank*, a styer.  
*Franklin*, a freeholder, a yeoman.  
*Frets*, the stops of a musical instrument, which regulate the vibrations of a string.  
*Frippery*, a shop where old clothes were sold. *Temp.*  
*Frontlet*, part of a woman's head-dress. *Lear.*  
*Frush*, to break, or bruise.  
*Fulham*, a cant term for false dice.  
*Fulsome*, obscene. *Mer. Ven.*  
*Furnishings*, colours, external pretences. *Lear.*  
*Fustilarian*, from fusty, a cant name.
- Gaberdine*, the coarse frock of a peasant, or a loose cloak.  
*Gad*, a sharp pointed instrument: *Done upon the Gad*, suddenly, capriciously.  
*Galliard*, an ancient dance.  
*Galliasses*, a kind of ships so called.  
*Gallimawfry*, a confused heap of things together.  
*Gallow*, to scare, or frighten.  
*Gallow-glasses*, foot soldiers among the Irish.  
*Garboils*, commotions.  
*Garish*, gaudy, showy.  
*Garnered*, treasured up.  
*Gasted*, frightened.  
*Gaunt*, thin, lean, or meagre.  
*Gawd*, a bauble, or trifle.  
*Gear*, a colloquial expression, for things or matters.  
*Geck*, a fool.  
*Gennets*, or *jennets*, Spanish horses.  
*German*, a-kin.  
*Germins*, seeds which have begun to germinate or sprout.  
*Gest*, a stage, or journey. *Wint. Tale.*  
*Gib*, a name for a cat.  
*Giglots*, wanton weiches.  
*Gimmel*, a ring.  
*Gimmel bit*, a bit of which the parts played one with another.  
*Ging*, an old word for gang.  
*Gird*, a sarcasm, or gibe: *To gird*, to be sarcastical.  
*Glaire*, a sword.  
*Glared*, gazed upon, looked fiercely.  
*Gleek*, to joke or scoff.  
*Glib*, to lib, or geld.  
*Glooming*, gloomy. *Rom. and Jul.*  
*Gloze*, to expound, or explain.  
*Glut*, to swallow. *Temp.*  
*God'ild you*, God yield you, or reward you.  
*God's sonties*, the abbreviation of an ancient oath.  
*Gongarian*, for Hungarian, used as a term of reproach.  
*Good den*, good evening.  
*Good-ger*, from *gougere*, what the pox!



# GLOSSARY.

- Gorbellied**, fat and corpulent.  
**Gospelled**, of precise or puritan virtue.  
**Goss**, furze.  
**Gossomer**, the white exhalations which fly about in summer.  
**Gougeers**, the French distemper.  
**Gourd**, an instrument of gaming.  
*Mer. Wiv.*  
**Gouts**, drops. *Fr.*  
**Gramercy**, grand merci, great thanks. *Fr. Tit. And.*  
**Grange**, a solitary farm-house.  
**Gratulate**, to be rejoiced in.  
*Mea. for Mea.*  
**Grise**, or **Grize**, a step.  
**Groundlings**, the lower sort of people who stood or sat on the ground, in the old theatres.  
**Guerdon**, reward.  
**Guerdoned**, rewarded.  
**Gules**, a term in heraldry, red.  
**Gust**, to taste. *Wint. Tale.*  
**Gyve**, to catch, to shackle.  
**Gyves**, shackles.  
  
**Haggard**, a kind of hawk.  
**Halcyon**, a bird, otherwise called the king-fisher. *Lear.*  
**Hallidom**, sentence at the day of judgment.  
**Handsaw**, corrupted from *Hernshaw*. *Ham.*  
**Hangers**, that part of the girdle or belt by which the sword was suspended. *Ham.*  
**Hardiment**, hardness, bravery, stoutness.  
**Harlocks**, the name of a plant, probably the burdock.  
**Harlots**, sometimes applied to cheats of the male sex. *Com. Er.*  
**Harlotry**, vulgar, filthy.  
**Harness**, armour. *Mac. &c.*  
**Harrow**, to conquer, to subdue.  
**Harry**, to hurt, to use roughly.  
**Hatch**, to cut, or engrave.  
**Having**, estate or fortune.  
**Haught**, haughty.  
**Hay**, a term in fencing. *Rom. and Jul.*  
**Hearted throne**, the heart in which thou wast enthroned.  
*Henbane.*  
  
**Hefted**, heaved, agitated.  
**Hefts**, heavings.  
**Hell**, a cant name for a dungeon in a prison. *Com. Er.*  
**Hence**, henceforward. *Hen. IV.*  
**Henchman**, page of honour.  
**Hent**, to seize or take possession, to take hold of.  
**Herb of grace**, rue.  
**Hermits**, beadsmen. *Mac.*  
**Hest**, for behest, command.  
**Hight**, called. *Mid. Night.*  
**Hilding**, or hilderling, a low wretch.  
**Hoar**, hoary, mouldy.  
**Hob-nob**, let it happen or not.  
**Hold**, i. e. rumour, to believe it. *Mac.*  
**Hold taking**, bear handling.  
**Hoodman-blind**, blind-man's buff.  
**Horologe**, clock.  
**Hoxes**, to hox, or hough, to cut the hamstring.  
**Hull**, to drive to and fro upon the water, without sails or rudder.  
**Humming**, o'erwhelming. *Per.*  
**Hunt-counter**, blunderer, worthless fellow, probably bailiff.  
*Hen. IV. 2d Part.*  
**Hunts-up**, a morning hunting tune.  
**Hurly**, noise.  
**Hurle**, to dash, or push violently.  
**Hyen**, hyæna.  
  
**Jauncing**, jaunting.  
**Jay**, a bad woman. *Cym.*  
**Ice-brooke**, i. e. temper, tempered by being plunged into an ice-brook.  
**Jesses**, straps of leather tied about the foot of a hawk to hold her in hand.  
**Jet**, to strut, to walk proudly.  
**Ignomy**, ignominy.  
**Jig**, a ludicrous dialogue in metre. *Ham.*  
**Imbare**, to lay open, or expose.  
**Immanity**, barbarity, savageness.  
**Immediacy**, proximity without intervention.

# GLOSSARY.

- Imp out*, to supply the deficiency, a phrase from falconry.
- Impair*, unsuitable to the dignity.
- Troil. & Cres.*
- Impawn*, to engage; the modern word is to commit one's self.
- Impetuous*, sometimes used for imperial.
- Imperseverant*, ill perseverant, or perseverant.
- Impress*, a device, or motto.
- Incardine*, stained of a flesh colour, or red.
- Inclips*, embraces.
- Incony*, fine, or pretty, a term of endearment.
- Indent*, to bargain, or article.
- Indues*, subdues. *Oth.*
- Indued*, inured, or formed by nature. *Ham.*
- Indurance*, delay, procrastination. *Hen. VIII.*
- Inhibit*, for inhabit, or to forbid, or decline, as a person refusing a challenge. *Mac.*
- Inhooped*, inclosed, confined.
- Initiate*, young, just initiated. *Mac.*
- Ink-horn mate*, a book-man.
- Inkle*, a species of tape, or worsted.
- Insculped*, engraved.
- Insconce*, to fortify.
- Intention* and *intensively*, for attention, attentively.
- Interested*, interested.
- Intrenchant*, that which cannot be cut.
- Intrinsc*, intricate, or intrinsecate, ravelled.
- Inward*, sometimes for an intimate.
- Journal*, daily. *Mea. for Mea.*
- Irk*, to make uneasy.
- Irregularous*, lawless, licentious.
- Iteration*, citation, or repetition.
- Jump*, sometimes to agree with, to suit.
- Justicer*, a justice.
- Juvenal*, a young man.
- Keech*, a lump or mass of tallow. *Hen. VIII.*
- Keel*, to cool.
- Kernes*, light-armed soldiers. See *Gallow-glasses.*
- Key-cold*, as cold as iron, a key of which is used to stop small bleedings.
- Kicksy-wicksey*, a ludicrous name for a wife.
- Kiln-hole*, the place into which coals are put under a stove.
- Kirtle*, a sort of garment.
- Knap*, to break short.
- Knotts*, figures into which part of a garden was disposed.
- Known*, sometimes for been acquainted.
- Laced mutton*, cant name for a courtesan.
- Lackeying*, floating backwards and forwards.
- Lag*, the fag-end. *Tim.*
- Lakin*, ladykin, or little lady.
- Lances*, lance-men. *Love's Lab.*
- Land-damn*, probably, to banish from the land.
- Land-rakers*, wanderers on foot.
- Lapsed* in time, having suffered time to slip.
- Latch*, to lay hold of. *Mac.*
- Lated*, belated, behighted.
- Latten*, lathy, thin.
- Lavolt*, a dance.
- Laund*, lawn.
- Lay*, a wager. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*
- Leaguer*, a name for a camp.
- Leasing*, falsehood.
- Leavened*, matured, prepared. *Mea. for Mea.*
- Leech*, physician.
- Leer*, feature, complexion, or colour.
- Leet*, court-leet, a petty court of justice.
- Leg*, obeisance to my father. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Legerity*, lightness, nimbleness.
- Leiger*, a resident, or resident-ambassador.
- Leman*, a lover, or mistress.
- Lenten*, short and spare.
- L'envoy*, a term borrowed from the old French poetry.
- Lewd*, sometimes means idle.
- Libbard*, leopard.

# GLOSSARY.

- Liberty*, for libertines, or libertinism.
- Lifest*, dearest.
- Lifter*, a thief.
- Limbeck*, a vessel to emit fumes and vapours.
- Limbo-patrum*, in confinement.
- Limed*, ensnared, as with bird-line.
- Limits*, estimates, or outlines, rough sketches. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*
- Lined*, delineated. *As you.*
- Line*, genealogy. *Hen. V.*
- Link*, a torch, used to make old hats black. *Tam. Shrew.*
- Linstock*, the staff to which the match is fixed, when ordnance is fired.
- List*, the bound or limit. *Twel. Night. Mea. for Mea. &c.*
- Lither*, flexible, or yielding.
- Loach*, a very small fish, exceedingly prolific.
- Lob*, an epithet implying dullness and inactivity.
- Lock*, a particular lock of hair, called a love-lock.
- Lockram*, a kind of linen.
- Lode-star*, leading star, the pole-star.
- Loggats*, a game played with bowl and pins.
- Longing*, for longed, wished or desired. *Two Gent.*
- Longly*, longingly.
- Loofed*, brought close to the wind.
- Loon*, a base fellow.
- Looped*, full of apertures. *Lear.*
- Lop*, the branches. *Hen. VIII.*
- Lordings*, the diminutive of lord.
- Lover*, sometimes used for mistress.
- Lown*, a sorry fellow.
- Louted*, treated with contempt.
- Loxel*, a worthless fellow.
- Luner*, lunacy, freuzy.
- Lurch*, to purloin, to deprive.
- Lush*, a dark full colour.
- Lustic*, cheerful, pleasant. *Dutch.*
- Lym*, or *lyme*, a bloodhound.
- Mace*, sceptre. *Jul. Cas.*
- Maxot-pie*, magpie.
- Magnifico*, a chief man in Venice.
- Mailed*, wrapt up, bundled up, covered with mail.
- Main descry*, the main body is descried.
- Male*, male parent. *Hen. VI. 3d Part.*
- Malich*, a wicked art. *Span.*
- Malkin*, a kitchen wench, or scullion, a trull.
- Maltworms*, tipplers.
- Mammering*, hesitating, stammering.
- Mammocked*, cut in pieces.
- Mammets*, puppets.
- Manage*, conduct, administration. *K. John.*
- Mandragora*, a plant of soporific virtue.
- Mandrake*, a root, supposed to have the shape of a man, and to groan when pulled from the ground.
- Mankind*, i. e. witch, a masculine witch. *Wint. Tale.*
- Manner*, with the manner, in the fact. *Wint. Tale.*
- Marchpane*, a kind of sweet confection, or biscuit.
- Marches*, borders, confines. *Hen. V.*
- Martlemas*, the latter spring. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*
- Mated*, confounded. *Com. Er. Mac. &c.*
- Meacock*, timorous, dastardly.
- Mealed*, sprinkled, or mingled.
- Mean*, a tenor. *Two Gent. &c.*
- Measure*, a solemn dance. *Love's Lab. &c.*
- Meazels*, lepers. *Cor.*
- Medicin*, physician. *Mac.*
- Meditation*, quickness of enthusiastic thought. *Ham.*
- Meiney*, people. *Fr.*
- Mell*, to meddle with. *All's Well.*
- Memory*, sometimes used for memorial.
- Mends*, the means, the where-withal.
- Mere*, sometimes for absolute, entire, total.
- Mered question*, the sole question.
- Mewed*, confined.
- Micher*, a truant.

## GLOSSARY.

*Miching mallecho*, a secret mischief.

*Minute-jacks*, Jack o'lantern.

*Miscreate*, illegitimate, spurious.

*Misprised*, mistaken.

*Misprising*, despising, contemning.

*Missingly*, at intervals, occasionally.

*Missives*, messengers.

*Mistempered*, angry, contentious.

*Mistful*, i. e. eyes ready to flow with tears.

*Mobled*, veiled or muffled.

*Model*, sometimes for mould.

*Modern*, sometimes for absurd, new-fangled.

*Module*, model.

*Moe*, to make mouths.

*Moist star*, the moon.

*Mome*, a dull, stupid, blockhead.

*Momentary*, short, momentary.

*Monster*, to make monstrous.

*Lear*.

*Moonish*, variable.

*Mope*, to be stupid or foolish.

*Mopes* and *mowes*, wry faces and mockings.

*Mort*, i. e. of the deer, a tune on the death of the deer.

*Mortal*, abounding. *As you*.

*Mortified*, religious, retired, peaceable.

*Motion*, sometimes for puppet; puppetshows were called motions.

*Motive*, sometimes for assistant, or mover.

*Mouldwarp*, the mole.

*Moys*, pieces of gold.

*Much*, sometimes an expression of admiration or disdain.

*Muckwater*, the drain of a dung-hill.

*Muffler*, a part of the female head-dress.

*Mulled*, softened, dispirited.

*Mummy*, the liquor that runs from mummies.

*Mundane*, worldly.

*Mure*, wall.

*Murky*, dark.

*Muss*, a scramble.

*Mutine*, to mutiny, or a mutinous fellow.

*Napless*, threadbare.

*Nayword*, a watchword, or a byeword.

*Neb*, the mouth.

*Neelds*, needles.

*Neglection*, for neglect.

*Neif*, fist.

*Neither-stocks*, stockings.

*Newt*, the eft.

*Next*, sometimes for nearest.

*Nice*, sometimes for silly, trifling.

*Nick*, reckoning or count.

*To nick*, to set the mark of folly on.

*Night-rule*, frolic of the night.

*Mid. Night*.

*Nill*, shall not. *Per*.

*Nine men's morris*, figures cut out in the turf for a game so called.

*Noble touch*, true metal unalloyed.

*Nonce*, for the *nonce*, on purpose.

*Noon-tide prick*, noontide point on the dial.

*Nott-pated*, round-headed, cropt.

*Novum*, a game at dice.

*Nouzle*, to nurstle a fondling.

*Nowl*, a head.

*Nurture*, education.

*Nut hood*, a catchpole.

*Odd-even*, the interval between twelve at night and one in the morning.

*Od's pitikins*, God's my pity.

*Oeliads*, glances of the eye. *Fr*.

*Oes*, circles.

*Ongers*, probably for owners.

*Opal*, a precious stone, of almost all colours.

*Operant*, active.

*Opinion*, sometimes for self-conceit.

*Orbs*, fairy circles. *Mid. Night*.

*Ordinance*, rank. *Cor*.

*Orgulous*, proud. *Fr*.

*Ostent*, ostentation or demonstration.

*Overcrows*, overcomes, triumphs over.

*Overscutched*, whipt, or carted, applied to low prostitutes.

*Ouphes*, fairies.

## GLOSSARY:

- Ousel cock*, supposed the cock black-bird.
- Out-vied*, defeated, a term in the old game of gleek.
- Owe*, sometimes used for own.
- Oxlip*, the greater cowslip.
- Pack*, to make a bargain, or act collusively.
- Packings*, frauds.
- Payed*, beaten, drubbed. *Hen.*
- IV. 1st Part*, punished.
- Pale*, sometimes dominions, boundaries.
- Pall*, to wrap, or invest. *Mac.*
- Palled*, vapid, decayed.
- Palmers*, pilgrims who visited holy places.
- Palmy*, victorious.
- Palter*, to shuffle.
- Paragoned*, peerless, without comparison.
- Parcell-bawd*, half-bawd.
- To parcell*, sometimes to reckon.
- Parcell-gilt*, partly gilt.
- Paritors*, apparitors, officers of the spiritual court.
- Parle*, dispute by words.
- Parlous*, perilous, keen, shrewd.
- Partizan*, a pike.
- Pash*, head.
- To pash*, to butt, or strike with violence.
- Pass-d*, sometimes for surpassed all expression. *Mer. Wiv.*
- Passy-measure*, a kind of dance.
- Patch*, a fool. *Mer. Ven. &c.*
- Path*, to walk.
- Patines*, round broad plates.
- Pavin*, a kind of dance.
- Paucas palabris*, few words, corrupted from the Sp. *pocas palabras*.
- Peat*, pet, or darling, a spoiled child.
- Peculiar*, belonging to an individual. *Mea. for Mea.*
- Peer-out*, appear out, or peep out.
- Peevish*, sometimes for foolish.
- Peize*, to weigh, to keep in suspense. *Fr.*
- Pelting*, sometimes for paltry.
- Pennons*, small flags.
- Perdu*, one of the forlorn hope. *Fr.*
- Perdurable*, lasting.
- Perdy*, a corruption of the French oath *par Dieu*.
- Perfect*, sometimes used for certain, or well assured.
- Periapts*, charms worn about the neck.
- Pew-fellow*, a companion.
- Pheere*, a mate, or companion.
- Pheese*, to plague, or tease.
- I'll pheese you*, I'll comb your head.
- Pia Mater*, the membrane that protects the substance of the brain.
- Pick*, sometimes for to pitch.
- Pickers*, hands.
- Pick-thank*, an officious parasite.
- Piece*, sometimes used as an epithet of contempt.
- Pieled*, shaved.
- Pight*, pitched, fixed.
- Pitcher*, leathern sheath.
- Piled*, that which has lost the hair.
- Piled-esteemed*, probably for vile-esteemed.
- Pilled*, pillaged.
- Pinfold*, a pound.
- Pink eyne*, red eyes.
- Pinnace*, anciently signified a ship of small burthen.
- Pix*, the box in which consecrated wafers were kept.
- Placket*, a petticoat.
- Plague*, for, to punish.
- Plainly*, openly, free from concealment. *Cor.*
- Planched*, made of boards or planks.
- Plantage*, plaintain, or any kind of plants subject to the influence of the moon.
- Plants*, feet; from the *Lat. Ant. and Cleo.*
- Plates*, silver money. *Ant. and Cleo.*
- Platforms*, plans or schemes. *Hen. VI. 1st Part.*
- Plausive*, gracious, pleasing, popular.
- Pleached*, folded in each other.
- Plot*, a piece or portion. *Cor. Ham.*
- Point*, to point, exactly, completely. *Temp.*



# GLOSSARY.

- Point-devise**, exactly. *Fr.*  
**Poize**, weight or moment.  
**Polack**, an inhabitant of Poland.  
**Politick regard**, a sly look.  
**Polled**, bared or cleared.  
**Pomander**, a perfumed ball worn in times of infection.  
**Pomewater**, a species of apple.  
**Poor John**, hake, dried and salted.  
**Popinjay**, a parrot.  
**Port**, show or appearance. *Tam. Shrew.*  
**Portage**, open space, or safe arrival at a port.  
**Portance**, carriage.  
**Possess**, sometimes for to make understand.  
**Potch**, to push roughly or violently.  
**Potents**, potentates.  
**Poulter**, poulterer.  
**Pouncet box**, a box cut with open work. *Ir.*  
**Prank**, to adorn, to deck out.  
**Precisian**, one who pretends to great sanctity.  
**Preeches**, breeched, flogged.  
**Prenominate**, already named.  
**Pricket**, a buck of the second year.  
**Prig**, to filch.  
**Prime**, sprightliness of youth. *All's Well.*  
**Primer**, more important.  
**Primero**, a game at cards.  
**Princor**, a coxcomb or pet.  
**Probal**, probable.  
**Proface**, much good may it do you. *Ital.*  
**Profane**, sometimes, free of speech, talkative.  
**Profession**, end and purpose of coming.  
**Prolixious**, coy, distant.  
**Prompture**, suggestion, instigation.  
**Prone**, humble or prompt. *Mea. for Mea.*  
**Properties**, the necessities of a theatre.  
**Provand**, provender.  
**Prune**, sometimes for to plume.  
**Pugging**, cant word for coveting, as a thief or sharper.
- Puke**, colour between russet and black.  
**Pun**, to pound. *Troil. and Cres.*  
**Pussel**, a low wench.  
**Putter-out**, one who puts out his money on interest or other advantage.  
**Puttock**, a mean species of hawk.  
**Quail**, to sink, to faint.  
**Quaint**, fantastically dressed. *Mer. Wiv.*  
**Quaked**, thrown into trepidation.  
**Quarry**, the game after it is killed.  
**Quart d'ecu**, fourth part of a French crown.  
**Quat**, ascab, an angry blockhead.  
**Queasy**, suspicious, unsettled.  
**Quell**, sometimes, to murder.  
**Queller**, a murderer.  
**Quests**, reports. *Mea. for Mea.*  
**Quest**, pursuit. *Lear.*  
**Question**, sometimes, conversation.  
**Questrist**, one who goes in search of another.  
**Quiddets**, subtleties.  
**Quill**, in the quill, written. *Hen. VI. 2d Part.*  
**Quillets**, evasions, chicanery.  
**Quintain**, a post or butt set up.  
**Quips**, hasty, passionate reproaches and scoffs.  
**Quired**, played in concert.  
**Quit**, sometimes, to requite.  
**Quittance**, return of injuries or favours.  
**Quiver**, nimble, active.  
**Quote**, sometimes, to observe or regard.  
**Rabato**, an ornament for the neck.  
**Rabbit-sucker**, a young rabbit.  
**Race of heaven**, something descended from heaven, heavenly.  
**Race**, a single root.  
**Rack**, the last fleeting vestige of the highest clouds.  
**Torack**, to harass by exactions.  
**Ram**, for rain. *Ant. and Clea.*  
**Rampallian**, a ramping, low creature.

## GLOSSARY.

- Rapt*, rapturously affected.  
*Rated sinew*, a strength reckoned upon.  
*Ravin*, to devour voraciously.  
*Raught*, reached.  
*Rawly*, without preparation, suddenly, hastily.  
*Rayed*, bewrayed.  
*Raze*, a bale.  
*Recheat*, a horn, a tune to call the dogs back.  
*Reck*, to care for.  
*Reckless*, careless.  
*Recorders*, a kind of flute.  
*Red-lattice phrases*, alchouse conversation, from the form of the doors and windows.  
*Red plague*, the erysipelas, St. Anthony's fire.  
*Reechy*, discoloured by smoke.  
*Reels*, probably for wheels.  
*Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Refel*, to confute.  
*Regreet*, exchange of salutation.  
*Reguerdon*, recompense, return.  
*Remorse*, sometimes used for pity.  
*Remotion*, removal from place to place, shifting.  
*Remues*, journies, stages.  
*Render*, sometimes, to describe.  
*Renegé*, to renounce.  
*Repair*, generally signifies to renovate.  
*Repeals*, recalls. *Oth.*  
*Reports*, reporters. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Reproof*, confutation. *Hen. IV. 1st Part.*  
*Repugn*, to resist.  
*Reserve*, to guard, to preserve carefully. *Per.*  
*Resolve*, sometimes for dissolve.  
*Respect*, caution, regard to consequences.  
*Respective*, respectful or respectable.  
*Respectively*, respectfully.  
*Rest*, what I am resolved on. *Hen. V.*  
*Retort*, to refer back. *Mea. for Mea.*  
*Reverbs*, reverberates.  
*olt of mein*, change of complexion.
- Revolts*, revoltors.  
*Rheumatic*, for capricious, humoursome.  
*Rib*, to inclose.  
*Ribald*, lewd fellow.  
*Rid*, to destroy.  
*Rift*, to split.  
*Riggish*, wanton.  
*Rigol*, a circle.  
*Rim*, probably a cant word for money. *Hen. V.*  
*Ringed*, encircled.  
*Rivage*, the bank or shore.  
*Rivalry*, equal rank.  
*Rivals*, equals. *Ham.*  
*Rive*, to discharge or burst.  
*Romage*, tumultuous hurry.  
*Ronyon*, a scab, a despicable person.  
*Rood*, the cross.  
*Rooky*, abounding with rooks.  
*Ropetricks*, roguish tricks, or abusive language.  
*Ropery*, roguery.  
*Roundel*, a circular dance.  
*Roundure*, a circle.  
*Rouse*, a draught of jollity, carousal.  
*Royal*, or *real*, a coin of the value of ten shillings.  
*Royally attorneyed*, nobly supplied by substitution of embassies.  
*Roynish*, mangy, scurvy.  
*Ruddock*, the red-breast.  
*Ruffle*, to be noisy, disorderly.  
*Ruffling*, bustling or rustling.  
*Rule*, method of life. *Twel. Nig.*  
*Rump-fed*, fed with offals.  
*Rush*, for rush-ring.  
*Ruth*, pity, compassion.
- Sacarson*, the name of a bear.  
*Sacring-bell*, the bell which gives notice of the host approaching.  
*Sad ostent*, grave appearance.  
*Sagg*, to sink down.  
*Sallet*, a helmet.  
*Saltiers*, satyrs.  
*Samingo*, San Domingo.  
*Sandied*, of a sandy colour, the colour of the true blood-hound.  
*Saw*, discourse. *Love's Lab.*  
*Say*, old word for silk. *Fr.*  
*Scale*, to disperse, to spread.

## GLOSSARY.

*Scaling*, weighing.  
*Scall*, a word of reproach, scab.  
*Scamble*, to scramble.  
*Scanned*, examined nicely.  
*Scandling*, measure or proportion.  
*Scarfed*, decorated with flags.  
*Scath*, destruction, harm.  
*Sconce*, the head, or a kind of fortification.  
*Scotch*, to bruise or crush.  
*Scrimers*, fencers. *Fr.*  
*Scroyles*, scabby fellows.  
*Scrubbed*, stunted, shrub-like, or short and dirty.  
*Sculls*, shoals of fish.  
*Seam*, lard.  
*Seamels*, a bird.  
*Seamy side without*, inside out.  
*Sear*, dry.  
*Sear*, to close up.  
*Seel*, to sew up.  
*Seeling*, blinding.  
*Seld*, for seldom.  
*Semblably*, in resemblance, alike.  
*Seniory*, seniority.  
*Sennet*, a flourish on cornets.  
*Sense*, sometimes for reason and natural affection.  
*Septentrion*, the North.  
*Sequence*, of degree, methodically.  
*Sere*, dry, withered.  
*Serpigo*, a kind of tetter.  
*Sessa*, from *cesser*, be quiet.  
*Set of wit*, a term from tennis.  
*Sets up his rest*, a term from the military exercise.  
*Setobos*, a kind of god or devil.  
*Several*, or *severell*, a field separated from others to bear corn and grass.  
*Sewer*, the person who placed the dishes in order.  
*Shard borne*, borne on shards or wings.  
*Shark up*, to pick up without distinction.  
*Shaven Hercules*, Samson.  
*Sheen*, shining, bright, gay.  
*Sheer*, pellucid, transparent.  
*Shent*, scolded, roughly treated.  
*Sherris sack*, sherry sack.  
*Shive*, a slice.

*Shog*, to go off.  
*Shotten*, projected.  
*Shove groat*, a kind of game.  
*Shovel boards*, shillings used at the game of shovel-board.  
*Mer. Wiv.*  
*Shoughs*, a species of dog.  
*Shoulder clapper*, a bailiff.  
*Shrewd*, sometimes for severe, bitter.  
*Shrift*, confession.  
*Shrive*, to call to confession.  
*Side*, purpose or resolution.  
*Lear.*  
*Siege*, a stool, or privy, or seat.  
*Sieve*, a common voider. *Troil. and Cres.*  
*Sightless*, unsightly. *K. John.*  
*Sights*, i. e. of steel, the perforated part of the helmet.  
*Single*, sometimes for weak, little.  
*Sister*, to imitate or re-echo.  
*Sith*, and *sithence*, since.  
*Sizes*, allowances. *Lear.*  
*Skain's mates*, kin's mates.  
*Skill*, reason. *Wint. Tale.*  
*Skills not*, is of no importance.  
*Skinker*, a tapster; from *Skink*, drink.  
*Skirr*, to scour.  
*Slave*, to treat with indignity.  
*Lear.*  
*Sleave*, coarse, unwrought silk.  
*Sledged*, carried on a sledge.  
*Sleided*, untwisted.  
*Slights*, arts. *Mac.*  
*Ship*, a counterfeit piece of money.  
*Slips*, a contrivance in leather, to start two dogs at the same time.  
*Slivered*, sliced.  
*Slops*, loose breeches or trowsers.  
*Slough*, the skin which the serpent throws off annually.  
*Slowed*, delayed.  
*Slubber*, to obscure.  
*Smirched*, soiled, obscured.  
*Sneap*, rebuke, check.  
*Sneek up*, a cant phrase, probably for, go hang yourself.  
*Snipe*, an insignificant fellow.  
*Snuff*, sometimes for anger.



# GLOSSARY.

- Snuffs*, dislikes.  
*Soft*, i. e. conditions, gentle qualities of mind.  
*Soil*, sometimes, turpitude, reproach.  
*Solidares*, some species of coin.  
*Sooth*, truth. *Wint. Tale*.  
*Sorer*, a greater or heavier crime. *Cym*.  
*Sorel*, a deer during his third year.  
*Sort*, to choose out.  
*Sorts*, different degrees or kinds.  
*Sort and suit*, figure and rank.  
*Sot*, fool. *Fr. Mer. Wiv*.  
*Souced gurnet*, a gudgeon, a term of reproach.  
*Soud*, sweet, or an exclamation denoting weariness. *Tam. Shrew*.  
*Sowle*, to drag down.  
*Sowler*, the name of a hound.  
*Spanieled*, dogged.  
*Speak parrot*, to act childishly and foolishly.  
*Speak holiday*, i. e. words, curiously and affectedly chosen.  
*Speculation*, for sight. *Mac*.  
*Speculative*, instruments, the eyes. *Oth*.  
*Speed*, fate or event. *Wint. Tale*.  
*Sperr*, to stir.  
*Spill*, to destroy. *Lear*.  
*Spleen*, often for hurry, or tumultuous speed.  
*Spotted*, wicked.  
*Sprag*, ready, alert.  
*Sprighted*, haunted.  
*Springhalt*, a disease incident to horses.  
*Square*, sometimes, to quarrel.  
*Squarer*, a quarrelsome fellow.  
*Squash*, an immature peascod.  
*Squiney*, to look askint.  
*Squire*, sometimes for a rule or square.  
*Stage*, to place conspicuously.  
*Staged*, exhibited.  
*Staggers*, a disorder peculiar to horses. *All's Well*.  
*Stain*, colour or tincture. *Ibid*.  
*Stale*, a decoy to catch birds. *Temp*.  
*Stannyl*, the name of a kind of hawk; a stallion. *Twel. Night*.  
*Stark*, stiff.  
*State*, sometimes for a chair of state.  
*Statists*, statesmen.  
*Statua*, statue, sometimes pronounced as three syllables.  
*Staves*, the wood of the lances. *Rich. III*.  
*Stead*, to help or befriend.  
*Sternage*, the hinder part, close after. *Hen. V*.  
*Stickler*, one who stood by to part the combatants, an umpire. *Troil. and Cres*.  
*Stigmatical*, marked or stigmatized.  
*Still*, sometimes for constant, continual.  
*Stilly*, gladly, lowly.  
*Stinted*, stopped. *Rom. and Jul*.  
*Stint*, sometimes, to stop.  
*Stithied*, forged; from *stithy*, an anvil.  
*Stoccata*, a thrust or stab. *Ital*.  
*Stock*, sometimes for stocking.  
*Stomach*, sometimes for stubborn, resolution, pride or haughtiness.  
*Stone-bow*, a crossbow to shoot stones.  
*Stover*, hay made of coarse rank grass, and used for thatching.  
*Strachy*, or *thrachy*, of Thrace.  
*Strait*, narrow, avaricious. *K. John*.  
*Straited*, put to difficulties.  
*Strange and strangeness*, sometimes for shy and shyness.  
*Strangle*, sometimes for to suppress.  
*Strawy*, straying.  
*Striker*, cant word for a borrower. *Hen. IV. 1st Part*.  
*Stuck*, or *stock*, for *stoccata*, a term in fencing.  
*Stuffed sufficiency*, abilities more than enough.  
*Submerged*, whelmed under water.  
*Subscribe*, sometimes, to yield or surrender.  
*Subtleties*, disguised dishes. *Temp*.  
*Success*, sometimes for succession.

# GLOSSARY.

- Successive*, i. e. title, title to the succession. *Tit. And.*  
*Suggest*, sometimes, to tempt, to excite.  
*Suited*, dressed. *Lear.*  
*Sumpter*, either the horse or the package that conveys necessities.  
*Superfluous*, overclothed. *Alp.*  
*Well*, living in abundance. *Lear.*  
*Surcease*, cessation, stop.  
*Surreigned*, over-ridden.  
*Swart*, or *swarth*, black or dark brown.  
*Swashing*, imposing, bullying.  
*Swath*, the quantity of grass cut down by a single stroke of the scythe.  
*Sway*, weight or momentum. *Jul. Cas.*  
*Sweltered*, weltered.  
*Swinge-bucklers*, rakes or rioters.  
*Swounded*, swooned.
- Table*, the palm of the hand extended, a picture.  
*Tables*, books of ivory for memorandums.  
*Tabourines*, small drums.  
*Ta'en order*, taken measures.  
*Tag*, the vulgar populace. *Cor.*  
*Taint*, corruption or disgrace.  
*Take*, i. e. a house, to go into a house. *Com. Er.*  
*Take*, sometimes, to strike with lameness or disease.  
*Take in*, to subdue.  
*Talent*, often for *talon*.  
*Tarre*, to stimulate, to set on.  
*Tasked*, sometimes for *taxed*.  
*Tassel-gentle*, or *tercel gentle*, a species of hawk.  
*Tawney coat*, the dress of a summoner or apparitor.  
*Taxation*, sometimes for *censure* or *satire*.  
*Teen*, sorrow, grief, or trouble.  
*Temper*, to mould like wax.  
*Temperance*, temperature. *Temp.*  
*Tend*, sometimes for *attend*.  
*Tender*, to regard with affection.  
*Tent*, to take up residence.  
*Tercel*, the male hawk.
- Terms*, the technical language of courts. *Mea. for Mea.*  
*Tested*, attested, genuine. *Mea. for Mea.*  
*Testerned*, gratified with a tester, or sixpence.  
*Tetchy*, touchy, peevish, fretful.  
*Tether*, a string by which any animal is fastened.  
*Tharborough*, third borough, a peace officer.  
*Theorick*, theory.  
*Thews*, muscular strength, or appearance of manhood.  
*Thick-pleached*, thickly interwoven.  
*Thill*, or *fill*, the shafts of a cart or waggon.  
*Thin helm*, thin covering of hair. *Lear.*  
*Thought*, sometimes for *melancholy*.  
*Thrasonical*, insolently boasting; from *Thraso*, a braggadocio in Terence.  
*Thread*, sometimes for to pass.  
*Three-pile*, rich velvet.  
*Thrift*, a state of prosperity. *Cym.*  
*Thrumbed*, made of thrum, the end of the weaver's warp.  
*Tib*, a nickname for a wanton.  
*Tickle*, sometimes for ticklish.  
*Tickle-brain*, the name of a strong liquor.  
*Tilley-valley*, an interjection of contempt.  
*Time*, a ripener. *Troil. and Cres.*  
*Timeless*, untimely.  
*Timely-parted*, i. e. ghost, departed in the course of time and nature.  
*Tire*, to fasten, to fix the talons.  
*Tire valiant*, or *volant*, a kind of head-dress.  
*Tired*, sometimes for adorned.  
*Tod*, to produce a tod, a certain quantity of wool.  
*Toged*, wearing their habits. *Oth.*  
*Tokened*, spotted. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Tolling*, taking toll. *Hen. IV. 2d Part.*  
*Tomboy*, a masculine, forward girl.

# GLOSSARY.

- Too much*, any sum, ever so much. *Temp.*  
*Topless*, supreme, sovereign.  
*Topple*, to tumble.  
*Touches*, the features, the trait.  
*Toward and towards*, sometimes, instead of readiness.  
*Toys*, sometimes for whims, freaks.  
*Toze*, to unravel, to close examine.  
*Trace*, sometimes, to follow or succeed in.  
*Trail*, the scent left by the passage of the game.  
*Trammel*, to catch; *tremmel* is a species of net.  
*Tranect*, probably some kind of ferry, dam, or sluice. *Mer. Ven.*  
*Translate*, sometimes for to change or transform.  
*Trash*, to cut away the superfluities, or to check; a phrase in hunting.  
*Traverse*, an ancient military word of command.  
*Traversed*, i. e. arms, arms across.  
*Tray-trip*, a kind of game at tables or draughts.  
*Treachers*, traitors.  
*Trenched*, cut or carved. *Fr.*  
*Trick*, sometimes for a peculiarity of feature..  
*Trick*, to dress out.  
*Tricksy*, clever, adroit.  
*Trigon*, Aries, Leo, and Sagittarius.  
*Trip*, to defeat or disappoint.  
*Triple*, for third, or one of the three. *Ant. and Cleo.*  
*Triumphs*, sometimes for shows, masks, revels.  
*Trol-my-dames*, trou-madame, the game of nine-holes.  
*Troll*, to sing trippingly.  
*Trowsers*, probably for trowsers, or a kind of breeches.  
*Trot*, a familiar address to a man.  
*Trow*, to imagine or conceive; I trow.  
*True*, sometimes for honest.  
*Trundle-tail*, a species of dog.  
*Thrust*, for thrust. *Mac.*  
*Try conclusions*, try experiments.  
*Tub-fast*, the sweating process in the venereal disorder.  
*Tucket*, toccata, a flourish on a trumpet. *Ital.*  
*Tupped*, lien with; from *tup*, a ram.  
*Turlygood*, for *turlupin*, a naked beggar.  
*Turquoise*, a species of precious stone, supposed to be endued with extraordinary virtues.  
*Twangling Jack*, a paltry musician.  
*Twiggen-bottle*, a wickered bottle.  
*Tyed*, limited, or circumscribed. *Hen. VIII.*  
*Vail*, sometimes to cast down, to let fall down.  
*Valenced*, fringed with a beard.  
*Validity*, sometimes for value.  
*Vanity*, an illusion. *Temp.*  
*Vantage*, opportunity. *Cym.*  
*Vantbrace*, armour for the arm. *Fr.*  
*Vast*, sometimes for waste, dreary.  
*Vaunt*, the avant, what went before, or the vanguard.  
*Vaward*, the fore part.  
*Velure*, velvet.  
*Venetian*, admittance, a fashion admitted from Venice.  
*Venew*, a bout at a fencing school.  
*Veneys*, venews.  
*Vent*, rumour, materials for discourse. *Cor.*  
*Ventages*, the holes of a flute.  
*Verbal*, verbose. *Cymb.*  
*Verify*, to hear witness. *Cor.*  
*Very*, sometimes for immediate.  
*Vice*, to draw or persuade.  
*Vice*, a grasp. A mimic. *Ham.*  
*Vie*, a term at cards, to brag.  
*Violenteth*, probably rageth.  
*Virgin crants*, maiden garlands. *Ger.*  
*Virginal*, a kind of spinnet.  
*Virginal*, belonging to a virgin.  
*Virtuous*, sometimes for salutiferous.  
*Vizament*, advisement.

# GLOSSARY.

- Umber*, a dusky, yellow-coloured earth.
- Umbered*, discoloured.
- Unaneled*, without extreme unction.
- Unavoided*, unavoidable. *Rich.*
- II.**
- Unbarbed*, bare, uncovered, beardless.
- Unbated*, i. e. sword not blunted as foils are. *Ham.*
- Unbitted*, unbridled.
- Unbonnetted*, without any addition from dignities. *Oth.*
- Unbreathed*, unexercised, unpractised.
- Uncape*, a term in hunting, to stop every hole before the fox is uncaped or turned out of the bag.
- Uncharged*, unattacked. *Tim.*
- Ath.*
- Unclew*, to unwind, to ruin.
- Uncoined*, unrefined, unadorned. *Hen. V.*
- Unconfirmed*, unpractised in the ways of the world, not hardened.
- Undercraft*, a phrase from heraldry, to wear beneath the crest.
- Uneffectual*, i. e. fire, shining without heat. *Ham.*
- Unexpressive*, inexpressible. *As you.*
- Ungenitured*, not having genitals.
- Unhaired*, unbearded, youthful.
- Unhappy*, sometimes for mischievously waggish, unlucky.
- Unhoused*, free from domestic cares.
- Unhouselled*, without having the sacrament.
- Unmastered*, licentious.
- Unproper*, common. *Oth.*
- Unqualitied*, unmanned.
- Unquestionable*, averse to conversation. *As you.*
- Unrespective*, inconsiderate.
- Unrest*, disquiet.
- Unrough youths*, beardless youths. *Mac.*
- Unsting*, unresisting or unfeeling. *Mea. for Mea.*
- Unsmirched*, clean, not defiled.
- Unsquarred*, as stones, unadapted to their purposes.
- Unstanchd*, incontinent.
- Untempering*, not softening.
- Untented*, not probed, virulent.
- Untraded*, singular, not in common use.
- Unvalued*, invaluable. *Rich.*
- III.**
- Upspring*, upstart.
- Use and usance*, sometimes for usury.
- Utis*, a merry festival.
- Utterance*, the extremity of defiance. *Cym. Mac.*
- Waft*, to beckon. *Com. of Er. Ham.*
- Wage*, sometimes, to hire or reward, to fight.
- Wand*, probably for waned, decayed, or in the wane. *Ant. and Cleo.*
- Wanned*, pale, made wan.
- Wanton*, sometimes for a man feeble and effeminate.
- Wappened*, probably decayed or diseased.
- Ward*, defence, a phrase in the art of defence.
- Warder*, a guard or sentinel.
- Warden*, a species of large pear.
- Warn*, sometimes, to summons.
- Warp*, to change from the natural state. *As you.*
- Wassel*, a kind of drink, or intemperate drinking.
- Wassel candle*, candle used at feasts.
- Waxen*, to increase.
- Waxen*, soft, yielding, easily obliterated.
- Web and the pin*, diseases of the eye. *Lear.*
- Wee*, very little.
- Ween*, to think or imagine.
- Weigh*, sometimes, to value or esteem.
- Weird*, prophetic.
- Welkin*, the sky.
- Welkin-eye*, blue eye.
- Well-a-near*, well-a-day, lack-a-day.
- Wend*, to go.

## GLOSSARY.

- Westward-hoe*, the name of a play acted in Shakspeare's time. *Twel. Night.*
- Wether*, used for ram.
- Whelked*, varied with protuberances; from *whelks*, protuberances, a small shell-fish.
- Whe'r*, often for whether.
- Where*, sometimes for whereas.
- Whiffler*, an officer who walked in processions.
- Whiles*, until. *Twel. Night.*
- Whipstock*, the carter's whip.
- Whirring*, hurrying away.
- Whist*, being silent. *Temp.*
- Whiting time*, bleaching time.
- Whitsters*, bleachers of linen.
- Whittle*, a pocket clasp knife.
- Whooping*, measure and reckoning. *As you.*
- Wimpled*, hooded, or veiled; from *wimple*, a hood.
- Winchester goose*, a strumpet; the stews were formerly licensed by the bishop of Winchester.
- Winking-gates*, gates hastily closed from fear of danger.
- Winnowed*, sifted, examined.
- Wis*, to know.
- Wish*, sometimes, to recommend or desire.
- Wits*, sometimes for senses.
- Wittol-cuckold*, one who knows himself a cuckold, and is contented.
- Woe*, to be sorry.
- Wondered*, able to perform wonders. *Temp.*
- Wood*, crazy. *Two Gent. Mid. Night. Hen. VI. 1st Part.*
- Woolvish*, giving an idea of a wolf in sheep's clothing. *Cor.*
- Woolward*, clothed in wool, or rather naked. *Love's Lab.*
- Worts*, the ancient name of all kinds of cabbage.
- Wot*, to know.
- Wreck*, resentment.
- Wrest*, an instrument for drawing up the strings of a harp; a help. *Troil. and Cres.*
- Wrested pomp*, pomp obtained by violence.
- Writhled*, wrinkled.
- Wrought*, worked, agitated.
- Wrying*, deviating.
- Yare*, handy, nimble.
- Yearn*, to grieve or vex.
- Yerk*, to kick.
- Yesty*, foaming, frothy.
- Zany*, a buffoon, a merry Andrew.
- Zealous*, pious, influenced by religion. *K. John.*
- Zed*, a term of contempt. The letter Z is not in any word originally Teutonic. *Lear.*

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